

5A Police services — attachment

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in this attachment are in section 5.11 of the Chapter. Data in this Report are examined by the Police Working Group, but have not been formally audited by the Secretariat. A peer review process is also undertaken by the Police Practitioners' Group in the development of the data definitions. Unsourced information was obtained from the Commonwealth, State and Territory governments.

This file is available in Adobe PDF format on the Review web page (www.pc.gov.au/service/gsp). Users without Internet access can contact the Secretariat to obtain these tables (see details on the inside front cover of the Report).

Descriptors

Table 5A.1

Table 5A.1 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, NSW**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (a)	\$m	na	927.9	967.4	1 076.9	1 068.3
Superannuation	\$m	na	92.4	97.0	104.9	107.2
Payroll tax	\$m	na	65.8	66.1	70.0	69.5
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	1 086.1	1 130.5	1 251.8	1 245.1
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	216.3	402.6	271.9	333.2	297.7
Depreciation	\$m	31.8	34.4	46.1	52.8	54.5
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	1 268.0	1 523.2	1 448.6	1 637.8	1 597.3
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	38.7	40.1	43.9	95.2	51.8
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	1 229.3	1 483.0	1 404.7	1 542.7	1 545.5
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (b)	\$m	na	39.1	43.0	44.9	46.7
Capital expenditure (c)	\$m	34.1	70.1	117.2	47.1	68.1
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (d)	\$m	na	1 558.9	1 519.7	1 632.1	1 610.8
Total accrual costs (e)	\$m	na	1 562.3	1 491.5	1 682.7	1 643.9
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs	\$	63 033	67 263	70 696	78 180	74 001
Average non-police staff costs	\$	43 557	52 112	53 925	58 089	57 252
Staff by Indigenous and operational status (f)						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	12 688	na	12 659	12 423	13 265
Civilian	FTE	2 187	na	2 304	1 251	1 358
Other	FTE	na	na	366	287	202
Operational FTE staff (g)	FTE	14 875	na	15 329	13 961	14 825
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	719	na	513	873	451
Civilian	FTE	1 827	na	1 025	2 087	2 363
Other	FTE	na	na	1	30	96
Non-operational FTE staff (g)	FTE	2 546	na	1 539	2 989	2 910
Total staff	FTE	17 421	na	16 868	16 951	17 735
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	52	na	na	na	na
Non-operational	FTE	33	na	na	na	na
Indigenous FTE staff (h)	FTE	85	na	na	145	154

Table 5A.1

Table 5A.1 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, NSW**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	148 877	158 860	173 772	182 844
Buildings and fittings (i)	\$'000	480 488	353 892	342 582	356 132	367 004
Other	\$'000	97 672	134 733	198 397	204 811	216 157
Total value of assets	\$'000	578 160	637 502	699 839	734 715	766 005

- (a) Data for 1997-98 include superannuation and payroll tax.
- (b) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (c) For 2001-02, capital expenditure has been shown as total capital appropriation from Treasury.
- (d) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (f) For 2001-02, staff figures are based on a headcount at 30 June 2002.
- (g) For 2000-01, operational/non-operational staffing figures are not comparable with earlier years. Information derived is based on location and position description whereas earlier years is based on location only. For 2001-02 operational/non-operational staffing figures are based on a headcount at June 30 2002, and are not FTE.
- (h) Relies on employees self declaring their Indigenous status.
- (i) Data for 1997-98 include land values.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.2

Table 5A.2 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Victoria**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (a)	\$m	na	552.4	596.9	640.2	716.0
Superannuation	\$m	na	135.2	137.3	78.3	62.7
Payroll tax	\$m	na	37.5	36.9	37.1	38.9
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	725.1	771.0	755.6	817.7
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	177.0	239.3	281.0	260.4	266.1
Depreciation	\$m	16.5	87.4	15.7	15.1	14.2
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	941.8	1 051.7	1 067.7	1 031.2	1 097.9
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	6.2	28.3	14.7	8.9	7.4
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	935.6	1 023.5	1 053.0	1 022.3	1 090.5
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (b)	\$m	na	21.0	16.5	16.7	19.7
Capital expenditure	\$m	40.9	33.2	27.8	20.1	51.8
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (c)	\$m	na	997.5	1 079.8	1 036.2	1 135.6
Total accrual costs (d)	\$m	na	1 072.7	1 084.2	1 047.9	1 117.6
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs	\$	69 067	68 470	74 320	71 282	73 342
Average non-police staff costs	\$	36 077	34 661	35 992	35 241	40 364
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	8 806	9 272	9 103	9 232	9 642
Civilian	FTE	32	146	164	180	199
Other	FTE	132	134	132	135	141
Operational FTE staff (e)	FTE	8 970	9 551	9 399	9 547	9 982
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	944	284	256	256	284
Civilian	FTE	1 810	1 616	1 527	1 557	1 615
Other	FTE	100	148	274	379	267
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	2 854	2 048	2 057	2 192	2 166
Total staff	FTE	11 824	11 598	11 456	11 739	12 148
Indigenous FTE staff (f)						
Operational	FTE	na	na	na	na	na
Non-operational	FTE	na	na	na	na	na
Indigenous FTE staff (e)	FTE	na	na	na	na	na

Table 5A.2

Table 5A.2 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Victoria**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	68 847	70 361	109 676	110 662
Buildings and fittings (g)	\$'000	29 857	143 116	173 936	158 762	190 463
Other	\$'000	29 857	119 238	31 789	50 200	55 414
Total value of assets	\$'000	59 714	331 201	276 086	318 638	356 539

- (a) Data for 1997-98 include superannuation and payroll tax.
- (b) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (c) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (d) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (e) Relies on employees self declaring their Indigenous status.
- (f) Victoria police are unable to separate Indigenous and non-Indigenous staff.
- (g) Data for 1997-98 include land values.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.3

Table 5A.3 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Queensland**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (a)	\$m	na	450.4	502.4	540.0	581.4
Superannuation	\$m	na	61.0	66.9	70.3	75.0
Payroll tax	\$m	na	20.0	26.6	29.2	30.6
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	531.5	595.9	639.5	687.0
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	100.7	102.3	140.3	150.9	164.0
Depreciation (b)	\$m	na	31.9	31.2	24.6	32.0
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	582.3	665.7	767.4	815.1	882.9
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	35.5	41.9	43.4	44.8	51.9
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	546.8	623.8	724.1	770.2	831.0
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (c)	\$m	na	37.0	39.6	44.5	45.9
Capital expenditure (d)	\$m	81.6	99.6	88.3	83.3	96.5
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (e)	\$m	na	733.4	824.5	873.8	947.4
Total accrual costs (f)	\$m	na	702.7	807.0	859.6	928.8
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs	\$	57 913	61 796	65 374	66 454	68 953
Average non-police staff costs	\$	25 352	27 375	52 147	101 067	112 859
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn (g)	FTE	na	6 981	6 671	6 979	7 254
Civilian (h)	FTE	na	2 441	na	na	1 842
Other (i)	FTE	na	na	na	135	151
Operational FTE staff (e)	FTE	na	9 422	na	7 114	9 247
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn (g)	FTE	na	na	648	755	741
Civilian (h)	FTE	na	na	na	2 661	891
Other (i)	FTE	na	343	na	325	315
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	na	343	648	3 741	1 946
Total staff	FTE	na	9 765	na	10 855	11 193
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	na	268	na	264	na
Non-operational	FTE	na	na	na	na	na
Indigenous FTE staff (j)	FTE	na	268	na	264	264

Table 5A.3

Table 5A.3 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Queensland**

	<i>Unit</i>	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	113 028	117 077	119 325	125 724
Buildings and fittings (k)	\$'000	418 235	343 060	382 165	427 096	413 973
Other	\$'000	99 910	119 481	112 320	129 108	159 937
Total value of assets	\$'000	518 145	575 569	611 562	675 529	699 634

- (a) Data for 1997-98 include superannuation and payroll tax.
- (b) Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis so as to write off net cost or revalued amount of each depreciable asset, less its estimated residual value, progressively over its estimated useful life.
- (c) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (d) For 2000-01, capital expenditure excludes proceeds from sales (for example, motor vehicles) and donated assets and inventory.
- (e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (f) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (g) The Queensland Police's definitions of operational and non-operational status for sworn officers do not align with those of the national data dictionary. Care needs to be taken when comparing these results with other jurisdictions.
- (h) The Queensland Police Service does not count civilians by operational and non-operational status. The data include all civilian staff as non-operational members.
- (i) Operational "other" includes police liaison officers, assistant watchhouse officers, and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Police. Non-operational "other" includes police recruits and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander trainees.
- (j) Indigenous staff numbers relate to those staff who self identify as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent. Queensland Police does not record target groups by operational status.
- (k) Data for 1997-98 include land values.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.4

Table 5A.4 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, WA**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments	\$m	na	na	338.9	341.0	354.3
Superannuation (a)	\$m	na	29.5	31.4	31.3	32.8
Payroll tax (b)	\$m	–	19.3	19.3	19.5	20.1
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	na	389.6	391.8	407.2
Other recurrent	\$m	83.0	86.8	95.0	87.5	121.1
Depreciation (c)	\$m	8.7	7.2	8.0	8.7	10.0
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	91.7	94.0	492.6	488.0	538.4
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	12.1	16.1	19.1	21.7	20.0
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	79.5	77.9	473.5	466.3	518.3
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (d)	\$m	na	14.3	13.2	18.0	19.3
Capital expenditure	\$m	29.0	35.8	43.2	74.1	74.1
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (e)	\$m	na	na	527.9	553.4	602.5
Total accrual costs (f)	\$m	na	na	505.8	505.9	557.7
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs	\$	56 164	62 008	69 747	69 456	72 072
Average non-police staff costs	\$	37 194	41 038	52 110	51 884	53 323
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	3 894	4 130	4 568	4 583	4 622
Civilian	FTE	130	421	771	751	741
Other	FTE	228	219	102	101	105
Operational FTE staff (g)	FTE	4 252	4 770	5 441	5 435	5 468
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	811	546	90	159	156
Civilian	FTE	995	679	320	313	306
Other	FTE	56	53	49	38	27
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	1 862	1 278	459	510	489
Total staff	FTE	6 114	6 047	5 900	5 945	5 957
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	116	113	100	99	104
Non-operational	FTE	6	25	–	–	–
Indigenous FTE staff (h)	FTE	122	138	100	99	104

Table 5A.4 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, WA**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	74 010	91 582	94 883	88 373
Buildings and fittings (i)	\$'000	–	163 689	104 438	115 994	165 888
Other	\$'000	26 689	15 140	60 594	108 558	75 190
Total value of assets	\$'000	26 689	252 839	256 614	319 435	329 451

- (a) Data include superannuation up until 1997-98.
- (b) WA does not pay payroll tax, however the 'notional' payroll tax rate for WA is estimated to be \$20.1 million in 2001-02 based on 5.56 per cent of salary and superannuation costs.
- (c) Depreciation based on the straight line method of calculation.
- (d) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (f) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (g) 2001-02 data exclude 130 recruits in training; previous data include recruits in training.
- (h) Employees Indigenous status is provided on a voluntary basis.
- (i) Data for 1997-98 include land values.
– Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.5

Table 5A.5 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, SA**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (a)	\$m	na	208.8	224.7	242.3	258.8
Superannuation	\$m	na	26.5	31.0	31.8	29.7
Payroll tax	\$m	na	13.5	14.5	15.2	15.9
Total salaries and payments	\$m	243.7	248.8	270.1	289.2	304.4
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	53.2	57.2	64.4	67.1	80.8
Depreciation (b)	\$m	7.8	8.1	8.3	9.4	8.5
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	304.7	314.1	342.8	365.7	393.6
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	26.3	16.2	33.0	32.7	34.9
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	278.4	297.9	309.7	333.1	358.8
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (c)	\$m	na	10.0	10.3	11.2	12.4
Capital expenditure (d)	\$m	9.7	7.8	11.4	29.5	21.9
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (e)	\$m	306.5	313.7	345.9	385.8	407.1
Total accrual costs (f)	\$m	na	324.1	353.1	377.0	406.1
Staffing costs (g)						
Average police staff costs	\$	64 125	63 238	67 972	68 963	72 547
Average non-police staff costs	\$	32 837	36 552	35 301	43 289	36 576
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	2 755	3 355	3 411	3 512	3 631
Civilian	FTE	52	495	557	601	625
Other	FTE	35	33	32	33	34
Operational FTE staff (e)	FTE	2 842	3 884	4 000	4 145	4 290
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	682	88	69	70	71
Civilian	FTE	566	253	234	205	214
Other	FTE	57	68	130	136	105
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	1 305	409	433	412	391
Total staff	FTE	4 147	4 293	4 432	4 557	4 681
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	40	40	49	52	58
Non-operational	FTE	5	6	2	2	5
Indigenous FTE staff	FTE	45	46	51	54	63

Table 5A.5

Table 5A.5 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, SA**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	17 194	17 087	16 840	22 987
Buildings and fittings (h)	\$'000	24 319	102 501	104 260	100 136	140 861
Other	\$'000	24 319	22 254	24 230	40 148	14 291
Total value of assets	\$'000	48 638	141 949	145 577	157 124	178 139

- (a) Data for 1997-98 include superannuation and payroll tax.
- (b) Depreciation based on the straight line method of calculation.
- (c) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (d) Capital expenditure in 2000-01 includes major building works for the Adelaide Police Station and Netley Complex.
- (e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (f) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (g) Long service leave accruals for 2001-02 have been calculated on a person by person basis resulting in a more accurate allocation of costs between police and non-police.
- (h) Data for 1997-98 include land values.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.6

Table 5A.6 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Tasmania**

	<i>Units</i>	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02
Expenditure (a)						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (b)	\$m	na	66.0	66.6	66.5	73.3
Superannuation	\$m	na	6.5	6.7	6.7	7.4
Payroll tax (c)	\$m	na	4.5	4.6	4.5	5.0
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	77.0	77.8	77.7	85.6
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	20.4	21.1	20.8	24.7	26.9
Depreciation	\$m	2.6	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.8
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	97.8	100.6	100.7	104.1	114.3
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	3.1	2.3	3.3	4.8	4.4
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	94.7	98.3	97.4	99.3	109.9
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (d)	\$m	na	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.2
Capital expenditure	\$m	0.7	0.4	1.6	0.4	1.0
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (e)	\$m	na	98.5	100.2	102.8	113.5
Total accrual costs (f)	\$m	na	104.7	104.6	108.0	118.6
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs	\$	50 920	58 670	60 071	57 227	61 586
Average non-police staff costs	\$	31 813	41 798	41 399	46 500	50 886
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	945	1 048	979	998	1 004
Civilian	FTE	103	238	225	185	209
Other	FTE	–	–	–	–	–
Operational FTE staff (e)	FTE	1 048	1 286	1 204	1 183	1 213
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	260	21	70	83	90
Civilian	FTE	246	104	133	155	150
Other	FTE	73	–	–	–	–
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	579	125	203	238	240
Total staff	FTE	1 627	1 411	1 407	1 421	1 453
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	24	15	15	20	21
Non-operational	FTE	–	4	3	4	4
Indigenous FTE staff	FTE	24	19	18	24	25

Table 5A.6

Table 5A.6 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, Tasmania**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	8 784	8 381	7 917	7 776
Buildings and fittings (g)	\$'000	58 574	46 121	45 148	46 047	46 922
Other	\$'000	5 490	4 627	4 184	3 364	5 885
Total value of assets	\$'000	64 064	59 532	57 713	57 328	60 583

(a) Financial data for 2000-01 may not be consistent with previous year data because the figures are prepared on an accrual basis rather than an adjusted cash basis.

(b) Data for 1997-98 to 1998-99 include superannuation.

(c) Data for 1999-2000 include payroll tax.

(d) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).

(e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.

(f) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.

(g) Data for 1997-98 include land values.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.7

Table 5A.7 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, ACT**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments	\$m	na	42.8	42.9	48.2	49.5
Superannuation (a)	\$m	na	5.5	5.3	6.3	5.3
Payroll tax (b)	\$m	–	–	–	–	–
Total salaries and payments	\$m	na	48.3	48.3	54.4	54.8
Other recurrent (c)	\$m	14.4	13.7	16.6	17.4	17.0
Depreciation	\$m	–	2.0	1.4	1.1	1.9
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	14.4	64.0	66.3	73.0	73.7
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	13.5	63.7	66.0	72.6	73.2
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (d)	\$m	na	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.9
Capital expenditure	\$m	–	0.5	0.4	1.1	1.4
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (e)	\$m	na	62.5	65.2	73.0	73.2
Total accrual costs (f)	\$m	na	66.0	68.4	74.8	76.6
Staffing costs (g)						
Average police staff costs	\$	62 225	68 170	70 053	72 275	70 318
Average non-police staff costs	\$	40 355	45 387	45 661	63 724	69 858
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	584	582	610	575	571
Civilian	FTE	–	–	54	99	108
Other	FTE	–	–	–	–	–
Operational FTE staff (c)	FTE	584	582	663	673	680
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	82	82	22	16	13
Civilian	FTE	62	66	35	86	89
Other	FTE	–	–	–	–	–
Non-operational FTE staff (c)	FTE	144	148	57	101	102
Total staff	FTE	728	730	720	775	782
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	3	3	–	6	7
Non-operational	FTE	–	1	–	–	–
Indigenous FTE staff (c)	FTE	3	4	–	6	7

Table 5A.7

Table 5A.7 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, ACT**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure						
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	–	5 102	–	5 500	6 630
Buildings and fittings (h)	\$'000	–	18 357	17 538	20 420	34 465
Other	\$'000	2 119	6 456	9 713	2 677	1 325
Total value of assets	\$'000	2 119	29 915	27 251	28 597	42 420

- (a) The variance in superannuation for 2001-02 was a result of new members joining PSS Super Scheme, which had a lower contribution than CSS. ComSuper premiums were also lower during the period.
- (b) The Australian Federal Police is exempt from paying payroll tax, however, the notional payroll tax rate in the ACT is 6.85 per cent, which would have equated to \$3.7 million in 2001-02.
- (c) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation of staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.
- (d) User cost of capital on value of assets (excluding land).
- (e) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (f) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (g) The decrease in police staff costs and the increase in police non-staff costs in 2001-02 was due to the additional use of non-police staff following delays in police recruitment.
- (h) Increase from previous years due to the revaluation of ACT buildings and fittings during the 2001-02 reporting period.
- Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.8

Table 5A.8 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, NT**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Expenditure (a)						
Recurrent expenditure						
Salaries and payments in the nature of salaries						
Salaries and related payments (b)	\$m	61.4	67.6	65.8	69.0	71.6
Superannuation (c)	\$m	na	na	9.1	7.1	7.6
Payroll tax	\$m	na	na	4.1	4.9	4.7
Total salaries and payments	\$m	61.4	67.6	79.1	81.0	83.8
Other recurrent expenditure	\$m	19.3	23.5	18.7	18.9	23.0
Depreciation (d)	\$m	na	na	na	na	na
Total recurrent expenditure	\$m	80.6	91.1	97.7	99.9	106.8
Net recurrent expenditure						
Revenue from own sources (ROS)	\$m	3.4	3.9	4.1	6.3	9.4
Total recurrent expenditure less ROS	\$m	77.2	87.2	93.6	93.6	97.4
Capital expenditure						
User cost of capital (e)	\$m	na	10.6	11.3	12.1	12.3
Capital expenditure (f)	\$m	6.0	10.1	16.8	15.6	11.3
Expenditure aggregates						
Total cash expenditure (g)	\$m	86.7	101.2	114.5	115.6	118.1
Total accrual costs (h)	\$m	na	na	na	na	na
Staffing costs						
Average police staff costs (i)	\$	65 870	79 780	78 590	77 182	83 144
Average non-police staff costs (i)	\$	49 623	51 190	53 445	61 959	49 646
Staff by Indigenous and operational status						
Operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	728	833	814	850	850
Civilian	FTE	66	96	100	88	93
Other	FTE	1	–	–	–	–
Operational FTE staff (e)	FTE	795	929	914	938	943
Non-operational FTE staff						
Sworn	FTE	138	43	91	98	104
Civilian	FTE	145	83	86	84	113
Other	FTE	–	–	–	–	–
Non-operational FTE staff	FTE	283	126	177	182	217
Total staff	FTE	1 078	1 055	1 091	1 120	1 160
Indigenous FTE staff						
Operational	FTE	48	54	58	55	45
Non-operational	FTE	9	9	8	5	6
Indigenous FTE staff (j)	FTE	57	63	66	60	51

Table 5A.8

Table 5A.8 **Police service expenditure, staff and asset descriptors, NT**

	<i>Units</i>	<i>1997-98</i>	<i>1998-99</i>	<i>1999-00</i>	<i>2000-01</i>	<i>2001-02</i>
Assets by value						
Land	\$'000	na	na	na	na	na
Buildings and fittings (k) (l)	\$'000	na	116 506	116 680	116 680	116 680
Other	\$'000	na	15 459	24 696	34 943	36 626
Total value of assets	\$'000	na	131 965	141 376	151 623	151 623

- (a) The NT Police are part of a tri-service agency incorporating the NT Fire and Rescue Service and the NT Emergency Service. Where possible, all expenditure directly relating to the non-police arms of the department has been excluded.
- (b) Data for 1997-98 and 1998-99 exclude superannuation.
- (c) Based on actuarial advice on the cost of the schemes, not actuals.
- (d) A straight line method was used to calculate depreciation for 2001-02.
- (e) User cost of capital on value of assets. The NT cannot separate asset values between land and buildings and therefore, user cost of capital is applied to both land and buildings, plus "other" assets.
- (f) For 2000-01, data include capital works organised and paid for by another department on an agency basis.
- (g) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, and capital expenditure.
- (h) Comprises salaries and payments in the nature of salary, other recurrent expenditure, depreciation, and the user cost of capital.
- (i) Includes superannuation from 1998-99 to 2000-01.
- (j) Includes police auxiliaries and Aboriginal Community Police Officers.
- (k) Data include land values.
- (l) The NT Government revalued all its building assets during 2001-02.
- Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.9

Table 5A.9 Treatment of assets by police agencies, 2001-02

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (a)</i>
Revaluation method (b)	Land	Mkt value	na	Market value	Current use	Deprival	Deprival	Market	..
	Buildings	Written down replacement value	Current mkt value	Market value	Current use	Deprival	Deprival	Market	..
	Other assets	Straight line depreciation over useful life	na	Cost	Cost	na	Deprival	Deprival	..
Frequency of revaluations	Land	3 yrs	3 yrs	At least once every 5 yrs	Annual	3 yrs	5 yrs	5 yrs	..
	Buildings	3 yrs	na	At least once every 5 yrs	Annual	3 yrs	5 yrs	na	..
	Other assets	Annual capitalisation of group	1 yr	At least once every 5 yrs	2 yrs	na	5 yrs	3 yrs	..
Useful asset lives (years) (c), (d)	Buildings	40 yrs; subject to revaluation	50-60 yrs	50 yrs	50 yrs	15-60 yrs	3-122 yrs	25-60 yrs	..
	Plant & equip.	Comm. equip. 6.5 years	0-20 yrs	5-30 yrs	5-20 yrs	10 yrs	2-20 yrs	3-25 yrs	..
	IT equip. (e)	4 yrs	9-99 yrs	3 yrs	4 yrs	3 yrs	5 yrs	3 yrs	..
	Office equip. (f)	10 yrs	na	3-40 yrs	7 yrs	10 yrs	2-20 yrs	5 yrs	..
	Motor vehicles	Owned vehicles 6.5 yrs	na	1-10 yrs	5 yrs	5 yrs	3-10 yrs	5 yrs	5 yrs
Threshold capitalisation levels	Buildings	Nil	na	1 000	5 000	10 000	5 000	na	..
	IT equip.	500	1 000	1 000	5 000	10 000	5 000	2 000	..
	Other assets	5000	1 000	1 000	5 000	10 000	5 000	2 000	..
Current asset value as at 30 June 2002 (\$'000)	Land	182 844	110 662	125 724	88 373	22 987	7 776	6 630	na
	Buildings	367 004	367 004	413 973	166 356	141 843	46 922	34 465	116 680
	Plant and equipment					7 334			
	IT equip.	75 269	na	24 577	21 814	11 268	2 752	193	na

Table 5A.9

Table 5A.9 **Treatment of assets by police agencies, 2001-02**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (a)</i>
Office equip.	33 188	na	5 265	837	92	–	na	..
Motor vehicles	1 506	na	45 849	2 400	3 131	79	na	..

