
1 Industry classifications

The Commission's 35 industry partition of the Australian economy is based on the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) system.¹

There are 17 industry 'divisions' in the ANZSIC system, which include primary production, mining, manufacturing and 14 service industries.²

The Commission divides the manufacturing division into its 9 subdivisions and, in the case of the *Machinery & equipment* subdivision, further divides it into 3 sub-parts. (For a discussion, see chapter 1 of Methodological Annex to *Trade & Assistance Review 1999-2000* (PC 2000).)

The primary production division is divided into 9 sub-parts.³ These include a mix of ANZSIC 'subdivisions' (2 digit ANZSIC classification level) and ANZSIC 'groups' (3 digit ANZSIC classification level). (For a discussion, see chapter 1 of Methodological Annex B to *Trade & Assistance Review 2001-02* (PC 2002b).)

The mining division and each of the 14 services divisions are not disaggregated further.

For convenience, all 35 industries are referred to as 'industry groupings'. Finally, three additional categories cater for budgetary programs that the Commission is unable to allocate to industry groupings within the primary production, manufacturing, and services sectors, and another category picks up the remaining unallocated programs. Table 1.1 lists all of these categories.

¹ The Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) system replaced the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) system in 1993. The ANZSIC system was developed to improve the comparability of industry statistics for Australia and New Zealand. International comparability was also enhanced by aligning the ANZSIC with the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC).

² In ANZSIC, the primary production division as *Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing*.

³ For *Trade & Assistance Review 2004-05*, the *Marine fishing* and *Aquaculture* industry groupings in the primary production sector were collapsed into one industry grouping — termed *Commercial fishing*. This reflects the difficulties entailed in allocating some assistance to Commercial fishing between the two sub-sectors, and that measured assistance to neither of these sub-sectors is significant.

Table 1.1 ANZSIC codes used for budgetary assistance allocation

<i>ANZSIC code</i>	<i>Division, subdivision or industry group</i>	<i>ANZSIC code</i>	<i>Division, subdivision or industry group</i>
A011	Horticulture and fruit growing	C282	Other transport equipment
A012	Grain, sheep and beef cattle farming	C283 – C286	Other machinery & equipment
A013	Dairy cattle farming	C29	Other manufacturing
A014	Poultry farming	D	Electricity, gas & water supply
A015	Other livestock farming	E	Construction
A016	Other crop farming	F	Wholesale trade
A02	Services to agriculture (including hunting and trapping)	G	Retail trade
A030	Forestry and logging	H	Accommodation, cafes & restaurants
A04	Commercial fishing	I	Transport & storage
B	Mining	J	Communication services
C21	Food, beverages & tobacco	K	Finance & insurance
C22	Textile, clothing, footwear & leather	L	Property & business services
C23	Wood & paper products	M	Government administration & defence
C24	Printing, publishing & recorded media	N	Education
C25	Petroleum, coal, chemical & associated products	O	Health & community services
C26	Non-metallic mineral products	P	Cultural & recreational services
C27	Metal products	Q	Personal & other services
C281	Motor vehicles & parts	Non-ANZSIC	Unallocated primary production Unallocated manufacturing Unallocated services Unallocated other

Source: ABS (1993).