- (a) Services reported under a cash based accounting system.
- (b) DRC = depreciated replacement cost; CV = current value; market value = current (net) value, market selling price or exchange value; and deprival value may be either the DRC of an asset of a similar service potential or the stream of its future economic benefits.
- (c) Estimated as (1/depreciation rate).
- (d) Asset lives for some assets have been grouped with other classifications.
- (e) For some jurisdictions, IT equipment includes software.
- (f) Office equipment includes furniture, fittings and communications equipment.
- (g) For WA, other assets include aircraft, vessels and livestock; buildings include leased buildings; and plant and equipment include aircraft, vessels, livestock, artwork and leased equipment.

– Nil or rounded to zero. .. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments.

Table 5A.10

Table 5A.10 **Concordance of individual police agency outputs with nationally agreed service delivery areas**

<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Community safety and support (a)							
Community support.	Crime prevention and community spt programs. Incident and event mgt.	Proactive problem oriented policing. Preservation of public safety.	Community spt, crime prevention and public order. Response to offences Emergency mgt & coordination. (b)	Community police services. Emergency response mgt and coordination.	Policing spt to the community. Major incident and emergency mgt.	Crime prevention, public order and response to offences, emergency mgt planning, regulatory processes, external information services and PROMIS data entry.	Community safety, prevention and spt programs Emergency mgt, response and recovery services.
Crime investigation							
Criminal investigation.	Criminal investigation.	General duty crime detection, investigation and prosecution. Combating organised and major crime.	Investigation of offences. (c)	Crime mgt.	Crime detection and investigation.	Investigation of offences.	Personal safety. Property crime. Illicit substances.
Road safety and traffic management							
Traffic services (includes infringement processing).	Road safety and road trauma reduction.	Traffic policing, speed mgt and camera operations.	Traffic mgt and road safety. (c)	Traffic services.	Traffic law enforcement and road safety (includes infringement processing).	Alcohol and speed detection, traffic patrolling and mobile speed detection, attendance at accidents, community education, liaison and partnerships, other traffic mgt activities.	Road safety.

Table 5A.10

Table 5A.10 **Concordance of individual police agency outputs with nationally agreed service delivery areas**

<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Services to the judicial process							
Judicial support.	Supporting the judicial process.	na	Services to the judicial process. (d)	Criminal justice spt.	Support to judicial services.	Presentation of evidence, prosecution liaison, justice system processes, custodial services, services to the Coroner, brief preparation and processing.	na (e)
Other services							
	Information and licensing services.	Ethical standards and public accountability. (e)	Regulatory and information services. (f)	Ministerial spt services.	Protection of primary industry and fisheries resources. Emergency mgt. (g)	Services provided on behalf of other agencies.	..

(a) Includes station operations, communications, and general and targeted patrols. For NSW, it also includes the firearms registry.

(b) Includes emergency response readiness.

(c) Includes brief preparation and processing.

(d) Excludes the WA Police Service activity of justice system processes — included in 'Other services'.

(e) Activities related to ethical standards and public accountability are not unique to the Queensland Police Service. Rather, Queensland is unique in the sense that it identifies these functions via a separate output group.

(f) Much of the WA Police Service output has been included in 'Community safety and support' (activities of regulatory processes administered by the WA Police Service and external information services). The activity that is included is services provided on behalf of other agencies.

(g) Emergency management activities funded by police, but undertaken by State Emergency Services officers.

.. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments.

Table 5A.11

Table 5A.11 Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) on police services per person (dollars 2001-02) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Net recurrent expenditure on police services per head of population									
1997-98	214	223	176	209	206	220	204	485	211
1998-99	230	240	197	213	219	229	224	563	227
1999-2000	233	239	220	261	221	222	225	525	237
2000-01	241	219	219	242	226	216	233	498	232
2001-02	233	225	226	260	238	232	227	541	240
Average annual change in real recurrent expenditure per person (i)									
1997-98 to 2001-02	2.1	0.2	6.6	5.6	3.8	1.4	2.6	2.7	3.3

- (a) Net recurrent expenditure is recurrent expenditure less revenue from own sources.
- (b) Revenue from own sources includes user charges and other types of revenue (for example, from sale of stores and plant). It excludes fine revenue, money received as a result of warrant execution, and revenue from the issuing of firearm licences.
- (c) Excludes the user cost of capital.
- (d) All police services are subject to payroll tax except in WA and the ACT (Australian Federal Police). If WA and the ACT were liable for paying payroll tax, real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) in 2001-02 would have increased by \$11 per person and \$12 per person respectively.
- (e) Population based on ABS estimates for December 2001.
- (f) The formula for the derivation of the average annual change in real recurrent expenditure is contained in the statistical appendix.
- (g) Real recurrent expenditure calculated using ABS GDP Expenditure Implicit Price Deflators 2001-02 = 100.
- (h) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation for staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.
- (i) The inclusion of superannuation costs for the first time in 1998-99 accounted for two thirds of the increase in NT expenditure data from 1997-98 to 1998-99.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2 and table A.26.

Table 5A.12

Table 5A.12 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on police services, by service delivery area, 1999-2000 (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (f)</i>	<i>WA (g)</i>	<i>SA (h)</i>	<i>Tas (i)</i>	<i>ACT (g), (j)</i>	<i>NT (f)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Expenditure per person										
Community safety and support	\$	147	116	na	122	131	127	131	na	132
Crime investigation	\$	51	52	na	46	35	49	45	na	49
Road safety and traffic management										
\$/person	\$	16	19	na	40	29	26	11	na	22
\$/registered vehicle	\$	28	28	na	55	42	37	18	na	27
Services to the judicial process	\$	19	52	na	43	26	19	38	na	33
Other services	\$	–	–	na	8	–	–	–	na	1
All SDAs	\$	233	239	220	261	221	222	225	525	237
Share of total expenditure										
Community safety and support	%	63.2	48.5	na	47.1	59.3	57.5	58.0	na	55.7
Crime investigation	%	22.1	21.6	na	17.8	15.8	22.2	20.0	na	20.7
Road safety and traffic management	%	6.8	8.1	na	15.5	12.9	11.6	5.0	na	9.3
Services to the judicial process	%	8.0	21.8	na	16.7	12.0	8.7	17.0	na	14.1
Other services	%	–	–	na	2.9	–	–	–	na	0.3
Total for all SDAs	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Changes to definitions and counting rules mean that care needs to be taken when comparing data across years for some jurisdictions.
- (b) Some data are preliminary and thus have not been subjected to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.
- (c) May not add to the sum of its components as a result of rounding.
- (d) Real recurrent expenditure calculated using ABS GDP Expenditure Implicit Price Deflators 2001-02 = 100.
- (e) Overheads (for example, infrastructure costs, such as rent on buildings, and vehicle and equipment costs) have been apportioned to these service delivery areas on a pro rata basis. If 20 per cent of expenditure goes toward crime investigation, for example, then 20 per cent of overheads will be apportioned to crime investigation.
- (f) Data only available for all key SDAs combined.

Table 5A.12

- (g) Exempt from payroll tax. As a result, no payroll tax data are included.
- (h) For 1998-99, data show 20 per cent of expenditure on 'road safety and traffic management' and 8 per cent of expenditure on 'services to the judicial process'. In 1999-2000 the data show 8 per cent of expenditure on 'road safety and traffic management' and 22 per cent of expenditure on 'services to the judicial process'. The variation results from a change in the output costing method aligning services to financial allocations. Previous data used a historical cost formula.
- (i) The total service delivery area budget incorporates overheads and expenditure associated with Ministerial Support and Information Services. These costs are distributed evenly throughout the four key SDAs. The data excludes expenditure associated with Emergency Management and the Protection of Primary Industries and Fisheries Resources.
- (j) Results are based on a survey of staff directly involved in the delivery of community policing and related support services within the ACT region. The Australian Federal Police employs a teams-based approach to 'criminal investigations and response'. Subsequently, officers involved in response activities will sometimes (depending on circumstances and priorities) commence an investigation as part of the initial response to an incident. In some circumstances, time spent on preliminary investigations following the initial response to an incident may have been counted against 'community safety and support'.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); ABS *Motor Vehicle Census 2001*, Cat.no. 9309.0, AusInfo, Canberra; table A.2; table A.26.

Table 5A.13

Table 5A.13 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on police services, by service delivery area, 2000-01 (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (e)</i>	<i>WA (f)</i>	<i>SA (g)</i>	<i>Tas (h)</i>	<i>ACT (f), (i)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Expenditure per person										
Community safety and support	\$	150	105	na	116	154	98	107	na	125
Crime investigation	\$	53	47	na	45	34	65	86	na	56
Road safety and traffic management										
\$/person	\$	17	18	na	36	17	35	13	na	19
\$/registered vehicle	\$	28	26	na	51	18	49	21	na	24
Services to the judicial process		20	47	na	38	20	18	22	na	31
Other services	\$	–	–	na	6	–	–	5	na	1
All SDAs	\$	241	219	219	242	226	216	233	498	232
Share of total expenditure										
Community safety and support	%	62.5	48.4	na	48.0	68.4	45.4	45.7	na	53.9
Crime investigation	%	22.1	21.7	na	18.6	15.1	30.1	36.8	na	24.1
Road safety and traffic management	%	7.1	8.3	na	15.1	7.6	16.2	5.5	na	8.2
Services to the judicial process	%	8.3	21.7	na	15.6	8.9	8.3	9.8	na	13.4
Other services	%	–	–	na	2.7	–	–	2.2	na	0.4
Total for all SDAs	%	100.0	100.0	na	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	100.0

- (a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.
- (b) Overheads (for example, infrastructure costs, such as rent on buildings, and vehicle and equipment costs) have been apportioned to these SDAs on a pro rata basis. If 20 per cent of expenditure goes toward crime investigation, for example, then 20 per cent of overheads will be apportioned to crime investigation.
- (c) May not add to the sum of its components as a result of rounding.
- (d) Real recurrent expenditure calculated using ABS GDP Expenditure Implicit Price Deflators 2001-02 = 100.
- (e) Data only available for all key SDAs combined.
- (f) Exempt from payroll tax. As a result, no payroll tax data are included.

Table 5A.13

- (g) The allocation of resources in 2000/01 was based on both work activity surveys from a representative sample of four major local service areas in February 2001 and data provided by service areas.
- (h) The total service delivery area budget incorporates overheads and expenditure associated with Ministerial support and Information Services. These costs are distributed evenly throughout the four key service delivery areas. As in the 1999-2000 results, the data exclude expenditure associated with emergency management and the protection of primary industries and fisheries resources. Costs associated with a new section, Forensic Science Safety in July 2000 have also been excluded.
- (i) Costs are apportioned across SDAs through use of direct and indirect cost attribution. Where a direct and singular relationship can be established, costs are directly attributed against outcomes (SDAs). In situations where no direct relationship can be identified, or where expenditure is attributable to numerous outcomes, indirect costing systems (based on activity survey data) are used. Indirect cost attribution uses statistical analysis of cost centre activities to apportion costs across the range of outcomes.
 - Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); ABS 2001, *Motor Vehicle Census 2001*, Cat.no. 9309.0, AusInfo, Canberra; table A.2; table A.26.

Table 5A.14

Table 5A.14 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on police services, by service delivery area, 2001-02 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (d)</i>	<i>WA (e)</i>	<i>SA (f)</i>	<i>Tas (d)</i>	<i>ACT (e), (g), (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Expenditure per person										
Community safety and support	\$	141	99	na	128	157	na	123	296	128
Crime investigation	\$	47	68	na	49	29	na	69	124	55
Road safety and traffic management										
\$/person	\$	20	19	na	38	23	na	18	35	23
\$/registered vehicle	\$	35	28	na	54	32	na	28	68	36
Services to the judicial process	\$	25	39	na	39	28	na	15	85	33
Other services	\$	–	–	na	6	–	na	2	–	1
All SDAs	\$	233	225	226	260	238	232	227	541	240
Share of total expenditure										
Community safety and support	%	60.8	44.2	na	49.2	66.0	na	54.1	54.7	53.6
Crime investigation	%	20.2	30.1	na	18.8	12.4	na	30.5	23.0	22.9
Road safety and traffic management	%	8.4	8.4	na	14.8	9.7	na	7.9	6.5	9.6
Services to the judicial process	%	10.5	17.3	na	15.1	11.9	na	6.6	15.8	13.5
Other services	%	–	–	na	2.2	–	na	0.9	–	0.3
Total for all SDAs	%	100.0	100.0	na	100.0	100.0	na	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.
- (b) Overheads (for example, infrastructure costs, such as rent on buildings, and vehicle and equipment costs) have been apportioned to these service delivery areas on a pro rata basis. If 20 per cent of expenditure goes toward crime investigation, for example, then 20 per cent of overheads will be apportioned to crime investigation.
- (c) May not add to the sum of its components as a result of rounding.
- (d) For Queensland and Tasmania data were only available for SDAs combined.
- (e) Exempt from payroll tax. As a result, no payroll tax data are included.
- (f) For SA, the change in expenditure distribution from 2000-01 across SDAs results from an activity survey conducted in April 2002 which resulted in a reclassification between some SAPOL outputs.

Table 5A.14

- (g) For the ACT, costs are apportioned across SDAs through use of direct and indirect cost attribution. Where a direct and singular relationship can be established, costs are directly attributed against outcomes (SDAs). In situations where no direct relationship can be identified, or where expenditure is attributable to numerous outcomes, indirect costing systems are utilised. Indirect cost attribution uses statistical analysis of cost centre activities derived from an activity survey to apportion costs across the range of outcomes.
- (h) For the ACT, the variation in expenditure for services to the judicial process SDA in 2001-02 from previous years is principally due to the simplification of the indirect cost allocation system. Previously brief preparation by patrols, investigators and their supervisors was recorded against SDA, however the simplified methodology is not able to capture this information.
- (l) For the NT, apportionment across the SDAs is based on the results of an activity survey conducted during May 2002.
 - Nil or rounded to zero. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2; table A.26.

Table 5A.15

Table 5A.15 **Victims of recorded crimes (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Crimes against property (b)										
Number of victims										
1998	'000	400.6	226.1	187.7	154.1	98.4	31.2	18.7	12.8	1 129.4
1999	'000	398.4	243.6	197.6	147.4	108.1	28.6	22.2	11.9	1 157.8
2000	'000	444.2	256.6	209.0	161.1	118.5	26.3	22.4	12.5	1 250.8
2001	'000	443.9	270.6	207.9	165.6	126.8	26.0	18.5	15.4	1 274.7
Victims per 100 000 people										
1998	no.	6 325	4 857	5 434	8 424	6 617	6 610	6 064	6 724	6 031
1999	no.	6 229	5 174	5 635	7 936	7 241	6 080	7 168	6 199	6 115
2000	no.	6 872	5 384	5 860	8 550	7 915	5 598	7 273	6 418	6 530
2001	no.	6 795	5 604	5 730	8 669	8 443	5 539	5 878	7 789	6 577
Crimes against people (c)										
Number of victims										
1998	'000	77.7	24.1	24.7	18.6	18.0	2.7	2.1	2.8	170.7
1999	'000	81.6	23.7	24.8	18.0	16.8	3.0	2.1	2.8	172.7
2000	'000	88.7	22.6	25.2	17.9	18.7	3.1	2.2	3.4	181.7
2001	'000	97.8	23.7	27.2	19.0	19.7	3.9	2.3	3.3	197.0
Victims per 100 000 people										
1998	no.	1 227	518	716	1 017	1 208	563	665	1 495	911
1999	no.	1 275	502	707	970	1 125	629	680	1 467	912
2000	no.	1 373	475	705	950	1 248	660	698	1 737	949
2001	no.	1 497	491	750	997	1 311	829	739	1 664	1 016

(a) Excludes offences against Commonwealth laws processed under Commonwealth jurisdiction; conspiracy offences; aiding, abetting and accessory offences; and other offence types, such as drug and prostitution offences.

(b) Includes unlawful entry with intent, motor vehicle theft, and other theft. Data are based on crimes reported to police. Includes a small proportion of person victims of other theft.

(c) Includes murder; attempted murder; manslaughter; assault; sexual assault; kidnapping/abduction; armed robbery; unarmed robbery; and blackmail/extortion. Data are based on crimes reported to police. Includes a small proportion of non-person victims (such as organisations) of armed and unarmed robbery, and blackmail/extortion. For person offences, the victim may be the victim of multiple person offences within a single criminal incident.

Source: ABS 1999, 2000, 2001 and 2002, *Recorded Crime Australia*, Cat. no. 4510.0, (various years), (unpublished).

Table 5A.16

Table 5A.16 **Police staff, by sworn/unsworn status (a)**

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Sworn police staff									
Number of sworn staff									
1997-98	13 407	9 750	na	4 705	3 437	1 205	666	866	34 036
1998-99	13 305	9 556	6 981	4 676	3 443	1 069	664	876	40 570
1999-2000	13 172	9 359	7 319	4 658	3 479	1 049	632	905	40 573
2000-01	13 614	9 488	7 734	4 742	3 582	1 081	590	948	41 779
2001-02	13 716	9 926	7 994	4 778	3 703	1 094	584	954	42 749
Sworn staff per 100 000 population									
1997-98	212	211	na	260	231	255	215	458	183
1998-99	208	204	201	254	230	226	213	455	215
1999-2000	203	198	207	249	231	222	200	462	212
2000-01	207	198	215	250	237	229	185	478	216
2001-02	206	204	218	249	244	231	181	477	218
Unsworn police staff									
Number of unsworn staff									
1997-98	4 014	2 074	na	1 409	710	422	62	212	8 903
1998-99	3 669	2 043	2 784	1 372	849	342	66	179	11 302
1999-2000	3 696	2 097	na	1 242	953	358	88	186	8 620
2000-01	3 887	2 251	1 242	1 203	975	340	184	172	10 022
2001-02	4 019	2 222	3 199	1 179	978	359	198	206	12 359
Unsworn staff per 100 000 population									
1997-98	64	45	na	78	48	89	20	112	48
1998-99	57	44	80	74	57	72	21	93	60
1999-2000	57	44	na	66	63	76	28	95	45
2000-01	59	47	34	64	65	72	58	87	52
2001-02	61	46	87	61	64	76	61	103	63
Total police staff									
Number of police staff									
1997-98	17 421	11 824	na	6 114	4 147	1 627	728	1 078	42 939
1998-99	16 974	11 598	9 765	6 048	4 293	1 411	730	1 055	51 872
1999-2000	16 868	11 456	na	5 900	4 432	1 407	720	1 091	49 193
2000-01	17 501	11 739	8 976	5 945	4 557	1 421	775	1 120	51 802
2001-02	17 735	12 148	11 193	5 957	4 681	1 453	782	1 160	55 108
Total police staff per 100 000 population									
1997-98	276	256	na	338	279	344	235	570	230
1998-99	265	248	280	328	287	299	234	548	275
1999-2000	260	242	na	316	295	298	228	556	257
2000-01	266	245	249	314	302	301	243	564	268
2001-02	267	250	305	310	308	307	242	580	281

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) NSW data for 2001-02 are based on a headcount at 30 June 2002 and are not FTE data.

Table 5A.16

- (c) For 2001-02, WA sworn staff data exclude 130 recruits in training. Recruits in training were included in data for previous years.
- (d) In the ACT, civilianisation of support functions occurred throughout 2000-01 with the communications 'centre' now being substantially staffed by non-sworn staff. In addition, as a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation for staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.
- (e) For the NT, sworn police officers include Police Auxiliaries and Aboriginal Community Police Officers.
na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2.

Table 5A.17

Table 5A.17 **Police staff, by operational status (per cent) (a), (b)**

	NSW (c)	Vic	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA	Tas (f)	ACT (g)	NT (h)	Aust
Operational staff									
1998-99	89.0	82.3	96.5	92.8	90.5	91.1	79.7	88.1	87.2
1999-2000	90.9	82.0	na	92.2	90.2	85.6	92.1	83.8	88.2
2000-01	82.4	81.3	65.5	91.4	91.0	83.3	86.9	83.2	80.6
2001-02	83.6	82.2	82.6	91.8	91.7	83.5	86.9	81.3	83.8
Non-operational staff									
1998-99	11.0	17.7	3.5	7.2	9.5	8.9	20.3	11.9	12.8
1999-2000	9.1	18.0	na	7.8	9.8	14.4	7.9	16.2	11.8
2000-01	17.6	18.7	34.5	8.6	9.0	16.7	13.1	16.8	19.4
2001-02	16.4	17.8	17.4	8.2	8.3	16.5	13.1	18.7	16.2

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) The definition of operational status is quite broad and may be interpreted differently across jurisdictions.

(c) For 2000-01, NSW operational/non-operational staffing figures are not comparable with earlier years. Information is derived based on location and position description, whereas for earlier years it is based on location only. For 2001-02 operational/non-operational staffing figures are based on a headcount at June 30 2002, and are not FTE figures.

(d) The definitions of operational and non-operational status does not align with the national data dictionary. Therefore, care needs to be taken when comparing Queensland with other jurisdictions.

(e) For WA, 2001-02 data excludes 130 recruits in training. Data for previous years included recruits in training.

(f) The 1998-99 figure accidentally included operational marine and emergency staff. These are services unique to Tasmania and should not have been included.

(g) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation for staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.

(h) In the NT, sworn police officers include Police Auxiliaries and Aboriginal Community Police Officers.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.18

Table 5A.18 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 1998-99 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (b)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Senior Executive (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	17
Unsworn	no.	2	1	1	–	–	2	–	–	6
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	5	4	3	3	2	4	1	1	23
Female										
Sworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Unsworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	no.	5	4	3	3	2	4	1	1	23
Prop. of all staff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0
Executive (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	14	27	24	10	15	2	2	10	104
Unsworn	no.	10	14	14	5	–	–	–	3	46
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	24	41	38	15	15	2	2	13	150
Female										
Sworn	no.	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	4
Unsworn	no.	2	2	–	1	1	–	–	1	7
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	4	2	–	1	1	–	1	2	11
Total	no.	28	43	38	16	16	2	3	15	161
Prop. of all staff	%	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	1.4	0.3
Management (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	352	348	268	143	80	55	10	24	1 280
Unsworn	no.	191	112	37	17	8	14	2	12	393
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	543	460	305	160	88	69	12	36	1 673
Female										
Sworn	no.	8	7	15	1	2	1	–	1	35
Unsworn	no.	81	52	9	1	–	–	1	9	153
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	89	59	24	2	2	1	1	10	188
Total	no.	632	519	329	162	90	70	13	46	1 861
All management %	%	3.7	4.5	3.4	2.7	2.1	5.0	1.8	4.4	3.6
Supervisory (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	2 332	2 115	1 960	978	582	176	117	156	8 416
Unsworn	no.	203	136	111	63	102	22	4	9	650
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	2 536	2 251	2 071	1 041	684	198	121	165	9 066
Female										
Sworn	no.	121	116	119	31	22	10	8	26	454
Unsworn	no.	143	104	70	24	48	13	2	20	424

Table 5A.18

Table 5A.18

Police staff, by classification and gender, 1998-99 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (b)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	264	220	189	55	71	23	10	46	87
Total	no.	2 800	2 471	2 260	1 096	755	221	131	211	9 944
Prop. of all staff	%	16.5	21.3	23.1	18.3	17.6	15.7	18.0	20.0	19.2
Practitioner (g)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	8290	5 753	3 629	2 997	2 319	667	413	496	24 564
Unsworn	no.	929	622	920	534	207	103	11	43	3 369
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>9219</i>	<i>6 376</i>	<i>4 549</i>	<i>3 531</i>	<i>2 526</i>	<i>770</i>	<i>424</i>	<i>539</i>	<i>27 933</i>
Female										
Sworn	no.	2 182	1 187	966	446	522	156	112	163	5 734
Unsworn	no.	2 108	999	1 625	719	382	188	47	80	6 148
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>4 290</i>	<i>2 186</i>	<i>2 591</i>	<i>1 165</i>	<i>905</i>	<i>344</i>	<i>159</i>	<i>243</i>	<i>11 883</i>
Total	no.	13 509	8 562	7 140	4 696	3 430	1 114	583	782	39 816
Prop. of all staff	%	79.6	73.8	73.1	78.6	79.9	79.0	79.7	74.1	76.9
Total staff	no.	16 974	11 598	9 770	5 973	4 293	1 411	731	1 055	51 805

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) Excludes recruits in training. Data are for June 1999 only. June 1998 average employment level figures are not available in the format required.

(c) Includes a notional 129 staff for corporate support functions attributed to the ACT community policing provided by the Australian Federal Police. The disaggregation of these 129 positions has been determined by apportioning details in accordance with the relative breakdown of the community policing staff.

(d) Small units and remote stations are staffed at sergeant level.

(e) Comprises management level staff (civilian managers and sworn staff from inspectors to superintendents), executive level staff (civilian SES and sworn staff from chief superintendent to assistant commissioner) and senior executive level staff (civilian top SES and sworn staff, including commissioner, deputy commissioner and equivalent executives).

(f) Comprises civilian team leaders and sworn staff (from sergeant to senior sergeant).

(g) Comprises civilian administration staff and sworn staff (from constable to senior constable).

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.19

Table 5A.19 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 1999-2000 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (b)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Senior executive (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	3	3	2	3	2	4	1	1	18
Unsworn	no.	1	3	1	–	–	2	–	–	7
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	4	6	3	3	2	6	1	1	25
Female										
Sworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Unsworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	no.	4	6	3	3	2	6	1	1	25
Prop. of all staff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0
Executive (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	16	26	25	9	16	8	2	9	110
Unsworn	no.	8	11	6	5	3	–	1	2	35
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	24	36	31	14	19	8	3	11	145
Female										
Sworn	no.	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	4
Unsworn	no.	–	2	–	1	1	–	–	1	5
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	2	2	1	1	1	–	1	2	9
Total	no.	26	38	31	15	20	8	3	13	154
Prop. of all staff	%	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.3
Management (e)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	407	326	275	134	82	51	11	23	1 308
Unsworn	no.	159	117	60	17	24	17	2	5	400
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	566	442	334	151	106	68	13	28	1 708
Female										
Sworn	no.	14	7	16	1	2	1	–	1	41
Unsworn	no.	93	61	15	1	8	1	–	11	190
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	107	68	30	2	10	2	–	12	231
Total	no.	673	510	364	153	116	70	13	40	1 939
All management :	%	4.0	4.4	3.6	2.6	2.6	5.0	1.8	3.7	3.7
Supervisory (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	2 184	2 062	2 008	952	590	180	108	160	8 243
Unsworn	no.	197	130	245	68	94	28	5	18	784
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	2 380	2 193	2 253	1 020	684	208	113	178	9 028
Female										
Sworn	no.	136	124	130	32	33	11	7	21	493
Unsworn	no.	249	112	177	20	57	18	5	20	658

Table 5A.19

Table 5A.19		Police staff, by classification and gender, 1999-2000 (a)									
	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (b)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>	
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	386	236	306	52	90	29	12	41	1 151	
Total	no.	2 766	2 428	2 559	1 072	774	237	124	219	10 179	
Prop. of all staff	%	16.4	21.2	25.1	18.4	17.5	16.8	17.3	20.1	19.6	
Practitioner (g)											
Male											
Sworn	no.	8175	5 661	3 736	3 062	2 241	613	396	498	24 383	
Unsworn	no.	953	650	797	373	324	89	22	52	3 260	
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>9128</i>	<i>6 311</i>	<i>4 533</i>	<i>3 435</i>	<i>2 565</i>	<i>702</i>	<i>418</i>	<i>550</i>	<i>27 642</i>	
Female											
Sworn	no.	2 236	1 152	1 075	487	514	181	115	188	5 948	
Unsworn	no.	2 036	1 011	1 625	655	441	203	46	80	6 097	
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>4 272</i>	<i>2 163</i>	<i>2 700</i>	<i>1 142</i>	<i>956</i>	<i>384</i>	<i>161</i>	<i>268</i>	<i>12 045</i>	
Total	no.	13 400	8 475	7 233	4 577	3 521	1 086	579	818	39 688	
Prop. of all staff	%	79.4	74.0	71.0	78.6	79.4	77.2	80.4	75.0	76.3	
Total staff	no.	16 868	11 456	10 190	5 820	4 432	1 407	720	1 091	51 984	

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) Excludes recruits in training. Data are for June 1999 only. June 1998 average employment level figures are not available in the format required.

(c) Includes a notional 129 staff for corporate support functions attributed to the ACT community policing provided by the Australian Federal Police. The disaggregation of these 129 positions has been determined by apportioning details in accordance with the relative breakdown of the community policing staff.

(d) Small units and remote stations are staffed at sergeant level.

(e) Comprises management level staff (civilian managers and sworn staff from inspectors to superintendents), executive level staff (civilian SES and sworn staff from chief superintendent to assistant commissioner) and senior executive level staff (civilian top SES and sworn staff, including commissioner, deputy commissioner and equivalent executives).

(f) Comprises civilian team leaders and sworn staff (from sergeant to senior sergeant).

(g) Comprises civilian administration staff and sworn staff (from constable to senior constable).

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.20

Table 5A.20 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 2000-01 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Senior executive (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	3	2	2	3	2	3	1	1	17
Unsworn	no.	3	3	1	–	–	3	–	–	10
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	6	5	3	3	2	6	1	1	27
Female										
Sworn	no.	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Unsworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Total	no.	6	6	3	3	2	6	2	1	28
Prop. of all staff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1
Executive (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	15	24	11	7	14	9	2	9	91
Unsworn	no.	7	7	5	5	3	–	–	3	30
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	22	31	16	12	17	9	2	12	121
Female										
Sworn	no.	1	1	1	–	–	–	1	–	4
Unsworn	no.	2	2	1	1	–	–	–	1	7
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	3	3	2	1	–	–	1	1	10
Total	no.	25	33	18	13	17	9	3	13	132
Prop. of all staff	%	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.2
Management (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	584	313	292	136	89	48	9	25	1 495
Unsworn	no.	209	123	72	16	38	14	14	7	493
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	793	436	364	152	127	62	22	32	1 988
Female										
Sworn	no.	33	5	16	1	3	1	–	1	60
Unsworn	no.	108	68	29	2	16	–	4	11	239
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	141	73	45	3	19	1	4	12	299
Total	no.	934	510	409	155	146	63	26	44	2 287
Prop. of all staff	%	5.3	4.3	3.8	2.7	3.2	4.4	3.4	3.9	4.3
Supervisory (g)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	1 998	2 020	2 100	965	594	175	102	165	8 118
Unsworn	no.	119	142	193	71	82	20	17	14	657
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	2 117	2 162	2 292	1 036	676	195	118	179	8 775
Female										
Sworn	no.	169	128	172	36	36	11	5	23	580
Unsworn	no.	262	126	156	21	70	19	17	25	695

Table 5A.20

Table 5A.20 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 2000-01 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	431	253	328	57	106	30	22	48	1 275
Total	no.	2 548	2 415	2 620	1 093	781	225	141	227	10 050
Prop. of all staff	%	14.6	20.6	24.1	18.8	17.1	15.8	18.1	19.9	18.7
Practitioner (h)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	8 117	5 763	3 872	3 057	2 260	647	364	518	24 598
Unsworn	no.	987	705	893	389	322	99	45	51	3 492
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	9 104	6 468	4 765	3 446	2 582	746	409	569	28 090
Female										
Sworn	no.	2 694	1 232	1 270	505	584	190	117	206	6 797
Unsworn	no.	2 190	1 076	1 770	598	445	182	77	80	6 417
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	4 884	2 307	3 040	1 103	1 029	372	194	286	13 214
Total	no.	13 988	8 775	7 804	4 549	3 611	1 118	603	855	41 305
Prop. of all staff	%	79.9	74.8	71.9	78.3	79.2	78.7	77.8	75.0	76.8
Total staff	no.	17 501	11 739	10 855	5 813	4 557	1 421	775	1 141	53 801

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) The NSW police staff numbers are based on a head count at 30 June 2001, and are not FTE figures. Therefore, the 17 501 figure provided differs from the other NSW FTE police staffing figure of 16 951 reported elsewhere in the attachment.

(c) WA data exclude 130 operational recruits in training.

(d) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation for staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.

(e) Small units and remote stations are staffed at sergeant level.

(f) Comprises management level staff (civilian managers and sworn staff from inspectors to superintendents), executive level staff (civilian SES and sworn staff from chief superintendent to assistant commissioner) and senior executive level staff (civilian top SES and sworn staff, including commissioner, deputy commissioner and equivalent executives).

(g) Comprises civilian team leaders and sworn staff (from sergeant to senior sergeant).

(h) Comprises civilian administration staff and sworn staff (from constable to senior constable).

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.21

Table 5A.21 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Senior executive (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	4	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	19
Unsworn	no.	1	1	1	–	–	2	–	–	5
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	5	3	3	3	2	5	1	2	24
Female										
Sworn	no.	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Unsworn	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Total	no.	5	4	3	3	2	5	1	2	25
Prop. of all staff	%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0
Executive (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	9	22	11	7	12	8	1	9	78
Unsworn	no.	8	11	4	4	3	–	1	2	33
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	17	33	15	11	15	8	2	11	112
Female										
Sworn	no.	1	–	1	–	1	–	0	–	3
Unsworn	no.	–	2	1	1	–	–	–	2	6
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	1	2	2	1	1	–	0	2	9
Total	no.	18	34	17	12	16	8	3	13	121
Prop. of all staff	%	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.3	1.1	0.2
Management (f)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	563	321	300	138	92	48	8	27	1 496
Unsworn	no.	200	130	78	16	45	18	11	6	504
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	763	450	378	154	137	66	19	33	2 000
Female										
Sworn	no.	34	8	18	2	2	2	0	2	68
Unsworn	no.	115	85	33	2	17	3	7	8	269
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	149	93	51	4	19	5	7	10	337
Total	no.	912	543	429	158	156	71	26	43	2 338
Prop. of all staff	%	5.1	4.5	3.8	2.7	3.3	4.9	3.4	3.7	4.3
Supervisory (g)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	1 948	2 040	2 168	957	620	171	88	168	8 160
Unsworn	no.	164	152	292	72	76	20	16	13	806
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	2 112	2 192	2 460	1 029	696	191	105	181	8 965
Female										
Sworn	no.	190	141	190	37	43	8	5	27	640
Unsworn	no.	352	146	218	28	79	20	19	25	886

Table 5A.21

Table 5A.21 **Police staff, by classification and gender, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	542	287	407	65	122	28	24	52	1 527
Total	no.	2 654	2 479	2 867	1 094	817	219	129	233	10 492
Prop. of all staff	%	15.0	20.4	25.6	18.8	17.5	15.1	16.5	20.1	19.1
Practitioner (h)										
Male										
Sworn	no.	8 090	5 992	3 966	3 075	2 293	648	358	516	21 863
Unsworn	no.	1 013	632	859	384	307	106	57	55	3 413
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	9 103	6 624	4 825	3 459	2 601	754	414	571	25 276
Female										
Sworn	no.	2 877	1 401	1 339	534	642	206	122	207	7 328
Unsworn	no.	2 166	1 064	1 713	567	447	190	87	91	6 325
<i>Total</i>	<i>no.</i>	5 043	2 465	3 052	1 101	1 089	396	209	298	13 653
Total	no.	14 146	9 088	7 877	4 560	3 690	1 150	623	869	42 003
Prop. of all staff	%	79.8	74.8	70.4	78.3	78.8	79.1	79.7	74.9	76.4
Total staff	no.	17 735	12 148	11 193	5 827	4 681	1 453	782	1 160	54 978

(a) Comprises all full time equivalent staff.

(b) The NSW police staff numbers are based on a head count at 30 June 2002. They are not FTE figures.

(c) Excludes recruits in training.

(d) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT Policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation for staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data for 2000-01 onwards are not directly comparable with data for years prior to 2000-01.

(e) Small units and remote stations are staffed at sergeant level.

(f) Comprises management level staff (civilian managers and sworn staff from inspectors to superintendents), executive level staff (civilian SES and sworn staff from chief superintendent to assistant commissioner) and senior executive level staff (civilian top SES and sworn staff, including commissioner, deputy commissioner and equivalent executives).

(g) Comprises civilian team leaders and sworn staff (from sergeant to senior sergeant).

(h) Comprises civilian administration staff and sworn staff (from constable to senior constable).

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Performance indicators
for all service delivery areas

Table 5A.22 People aged 18 years and over: general satisfaction with services provided by the police, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All persons										
Very satisfied	%	16.0	22.5	20.4	15.9	25.3	20.2	16.0	18.7	19.3
Satisfied	%	48.2	53.8	49.4	51.2	52.9	46.9	52.3	52.3	50.6
Neither	%	22.1	16.9	22.3	21.2	14.8	22.4	22.6	18.1	20.2
Dissatisfied	%	8.0	4.0	4.4	8.2	4.7	7.1	5.7	7.1	6.0
Very dissatisfied	%	3.6	1.6	1.9	2.2	1.0	2.9	1.2	2.2	2.4
Don't know	%	2.0	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.3	0.4	2.2	1.5	1.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.66	3.93	3.83	3.71	3.98	3.75	3.78	3.79	3.80

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very satisfied = 5; satisfied = 4; neither = 3; dissatisfied = 2; and very dissatisfied = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.23

Table 5A.23 People aged 18 years and over: satisfaction with the police — dealing with public order problems and supporting community programs, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Dealing with public order problems										
Very satisfied	%	10.3	12.5	12.8	10.5	14.9	12.4	9.3	10.2	11.7
Satisfied	%	35.6	44.2	36.1	41.7	49.1	36.4	45.9	39.7	39.8
Neither	%	22.8	22.8	27.9	20.1	18.6	25.2	22.4	21.3	23.2
Dissatisfied	%	20.8	13.2	15.2	18.4	10.9	16.5	14.5	19.8	16.6
Very dissatisfied	%	6.8	3.5	4.5	5.8	2.7	6.9	2.9	6.3	5.1
Don't know	%	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.8	2.6	4.9	2.7	3.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.23	3.51	3.39	3.34	3.65	3.32	3.47	3.29	3.38
Supporting community programs										
Very satisfied	%	19.8	30.8	33.3	24.1	33.9	30.8	19.9	26.8	26.9
Satisfied	%	43.1	44.9	42.5	49.4	48.2	43.8	46.1	45.1	44.6
Neither	%	17.0	12.5	13.5	12.5	8.9	13.2	18.6	13.4	14.0
Dissatisfied	%	6.6	2.7	3.6	6.6	2.2	5.6	5.2	5.1	4.7
Very dissatisfied	%	2.9	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.5	1.5	1.2	0.9	1.6
Don't know	%	10.6	8.3	6.1	6.4	6.2	5.1	9.1	8.6	8.2
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.79	4.11	4.10	3.95	4.20	4.02	3.86	4.00	3.99

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the tables above, the weights are as follows:

Very satisfied = 5; satisfied = 4; neither = 3; dissatisfied = 2; and very dissatisfied = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.24

Table 5A.24 **People aged 18 years and over: contact with police in the past 12 months, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Contact with police	%	45.4	56.7	53.5	52.7	45.4	51.0	55.3	61.5	50.9
No contact with police	%	54.6	43.3	46.5	47.3	54.6	49.0	44.7	38.5	49.1
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Contact with police by who initiated the most recent contact										
Police initiated	%	56.6	62.8	67.5	59.8	53.8	64.8	56.5	57.7	60.8
Respondent initiated	%	43.4	37.2	32.5	40.2	46.2	35.2	43.5	42.3	39.2
Sample size	no.	2 245	1 370	2 100	984	962	988	1 099	1 253	11 001

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.25

Table 5A.25 **People aged 18 years and over: distribution in number of contacts with police, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
One	%	43.2	33.4	34.2	34.9	42.2	36.4	38.0	28.9	37.4
Two	%	24.1	26.0	25.9	26.8	23.2	24.1	26.4	25.2	25.2
Three	%	13.4	14.9	17.4	14.9	14.7	16.6	14.7	16.0	15.0
Four	%	6.1	9.1	6.8	7.0	7.1	6.4	8.3	10.9	7.3
Five	%	3.4	4.9	5.1	5.8	3.1	4.3	3.0	4.7	4.4
Six to ten	%	6.8	8.4	7.0	8.1	7.1	9.1	7.3	9.6	7.5
Ten or more	%	3.1	3.3	3.8	2.5	2.5	3.2	2.2	4.7	3.2
Don't know	%	–	0.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sample size	no.	2 245	1 370	2 100	984	962	988	1 099	1 253	11 001

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.26

Table 5A.26 **People aged 18 years and over: Reason for respondent contacting police in most recent contact, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Report a crime	%	46.8	43.9	42.6	41.8	36.7	47.4	45.5	48.1	44.0
Report traffic accident	%	11.1	5.5	4.6	8.1	15.3	5.1	13.9	6.7	8.5
Report suspicion	%	11.4	13.2	14.3	14.7	12.4	15.8	13.3	10.0	12.9
Give other information	%	3.6	3.4	3.2	5.4	4.8	3.7	2.6	4.1	3.7
Get assistance	%	12.6	21.1	12.5	9.2	14.1	19.5	7.9	12.3	14.6
Neigh'hood watch	%	1.1	1.7	2.2	0.2	2.3	2.2	0.8	1.0	1.5
Lost/found property	%	3.9	4.0	2.6	2.6	3.1	1.5	4.3	5.0	3.5
Refused	%	1.4	0.5	0.3	2.7	1.7	1.1	0.5	0.9	1.1
Other	%	8.1	6.6	17.6	15.3	9.7	3.6	11.2	12.0	10.1
Sample size	no.	955	517	709	440	465	365	473	553	4 477

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.27

Table 5A.27 **People aged 18 years and over: Reason for police contacting respondent in most recent contact, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Random breath test	%	67.4	71.3	64.5	66.3	63.2	58.6	69.9	65.1	67.3
Traffic accident	%	2.6	2.0	1.8	2.6	3.4	2.2	1.4	2.7	2.3
Traffic violation	%	8.2	6.4	11.8	9.5	12.9	12.7	7.2	8.1	9.0
Noise/disturbance	%	2.8	1.2	3.4	3.2	1.8	1.2	2.5	3.1	2.4
Arrested	%	1.4	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.2	2.0	0.7	0.8	0.9
Asked for information	%	7.2	10.9	6.1	7.4	7.8	11.1	9.2	7.1	8.2
Informal contact	%	4.7	2.9	2.5	2.6	4.2	4.3	2.0	3.1	3.4
Refused	%	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.2	–	0.4	0.5
Other	%	5.3	3.8	8.8	7.3	6.3	6.7	7.1	9.6	6.0
Sample size	no.	1 290	853	1 391	544	497	623	626	700	6 524

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.28 **People aged 18 years and over who had contact with police in the past 12 months: satisfaction with police in most recent contact, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very satisfied	%	45.4	53.6	47.2	43.4	53.0	51.3	45.3	47.3	48.5
Satisfied	%	31.5	29.8	32.4	37.4	30.2	28.5	33.2	35.5	31.7
Neither	%	6.0	4.6	6.7	4.9	4.1	5.0	7.9	4.1	5.5
Dissatisfied	%	7.5	6.2	7.0	7.5	8.1	6.6	6.2	7.1	7.1
Very dissatisfied	%	9.1	5.6	6.6	6.5	4.2	8.4	7.1	5.0	7.0
Don't know	%	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.3
Sample size	no.	2 245	1 370	2 100	984	962	988	1 099	1 253	11 001
Likert index (b)	Index	3.97	4.20	4.06	4.04	4.20	4.08	4.04	4.14	4.08

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very satisfied = 5; satisfied = 4; neither = 3; dissatisfied = 2; and very dissatisfied = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.29

Table 5A.29 People aged 18 years and over who had contact with police in the past 12 months: main reason for satisfaction and dissatisfaction with police service in most recent contact, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
People who were satisfied with police service in most recent contact by main reason										
Was prompt	%	9.4	7.1	8.4	11.1	8.7	5.6	6.0	10.2	8.6
Approachable/friendly	%	8.6	9.6	9.3	9.6	9.0	8.4	6.8	9.1	9.1
Helpful	%	4.7	5.1	4.1	5.3	5.6	4.5	4.5	3.4	4.8
Courteous	%	13.4	16.1	17.8	12.8	12.9	15.2	14.3	11.4	14.9
Professional/fair	%	13.2	12.2	11.9	11.2	9.4	11.2	15.0	14.8	12.2
Handled the matter well	%	4.5	9.5	4.5	5.0	5.6	9.6	6.0	4.5	6.2
Took appropriate action	%	14.4	14.5	13.5	12.8	15.8	17.4	15.8	15.9	14.3
Efficient	%	3.0	3.4	3.9	6.6	6.3	3.9	6.8	5.7	4.0
Recovered the property	%	0.7	0.2	0.3	1.2	1.0	–	0.8	1.1	0.6
Kept informed	%	1.7	1.6	1.2	1.2	3.1	2.8	1.5	1.1	1.6
Communicated clearly	%	0.1	0.4	0.4	–	0.4	0.6	–	–	0.3
Other	%	4.2	1.1	3.5	3.8	3.1	1.7	3.0	3.4	3.0
Don't know	%	4.4	6.9	6.7	4.2	6.5	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.7
Total satisfied	%	82.4	87.6	85.4	84.6	87.3	85.4	85.7	85.2	85.1
People who were dissatisfied with police service in most recent contact by main reason										
Left waiting	%	2.3	1.7	1.0	1.4	1.3	2.2	1.5	1.2	1.7
Unfriendly/impolite	%	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.5	–	1.5
Unhelpful	%	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.1	0.8	–	0.7
Unprofessional/unfair	%	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.3	2.8	1.5	1.2	1.7
Took no action	%	4.5	2.5	2.9	4.2	2.5	3.4	3.0	3.5	3.4
Not keep informed	%	1.3	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.1
Made false accusation	%	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.4	1.2	0.6	–	1.2	1.0
Used unnecessary force	%	0.0	–	0.1	0.7	–	–	–	–	0.1
Poor communication	%	0.0	–	0.5	–	0.2	–	–	–	0.1
Showed not interested	%	1.4	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.2	0.9
Other	%	2.7	0.8	3.3	2.6	1.9	1.7	3.0	2.4	2.2
Don't know	%	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.8	–	0.4
Total dissatisfied	%	17.6	12.4	14.6	15.4	12.7	14.6	14.3	11.8	14.9
Sample size	no.	2 123	1 299	1 977	934	924	941	1 020	1 191	10 409

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.30

Table 5A.30 **People aged 18 years and over: Opinions on statement 'police perform job professionally', 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Strongly agree	%	18.9	27.3	23.7	19.4	29.2	23.1	22.8	25.0	23.0
Agree	%	54.5	52.0	56.1	55.8	58.2	54.8	58.9	54.0	54.7
Neither	%	14.1	14.5	12.7	15.1	8.1	14.2	11.9	12.7	13.5
Disagree	%	8.5	3.7	5.0	7.0	3.1	4.9	4.0	6.3	5.9
Strongly disagree	%	3.3	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.1	2.8	1.5	1.4	2.3
Don't know	%	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.5	0.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.78	3.99	3.96	3.84	4.11	3.91	3.98	3.95	3.91

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Strongly agree = 5; agree = 4; neither = 3; disagree = 2; and strongly disagree = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.31

Table 5A.31 **People aged 18 years and over: Opinions on statement 'police treat people fairly and equally', 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Strongly agree	%	14.1	16.3	16.2	11.4	19.5	16.2	15.3	15.7	15.3
Agree	%	49.3	49.5	48.7	49.1	54.4	50.0	51.3	49.5	49.7
Neither	%	14.5	16.9	16.4	15.2	10.2	15.3	14.2	13.8	15.2
Disagree	%	14.6	11.9	13.4	16.2	10.3	11.6	11.7	14.2	13.4
Strongly disagree	%	4.9	3.9	3.6	5.1	2.8	5.0	4.4	5.5	4.3
Don't know	%	2.6	1.5	1.7	2.9	2.8	1.9	3.1	1.2	2.2
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.55	3.63	3.62	3.47	3.80	3.62	3.63	3.56	3.60

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Strongly agree = 5; agree = 4; neither = 3; disagree = 2; and strongly disagree = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.32

Table 5A.32 **People aged 18 years and over: Opinions on statement 'most police are honest' 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Strongly agree	%	15.2	18.2	17.5	12.6	20.5	16.0	16.6	16.1	16.6
Agree	%	56.5	56.8	58.4	60.4	60.4	59.2	58.7	60.5	57.8
Neither	%	13.3	13.4	13.6	12.4	8.3	12.0	12.9	10.4	12.8
Disagree	%	9.4	6.8	6.6	8.7	5.7	7.7	6.2	8.9	7.8
Strongly disagree	%	2.8	2.4	1.5	2.4	1.7	2.7	2.0	1.5	2.3
Don't know	%	2.8	2.5	2.4	3.6	3.3	2.4	3.5	2.6	2.7
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.74	3.84	3.86	3.75	3.96	3.80	3.85	3.83	3.81

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Strongly agree = 5; agree = 4; neither = 3; disagree = 2; and strongly disagree = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.33

Table 5A.33 **People aged 18 years and over: Opinions on statement 'have confidence in the police', 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2001-02										
Strongly agree	%	20.7	25.7	23.4	19.3	29.2	21.4	22.8	22.6	23.1
Agree	%	58.0	57.5	59.2	58.8	58.4	58.1	59.0	58.8	58.2
Neither	%	9.9	10.1	9.0	10.8	6.3	10.7	9.4	9.4	9.6
Disagree	%	7.9	4.9	6.3	7.8	4.2	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.5
Strongly disagree	%	3.1	1.7	1.7	3.1	1.5	3.1	1.8	2.2	2.3
Don't know	%	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.3
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	3.86	4.01	3.97	3.84	4.10	3.88	3.95	3.93	3.93

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Strongly agree = 5; agree = 4; neither = 3; disagree = 2; and strongly disagree = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.34

Table 5A.34 **Trends in complaints (a)**

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic (c)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (d)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (e) (f)</i>	<i>NT(f) (g)</i>
Complaints per 100 000 people								
1997-98	98	68	52	59	88	34	196	109
1998-99	62	57	50	55	69	32	192	144
1999-2000	56	35	50	49	68	39	169	94
2000-01	55	na	56	48	77	26	174	103
2001-02	36	11	59	41	78	21	180	106
Complaints per 100 sworn staff								
1997-98	46	32	na	23	38	13	91	24
1998-99	30	28	25	22	30	14	90	32
1999-2000	27	18	24	20	29	17	84	20
2000-01	27	na	26	19	32	11	94	22
2001-02	17	5	27	16	32	9	100	22

(a) Data is are not comparable across jurisdictions. Data are comparable for trends within jurisdictions.

(b) For NSW, a new complaints management system (c@ts.i) is being implemented (progressively since December 2001). Figures for 2001-02 include only matters entered into the former Complaints Information System (CIS).

(c) Victorian data for 2000-01 are not available due to Victoria Police work bans.

(d) For WA, previous data (1997-98 to 2000-01) have been revised for the following reasons:

1. Under Local Resolution policy, matters may be resolved at the district level within 14 days prior to advising the Internal Investigations Unit; therefore, a number of Local Resolution matters do not get entered into the database until some time after the annual reporting period has closed.

2. Information added at the commencement of an inquiry is based entirely upon either the complainant's letter or a brief statement of events. Details such as identity of an officer or officers, along with whether the incident occurred while the accused officer was on or off duty, may not be entered into the database until the investigation is completed. This can take from between several months to a year.

(e) Data include verbal complaints in the NT and the ACT.

(f) Includes 33 internal allegations in 1998-99 and 55 internal allegations in 1999-2000.

(g) In 1998-99, a significant proportion of complaints arose from the Jabiluka Uranium Mine protests in Kakadu National Park.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.35

Table 5A.35 **Indigenous, sworn and unsworn police staff (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Indigenous staff as proportion of total staff								
1998-99	na	na	2.7	2.3	1.1	1.3	0.5	6.0
1999-2000	na	na	na	na	1.2	1.3	1.0	6.0
2000-01	0.9	na	2.4	1.7	1.2	1.7	0.7	5.3
2001-02	0.9	na	2.4	1.7	1.3	1.7	0.9	4.4
Indigenous population as a proportion of population aged:								
20-64 years	1.0	0.3	1.6	1.7	0.8	1.7	0.6	14.7

(a) Indigenous staff numbers relate to those staff who self identify as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander descent.

(b) For NSW, Indigenous status is not necessarily updated from the time of recruitment.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2.

Table 5A.36

Table 5A.36 **Police staff, sworn and unsworn, by gender (per cent)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (a)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (b)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Male									
1998-99	72.6	78.7	71.3	79.5	77.2	73.9	76.6	71.5	75.0
1999-2000	71.7	78.4	70.2	79.4	76.2	70.5	75.9	70.4	74.2
2000-01	68.8	77.5	68.5	80.0	74.7	71.6	71.4	70.1	72.5
2001-02	67.7	76.6	68.6	79.9	73.7	70.5	69.2	68.8	71.8
Female									
1998-99	27.4	21.3	28.7	20.5	22.8	26.1	23.4	28.5	25.0
1999-2000	28.3	21.6	29.8	20.6	23.8	29.5	24.1	29.6	25.8
2000-01	31.2	22.5	31.5	20.0	25.3	28.4	28.6	29.6	27.5
2001-02	32.3	23.4	31.4	20.1	26.3	29.5	30.8	31.2	28.2

(a) Excludes recruits in training.

(b) As a result of a comprehensive review of enabling costs applicable to ACT policing in 2000-01, the formula previously applied to the calculation of staffing and expenditure data has been significantly revised. This methodological shift means that data prior to 2000-01 are not directly comparable with those for previous years.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Performance indicators for community safety and support

Table 5A.37

Table 5A.37 **People aged 18 years and over: feelings of safety at home alone, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Home alone during day										
Very safe	%	50.6	64.6	63.3	48.5	53.6	62.8	57.8	60.2	57.0
Safe	%	38.4	29.7	29.3	38.7	38.8	29.7	35.0	33.7	34.3
Neither	%	6.4	3.6	5.1	6.8	4.2	4.7	4.9	3.4	5.2
Unsafe	%	2.8	1.2	1.4	3.9	2.4	1.7	1.6	1.3	2.1
Very unsafe	%	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9	1.0
Not applicable	%	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	4.35	4.57	4.53	4.30	4.43	4.53	4.48	4.52	4.45
Home alone after dark										
Very safe	%	35.3	45.2	44.7	30.7	38.1	42.9	39.4	41.6	39.6
Safe	%	42.8	38.6	36.7	43.4	45.6	37.1	44.7	40.7	40.8
Neither	%	10.6	9.4	10.7	12.0	8.3	10.6	8.8	9.9	10.2
Unsafe	%	7.7	5.0	5.6	9.4	5.2	5.8	5.4	5.3	6.5
Very unsafe	%	3.2	1.3	2.1	4.1	2.3	3.2	1.5	2.2	2.5
Not applicable	%	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	4.00	4.22	4.17	3.88	4.12	4.11	4.15	4.14	4.09

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very safe = 5; safe = 4; neither = 3; unsafe = 2; and very unsafe = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.38

Table 5A.38 **People aged 18 years and over: feelings of safety walking or jogging locally, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Walking or jogging during the day										
Very safe	%	40.1	50.1	49.1	36.9	44.0	47.0	43.4	43.6	44.5
Safe	%	45.9	40.4	38.4	49.6	44.1	39.0	43.9	43.4	43.1
Neither	%	6.4	4.4	7.0	6.3	5.1	6.7	6.9	6.2	5.9
Unsafe	%	4.0	2.7	3.1	3.6	2.7	3.3	3.9	3.4	3.4
Very unsafe	%	1.3	0.5	1.0	1.3	0.6	1.1	0.8	1.6	1.0
Not applicable	%	2.3	1.9	1.4	2.3	3.6	2.8	1.1	1.9	2.1
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	4.22	4.40	4.34	4.20	4.33	4.31	4.27	4.26	4.30
Walking or jogging after dark										
Very safe	%	12.2	15.3	14.4	11.2	15.3	14.1	13.3	14.4	13.6
Safe	%	26.2	27.6	23.6	25.3	28.8	26.5	28.7	26.1	26.2
Neither	%	16.5	17.6	20.4	14.4	14.3	17.3	17.8	15.6	17.2
Unsafe	%	24.2	22.8	21.5	28.5	22.3	20.6	23.4	25.1	23.5
Very unsafe	%	13.7	9.5	14.8	14.8	9.0	14.1	11.7	14.7	12.6
Not applicable	%	7.2	7.2	5.3	5.9	10.3	7.4	5.2	4.2	6.9
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.99	3.18	3.01	2.89	3.21	3.06	3.09	3.00	3.05

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very safe = 5; safe = 4; neither = 3; unsafe = 2; and very unsafe = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.39

Table 5A.39 **People aged 18 years and over: feelings of safety on public transport, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
On public transport during the day										
Very safe	%	23.3	25.4	39.3	18.3	25.3	26.9	35.2	22.1	26.7
Safe	%	35.7	32.3	31.8	35.9	32.0	23.3	35.2	26.8	33.5
Neither	%	8.2	7.0	7.3	8.5	4.0	4.6	4.5	5.2	7.2
Unsafe	%	4.7	3.3	1.4	4.7	1.7	2.3	1.4	1.2	3.4
Very unsafe	%	1.7	0.8	0.6	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	1.1
Not applicable	%	26.4	31.2	19.6	30.7	36.5	42.4	23.4	44.2	28.1
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	4.01	4.13	4.34	3.93	4.26	4.28	4.35	4.23	4.13
On public transport after dark										
Very safe	%	5.2	4.8	9.8	4.4	6.4	8.8	11.2	7.4	6.2
Safe	%	15.1	15.5	19.8	12.1	17.3	13.4	23.6	18.5	16.1
Neither	%	13.9	13.7	19.3	10.8	10.6	11.0	16.1	9.2	14.2
Unsafe	%	20.2	18.4	16.9	21.3	15.1	10.5	14.3	10.3	18.4
Very unsafe	%	13.7	10.9	9.2	14.8	7.1	6.9	5.3	5.0	11.4
Not applicable	%	31.9	36.6	25.0	36.6	43.4	49.3	29.5	49.6	33.7
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.67	2.76	3.05	2.53	3.01	3.13	3.30	3.26	2.81

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very safe = 5; safe = 4; neither = 3; unsafe = 2; and very unsafe = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.40

Table 5A.40 People aged 18 years and over: opinion on whether family violence, sexual assault and other physical assault are problems in the local area, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Family violence										
Major problem	%	13.3	9.4	10.1	9.2	8.2	6.5	4.5	19.7	10.7
Somewhat a problem	%	34.7	34.0	33.6	33.9	34.1	29.3	30.4	33.0	34.0
Not a problem	%	39.5	39.9	45.1	43.6	44.5	47.9	46.9	37.7	41.8
Don't know	%	12.5	16.7	11.1	13.3	13.3	16.2	18.2	9.6	13.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.70	1.63	1.61	1.60	1.58	1.51	1.48	1.80	1.64
Sexual assault										
Major problem	%	12.5	10.1	9.1	8.4	7.0	7.2	4.2	14.5	10.2
Somewhat a problem	%	35.5	35.1	32.1	34.5	30.3	25.4	31.9	35.3	33.9
Not a problem	%	41.2	41.4	48.4	45.6	48.4	54.5	51.2	41.6	44.1
Don't know	%	10.9	13.4	10.5	11.6	14.2	12.9	12.8	8.7	11.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.68	1.64	1.56	1.58	1.52	1.46	1.46	1.70	1.62
Physical assault (excl. sexual)										
Major problem	%	19.2	14.0	11.5	11.7	11.4	12.0	7.1	23.0	14.8
Somewhat a problem	%	41.9	40.2	37.3	39.6	36.9	35.1	36.6	38.5	39.7
Not a problem	%	33.8	39.7	46.2	43.3	44.9	47.8	49.5	35.9	40.0
Don't know	%	5.1	6.2	5.1	5.5	6.8	5.1	6.7	2.7	5.5
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.85	1.73	1.63	1.67	1.64	1.62	1.55	1.87	1.73

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.41

Table 5A.41 People aged 18 years and over: opinion on whether illegal drugs, housebreaking and motor vehicle theft are problems in the local area, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Illegal drugs										
Major problem	%	42.2	40.8	31.4	34.3	27.0	29.0	23.4	26.9	37.1
Somewhat a problem	%	36.2	35.4	37.6	36.9	40.8	38.4	40.3	36.5	36.8
Not a problem	%	16.5	19.2	25.1	21.9	24.5	26.3	29.4	28.7	20.5
Don't know	%	5.1	4.5	5.9	6.9	7.7	6.3	6.9	7.9	5.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.27	2.23	2.07	2.13	2.03	2.03	1.94	1.98	2.18
Housebreaking										
Major problem	%	35.7	31.4	31.9	36.2	27.0	30.1	29.1	37.5	33.1
Somewhat a problem	%	41.8	45.1	44.0	43.1	49.7	42.1	49.7	39.0	43.9
Not a problem	%	20.6	21.4	22.8	18.9	21.2	26.3	19.4	21.9	21.2
Don't know	%	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.15	2.10	2.09	2.18	2.06	2.04	2.10	2.16	2.12
Motor vehicle theft										
Major problem	%	32.8	31.5	22.0	23.0	24.3	27.8	18.6	21.9	28.4
Somewhat a problem	%	40.5	39.2	39.9	44.9	45.1	37.1	45.5	40.0	40.8
Not a problem	%	23.7	25.5	34.7	29.2	27.0	32.1	30.5	33.9	27.4
Don't know	%	3.0	3.8	3.4	3.0	3.6	3.0	5.4	4.1	3.4
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.09	2.06	1.87	1.94	1.97	1.96	1.87	1.87	2.01

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.42 **People aged 18 years and over: opinions on whether speeding cars, dangerous or noisy driving, graffiti or other vandalism, louts or gangs and drunken or disorderly behaviour are problems in the local area, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speeding cars, dangerous or noisy driving										
Major problem	%	36.1	35.3	34.0	27.0	32.4	34.0	26.4	23.5	34.0
Somewhat a problem	%	40.2	40.9	39.9	41.5	43.6	38.3	42.9	37.7	40.7
Not a problem	%	22.8	23.0	25.5	30.8	22.9	26.8	30.0	37.8	24.5
Don't know	%	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.7	1.0	0.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.13	2.12	2.09	1.96	2.10	2.07	1.96	1.86	2.10
Graffiti or other vandalism										
Major problem	%	22.9	18.9	17.2	19.9	18.9	12.0	13.8	14.3	19.7
Somewhat a problem	%	40.0	38.5	36.7	39.1	42.0	30.5	43.0	33.8	38.8
Not a problem	%	36.2	41.6	45.5	40.4	37.9	56.4	42.5	50.8	40.5
Don't know	%	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.9
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.87	1.77	1.72	1.79	1.81	1.55	1.71	1.63	1.79
Louts or gangs										
Major problem	%	18.6	11.1	10.8	11.3	9.8	12.4	5.3	16.9	13.5
Somewhat a problem	%	36.6	32.2	31.4	34.0	32.5	25.9	28.0	31.8	33.5
Not a problem	%	42.0	53.4	54.9	52.0	54.0	58.3	62.1	48.4	49.9
Don't know	%	2.8	3.3	2.9	2.7	3.7	3.4	4.6	2.8	3.0
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.76	1.56	1.55	1.58	1.54	1.52	1.40	1.68	1.62
Drunken or disorderly behaviour										
Major problem	%	17.5	10.5	11.5	10.3	8.6	10.8	4.7	35.3	13.0
Somewhat a problem	%	38.6	33.9	31.1	34.9	33.6	30.2	27.2	31.9	34.8
Not a problem	%	41.2	52.7	54.7	52.2	54.9	55.3	65.1	32.5	49.4
Don't know	%	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.8	3.0	0.4	2.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.76	1.56	1.56	1.57	1.52	1.54	1.38	2.03	1.63

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.43

Table 5A.43 People aged 18 years and over: opinion on whether family violence, sexual assault and other physical assault are problems in your State or Territory, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Family violence										
Major problem	%	31.6	26.6	32.9	25.2	23.3	19.7	11.6	41.2	28.8
Somewhat a problem	%	46.2	50.9	48.4	48.3	51.0	49.4	47.7	38.0	48.4
Not a problem	%	11.1	11.2	9.4	13.5	13.4	16.2	24.4	11.6	11.6
Don't know	%	11.1	11.4	9.3	13.0	12.4	14.7	16.2	9.1	11.3
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.23	2.17	2.26	2.14	2.11	2.04	1.85	2.33	2.19
Sexual assault										
Major problem	%	40.4	32.1	37.5	34.2	24.4	20.9	14.2	35.4	35.0
Somewhat a problem	%	42.3	50.0	46.5	48.6	50.6	52.4	53.5	45.6	46.7
Not a problem	%	8.7	9.7	8.7	8.6	12.3	15.7	22.2	11.3	9.7
Don't know	%	8.6	8.2	7.2	8.6	12.6	10.9	10.1	7.7	8.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.35	2.24	2.31	2.28	2.14	2.06	1.91	2.26	2.28
Physical assault (excl. sexual)										
Major problem	%	43.2	35.5	37.0	37.2	32	31.4	17.6	43.6	37.9
Somewhat a problem	%	44.4	51.0	50.6	50.3	51.8	53.0	57.5	44.5	48.8
Not a problem	%	7.5	8.9	8.2	8.4	9.6	11.3	18.7	8.6	8.5
Don't know	%	4.9	4.6	4.2	4.1	6.7	4.2	6.2	3.3	4.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.38	2.28	2.30	2.30	2.24	2.21	1.99	2.36	2.31

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.44

Table 5A.44 **People aged 18 years and over: opinion on whether illegal drugs, housebreaking and motor vehicle theft are problems in your State or Territory, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Illegal drugs										
Major problem	%	72.3	73.2	65.8	66.2	58.7	51.6	51.0	43.8	68.5
Somewhat a problem	%	20.1	21.3	27.1	25.5	31.7	37.1	36.1	40.5	24.0
Not a problem	%	4.9	3.6	4.9	4.4	5.3	7.7	8.8	9.9	4.7
Don't know	%	2.7	1.9	2.2	3.8	4.3	3.7	4.1	5.8	2.7
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.69	2.71	2.62	2.64	2.56	2.46	2.44	2.36	2.66
Housebreaking										
Major problem	%	56.2	54.6	59.3	65.2	52.2	54.6	45.3	61.8	56.8
Somewhat a problem	%	35.3	39.1	34.9	29.1	39.4	39.6	45.7	30.9	36.1
Not a problem	%	4.8	3.3	3.6	3.5	4.6	3.8	7.2	4.9	4.1
Don't know	%	3.7	3.0	2.2	2.2	3.8	2.0	1.8	2.4	3.0
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.53	2.53	2.57	2.63	2.50	2.52	2.39	2.58	2.54
Motor vehicle theft										
Major problem	%	58.0	59.1	52.2	54.6	54.2	61.1	34.0	39.9	56.1
Somewhat a problem	%	33.8	33.1	39.0	38.2	36.6	32.0	50.2	44.7	35.6
Not a problem	%	4.5	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.9	5.0	10.6	10.1	4.7
Don't know	%	3.7	3.7	3.6	2.6	4.3	2.0	5.2	5.3	3.6
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.56	2.57	2.49	2.51	2.52	2.57	2.25	2.32	2.53

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.45 **People aged 18 years and over: opinion on whether speeding cars, dangerous or noisy driving, graffiti or other vandalism, louts or gangs and drunken or disorderly behaviour are problems in your State or Territory, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speeding cars, dangerous or noisy driving										
Major problem	%	48.5	49.8	48.8	38.0	44.2	46.8	33.6	32.7	47.0
Somewhat a problem	%	39.6	41.0	41.1	47.8	44.7	42.1	47.4	42.9	41.7
Not a problem	%	9.6	8.1	8.3	11.8	8.6	10.0	17.6	22.2	9.4
Don't know	%	2.3	1.1	1.7	2.4	2.5	1.1	1.4	2.2	1.9
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.40	2.42	2.41	2.27	2.36	2.37	2.16	2.11	2.38
Graffiti or other vandalism										
Major problem	%	42.8	35.1	40.9	39.9	38.3	21.9	24.8	23.8	38.9
Somewhat a problem	%	42.8	49.6	45.5	48.0	48.8	53.1	52.5	50.2	46.5
Not a problem	%	11.3	13.0	11.0	9.7	9.8	22.2	21.4	23.8	11.9
Don't know	%	3.1	2.4	2.5	2.4	3.2	2.8	1.3	2.3	2.7
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.33	2.23	2.31	2.31	2.29	2.00	2.03	2.00	2.28
Louts or gangs										
Major problem	%	55.4	32.4	31.9	43.2	30.4	28.0	11.7	31.3	40.5
Somewhat a problem	%	30.9	47.3	49.3	40.5	48.0	46.6	47.5	43.5	41.4
Not a problem	%	8.7	13.9	12.3	11.2	13.5	19.6	33.0	19.7	12.1
Don't know	%	5.0	6.4	6.4	5.2	8.1	5.7	7.8	5.5	6.0
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.49	2.20	2.21	2.34	2.18	2.09	1.77	2.12	2.30
Drunken or disorderly behaviour										
Major problem	%	28.5	19.8	23.3	20.0	18.9	21.7	11.4	58.1	23.6
Somewhat a problem	%	51.4	54.3	53.8	56.4	55.9	50.4	55.2	32.8	53.3
Not a problem	%	14.8	21.2	17.7	18.4	19.8	21.8	29.7	7.6	18.0
Don't know	%	5.3	4.7	5.2	5.2	5.4	6.1	3.8	1.5	5.1
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.14	1.99	2.06	2.02	1.99	2.00	1.81	2.51	2.06

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Major problem = 3; somewhat of a problem = 2; and not a problem = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.46

Table 5A.46 **People aged 18 years and over: whether worried about being a victim by type of crime, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Physical assault										
Very concerned	%	20.0	12.6	15.7	17.0	15.6	14.2	11.2	16.2	16.4
Somewhat concerned	%	39.5	39.6	41.0	42.7	37.8	38.4	40.6	37.9	40.0
Not concerned	%	40.0	47.4	42.9	39.5	45.9	47.3	47.9	45.5	43.2
Don't know	%	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.80	1.65	1.73	1.77	1.69	1.67	1.63	1.71	1.73
Sexual assault										
Very concerned	%	17.4	12.6	14.6	16.7	14.0	10.9	10.5	14.3	15.0
Somewhat concerned	%	24.9	24.1	27.5	28.1	24.8	24.4	25.4	24.1	25.5
Not concerned	%	56.7	62.8	57.0	54.3	60.3	64.3	63.2	61.0	58.7
Don't know	%	1.0	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.8
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	1.60	1.50	1.57	1.62	1.53	1.46	1.47	1.53	1.56
Housebreaking										
Very concerned	%	30.7	22.3	29.4	32.8	27.5	28	27.4	31.3	28.2
Somewhat concerned	%	45.5	48.4	46.7	45.9	45.3	49.5	53.3	43.0	46.7
Not concerned	%	23.6	29.2	23.8	21.2	26.9	22.3	19.2	25.6	25.0
Don't know	%	0.2	0.1	–	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.07	1.93	2.06	2.12	2.01	2.06	2.08	2.06	2.03
Motor vehicle theft										
Very concerned	%	29.2	24.5	26.4	26.9	27.0	28.9	20.4	25.7	26.9
Somewhat concerned	%	41.3	44.9	42.2	45.5	43.1	42.7	50.1	41.6	43.1
Not concerned	%	28.2	29.9	30.7	27.0	29.0	27.7	29.0	32.2	29.1
Don't know	%	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.9
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898
Likert index (b)	Index	2.01	1.95	1.96	2.00	1.98	2.01	1.91	1.93	1.98

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Very concerned = 3; somewhat concerned = 2; and not concerned = 1.

Source: ACPR 2002, *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.47

Table 5A.47 **Victims of recorded crimes — crimes against the person
(per 100 000 people) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Murder									
1997	1.8	1.4	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	4.8	1.7
1998	1.5	1.0	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.3	0.3	7.9	1.5
1999	1.9	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.6	1.1	—	3.6	1.8
2000	1.6	1.2	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.7	0.6	8.2	1.6
2001	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.1	1.9	1.7	0.3	7.1	1.6
Attempted murder									
1998	1.9	1.1	4.3	1.4	1.7	1.5	0.3	2.1	2.0
1999	2.1	1.2	3.2	0.4	2.6	—	—	2.6	1.9
2000	2.3	1.1	3.4	0.8	2.9	1.5	—	2.6	2.1
2001	3.1	1.0	4.3	0.9	1.6	2.6	—	—	2.4
Manslaughter									
1997	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	—	1.1	0.2
1998	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.6	—	0.5	0.3
1999	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	np	—	—	—	0.2
2000	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.7	—	np	—	1.5	0.3
2001	0.1	np	0.4	0.3	np	np	—	—	0.2
Driving causing death									
1997	na	0.5	1.5	2.1	1.0	0.2	—	1.1	na
1998	1.8	1.0	1.2	2.4	1.5	0.2	—	1.6	1.5
1999	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.9	1.2	—	np	2.1	1.2
2000	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.6	2.5	np	0.3	—	1.3
2001	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.4	1.3	—	0.3	—	1.3
Assault									
1997	892.7	371.1	519.4	767.4	927.8	418.4	548.4	1 376.6	672.2
1998	935.0	383.3	530.7	777.6	1 001.4	473.0	541.1	1 317.8	699.0
1999	997.6	363.7	525.4	766.1	928.8	545.7	545.1	1 332.0	709.2
2000	1 063.3	300.7	524.5	750.3	1 030.0	577.9	560.1	1 502.1	724.2
2001	1 155.2	337.0	557.4	794.4	1 084.1	738.9	612.7	1 486.4	782.9
Sexual assault									
1997	74.3	64.1	98.1	89.6	82.3	41.8	35.7	143.9	77.5
1998	71.1	64.2	100.9	82.7	88.1	45.8	27.9	123.7	76.6
1999	69.2	59.5	101.2	83.6	88.4	42.1	30.4	85.1	74.5
2000	92.5	52.5	105.2	81.4	97.8	41.3	37.3	113.1	82.3
2001	96.0	53.7	110.8	88.2	105.0	42.5	43.9	133.1	86.4
Kidnapping/abduction									
1997	4.3	2.0	3.2	2.1	2.5	0.8	2.9	0.5	3.0
1998	6.0	2.5	2.8	3.7	2.2	2.1	1.0	0.5	3.8
1999	7.0	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	—	2.9	—	4.0
2000	5.9	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.9	2.1	1.6	np	3.6
2001	7.2	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.3	1.0	2.0	3.9

Table 5A.47

Table 5A.47 **Victims of recorded crimes — crimes against the person
(per 100 000 people) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Armed robbery									
1997	79.4	26.0	36.8	59.7	25.3	9.5	36.7	12.8	48.9
1998	90.2	33.4	37.3	76.3	42.8	18.0	43.8	17.9	57.9
1999	72.2	40.0	35.8	50.1	35.4	16.1	38.2	20.2	49.9
2000	72.5	37.7	33.6	52.8	39.1	16.6	36.7	14.8	49.5
2001	86.0	53.6	32.3	44.5	41.4	17.6	30.2	14.7	57.0
Unarmed robbery									
1997	121.0	28.1	35.0	58.8	57.4	22.0	38.0	27.3	66.2
1998	120.1	30.9	35.9	72.4	69.3	21.6	50.9	25.3	69.0
1999	124.0	32.4	34.6	63.7	63.4	23.8	63.0	23.9	69.5
2000	133.6	32.7	32.5	58.0	72.3	19.8	61.7	19.4	72.3
2001	147.3	39.8	38.1	63.7	70.5	22.8	50.3	20.8	80.0
Blackmail /extortion									
1997	0.9	2.8	2.5	3.5	1.5	0.4	1.0	1.6	1.9
1998	1.0	2.0	2.3	1.3	0.9	–	–	1.6	1.5
1999	1.0	1.6	2.0	1.0	1.6	–	–	–	1.3
2000	0.9	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.7	np	0.6	np	1.3
2001	1.0	2.3	2.5	1.4	3.7	np	0.6	–	1.8
Total (excluding driving causing death)									
1998	1 227.2	518.5	716.4	1 017.3	1 208.1	563.3	665.4	1 495.2	911.4
1999	1 275.2	502.5	707.1	970.0	1 125.4	628.7	679.6	1 467.4	912.4
2000	1 372.9	430.0	706.1	951.2	1 248.0	660.5	698.6	1 737.0	948.8
2001	1 497.4	490.9	749.8	997.0	1 310.6	828.8	739.0	1 664.0	1 016.2

(a) Based on crimes reported to police.

(b) 1999 data have been revised from those published in the 2001 Report.

(c) WA recorded crime statistics from 1998 onwards are not directly comparable with data reported in previous years for assault, sexual assault, kidnapping/abduction, robbery and blackmail/extortion.

– Zero or close to zero. **np** Not published. **na** Not available.

Source: ABS 2002, *Recorded Crime Australia*, 2001, Cat.no. 4510.0, Canberra (and previous years).

Table 5A.48

Table 5A.48 **Victims of recorded crime — property crime (per 100 000 persons) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (c)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (d)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Unlawful entry with intent (UEWI)									
1997	2 632.8	1 610.1	2 191.3	3 146.8	1 883.2	2 998.0	1 425.9	2 571.9	2 276.2
1998	2 713.6	1 517.7	2 159.9	3 255.5	2 202.9	3 034.8	1 815.2	2 671.9	2 319.5
1999	2 360.6	1 620.9	2 115.5	3 003.5	2 276.5	2 610.0	2 366.0	2 527.4	2 195.7
2000	2 484.9	1 655.2	1 953.8	3 230.8	2 424.3	2 131.4	2 452.8	2 744.3	2 241.7
2001	2 480.6	1 678.4	2 031.9	3 250.9	2 332.8	1 967.6	1 885.9	3 243.6	2 246.9
UEWI involving the taking of property									
1997	2 191.0	1 246.1	1 676.5	2 243.3	1 536.6	2 338.4	1 025.9	1 847.4	1 795.4
1998	2 245.5	1 179.0	1 647.8	2 183.3	1 801.7	2 321.6	1 324.4	1 977.5	1 812.9
1999	1 902.7	1 284.7	1 607.2	2 014.9	1 866.6	2 037.4	2 061.5	1 652.1	1 705.8
2000	1 964.0	1 315.3	1 434.2	2 231.4	na	1 664.5	2 075.6	1 754.4	na
2001	1 928.6	1 302.7	1 531.6	2 189.8	1 489.2	1 559.3	1 607.1	2 100.8	1 667.6
UEWI other									
1997	441.8	364.0	514.8	903.5	346.6	659.6	400.0	724.4	480.8
1998	468.1	338.6	512.1	1 072.1	401.2	713.2	490.8	694.4	506.6
1999	457.9	336.2	508.4	988.6	409.8	572.6	304.6	875.3	489.9
2000	520.9	339.9	519.6	999.3	na	466.9	377.2	990.0	na
2001	552.0	375.8	500.3	1 061.1	843.7	408.3	278.8	1 142.8	569.3
Motor vehicle theft (f)									
1997	872.2	661.3	502.1	824.7	544.7	518.5	508.7	538.8	702.7
1998	834.2	635.5	454.4	881.0	738.8	634.1	787.8	508.6	702.7
1999	740.3	677.1	520.4	686.5	802.8	653.8	1 057.2	513.7	684.2
2000	792.9	765.5	522.1	632.3	899.2	715.9	904.8	508.6	725.2
2001	800.3	814.4	481.4	594.1	842.9	735.5	750.5	528.4	722.0
Other theft									
1997	2 633.6	2 602.9	2 749.1	4 224.3	3 185.6	2 726.4	3 028.5	3 800.3	2 866.4
1998	2 777.5	2 703.9	2 819.9	4 287.3	3 675.7	2 940.9	3 460.7	3 543.8	3 008.9
1999	3 128.0	2 875.8	2 998.9	4 246.0	4 162.1	2 816.3	3 745.0	3 157.9	3 235.2
2000	3 595.0	3 098.1	3 149.0	4 687.3	4 592.4	2 751.2	3 768.9	3 711.3	3 556.8
2001	3 514.3	3 111.6	3 217.1	4 824.2	5 267.3	2 834.2	3 240.9	4 017.4	3 607.5
Total									
1997	6 138.6	4 874.2	5 442.5	8 195.8	5 613.4	6 243.0	4 963.1	6 910.9	5 845.2
1998	6 325.3	4 857.0	5 434.2	8 423.8	6 617.3	6 609.7	6 063.8	6 724.3	6 031.0
1999	6 228.9	5 173.9	5 634.8	7 936.1	7 241.3	6 080.0	7 168.2	6 199.0	6 115.2
2000	6 872.8	5 518.8	5 624.9	8 550.4	7 915.9	5 598.5	7 126.5	6 964.2	6 523.7
2001	6 795.2	5 604.4	5 730.4	8 669.2	8 443.0	5 537.3	5 877.3	7 789.4	6 576.4

(a) Data are based on crimes reported to police.

(b) 1999 data have been revised from those published in the 2001 Report.

(c) The 1999 and 2000 recorded crime statistics are comparable with previous years, except 'other theft' counts.

Table 5A.48

- (d) The 1998, 1999 and 2000 recorded crime statistics are comparable with previous years, except for 'other theft' counts.
- (e) The 1999 and 2000 recorded crime statistics are comparable with previous years, except for 'other theft counts'.
- (f) Victims are based on the number of motor vehicles.

na Not available.

Source: ABS 2002 (and previous years), *Recorded Crime Australia*, 2001, Cat. no. 4510.0, AusInfo, Canberra. years).

Table 5A.49

Table 5A.49 Reporting rates for selected major offences (per cent) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Break and enter									
1997	70.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	74.7	83.2	74.6	80.8	79.8	77.8	76.0	66.4	77.5
1999	73.7	na	na	75.3	na	na	na	na	na
2000	71.7	na	na	na	78.8	na	na	na	na
2001	73.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Attempted break and enter									
1997	25.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	29.3	37.6	27.1	33.6	31.3	41.9	32.5	32.0	31.7
1999	32.3	na	na	21.7	na	na	na	na	na
2000	19.7	na	na	na	33.8	na	na	na	na
2001	32.2	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Motor vehicle theft									
1997	96.9	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	95.1	97.1	97.5	92.4	94.4	86.2	85.2	100.0	95.1
1999	95.1	na	na	96.4	na	na	na	na	na
2000	95.2	na	na	na	90.8	na	na	na	na
2001	95.3	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Robbery (c)									
1997	53.6	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	47.9	46.0	52.4	59.5	42.5	56.5	56.3	79.8	49.8
1999	51.9	na	na	46.9	na	na	na	na	na
2000	42.7	na	na	na	54.8	na	na	na	na
2001	38.6	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Assault (c)									
1997	43.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	30.4	23.2	30.2	25.3	30.8	23.8	19.7	28.8	27.7
1999	34.1	na	na	24.7	na	na	na	na	na
2000	34.9	na	na	na	27.3	na	na	na	na
2001	29.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Sexual assault (d), (e)									
1997	18.8	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	56.0	21.0	31.0	53.0	na	na	na	na	33.0
1999	13.0	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2000	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2001	16.1	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) Surveys were not conducted in all jurisdictions in all years.

(b) Data are for the 12 months to April of the specified year, except for 1999 WA figures, which were for the 12 months to October of that year.

(c) Survey results are not directly comparable with results of surveys conducted prior to 1998.

(d) Females aged 18 years and over only.

Table 5A.49

(e) Estimates are subject to a relative standard error of between 25 and 50 per cent.

na Not available.

Source: ABS, *Crime and Safety Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.0, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety New South Wales*, Cat.no. 4509.1, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Victoria*, Cat.no. 4509.2, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Queensland*, Cat.no. 4509.3, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety South Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.4, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Western Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.5, (various years), Canberra; and ABS, *Western Australia Statistical Indicators*, Cat.no. 1367.5, 2001.

Table 5A.50

Table 5A.50 **Estimated total victims of crime (unreported and reported) — crimes against the persons (per 100 000 people) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Robbery (c), (e)									
1997	300	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	900	300	300	600	500	600	600	1 000	500
1999	1 200	na	na	800	na	na	na	na	na
2000	1 000	na	na	na	700	na	na	na	na
2001	992	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Assault (c), (e)									
1997	3 200	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	3 900	3 800	4 800	4 900	4 200	5 100	6 900	6 300	4 300
1999	3 700	na	na	4 900	na	na	na	na	na
2000	3 600	na	na	na	4 600	na	na	na	na
2001	4 217	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Sexual assault (d), (e)									
1997	600	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	300	700	400	500	300	700	900	600	400
1999	700	na	na	700	na	na	na	na	na
2000	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2001	476	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) Data derived from surveys of the Australian population. Surveys were not conducted in all jurisdictions in all years.

(b) Data are for the 12 months to April of the specified year, except for 1999 WA figures, which are for the 12 months to October of that year.

(c) Survey results are not directly comparable with results of surveys conducted prior to 1997.

(d) Females aged 18 years and over only.

(e) Estimate is subject to a relative standard error of between 25 and 50 per cent for: robbery in SA and the ACT in 1983; assault in Tasmania, the ACT and the NT in 1983; sexual assault in 1983 in Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and the ACT; in 1993 in WA, Tasmania, the ACT and the NT; in 1995 in Victoria and Queensland; in 1998 in SA, Tasmania, the ACT and the NT.

na Not available.

Source: ABS, *Crime and Safety Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.0, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety New South Wales*, Cat.no. 4509.1, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Victoria*, Cat.no. 4509.2, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Queensland*, Cat.no. 4509.3, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety South Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.4, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Western Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.5, (various years), Canberra; and ABS, *Western Australia Statistical Indicators*, Cat.no. 1367.5, 2001.

Table 5A.51 Estimated total household victims of crime, reported and unreported — crimes against property (per 100 000 people) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Break and enter									
1997	5 600	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	5 300	3 600	5 400	7 500	4 000	5 000	5 800	6 300	5 000
1999	5 600	na	na	8 100	na	na	na	na	na
2000	5 600	na	na	na	5 100	na	na	na	na
2001	6 257	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Attempted break and enter									
1997	3 800	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	3 400	2 100	2 900	6 000	2 900	3 600	4 000	5 000	3 200
1999	4 300	na	na	5 400	na	na	na	na	na
2000	3 500	na	na	na	3 800	na	na	na	na
2001	4 417	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Break and enter or attempted break and enter									
1997	8 500	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	7 900	5 300	7 700	12 400	6 300	8 100	9 100	10 800	7 600
1999	8 800	na	na	12 100	na	na	na	na	na
2000	8 400	na	na	na	8 100	na	na	na	na
2001	9 558	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Motor vehicle theft									
1997	2 000	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1998	2 100	1 600	1 100	2 400	1 200	1 400	1 300	1 200	1 700
1999	2 200	na	na	1 900	na	na	na	na	na
2000	1 700	na	na	na	2 100	na	na	na	na
2001	2 363	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) Data derived from surveys of the Australian population. Surveys were not conducted in all jurisdictions in all years.

(b) Data are for the 12 months to April of the specified year, except for 1999 WA figures, which are for the 12 months to October of that year.

na Not available.

Source: ABS, *Crime and Safety Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.0, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety New South Wales*, Cat.no. 4509.1, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Victoria*, Cat.no. 4509.2, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Queensland*, Cat.no. 4509.3, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety South Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.4, (various years), Canberra; ABS, *Crime and Safety Western Australia*, Cat.no. 4509.5, (various years), Canberra; and ABS, *Western Australia Statistical Indicators*, Cat.no. 1367.5, 2001.

Table 5A.52

Table 5A.52 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on community safety and support (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (d)</i>	<i>WA (e)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (d)</i>	<i>ACT (e), (f)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (g)</i>
Total net recurrent expenditure excluding payroll tax									
1999-2000	140	112	na	122	125	121	131	na	125
2000-01	143	100	na	116	147	98	107	na	119
2001-02	135	95	na	128	151	na	123	282	122
Payroll tax (c)									
1999-2000	7	4	na	..	6	6	..	na	7
2000-01	7	5	na	..	7	na	..	na	6
2001-02	6	4	na	–	7	na	–	14	6
Total									
1999-2000	147	116	na	122	131	127	131	na	132
2000-01	150	105	na	116	154	98	107	na	125
2001-02	141	99	na	128	157	na	123	296	128

(a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common service delivery areas.

(b) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(c) Calculated by multiplying the proportion of expenditure on salaries and payments for each SDA by the total payroll tax expenditure.

(d) For 2001-02, data only available for all key SDAs combined.

(e) Exempt from payroll tax.

(f) Includes major events and planning. In the ACT, variation from last year is a result of the review of enabling costs associated with operational support services, which has led to significant improvements in the attribution of costs.

(g) Includes payroll tax where applicable.

– Nil or rounded to zero. .. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2 and table A.26.

Performance indicators for crime investigations

Table 5A.53

Table 5A.53 **Victims of crimes against the person: outcomes of investigations, 30 day status, 1 January to 31 December 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Murder										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	59.2	70.8	55.4	61.9	86.2	100.0	85.7	66.0	64.2
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	95.1	93.5	91.7	100.0	84.0	75.0	100.0	92.6	91.8
Total	no.	103	65	65	21	29	8	1	14	306
Assault										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	61.9	49.2	41.5	54.5	61.9	72.5	55.0	69.2	57.4
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	83.0	83.4	78.9	61.8	58.8	84.8	83.5	66.7	77.5
Total	no.	75 460	16 276	20 220	15 172	16 288	3 475	1 925	2 937	151 753
Sexual assault										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	30.8	38.5	35.5	43.2	40.6	64.5	35.5	59.3	36.2
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	51.6	53.8	51.8	53.6	47.8	72.1	81.6	39.1	52.2
Total	no.	6 268	2 591	4 021	1 685	1 578	200	138	263	16 744
Kidnapping/abduction										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	38.6	42.6	27.6	29.2	41.7	81.8	33.3	75.0	38.4
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	47.8	76.1	28.6	50.0	80.0	55.6	—	33.3	52.6
Total	no.	472	108	76	48	36	11	3	4	758
Armed robbery										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	17.4	32.2	16.2	26.1	25.9	42.2	25.3	48.3	22.2
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	80.7	91.8	84.7	83.8	90.1	91.4	87.5	100.0	86.0

Table 5A.53

Table 5A.53 **Victims of crimes against the person: outcomes of investigations, 30 day status, 1 January to 31 December 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	no.	5 615	2 590	1 172	850	622	83	95	29	11 056
Unarmed robbery										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	17.1	24.2	15.8	26.3	20.3	37.4	19.6	43.9	19.0
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	69.3	77.0	70.6	66.3	70.7	70.0	87.1	72.2	70.6
Total	no.	9 620	1 923	1 384	1 217	1 059	107	158	41	15 509
Blackmail/extortion										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	30.9	47.3	25.8	34.5	37.0	100.0	–	–	44.9
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	42.9	94.2	78.3	63.2	40.0	100.0	–	–	79.8
Total	no.	68	110	89	27	55	1	–	2	352

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS 2002, *Recorded Crime Australia*, Cat. no. 4510.0, AusInfo, Canberra.

Table 5A.54

Table 5A.54 **Victims of property crime: outcomes of investigations, 30 day status, 1 January to 31 December 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Unlawful entry with intent										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	6.1	8.4	6.7	6.9	6.8	10.5	12.9	5.6	7.0
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	70.7	92.9	88.2	77.6	82.0	91.0	82.1	97.0	81.6
Total	no.	162 042	81 050	73 713	62 084	35 048	9 253	5 925	6 409	435 524
Motor vehicle theft										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	6.7	10.3	12.6	15.0	10.5	8.4	6.6	16.9	9.6
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	79.1	86.4	69.0	56.4	77.2	81.1	88.4	77.8	76.7
Total	no.	52 279	39 328	17 466	11 346	12 663	3 459	2 358	1 044	139 943
Other theft										
Proportion of investigations finalised	%	10.4	14.3	12.3	14.8	10.7	20.0	10.8	13.1	12.4
Proportion of finalised investigations leading to offender being proceeded against	%	85.8	94.9	84.2	67.3	81.7	86.9	95.5	54.2	84.3
Total	no.	229 573	150 260	116 712	92 131	79 135	13 331	10 182	7 938	699 262

Source: ABS 2002, *Recorded Crime Australia*, Cat. no. 4510.0, AusInfo, Canberra.

Table 5A.55

Table 5A.55 Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on crime investigation (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i> (d)	<i>WA</i> (e)	<i>SA</i> (f)	<i>Tas</i> (d)	<i>ACT</i> (e), (g)	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i> (h)
Total net recurrent expenditure excluding payroll tax									
1999-2000	49	50	na	46	33	47	45	na	48
2000-01	51	45	na	44	32	62	86	na	55
2001-02	45	65	na	49	28	na	69	119	53
Payroll tax									
1999-2000	2	2	–	..	2	2	..	na	1
2000-01	2	2	na	..	1	3	..	na	1
2001-02	2	2	na	..	1	na	..	6	2
Total									
1999-2000	51	52	na	46	35	49	45	na	49
2000-01	53	47	na	44	34	65	86	na	56
2001-02	47	68	na	49	29	na	69	124	55

- (a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.
- (b) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.
- (c) Calculated by multiplying the proportion of expenditure on salaries and payments for each SDA by the total payroll tax expenditure.
- (d) For 2001-02, data only available for all key SDAs combined.
- (e) Exempt from payroll tax.
- (f) For SA, the crime investigation activities exclude a wide range of crime prevention, reduction and response activities which is the same methodology applied in 1999-2000.
- (g) Variation between 1999-2000 and 2000-01 is a result of the review of enabling costs associated with operational support services, which has led to significant improvements in the attribution of costs. This, together with the fact that there has been a greatly increased focus on reversing escalating trends in burglary and motor vehicle theft offences over the reporting period, has meant that a much greater proportion of core ACT policing activity has been concentrated in the investigations area.
- (h) Includes payroll tax where applicable.
– Nil or rounded to zero. .. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2.

Performance indicators for road safety and traffic management

Table 5A.56

Table 5A.56 **People aged 18 years and over who have driven a motor vehicle in the past 12 months (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2001-02										
Have driven	%	85.3	89.4	90.5	91.9	87.1	88.6	91.9	92.3	88.3
Have not driven	%	14.7	10.6	9.5	8.1	12.9	11.4	8.1	7.7	11.7
Sample size	no.	5 071	2 502	4 024	2 017	2 212	2 001	2 047	2 024	21 898

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ACPR *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.57

Table 5A.57 **People aged 18 years and over who drive and who have driven not wearing a seat belt, 2001-02 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Always	%	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.9	1.3	2.2	0.9
Most of the time	%	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.2	1.3	1.2	–	1.5	0.7
Half the time	%	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.5	0.4	1.5	0.9
Sometimes	%	8.9	12.0	11.0	8.5	13.0	12.0	7.9	15.6	10.5
Never	%	89.4	85.6	85.4	89.2	83.3	84.4	90.4	79.3	87.0
Refused/don't know	%	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sample size	no.	4 326	2 237	3 642	1 854	1 927	1 773	1 881	1 868	19 507
Likert Index (b)	Index	1.12	1.17	1.19	1.14	1.21	1.20	1.13	1.29	1.16

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Always = 5; most of the time = 4; half of the time = 3; sometimes = 2; and never = 1.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ACPR *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.58 People aged 18 years and over who drive and have driven 10 kilometres per hour or more over speed limit, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Always	%	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.5	1.5
Most of the time	%	2.8	3.2	2.8	2.4	1.8	2.5	2.5	3.7	2.8
Half the time	%	3.9	5.6	4.8	5.6	2.3	4.6	5.4	5.2	4.6
Sometimes	%	57.5	55.4	61.0	59.5	55.1	51.8	58.3	59.7	57.6
Never	%	34.1	34.1	29.8	30.6	39.4	40.2	32.9	29.1	33.4
Refused/don't know	%	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	0.1	–	–	0.7	0.2
Sample size	no.	4 326	2 237	3 642	1 854	1 927	1 773	1 881	1 868	19 507
Likert Index (b)	Index	1.68	1.74	1.77	1.78	1.61	1.64	1.74	1.81	1.72

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3. in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Always = 5; most of the time = 4; half of the time = 3; sometimes = 2; and never = 1.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ACPR *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.59 People aged 18 years and over who drive and have driven while over alcohol limit, 2001-02 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Always	%	–	–	0.2	–	0.1	–	–	–	–
Most of the time	%	–	–	–	–	0.1	0.3	–	–	–
Half the time	%	0.1	0.4	–	–	0.2	0.9	–	0.7	0.2
Sometimes	%	10.5	10.1	9.5	14.9	11.3	10.8	10.8	15.7	10.8
Never	%	89.1	89.5	90.1	84.8	88.3	88.0	89.2	83.6	88.8
Refused/don't know	%	0.2	–	–	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	0.1
Sample size	no.	4 326	2 237	3 642	1 854	1 927	1 773	1 881	1 868	19 507
Likert Index (b)	Index	1.09	1.10	1.10	1.14	1.11	1.12	1.10	1.18	1.10

(a) Totals may not add up to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) The Likert summation index method aggregates responses to provide a single measure of the general (or 'average') perceptions of respondents.

Each response category is allocated a weight. The number of responses for the category are multiplied by the weight to give a total score for the category. The total scores for each category are summed and divided by the total number of responses to derive the Likert index for the question. (See box 5.3 in Chapter 5 for a detailed example).

For the response categories in the table above, the weights are as follows:

Always = 5; most of the time = 4; half of the time = 3; sometimes = 2; and never = 1.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ACPR *National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing* (unpublished).

Table 5A.60

Table 5A.60

Road fatalities

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total fatalities									
1997-98	587	373	305	206	170	36	21	63	1 772
1998-99	553	388	291	220	154	51	23	56	1 736
1999-2000	588	405	315	211	149	47	14	52	1 781
2000-01	549	409	309	200	159	62	20	54	1 776
2001-02	570	450	315	170	142	42	13	44	1 746
Per 100 000 registered vehicles									
1997-98	17	12	14	16	17	11	11	64	15
1998-99	15	12	13	17	15	16	12	54	14
1999-2000	16	12	14	16	14	14	7	50	15
2000-01	15	13	13	15	15	19	10	51	14
2001-02	15	14	13	12	14	13	6	43	14

Source: Australian Transport and Safety Bureau 2002, *Road Fatalities Australia*, June 2002 (and previous issues), Canberra; ABS, *Motor Vehicle Census, Australia*, Cat. no. 9309.0, (various years), AusInfo, Canberra.

Table 5A.61

Table 5A.61 **Land transport hospitalisations**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2000-01	15 971	11 424	9 923	4 693	3 673	1 063	548	664	47 959
2001-02	15 871	11 666	10 057	4 728	3 842	1 074	518	676	48 432
<i>Per 100 000 registered vehicles (a)</i>									
2001-02	424	352	427	345	366	324	255	657	388

(a) Registered vehicle numbers are based on data gathered in 2001 which was the last time the ABS Motor Vehicle Census was undertaken.

Source: AIHW 2002, *Land Transport Hospitalisations (unpublished)*; ABS 2001, *Motor Vehicle Census, Australia, Cat.no 9309.0, AustInfo, Canberra*.

Cost of road safety and transport SDA/fatal or serious injuries

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2000-01	6 331	6 998	na	13 754	6 500	14 123	7 079	na	na
2001-02	7 892	7 560	na	15 152	8 261	na	10 872	9 753	na

na Not available.

Source: AIHW 2002, *Land Transport Hospitalisations (unpublished)*; Australian Transport and Safety Bureau, *Road Fatalities Australia, June 2001 (and previous issues)*, Canberra; State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.62

Table 5A.62 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on road safety and traffic management (dollars) (a), (b), (c)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA	Tas	ACT (e)	NT	Aust (f)
Dollars/head of population									
Total net recurrent expenditure (excluding payroll tax)									
1999-2000	15	19	na	40	27	24	11	na	21
2000-01	16	17	na	36	16	34	13	na	18
2001-02	19	18	na	38	22	na	18	34	22
Payroll tax									
1999-2000	1	1	na	..	1	1	..	na	1
2000-01	1	1	na	..	1	1	..	na	1
2001-02	1	1	na	..	1	na	..	2	1
Total									
1999-2000	16	19	na	40	29	26	11	na	22
2000-01	17	18	na	36	17	35	13	na	19
2001-02	20	19	na	38	23	na	18	36	23
Dollars/registered vehicle									
Total net recurrent expenditure (excluding payroll tax)									
1999-2000	27	27	na	55	43	36	18	na	27
2000-01	27	25	na	51	23	47	20	na	24
2001-02	34	27	na	54	31	na	28	67	35
Payroll tax (f)									
1999-2000	1	1	na	..	1	1	..	na	..
2000-01	1	1	na	..	1	2	..	na	..
2001-02	1	1	na	..	1	na	..	2	1
Total									
1999-2000	28	28	na	55	44	37	18	na	27
2000-01	28	26	na	51	24	49	20	na	24
2001-02	35	28	na	54	32	na	28	68	36

(a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.

(b) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(c) Calculated by multiplying the proportion of expenditure on salaries and payments for each service delivery area by the total payroll tax expenditure.

(d) For 2001-02, data are only available for all key SDAs combined.

(e) Exempt from payroll tax.

(f) Includes payroll tax where applicable.

.. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); ABS *Motor Vehicle Census*, Cat. no. 9309.0, AusInfo, Canberra; table A.2.

Performance indicators for services to the judicial process

Table 5A.63

Table 5A.63 **Number of deaths in police custody and custody-related operations, 1997 to 2001 (number) (a)**

Year	NSW	Vic (b)	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Indigenous deaths in police custody and custody-related operations									
1997	3	–	–	2	–	–	–	1	6
1998	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	2	6
1999 (c)	1	–	1	3	–	–	–	1	6
2000	2	–	1	1	1	–	–	–	5
2001	–	–	–	2	3	–	–	–	5
Non-Indigenous deaths in police custody and custody-related operations									
1997	10	6	1	2	1	–	–	3	23
1998	9	7	2	1	–	–	–	–	19
1999 (c)	4	4	3	2	2	–	–	4	19
2000	12	1	2	1	4	–	–	–	20
2001	15	5	4	1	1	1	–	–	27
Total deaths in police custody and custody-related operations									
1997	13	6	1	4	1	–	–	4	29
1998	11	7	3	2	–	–	–	2	25
1999 (c)	5	4	4	5	2	–	–	5	26
2000	14	1	3	2	5	–	–	–	25
2001(b)	15	8	4	3	4	1	–	–	35
Total number of deaths 1997 to 2001									
Non-Indigenous	50	23	12	7	8	1	–	7	108
Indigenous	8	–	3	9	4	–	–	4	28
Not classified	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
All people (c)	58	26	15	16	12	1	–	11	140

(a) Deaths in police custody include deaths in institutional settings (for example, police stations/lockups and police vehicles) or during transfer to or from such an institution; or deaths in hospitals following transfer from an institution; and other deaths in police operations where officers are in close contact with the deceased (for example, most raids and shootings by police). Deaths in custody-related operations include situations where officers did not have such close contact with the person as to be able to significantly influence or control the person's behaviour (for example, most sieges and most cases where officers were attempting to detain a person, such as pursuits).

(b) For 2001 excludes three deaths in Victoria where full details (such as Indigenous status) are not yet available.

(c) Includes one Australian Federal Police (national, not the ACT) death in custody in 1999.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Australian Institute of Criminology 2002, *Australian Deaths in Custody and Custody-related Police Operations 2000*, AIC, Canberra; ABS, 1996 *Census of Population and Housing: Community Profiles, Australia*, cat. no. 2020.0, AusInfo, Canberra.

Table 5A.64

Table 5A.64 **Outcomes of court cases, 2001-02 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Lower court cases									
Resulting in a guilty plea	%	54.0	84.0	65.0	91.0	68.8	na	na	na
Total cases	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Higher court cases									
Resulting in a guilty finding (c)	%	75.0	na	90.7	na	74.0	na	na	na
Total cases	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) All jurisdiction data include guilty findings and guilty pleas.

(b) NSW data are for 2001 calendar year.

(c) For Queensland, the proportion of lower court cases resulting in a guilty plea - total matters (denominator) include those matters committed to a higher court, heard summarily, dismissed or withdrawn, and where a warrant has been issued.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.65

Table 5A.65 **Juvenile diversions as a proportion of offenders (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA (d)</i>	<i>SA (e)</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (f)</i>
1998-99	8.0	na	42.0	42.0	53.0	49.3	32.0	na
1999-2000	70.0	32.2	43.0	41.4	52.8	50.0	36.0	na
2000-01	51.0	na	43.2	45.0	53.0	59.0	48.3	80.0
2001-02	54.0	30.1	44.0	44.0	49.0	65.9	51.0	57.0

- (a) Juvenile diversion is defined as juveniles who would otherwise be proceeded against (that is, taken to court) but who are diverted by police as a proportion of all juvenile offenders formally dealt with by police. The term diverted includes diversions of offenders away from the courts by way of: community conference; diversionary conference; formal cautioning by police; family conferences; and other diversionary programs (for example, to drug assessment/treatment). Offenders who would not normally be sent to court for the offence detected and are treated by police in a less formal manner (for example, issued warnings or infringement notices) are excluded.
- (b) Victorian data for 2000-01 not available at the time of data collection due to Victoria Police work bans.
- (c) Data also include cautions and community conferences.
- (d) For WA, juvenile diversions include juvenile cautions and police referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams. The proportion of juvenile diversions has been calculated on the total recorded police contacts with juvenile offenders comprising juvenile cautions, referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams, and charges pertaining to juveniles. A charge is counted as a separate 'arrest' even though the actual event of arrest may have involved more than one charge being laid. Hence, the number of 'arrests' will over estimate the number of actual events of arrest. The proportion of juvenile diversions, therefore, may be understated. Data are calendar year, for 1998, 1999 and 2000 respectively. 2001 data is not available.
- (e) Includes diversion by the way of: formal cautioning by police, and family conferences.
- (f) Data also include verbal warnings, written warnings, formal caution/family conference and victim offender conference. In 2001-02 there was a significant decrease in the use of verbal warnings in favour of family conferences.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 5A.66 **Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on services to the judicial process (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA	Tas (d)	ACT (e), (f)	NT	Aust (g)
Total net recurrent expenditure excluding payroll tax									
1999-2000	18	50	na	43	25	18	38	na	32
2000-01	19	45	na	37	19	17	22	na	30
2001-02	23	37	na	39	28	na	15	81	32
Payroll tax									
1999-2000	1	2	na	..	1	1	..	na	1
2000-01	1	2	na	..	1	1	..	na	1
2001-02	1	1	na	..	1	na	..	4	1
Total									
1999-2000	19	52	na	43	26	19	38	na	33
2000-01	20	47	na	37	20	18	22	na	31
2001-02	25	39	na	39	28	na	15	85	33

(a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.

(b) May not add to sum of its components as a result of rounding.

(c) Calculated by multiplying the proportion of expenditure on salaries and payments for each SDA by the total payroll tax expenditure.

(d) For 2001-02, data only available for all key SDAs combined.

(e) Exempt from payroll tax.

(f) The variation in ACT expenditure should be viewed with care as it is due, in part, to the revised method for apportioning direct costs to outcomes and the consequent increase in costs directly attributed to investigations.

(g) Includes payroll tax where applicable.

.. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2 and table A.26.

Table 5A.67

Table 5A.67 **Real costs awarded against the police through criminal actions (2001-02 dollars) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (c)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Total costs									
1998-99	\$'000	na	1 697	196	na	384	38	na	na
1999-2000	\$'000	na	1 394	206	417	394	24	190	na
2000-01	\$'000	505	na	158	464	305	4	98	na
2001-02	\$'000	520	1 203	206	538	501	9	114	na
Total costs per head of population									
1998-99	\$	na	0.36	0.06	na	0.26	0.08	na	na
1999-2000	\$	na	0.29	0.06	0.22	0.26	0.05	0.60	na
2000-01	\$	0.08	na	0.04	0.24	0.20	0.01	0.31	na
2001-02	\$	0.08	0.25	0.06	0.28	0.33	0.02	0.35	na

(a) Total costs awarded against the police resulting from summary offences and indictable offences tried summarily before a court of law.

(b) Data for 2000-01 are not available due to Victoria Police work bans.

(c) For WA, data for 1999-2000 and 2000-01 have been revised. Previously published data for 1998-99 were incorrect and are not available for that year.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2 and table A.26.

Performance indicators for other services

Table 5A.68 Real recurrent expenditure (less revenue from own sources) per person on other services (2001-02 dollars) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (d)</i>	<i>WA (e)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (d)</i>	<i>ACT (e), (f)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (g)</i>
Estimated total net recurrent expenditure excluding payroll tax									
1999-2000	–	–	na	7.52	–	–	–	na	0.79
2000-01	–	–	na	6.48	–	–	5.06	na	0.89
2001-02	–	–	na	5.59	–	na	2.14	–	0.74
Estimated payroll tax									
1999-2000	–	–	na	..	–	–	..	na	–
2000-01	–	–	na	..	–	–	..	na	–
2001-02	–	–	na	..	–	na	..	–	–
Total									
1999-2000	–	–	na	7.52	–	–	–	na	0.79
2000-01	–	–	na	6.48	–	–	5.06	na	0.89
2001-02	–	–	na	5.59	–	na	2.14	–	0.74

(a) Data have not been subject to extensive tests to determine comparability. Further, some differences in counting rules may exist across jurisdictions as a result of the differing mixes of activities undertaken within each of the common SDAs.

(b) May not add to sum of its components as a result of rounding.

(c) Calculated by multiplying the proportion of expenditure on salaries and payments for each SDA by the total payroll tax expenditure.

(d) Data only available for all key SDAs combined.

(e) Exempt from payroll tax.

(f) In the ACT, 'other services' consist of regulatory activities.

(g) Includes payroll tax where applicable.

– Nil or rounded to zero. .. Not applicable. na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); ABS 2001, Motor Vehicle census, Australia, Cat. No.9309.0, AustInfo, Canberra; table A.2 and table A.26.

Performance indicators:
General efficiency indicators

Table 5A.69

Table 5A.69 Efficiency indicators 1997-98 to 2001-02 (2001-02 dollars)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Total expenditure/population (a), (b)									
1997-98	\$	219	231	200	256	213	222	205	518
1998-99	\$	242	246	226	272	225	231	227	629
1999-2000	\$	253	243	245	283	230	227	228	617
2000-01	\$	248	221	241	278	247	218	239	583
2001-02	\$	235	232	244	293	245	231	225	572
Total expenditure/operational FTE									
1997-98	\$'000	93.4	119.8	na	110.0	111.5	100.1	108.3	123.8
1998-99	\$'000	102.6	121.5	84.4	105.9	86.5	84.3	121.2	128.6
1999-2000	\$'000	107.0	123.6	na	98.3	86.3	88.4	107.6	126.8
2000-01	\$'000	116.8	112.0	123.1	98.3	89.7	86.4	112.3	122.5
2001-02	\$'000	105.2	113.0	96.8	102.8	86.8	90.0	106.9	121.3
Operational FTE/ total FTE (c)									
1997-98	ratio	0.85	0.76	na	0.70	0.69	0.73	0.80	0.74
1998-99	ratio	0.89	0.82	0.96	0.79	0.90	0.91	0.80	0.88
1999-2000	ratio	0.91	0.82	na	0.92	0.90	0.86	0.92	0.84
2000-01	ratio	0.82	0.81	0.66	0.91	0.91	0.83	0.87	0.83
2001-02	ratio	0.84	0.82	0.83	0.92	0.92	0.83	0.87	0.81
Available FTE/ total FTE									
1997-98	ratio	na	0.83	0.85	0.84	0.85	0.88	0.66	0.93
1998-99	ratio	na	0.83	na	0.85	0.88	0.98	0.85	0.81
1999-2000	ratio	na	0.82	na	0.83	0.88	0.98	0.97	0.80
2000-01	ratio	na	0.82	na	0.82	0.87	0.97	0.99	0.78
2001-02	ratio	na	0.84	na	0.82	0.88	0.97	0.89	0.77

Table 5A.69

Table 5A.69 **Efficiency indicators 1997-98 to 2001-02 (2001-02 dollars)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Total expenditure/registered vehicles									
1997-98	\$	394	344	324	368	319	323	321	993
1998-99	\$	421	365	357	381	326	336	362	1 147
1999-2000	\$	446	356	377	398	334	323	362	1 172
2000-01	\$	443	327	378	399	360	310	384	1 114
2001-02	\$	416	340	380	410	354	330	357	1 112

- (a) Total expenditure is total recurrent expenditure, less revenue from own sources, plus capital expenditure.
- (b) Ratio calculated as a proportion of operational staff to total staff, where total staff is the sum of operational and support staff.
- (c) For NSW, 2001-02 staff figures are based on a headcount at 30 June 2002, and do not represent FTE.

na Not available.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table A.2 and table A.26.

**ABS Population Survey
Monitor data 1996 to 2001**

Table 5A.86 Persons aged 18 years and over: contact with police in the past 12 months, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Contact	42.0	53.9	53.1	55.6	48.4	51.5	54.0	56.6	49.4
No contact	58.0	46.1	46.9	44.4	51.6	48.5	46.0	43.4	50.6

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.87 Persons aged 18 years and over: distribution in number of contacts with police, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who had contact with police in the past 12 months, the number of contacts:									
One	42.2	37.8	36.7	36.0	39.9	36.1	41.8	34.9	38.8
Two	25.0	23.4	25.5	25.9	25.6	23.5	21.4	26.1	24.7
Three	12.7	16.7	14.0	13.9	13.2	15.9	16.2	13.5	14.4
Four	5.1	7.2	7.4	6.8	8.1	6.0	4.9	7.2	6.6
Five	4.2	3.5	4.3	5.0	3.4	4.0	4.6	4.5	4.0
Six	5.7	5.2	4.6	5.7	3.8	5.8	5.3	6.3	5.2
Seven	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.4	0.3
Eight	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.0
Nine	–	–	0.3	–	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
10 or more	4.1	4.3	5.4	4.9	3.7	7.0	4.3	5.3	4.5
Don't know	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.3

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.88

Table 5A.88 Persons aged 18 years and over: initiation of most recent contact with police, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who had contact with police in the past 12 months, initiation of most recent contact:									
Respondent	47.1	38.2	35.2	41.4	44.4	37.0	43.9	52.1	41.2
Police	52.9	61.8	64.8	58.6	55.6	63.0	56.1	47.9	58.8

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.89

Table 5A.89 Persons aged 18 years and over: reason for respondent contacting police in most recent contact, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who had contact with police in the past 12 months, reason for most recent contact:									
Report a crime	39.6	39.1	40.4	35.1	36.2	39.5	37.6	42.7	38.8
Report accident	17.2	7.2	8.2	15.4	17.9	8.6	22.0	7.6	12.8
Report suspicion	12.5	14.3	14.1	13.1	12.3	12.3	13.0	10.9	13.3
Give other information	6.0	4.7	4.9	5.4	5.4	6.2	2.6	3.4	5.3
Get assistance	14.8	20.1	15.9	13.5	15.4	14.4	12.0	16.2	16.2
Neighb'hood watch meeti	0.8	1.1	2.5	0.8	2.1	4.3	0.3	0.8	1.4
Lost/found property	4.5	6.8	4.5	6.1	4.5	5.0	5.3	6.1	5.3
Other	4.5	6.5	9.5	10.7	6.1	9.8	7.1	12.3	6.9

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.90

Table 5A.90 Persons aged 18 years and over: reason for police contacting respondent in most recent contact, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who had contact with police in the past 12 months, reason for most recent contact:									
Random breath test	61.9	72.2	69.8	69.1	62.6	66.1	68.4	55.4	67.6
Traffic accident	4.0	2.0	1.3	3.1	3.0	2.1	1.8	3.5	2.5
Traffic violation	11.6	8.3	11.6	8.0	9.0	11.8	10.6	13.6	10.1
Noise/disturbance	3.7	1.5	2.3	3.9	1.7	1.3	2.4	1.9	2.5
Arrest	0.2	0.2	1.5	–	0.5	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.5
Asked for information	8.0	8.9	5.9	6.9	11.3	8.9	10.0	15.1	8.1
Informal contact	2.9	2.0	2.3	1.8	4.8	2.3	1.3	3.3	2.5
Other	7.7	4.9	5.3	7.2	7.2	6.4	5.2	7.0	6.2

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.91

Table 5A.91 **Persons aged 18 years and over: satisfaction with police in most recent contact, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who had contact with police in the past 12 months, satisfaction with police in most recent contact:									
1996									
Very satisfied	41.1	43.9	39.1	43.0	41.5	46.1	38.1	40.1	41.8
Satisfied	37.5	38.6	34.4	40.5	38.3	37.5	40.1	38.8	37.7
Neither	8.3	7.2	8.9	6.4	6.9	7.3	10.8	6.6	7.8
Dissatisfied	9.0	5.4	10.2	5.5	8.3	5.1	7.0	10.3	7.7
Very dissatisfied	4.0	4.4	7.3	4.5	4.9	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.8
Don't know	0.1	0.5	0.1	–	0.2	–	–	–	0.2
<i>'Satisfied' or 'Very satisfied'</i>	<i>78.6</i>	<i>82.5</i>	<i>73.5</i>	<i>83.5</i>	<i>79.8</i>	<i>83.6</i>	<i>78.2</i>	<i>78.9</i>	<i>79.5</i>
<i>'Dissatisfied' or 'Very dissatisfied'</i>	<i>13.0</i>	<i>9.8</i>	<i>17.5</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>9.2</i>	<i>11.0</i>	<i>14.5</i>	<i>12.5</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>9.0</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>10.8</i>	<i>6.6</i>	<i>8.0</i>
1997									
Very satisfied	39.0	42.0	41.2	42.1	41.9	42.9	37.7	35.8	40.8
Satisfied	37.4	42.0	37.0	40.4	35.8	37.6	39.4	41.3	38.9
Neither	9.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	10.4	6.2	10.0	8.2	7.8
Dissatisfied	8.7	5.4	7.8	6.1	7.6	7.9	8.2	9.9	7.2
Very dissatisfied	5.5	4.3	7.5	4.8	4.0	5.0	4.6	4.5	5.3
Don't know	–	–	–	–	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	–
<i>'Satisfied' or 'Very satisfied'</i>	<i>76.4</i>	<i>84.0</i>	<i>78.2</i>	<i>82.5</i>	<i>77.7</i>	<i>80.5</i>	<i>77.1</i>	<i>77.1</i>	<i>79.7</i>
<i>'Dissatisfied' or 'Very dissatisfied'</i>	<i>14.2</i>	<i>9.7</i>	<i>15.3</i>	<i>10.9</i>	<i>11.6</i>	<i>12.9</i>	<i>12.8</i>	<i>14.4</i>	<i>12.5</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>9.4</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>10.7</i>	<i>6.6</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>8.6</i>	<i>7.8</i>
1998									
Very satisfied	38.6	46.7	37.8	39.3	37.7	43.4	38.5	39.2	40.8

Table 5A.91

Table 5A.91 **Persons aged 18 years and over: satisfaction with police in most recent contact, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Satisfied	39.0	36.3	40.3	40.6	42.5	38.5	42.8	40.5	39.1
Neither	8.4	5.6	8.2	8.7	6.4	6.7	7.1	8.6	7.4
Dissatisfied	8.4	5.9	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.6	7.3	7.3	7.1
Very dissatisfied	5.4	5.3	6.7	4.5	5.7	3.7	4.2	4.2	5.5
Don't know	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	0.5	0.1	–	0.1	0.1
<i>'Satisfied' or 'Very satisfied'</i>	<i>77.6</i>	<i>83.0</i>	<i>78.1</i>	<i>79.9</i>	<i>80.2</i>	<i>81.9</i>	<i>81.3</i>	<i>79.7</i>	<i>79.9</i>
<i>'Dissatisfied' or 'Very dissatisfied'</i>	<i>13.8</i>	<i>11.2</i>	<i>13.5</i>	<i>11.4</i>	<i>12.8</i>	<i>11.3</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>12.6</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>8.5</i>	<i>5.8</i>	<i>8.3</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>6.9</i>	<i>6.8</i>	<i>7.1</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>7.5</i>
1999									
Very satisfied	36.1	43.1	37.5	36.4	38.8	39.4	32.6	35.0	38.5
Satisfied	42.8	43.5	42.9	42.6	42.9	40.5	49.1	44.1	43.0
Neither	7.8	4.9	7.7	9.4	7.7	7.5	7.6	9.3	7.2
Dissatisfied	7.2	5.6	7.0	7.7	6.7	7.9	6.8	7.5	6.8
Very dissatisfied	6.0	2.9	4.9	3.8	3.8	4.7	3.7	4.1	4.5
Don't know	0.2	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	–	0.1
<i>'Satisfied' or 'Very satisfied'</i>	<i>78.9</i>	<i>86.6</i>	<i>80.4</i>	<i>79.0</i>	<i>81.7</i>	<i>79.9</i>	<i>81.7</i>	<i>79.1</i>	<i>81.5</i>
<i>'Dissatisfied' or 'Very dissatisfied'</i>	<i>13.2</i>	<i>8.5</i>	<i>11.9</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>10.5</i>	<i>12.6</i>	<i>10.5</i>	<i>11.6</i>	<i>11.3</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>8.0</i>	<i>5.0</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>9.5</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>7.5</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>9.3</i>	<i>7.3</i>
2000									
Very satisfied	34.4	39.8	36.9	40.4	39.3	38.8	35.3	36.3	37.6
Satisfied	42.0	42.7	40.8	39.9	43.6	43.8	41.2	41.4	41.9
Neither	7.0	5.9	6.1	8.0	6.6	5.8	8.7	7.3	6.6
Dissatisfied	11.0	7.2	10.2	6.9	6.9	7.5	8.8	8.7	8.9

Table 5A.91

Table 5A.91 **Persons aged 18 years and over: satisfaction with police in most recent contact, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very dissatisfied	5.1	4.2	5.9	4.8	3.6	3.8	6.1	6.4	4.8
Don't know	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	–	–	0.2
'Satisfied' or 'Very satisfied'	76.4	82.5	77.7	80.3	82.9	82.6	76.5	77.7	79.5
'Dissatisfied' or 'Very dissatisfied'	16.1	11.4	16.1	11.7	10.5	11.3	14.9	15.1	13.7
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	7.5	6.1	6.3	8.1	6.6	6.2	8.7	7.3	6.8

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.92

Table 5A.92 Persons aged 18 years and over who had contact with police in the past 12 months: reasons for satisfaction with police services in most recent contact, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who were 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with police contact in the past 12 months, reasons for satisfaction with police in most recent contact:									
Courteous	44.5	45.3	49.0	50.1	44.5	41.8	48.5	45.4	46.2
Approachable/friendly	42.6	41.7	40.7	44.2	42.0	41.0	42.5	42.7	42.1
Professional/fair	35.5	34.2	35.6	29.2	29.7	28.9	43.8	36.6	34.0
Took appropriate action	25.2	24.9	27.0	30.3	28.0	29.3	31.3	35.9	26.5
Helpful	31.2	22.2	24.2	27.1	29.9	25.1	27.2	27.0	26.4
Handled matter well	25.8	23.8	23.0	25.3	27.8	23.4	24.8	32.0	24.8
Prompt service	23.4	27.3	22.7	21.8	28.6	23.8	24.5	27.8	24.7
Efficient	20.1	20.0	20.7	22.9	23.1	22.6	25.2	23.0	20.9
Communicated clearly	14.3	15.6	17.5	14.4	17.1	14.1	19.6	17.4	15.6
Respondent kept informed	8.0	5.9	7.2	6.8	9.6	6.7	8.1	9.7	7.2
Recovered property	2.0	3.7	2.7	2.0	2.5	2.8	2.2	3.5	2.7
Other	0.2	0.6	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.7
Don't know	–	–	0.2	0.2	–	–	–	–	0.1

(a) Totals may sum to more than 100 per cent for each jurisdiction because respondents could choose more than one reason.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.93

Table 5A.93 Persons aged 18 years and over who had contact with police in the past 12 months: reasons for dissatisfaction with police services in most recent contact, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Of those respondents who were 'satisfied' or 'very satisfied' with police contact in the past 12 months, reasons for satisfaction with police in most recent contact:									
Took no action	33.4	33.4	32.6	37.1	33.4	37.2	42.6	51.1	34.0
Showed no interest	28.1	27.1	31.4	33.9	20.5	24.8	32.5	32.3	28.8
Unfriendly/impolite	18.6	35.8	27.5	33.3	29.4	30.3	27.5	20.8	27.0
Unhelpful	27.7	22.8	23.9	20.7	23.2	24.7	28.4	39.7	24.9
Left waiting	25.6	22.4	23.7	18.2	15.3	16.6	23.8	30.2	23.0
Unprofessional/unfair	18.8	21.8	29.7	20.1	26.6	20.2	22.2	22.6	22.7
Not kept informed	22.3	21.3	20.3	17.2	17.5	22.2	24.4	37.6	21.0
Other	10.8	9.1	13.3	8.4	10.6	7.7	8.4	4.5	10.6
Made false accusation	8.7	9.8	7.9	6.0	16.0	12.5	7.6	3.4	9.0
Used complex language	3.5	0.8	3.2	3.7	–	2.1	1.7	4.7	2.6
Used unnecessary force	4.1	–	2.2	3.0	1.1	2.6	3.1	–	2.3
Don't know	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

(a) Totals may sum to more than 100 per cent for each jurisdiction because respondents could choose more than one reason.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.94

Table 5A.94 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Police perform job professionally:									
Strongly agree	9.2	13.1	10.8	8.2	11.1	8.6	10.4	13.1	10.6
Agree	67.5	68.4	68.6	70.2	74.7	75.2	74.9	71.5	69.1
Neither	12.2	9.7	10.3	10.9	6.8	7.0	7.7	8.0	10.4
Disagree	7.3	5.8	6.8	7.9	4.6	6.3	3.5	5.6	6.6
Strongly disagree	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0
Don't know	2.9	2.2	2.3	1.4	1.7	1.7	2.5	0.7	2.3
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>76.7</i>	<i>81.5</i>	<i>79.4</i>	<i>78.4</i>	<i>85.8</i>	<i>83.8</i>	<i>85.3</i>	<i>84.6</i>	<i>79.7</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>8.3</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.9</i>	<i>9.3</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>7.5</i>	<i>4.5</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>7.6</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>15.1</i>	<i>11.9</i>	<i>12.6</i>	<i>12.3</i>	<i>8.5</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>10.2</i>	<i>8.7</i>	<i>12.7</i>
Police treat people fairly and equally:									
Strongly agree	5.4	6.4	6.0	4.9	5.6	5.1	6.0	8.1	5.7
Agree	55.6	55.4	53.8	53.8	62.8	63.1	59.8	59.5	55.9
Neither	15.0	16.0	15.3	14.3	12.5	11.9	16.5	13.9	15.0
Disagree	16.8	15.7	18.2	19.4	13.3	14.7	9.6	14.0	16.5
Strongly disagree	2.3	1.8	2.8	4.2	1.9	1.3	2.5	2.4	2.4
Don't know	4.9	4.7	3.9	3.4	3.8	3.9	5.6	2.1	4.4
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>61.0</i>	<i>61.8</i>	<i>59.8</i>	<i>58.7</i>	<i>68.4</i>	<i>68.2</i>	<i>65.8</i>	<i>67.6</i>	<i>61.6</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>17.5</i>	<i>21.0</i>	<i>23.6</i>	<i>15.2</i>	<i>16.0</i>	<i>12.1</i>	<i>16.4</i>	<i>18.9</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>19.9</i>	<i>20.7</i>	<i>19.2</i>	<i>17.7</i>	<i>16.3</i>	<i>15.8</i>	<i>22.1</i>	<i>16.0</i>	<i>19.4</i>
Most police are honest:									
Strongly agree	6.3	8.4	6.9	7.7	7.0	5.6	6.7	8.9	7.2
Agree	64.2	67.1	68.8	66.8	72.4	73.6	72.1	68.7	67.1
Neither	13.1	11.0	10.2	11.5	9.9	9.5	11.9	11.4	11.5

Table 5A.94

Table 5A.94 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disagree	9.4	8.3	8.8	9.6	6.2	6.6	3.8	6.1	8.6
Strongly disagree	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.4
Don't know	5.4	4.0	3.8	2.7	3.8	3.8	4.6	3.9	4.3
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	70.5	75.5	75.7	74.5	79.4	79.2	78.8	77.6	74.3
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	11.0	9.5	10.3	11.3	6.9	7.5	4.7	7.2	10.0
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	18.5	15.0	14.0	14.2	13.7	13.3	16.5	15.3	15.8
Sometimes police have to break the rules:									
Strongly agree	6.0	5.5	5.9	7.5	4.2	3.3	4.2	6.4	5.8
Agree	52.4	48.4	52.1	51.5	52.6	53.1	42.0	48.1	51.1
Neither	11.5	12.7	11.6	11.1	11.8	9.5	14.4	10.7	11.8
Disagree	21.2	24.2	21.8	23.1	21.7	25.5	29.6	26.8	22.6
Strongly disagree	3.3	3.6	4.3	3.8	4.5	3.8	6.1	5.3	3.8
Don't know	5.6	5.5	4.3	3.1	5.2	4.8	3.7	2.7	5.0
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	58.4	53.9	58.0	59.0	56.8	56.4	46.2	54.5	56.9
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	24.5	27.8	26.1	26.9	26.2	29.3	35.7	32.1	26.4
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	17.1	18.2	15.9	14.2	17.0	14.3	18.1	13.4	16.8
There always will be police corruption:									
Strongly agree	17.6	15.8	17.3	17.4	10.3	10.9	12.1	13.4	16.2
Agree	69.9	72.5	74.8	72.7	77.6	76.5	74.6	70.8	72.6
Neither	4.7	6.0	3.6	4.1	5.3	3.9	6.0	6.5	4.8
Disagree	3.2	3.2	2.3	3.6	3.8	5.6	4.5	6.5	3.2
Strongly disagree	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.3
Don't know	4.4	2.1	1.8	2.1	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.9
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	87.5	88.3	92.1	90.1	87.9	87.4	86.7	84.2	88.8

Table 5A.94

Table 5A.94 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	3.3	3.6	2.6	3.8	4.1	6.3	5.0	6.9	3.5
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	9.1	8.1	5.4	6.2	8.1	6.3	8.3	9.0	7.7
Have confidence in the police:									
Strongly agree	11.3	13.8	10.7	12.1	11.6	10.4	9.5	13.8	11.9
Agree	69.2	70.6	71.2	68.6	73.5	75.1	75.4	71.0	70.4
Neither	9.5	8.1	9.3	10.1	9.2	7.5	8.9	9.7	9.1
Disagree	7.0	5.3	5.9	6.9	3.6	5.0	4.1	4.4	5.9
Strongly disagree	1.1	1.0	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.2
Don't know	2.0	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	0.1	1.4
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	80.5	84.4	81.9	80.7	85.1	85.5	84.9	84.8	82.3
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	8.1	6.3	7.5	8.3	4.8	6.2	5.0	5.4	7.1
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	11.5	9.3	10.6	11.0	10.1	8.4	10.2	9.8	10.5

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.95

Table 5A.95 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Police perform job professionally:									
Strongly agree	8.1	12.9	9.0	8.8	11.8	10.3	9.9	11.3	9.9
Agree	69.5	69.8	70.9	67.9	69.0	68.9	69.3	69.0	69.6
Neither	11.4	8.0	9.2	11.2	8.9	9.5	10.1	10.3	9.9
Disagree	6.4	5.6	7.2	8.1	5.6	6.4	5.7	6.2	6.4
Strongly disagree	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.3	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.0
Don't know	3.6	2.7	2.5	2.7	4.2	3.9	3.9	1.9	3.1
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>77.6</i>	<i>82.7</i>	<i>79.9</i>	<i>76.7</i>	<i>80.8</i>	<i>79.2</i>	<i>79.2</i>	<i>80.3</i>	<i>79.5</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>6.5</i>	<i>8.4</i>	<i>9.4</i>	<i>6.2</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>6.9</i>	<i>7.6</i>	<i>7.4</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>10.7</i>	<i>11.7</i>	<i>13.9</i>	<i>13.1</i>	<i>13.4</i>	<i>14.0</i>	<i>12.2</i>	<i>13.0</i>
Police treat people fairly and equally:									
Strongly agree	4.8	6.1	4.9	5.2	6.7	5.2	4.7	5.0	5.3
Agree	53.0	52.8	54.3	50.6	54.1	57.8	54.5	54.7	53.2
Neither	15.5	16.4	14.1	15.6	14.4	12.9	15.3	15.8	15.4
Disagree	17.5	16.4	19.0	19.6	15.8	15.0	16.3	18.5	17.5
Strongly disagree	2.8	2.1	2.9	4.0	1.8	2.5	2.1	3.3	2.7
Don't know	6.3	6.2	4.7	5.0	7.1	6.7	7.1	2.8	5.9
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>57.8</i>	<i>58.9</i>	<i>59.2</i>	<i>55.8</i>	<i>60.8</i>	<i>63.0</i>	<i>59.2</i>	<i>59.7</i>	<i>58.5</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>20.3</i>	<i>18.5</i>	<i>21.9</i>	<i>23.6</i>	<i>17.6</i>	<i>17.5</i>	<i>18.4</i>	<i>21.8</i>	<i>20.2</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>21.8</i>	<i>22.6</i>	<i>18.8</i>	<i>20.6</i>	<i>21.5</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>22.4</i>	<i>18.6</i>	<i>21.3</i>
Most police are honest:									
Strongly agree	6.0	7.1	7.2	7.4	8.8	6.5	6.1	5.5	6.8
Agree	64.4	67.9	66.4	66.2	67.2	67.6	63.9	64.2	66.1
Neither	11.3	10.6	10.1	10.6	10.5	9.9	13.4	13.9	10.8

Table 5A.95

Table 5A.95 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disagree	9.0	7.2	8.2	8.5	6.4	7.6	8.6	9.1	8.1
Strongly disagree	1.8	1.2	1.9	1.4	0.6	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.5
Don't know	7.5	6.1	6.3	6.1	6.6	7.1	7.0	5.8	6.7
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	70.4	75.0	73.6	73.6	76.0	74.1	70.0	69.7	72.9
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	10.8	8.4	10.1	9.9	7.0	9.0	9.6	10.5	9.6
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	18.8	16.7	16.4	16.7	17.1	17.0	20.4	19.7	17.5
Sometimes police have to break the rules:									
Strongly agree	5.9	4.6	4.2	6.4	4.5	4.7	2.5	3.2	5.1
Agree	49.6	46.6	51.3	50.6	51.3	45.4	42.0	46.3	49.1
Neither	10.1	12.0	9.7	10.9	10.4	9.5	12.3	13.0	10.6
Disagree	22.0	22.8	23.3	23.3	22.6	26.2	27.5	23.6	22.8
Strongly disagree	3.5	4.9	5.0	4.8	3.2	5.3	7.7	6.7	4.3
Don't know	9.0	9.1	6.6	4.0	8.1	9.0	8.0	7.2	8.0
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	55.5	51.2	55.5	57.0	55.8	50.1	44.5	49.5	54.2
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	25.5	27.7	28.3	28.1	25.8	31.5	35.2	30.3	27.1
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	19.1	21.1	16.3	14.9	18.5	18.5	20.3	20.2	18.6
There always will be police corruption:									
Strongly agree	15.1	11.9	15.1	15.9	9.7	12.1	12.2	10.4	13.8
Agree	74.1	74.2	76.6	73.8	77.8	76.4	74.3	72.4	74.9
Neither	4.4	4.8	3.0	4.1	4.4	3.7	5.0	7.2	4.2
Disagree	2.9	3.1	2.2	3.3	3.0	3.5	4.3	5.0	2.9
Strongly disagree	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.7	1.2	0.4
Don't know	3.4	5.6	2.7	2.0	4.7	3.9	3.5	3.8	3.8
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	89.2	86.1	91.7	89.7	87.5	88.5	86.5	82.8	88.7

Table 5A.95

Table 5A.95 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	3.1	3.5	2.7	4.2	3.4	3.9	5.0	6.2	3.3
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	7.8	10.4	5.7	6.1	9.1	7.6	8.5	11.0	8.0
Have confidence in the police:									
Strongly agree	8.6	14.1	10.2	10.9	12.0	11.1	8.1	10.1	10.8
Agree	70.3	71.9	72.1	70.2	72.2	70.6	73.6	72.2	71.3
Neither	10.7	7.4	8.5	10.3	7.9	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.2
Disagree	6.8	4.5	6.7	5.8	4.7	6.1	5.9	5.6	5.9
Strongly disagree	1.6	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.2
Don't know	2.0	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.7
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	78.9	86.0	82.3	81.1	84.2	81.7	81.7	82.3	82.1
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	8.4	5.1	7.7	7.1	6.0	7.3	6.9	6.8	7.1
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	12.7	8.9	9.9	11.9	9.8	11.0	11.4	10.9	10.9

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.96

Table 5A.96 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Police perform job professionally:									
Strongly agree	8.5	14.5	10.5	9.5	10.5	10.1	10.7	14.2	10.7
Agree	64.4	63.9	65.2	61.1	69.4	67.0	67.5	61.3	64.6
Neither	16.0	12.2	13.5	18.0	12.4	13.2	13.6	16.5	14.4
Disagree	7.4	6.9	7.1	8.7	4.5	6.2	5.1	6.6	7.0
Strongly disagree	0.9	0.9	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.4	1.1
Don't know	2.8	1.7	1.9	1.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	1.0	2.1
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>72.9</i>	<i>78.4</i>	<i>75.7</i>	<i>70.6</i>	<i>79.9</i>	<i>77.1</i>	<i>78.2</i>	<i>75.5</i>	<i>75.3</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>8.3</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>9.0</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>5.6</i>	<i>7.2</i>	<i>5.8</i>	<i>7.0</i>	<i>8.1</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>18.8</i>	<i>13.9</i>	<i>15.4</i>	<i>19.2</i>	<i>14.6</i>	<i>15.7</i>	<i>16.1</i>	<i>17.5</i>	<i>16.5</i>
Police treat people fairly and equally:									
Strongly agree	4.4	7.7	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.6	8.1	5.5
Agree	50.9	47.4	48.6	43.6	51.7	52.8	48.4	46.6	49.0
Neither	20.0	23.1	19.9	23.8	20.2	19.4	24.7	23.0	21.2
Disagree	18.4	15.0	20.7	20.2	15.4	16.3	15.3	17.5	17.8
Strongly disagree	2.3	2.6	2.8	3.8	2.4	2.1	2.8	3.0	2.6
Don't know	3.9	4.0	3.0	3.3	5.1	4.4	4.2	1.8	3.8
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>55.3</i>	<i>55.1</i>	<i>53.7</i>	<i>48.8</i>	<i>56.8</i>	<i>57.8</i>	<i>53.0</i>	<i>54.7</i>	<i>54.5</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>20.7</i>	<i>17.6</i>	<i>23.5</i>	<i>24.0</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>18.4</i>	<i>18.1</i>	<i>20.5</i>	<i>20.4</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>23.9</i>	<i>27.1</i>	<i>22.9</i>	<i>27.1</i>	<i>25.3</i>	<i>23.8</i>	<i>28.9</i>	<i>24.8</i>	<i>25.0</i>
Most police are honest:									
Strongly agree	6.8	9.0	6.1	8.5	7.0	6.0	6.2	8.8	7.4
Agree	61.7	60.0	62.8	60.2	65.3	64.7	60.0	58.5	61.6
Neither	15.9	16.4	16.1	16.5	14.3	16.1	18.5	20.6	16.1

Table 5A.96

Table 5A.96 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disagree	9.0	9.0	9.4	9.4	7.5	7.6	9.3	8.8	8.9
Strongly disagree	1.4	1.3	2.2	2.5	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.6
Don't know	5.2	4.3	3.3	3.0	4.6	4.1	4.7	2.1	4.3
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	68.5	69.0	68.9	68.7	72.3	70.7	66.2	67.3	69.0
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	10.4	10.3	11.6	11.9	8.8	9.1	10.6	10.1	10.5
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	21.1	20.7	19.4	19.5	18.9	20.2	23.2	22.7	20.4

Sometimes police have to break the rules:

Strongly agree	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Agree	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Neither	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Disagree	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Strongly disagree	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

There always will be police corruption:

Strongly agree	14.5	14.4	17.2	13.8	10.0	9.5	11.8	15.1	14.4
Agree	71.8	71.9	72.0	75.8	74.7	78.3	73.3	68.5	72.7
Neither	5.0	6.0	5.2	4.8	8.0	6.0	7.0	8.6	5.6
Disagree	3.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.4	5.2	4.9	3.4
Strongly disagree	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.7
Don't know	4.3	3.7	2.1	1.9	2.9	2.1	2.0	1.9	3.3
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	86.3	86.3	89.2	89.6	84.7	87.8	85.1	83.6	87.1

Table 5A.96

Table 5A.96 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	4.3	3.9	3.5	3.8	4.3	4.1	5.8	6.0	4.1
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	9.3	9.7	7.3	6.7	10.9	8.1	9.0	10.5	8.9
Have confidence in the police:									
Strongly agree	9.6	14.2	10.5	11.1	10.5	9.3	9.5	12.1	11.1
Agree	66.4	66.4	69.0	66.2	70.4	70.2	68.9	65.2	67.3
Neither	12.7	10.4	10.7	12.1	11.2	12.1	13.8	13.2	11.6
Disagree	8.6	6.6	7.3	7.4	4.8	6.0	5.9	7.5	7.3
Strongly disagree	1.2	1.5	1.6	2.2	1.6	1.3	0.8	1.0	1.5
Don't know	1.6	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	76.0	80.6	79.5	77.3	80.9	79.5	78.4	77.3	78.4
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	9.8	8.1	8.9	9.6	6.4	7.3	6.7	8.5	8.8
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	14.3	11.4	11.5	13.1	12.8	13.2	14.9	14.2	12.8

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

na Not available. - Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.97

Table 5A.97 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1997 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Police perform job professionally:									
Strongly agree	8.3	10.4	11.1	10.1	12.1	10.2	9.5	11.1	9.9
Agree	60.8	63.6	62.1	63.1	66.5	64.7	63.4	62.3	62.6
Neither	17.4	17.1	16.0	16.8	13.6	15.7	17.2	17.9	16.7
Disagree	9.1	5.4	7.5	6.7	4.6	6.3	6.1	5.9	7.1
Strongly disagree	0.8	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.7	1.1	1.0
Don't know	3.5	2.5	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.1	3.0	1.6	2.7
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>69.1</i>	<i>74.0</i>	<i>73.2</i>	<i>73.2</i>	<i>78.6</i>	<i>74.9</i>	<i>72.9</i>	<i>73.4</i>	<i>72.5</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>9.9</i>	<i>6.4</i>	<i>9.0</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>5.6</i>	<i>7.2</i>	<i>6.8</i>	<i>7.0</i>	<i>8.1</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>20.9</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>15.8</i>	<i>17.8</i>	<i>20.2</i>	<i>19.5</i>	<i>19.4</i>
Police treat people fairly and equally:									
Strongly agree	4.7	4.9	6.3	6.2	7.4	6.2	5.1	7.1	5.5
Agree	46.5	46.5	46.3	43.9	50.4	48.8	41.1	41.7	46.5
Neither	21.4	23.9	22.1	23.4	21.5	21.3	28.1	25.3	22.5
Disagree	17.9	17.9	18.6	19.6	13.9	16.1	16.9	19.8	17.8
Strongly disagree	3.5	2.2	3.0	3.6	2.2	3.4	3.2	2.5	3.0
Don't know	5.9	4.6	3.8	3.2	4.7	4.1	5.6	3.5	4.8
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>51.2</i>	<i>51.4</i>	<i>52.6</i>	<i>50.1</i>	<i>57.8</i>	<i>55.0</i>	<i>46.2</i>	<i>48.8</i>	<i>52.0</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>21.4</i>	<i>20.1</i>	<i>21.6</i>	<i>23.2</i>	<i>16.1</i>	<i>19.5</i>	<i>20.1</i>	<i>22.3</i>	<i>20.8</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>27.3</i>	<i>28.5</i>	<i>25.9</i>	<i>26.6</i>	<i>26.2</i>	<i>25.4</i>	<i>33.7</i>	<i>28.8</i>	<i>27.3</i>
Most police are honest:									
Strongly agree	6.4	5.8	8.0	8.5	8.1	7.4	8.4	9.4	7.0
Agree	62.2	63.6	63.5	63.6	65.3	65.3	58.5	60.8	63.2
Neither	13.8	17.5	14.9	15.8	14.9	15.2	19.1	16.8	15.4

Table 5A.97

Table 5A.97 Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1997 (per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Disagree	10.6	8.0	8.4	8.1	5.8	6.4	7.3	7.5	8.7
Strongly disagree	1.6	1.3	2.0	1.4	0.8	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5
Don't know	5.4	3.8	3.4	2.5	5.2	4.0	5.1	3.9	4.3
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	68.6	69.4	71.5	72.1	73.4	72.7	66.9	70.2	70.2
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	12.2	9.3	10.4	9.5	6.6	8.0	8.8	9.0	10.2
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	19.2	21.3	18.3	18.3	20.1	19.2	24.2	20.7	19.7
Sometimes police have to break the rules:									
Strongly agree	3.6	3.9	4.9	4.6	4.6	5.1	3.9	5.6	4.2
Agree	46.4	48.0	47.3	51.0	44.3	47.5	37.2	43.0	47.1
Neither	15.5	18.0	17.1	15.1	19.1	15.8	20.5	20.0	16.8
Disagree	19.7	17.7	20.9	21.0	19.4	20.0	27.1	22.5	19.7
Strongly disagree	5.8	4.5	4.3	3.9	3.5	4.3	6.1	3.3	4.8
Don't know	9.0	7.9	5.4	4.5	9.0	7.2	5.2	5.6	7.5
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	50.0	51.9	52.2	55.6	48.9	52.6	41.1	48.6	51.3
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	25.5	22.2	25.2	24.9	22.9	24.3	33.2	25.8	24.5
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	24.5	25.9	22.5	19.6	28.1	23.0	25.7	25.6	24.3
There always will be police corruption:									
Strongly agree	13.8	11.6	16.9	15.7	10.8	13.0	15.7	12.5	13.8
Agree	70.3	69.8	72.0	71.6	69.4	72.1	67.1	66.8	70.5
Neither	7.0	8.8	5.2	7.2	8.7	7.2	9.2	10.0	7.4
Disagree	4.7	4.4	3.1	3.1	5.6	3.9	4.9	6.1	4.3
Strongly disagree	0.6	1.2	0.8	0.4	1.2	1.0	0.5	1.4	0.9
Don't know	3.5	4.1	1.9	2.0	4.4	2.8	2.5	3.3	3.2
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	84.1	81.4	88.9	87.3	80.2	85.1	82.8	79.3	84.3

Table 5A.97

Table 5A.97 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1997 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	5.3	5.6	3.9	3.5	6.8	4.9	5.4	7.5	5.2
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	10.5	12.9	7.1	9.2	13.1	10.0	11.7	13.3	10.6

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.98

Table 5A.98 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1996 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Police perform job professionally:									
Strongly agree	7.8	12.6	10.0	10.4	14.6	11.5	9.7	10.5	10.4
Agree	61.6	60.7	61.7	59.6	63.5	63.7	63.6	63.2	61.4
Neither	17.6	16.7	18.1	20.0	14.0	14.9	18.1	17.2	17.4
Disagree	8.8	6.5	6.5	7.1	5.0	7.1	5.0	5.9	7.2
Strongly disagree	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.3	8.0	0.8	1.4	1.1
Don't know	3.0	2.5	2.5	1.7	2.5	1.9	2.9	1.8	2.6
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>69.4</i>	<i>73.3</i>	<i>71.7</i>	<i>70.0</i>	<i>78.1</i>	<i>75.2</i>	<i>73.3</i>	<i>73.7</i>	<i>71.8</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>7.5</i>	<i>7.7</i>	<i>8.2</i>	<i>5.3</i>	<i>15.1</i>	<i>5.8</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>8.3</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>20.6</i>	<i>19.2</i>	<i>20.6</i>	<i>21.7</i>	<i>16.5</i>	<i>16.8</i>	<i>21.0</i>	<i>19.0</i>	<i>20.0</i>
Police treat people fairly and equally:									
Strongly agree	4.6	7.3	5.4	6.8	8.2	6.6	4.8	7.6	6.0
Agree	44.8	44.3	45.5	41.1	49.0	50.0	42.5	40.9	44.9
Neither	21.5	24.4	22.9	23.4	22.1	20.7	27.6	25.5	22.8
Disagree	20.0	16.4	17.5	21.5	13.7	16.4	18.2	18.5	18.1
Strongly disagree	3.5	2.9	4.7	3.2	2.3	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.4
Don't know	5.7	4.7	4.0	3.9	4.6	3.6	4.1	4.4	4.8
<i>'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'</i>	<i>49.4</i>	<i>51.6</i>	<i>50.9</i>	<i>47.9</i>	<i>57.2</i>	<i>56.6</i>	<i>47.3</i>	<i>48.5</i>	<i>50.9</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	<i>23.5</i>	<i>19.3</i>	<i>22.2</i>	<i>24.7</i>	<i>16.0</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>21.0</i>	<i>21.6</i>	<i>21.5</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	<i>27.2</i>	<i>29.1</i>	<i>26.9</i>	<i>27.3</i>	<i>26.7</i>	<i>24.3</i>	<i>31.7</i>	<i>29.9</i>	<i>27.6</i>
Most police are honest:									
Strongly agree	6.1	8.6	7.1	8.3	10.7	8.2	6.6	8.7	7.6
Agree	59.1	59.7	62.5	58.3	64.0	64.6	61.2	62.3	60.4
Neither	16.9	18.0	15.6	18.5	14.9	14.2	19.6	17.0	16.9

Table 5A.98

Table 5A.98 Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1996 (per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Disagree	10.0	8.2	9.8	9.5	5.3	7.8	7.8	6.2	8.9
Strongly disagree	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.7	1.3	0.6	1.1	1.7
Don't know	5.9	3.8	3.4	3.8	4.5	3.9	4.1	4.7	4.5
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	65.2	68.3	69.6	66.6	74.7	72.8	67.8	71.0	68.0
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	12.1	9.8	11.4	11.2	6.0	9.1	8.4	7.3	10.6
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	22.8	21.8	19.0	22.3	19.4	18.1	23.7	21.7	21.4
Sometimes police have to break the rules:									
Strongly agree	3.5	5.8	5.2	6.0	5.1	4.2	3.7	6.5	4.8
Agree	46.9	47.0	51.5	52.2	46.5	49.0	39.7	44.3	48.2
Neither	17.1	17.5	15.0	15.5	16.6	18.6	18.8	18.7	16.7
Disagree	19.9	18.5	18.4	16.3	19.5	18.8	24.8	20.1	19.0
Strongly disagree	4.8	4.9	4.0	4.6	4.0	4.0	7.1	5.1	4.6
Don't know	7.8	6.2	5.8	5.5	8.2	5.5	5.9	5.3	6.8
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	50.4	52.8	56.7	58.2	51.6	53.2	43.4	50.8	53.0
'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'	24.7	23.4	22.4	20.9	23.5	22.8	31.9	25.2	23.6
'Neither' or 'Don't know'	24.9	23.7	20.8	21.0	24.8	24.1	24.7	24.0	23.5
There always will be police corruption:									
Strongly agree	17.8	14.5	18.4	17.2	12.4	10.9	14.8	14.4	16.3
Agree	67.7	68.2	70.3	69.7	70.1	73.5	67.8	68.2	68.9
Neither	6.0	8.0	6.1	6.1	7.9	7.8	9.2	8.9	6.8
Disagree	3.9	4.6	2.1	3.8	5.3	4.1	4.1	5.1	3.9
Strongly disagree	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.8	0.5	1.1	1.7	0.5	0.9
Don't know	3.7	3.7	2.6	2.4	3.7	2.7	2.4	2.8	3.3
'Agree' or 'Strongly agree'	85.5	82.7	88.7	86.9	82.5	84.4	82.6	82.6	85.2

Table 5A.98

Table 5A.98 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinion on police, 1996 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Disagree or 'Strongly disagree'</i>	4.8	5.7	2.6	4.6	5.8	5.2	5.8	5.6	4.8
<i>'Neither' or 'Don't know'</i>	9.7	11.7	8.7	8.5	11.6	10.5	11.6	11.7	10.1

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.99

Performance indicators

Community safety and support

Table 5A.99 Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Home alone during day									
Very safe	54.4	56.4	57.8	49.0	53.9	57.5	55.7	58.7	55.1
Safe	41.0	38.4	37.1	44.0	40.3	38.8	39.7	36.7	39.8
Neither	2.2	2.2	2.9	3.0	3.2	1.3	2.9	2.9	2.5
Unsafe	1.8	2.3	1.7	3.6	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.6	2.1
Very unsafe	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4
Not applicable	0.3	–	–	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	–	0.1
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	95.4	94.8	94.9	93.0	94.2	96.3	95.4	95.4	94.9
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	2.1	2.9	2.2	3.9	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.7	2.5
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	2.5	2.2	2.9	3.1	3.4	1.4	2.9	2.9	2.6
Home alone after dark									
Very safe	37.5	39.0	39.7	31.5	37.1	40.4	38.0	41.7	37.8
Safe	47.3	46.3	45.9	47.9	44.6	43.2	48.4	41.6	46.5
Neither	5.3	5.9	6.8	6.9	8.7	7.1	6.5	6.7	6.2
Unsafe	7.1	6.7	5.3	10.3	7.7	7.5	5.7	8.3	7.0
Very unsafe	2.4	1.9	1.9	3.1	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.5	2.1
Not applicable	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	84.8	85.3	85.6	79.4	81.7	83.6	86.4	83.3	84.3
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	9.5	8.6	7.2	13.4	9.2	9.1	6.9	9.8	9.1
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	5.7	6.2	7.1	7.1	9.1	7.3	6.7	6.9	6.5
Walking or jogging locally during day									
Very safe	37.4	40.1	41.1	34.1	36.9	40.0	39.6	37.3	38.5

Table 5A.99

Table 5A.99 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Safe	52.4	50.3	49.1	53.0	52.5	50.6	51.6	51.6	51.3
Neither	3.8	4.0	3.2	5.9	5.1	3.4	5.1	5.0	4.1
Unsafe	3.9	3.5	4.2	4.1	3.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.8
Very unsafe	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	—	0.7	0.5
Not applicable	2.0	1.9	1.7	2.3	1.6	2.9	0.8	2.3	1.9
<i>'Safe' or 'Very safe'</i>	<i>89.8</i>	<i>90.4</i>	<i>90.2</i>	<i>87.1</i>	<i>89.4</i>	<i>90.6</i>	<i>91.2</i>	<i>88.9</i>	<i>89.8</i>
<i>'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'</i>	<i>4.5</i>	<i>3.8</i>	<i>4.8</i>	<i>4.7</i>	<i>3.9</i>	<i>3.1</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>3.7</i>	<i>4.3</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Not applicable'</i>	<i>5.8</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>4.9</i>	<i>8.2</i>	<i>6.7</i>	<i>6.3</i>	<i>5.9</i>	<i>7.3</i>	<i>6.0</i>
Walking or jogging locally after dark									
Very safe	11.7	13.4	14.1	10.8	12.3	15.2	12.4	12.8	12.6
Safe	30.9	30.9	28.8	26.3	28.7	29.7	32.6	28.7	29.9
Neither	13.9	12.5	11.3	12.8	12.6	11.2	12.4	13.2	12.8
Unsafe	26.2	26.6	28.7	28.9	26.1	25.9	29.2	28.2	27.1
Very unsafe	9.5	9.5	9.8	15.2	10.2	9.6	7.9	11.9	10.2
Not applicable	7.7	7.1	7.3	6.1	10.1	8.4	5.5	5.1	7.4
<i>'Safe' or 'Very safe'</i>	<i>42.6</i>	<i>44.3</i>	<i>42.9</i>	<i>37.1</i>	<i>41.0</i>	<i>44.9</i>	<i>45.0</i>	<i>41.5</i>	<i>42.5</i>
<i>'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'</i>	<i>35.7</i>	<i>36.1</i>	<i>38.5</i>	<i>44.1</i>	<i>36.3</i>	<i>35.5</i>	<i>37.1</i>	<i>40.1</i>	<i>37.3</i>
<i>'Neither' or 'Not applicable'</i>	<i>21.6</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>18.6</i>	<i>18.9</i>	<i>22.7</i>	<i>19.6</i>	<i>17.9</i>	<i>18.3</i>	<i>20.2</i>
Travelling on public transport during day (b)									
Very safe	19.1	20.4	25.2	17.2	20.2	17.7	30.7	14.3	20.5
Safe	49.3	46.4	42.9	41.5	42.3	31.0	42.5	30.3	45.4
Neither	6.3	7.3	3.2	8.0	4.7	2.9	2.9	3.0	5.9
Unsafe	4.5	4.3	2.1	5.2	2.3	1.4	0.8	1.1	3.7
Very unsafe	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.8
Not applicable	19.7	21.0	26.2	27.3	29.8	46.8	22.9	51.1	23.7
<i>'Safe' or 'Very safe'</i>	<i>68.4</i>	<i>66.8</i>	<i>68.1</i>	<i>58.7</i>	<i>62.5</i>	<i>48.7</i>	<i>73.2</i>	<i>44.6</i>	<i>65.9</i>

Table 5A.99

Table 5A.99 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'</i>	5.7	4.9	2.5	6.0	2.9	1.7	0.9	1.3	4.5
<i>'Neither' or 'Not applicable'</i>	26.0	28.3	29.4	35.3	34.5	49.7	25.8	54.1	29.6
Travelling on public transport after dark (b)									
Very safe	5.2	5.7	7.4	3.2	4.9	6.0	12.1	6.6	5.7
Safe	18.5	15.9	22.7	11.7	16.3	16.4	27.9	17.9	17.9
Neither	12.7	13.8	11.6	11.9	10.6	8.5	11.8	7.6	12.4
Unsafe	25.0	23.4	17.6	25.0	20.6	10.7	14.3	10.0	22.3
Very unsafe	11.1	13.3	7.3	16.0	8.7	3.6	3.3	2.6	10.9
Not applicable	27.4	27.9	33.4	32.2	38.9	54.8	30.5	55.3	30.9
<i>'Safe' or 'Very safe'</i>	23.7	21.6	30.1	14.9	21.2	22.4	40.0	24.5	23.6
<i>'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'</i>	36.1	36.7	24.9	41.0	29.3	14.3	17.6	12.6	33.2
<i>'Neither' or 'Not applicable'</i>	40.1	41.7	45.0	44.1	49.5	63.3	42.3	62.9	43.3

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) Unlike other jurisdictions, the ACT and the NT do not operate a suburban train network; buses are the primary means of public transportation.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.100

Table 5A.100 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Home alone during day									
Very safe	49.5	56.1	55.8	51.5	52.4	56.9	55.2	60.7	53.1
Safe	44.5	38.8	39.1	39.8	41.6	38.1	40.2	36.7	41.1
Neither	3.0	2.6	2.8	4.6	3.2	2.2	1.9	1.3	3.0
Unsafe	2.3	2.2	2.0	3.7	2.1	2.3	2.2	1.0	2.4
Very unsafe	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3
Not applicable	0.1	0.2	–	0.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	0.1
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	94.0	94.9	94.9	91.3	94.0	95.0	95.4	97.4	94.2
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	2.8	2.3	2.2	3.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.2	2.7
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	3.1	2.8	2.8	4.7	3.4	2.4	1.9	1.4	3.1
Home alone after dark									
Very safe	34.5	37.4	38.9	32.6	33.5	37.1	38.6	40.1	36.0
Safe	48.2	45.9	44.4	45.1	45.9	46.2	46.6	46.2	46.4
Neither	7.5	6.8	6.8	8.9	8.5	6.3	6.8	6.3	7.4
Unsafe	7.5	7.9	8.2	10.2	8.4	8.4	6.6	6.6	8.0
Very unsafe	2.0	1.7	1.4	2.9	2.9	1.8	1.2	0.8	1.9
Not applicable	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.2	–	0.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	82.7	83.3	83.3	77.7	79.4	83.3	85.2	86.3	82.4
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	9.5	9.6	9.6	13.1	11.3	10.2	7.8	7.4	9.9
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	7.8	7.0	7.1	9.2	9.3	6.5	7.0	6.3	7.7
Walking or jogging locally during day									
Very safe	34.1	37.2	37.9	36.1	37.6	40.2	40.2	35.7	36.3
Safe	54.6	51.6	52.1	51.3	52.2	50.9	51.0	54.7	52.7
Neither	4.0	4.6	3.8	5.2	4.6	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.3
Unsafe	4.4	4.5	3.6	5.7	2.6	3.1	3.0	4.0	4.2
Very unsafe	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4

Table 5A.100

Table 5A.100 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not applicable	2.3	1.9	2.0	1.2	2.6	1.8	1.2	1.0	2.1
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	88.7	88.8	90.0	87.4	89.8	91.1	91.2	90.4	89.0
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	4.9	4.7	4.1	6.2	3.0	3.4	3.6	4.4	4.6
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	6.3	6.5	5.8	6.4	7.2	5.5	5.2	5.1	6.4
Walking or jogging locally after dark									
Very safe	12.3	12.4	12.8	12.4	11.8	13.5	12.7	12.7	12.4
Safe	27.6	28.3	28.7	28.7	25.5	26.8	31.4	30.7	28.0
Neither	13.8	12.7	11.3	12.1	13.7	14.3	13.6	14.2	12.9
Unsafe	29.0	30.2	28.8	28.8	28.7	28.9	28.7	28.2	29.2
Very unsafe	9.7	9.5	12.5	13.0	8.4	9.7	8.7	10.4	10.3
Not applicable	7.6	7.0	5.9	5.0	12.0	6.8	5.0	3.9	7.2
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	39.9	40.7	41.5	41.1	37.3	40.3	44.1	43.4	40.4
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	38.7	39.7	41.3	41.8	37.1	38.6	37.4	38.6	39.5
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	21.4	19.7	17.2	17.1	25.7	21.1	18.6	18.1	20.1
Travelling on public transport during day (b)									
Very safe	18.5	21.2	22.9	19.4	21.1	22.2	31.5	13.5	20.5
Safe	51.4	46.2	48.3	45.4	45.3	37.3	43.1	30.2	47.8
Neither	6.6	7.0	4.4	6.5	4.0	2.8	2.5	2.6	5.9
Unsafe	5.1	4.4	2.1	3.5	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.0	3.8
Very unsafe	0.8	1.3	0.3	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.8
Not applicable	17.5	19.9	22.0	24.3	27.7	36.4	21.3	52.4	21.2
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	69.9	67.4	71.2	64.8	66.4	59.5	74.6	43.7	68.3
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	5.9	5.7	2.4	4.3	1.9	1.4	1.6	1.2	4.6
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	24.1	26.9	26.4	30.8	31.7	39.2	23.8	55.0	27.1
Travelling on public transport after dark (b)									
Very safe	4.6	4.2	6.3	4.2	4.9	8.4	12.5	5.7	5.0

Table 5A.100

Table 5A.100 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1999 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Safe	16.7	16.8	20.9	13.4	17.4	19.8	27.4	14.8	17.5
Neither	13.4	11.8	12.9	13.0	12.1	9.7	12.2	7.9	12.6
Unsafe	26.8	28.2	21.5	26.3	20.2	15.0	15.4	11.7	25.1
Very unsafe	13.9	14.4	9.7	13.5	8.2	3.6	3.6	2.3	12.3
Not applicable	24.4	24.6	28.7	29.6	37.1	43.4	28.9	57.5	27.5
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	21.3	21.0	27.2	17.6	22.3	28.2	39.9	20.5	22.5
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	40.7	42.6	31.2	39.8	28.4	18.6	19.0	14.0	37.4
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	37.8	36.4	41.6	42.6	49.2	53.1	41.1	65.4	40.1

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) Unlike other jurisdictions, the ACT and the NT do not operate a suburban train network; buses are the primary means of public transportation.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.101

Table 5A.101 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Home alone during day									
Very safe	46.8	54.4	53.1	42.0	50.6	54.7	57.3	60.9	50.2
Safe	45.9	39.3	40.2	46.4	43.7	40.6	38.3	34.7	42.7
Neither	3.3	3.5	3.3	6.1	3.3	2.0	2.2	2.1	3.6
Unsafe	3.3	2.3	3.0	5.0	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.1	3.0
Very unsafe	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	–	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2
Not applicable	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	–	–	0.2	–	0.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	92.7	93.7	93.3	88.4	94.3	95.3	95.6	95.6	92.9
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	3.5	2.6	3.2	5.2	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.2	3.2
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	3.8	3.7	3.5	6.3	3.3	2.0	2.4	2.1	3.9
Home alone after dark									
Very safe	30.5	36.1	35.4	25.5	32.3	35.3	37.3	40.9	32.8
Safe	48.7	45.0	45.1	47.9	49.4	45.0	48.6	41.9	47.0
Neither	8.0	8.8	8.4	10.4	8.5	8.7	6.2	9.0	8.5
Unsafe	9.9	7.6	8.7	11.1	8.1	8.3	6.7	6.3	8.9
Very unsafe	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.6	1.4	2.5	1.1	1.9	2.2
Not applicable	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.6
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	79.2	81.1	80.5	73.4	81.7	80.3	85.9	82.8	79.8
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	11.9	9.6	10.7	15.7	9.5	10.8	7.8	8.2	11.1
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	8.9	9.2	8.8	10.8	8.8	8.9	6.3	9.0	9.1
Walking or jogging locally during day									
Very safe	31.8	37.4	36.1	29.9	35.2	38.5	40.4	36.4	34.4
Safe	56.3	51.0	52.4	55.9	54.2	50.9	49.2	52.0	53.7
Neither	4.1	4.6	4.2	6.6	4.6	4.4	5.3	5.2	4.5
Unsafe	5.3	4.4	4.2	5.4	3.9	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.7
Very unsafe	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4

Table 5A.101

Table 5A.101 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not applicable	2.3	2.2	2.7	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.1	2.2	2.2
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	88.1	88.4	88.5	85.8	89.4	89.4	89.6	88.4	88.1
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	5.5	4.9	4.7	6.3	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.3	5.1
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	6.4	6.8	6.9	7.9	6.5	6.3	6.4	7.4	6.7
Walking or jogging locally after dark									
Very safe	10.0	12.8	13.4	10.0	10.4	11.9	13.1	11.1	11.5
Safe	26.4	26.9	24.7	22.4	29.8	29.2	26.7	29.0	26.2
Neither	13.0	12.5	13.3	12.9	13.0	12.0	15.3	13.7	12.9
Unsafe	31.2	31.2	30.7	34.5	28.7	29.0	30.0	31.7	31.2
Very unsafe	11.2	9.2	11.2	15.4	10.1	9.0	9.2	10.4	10.9
Not applicable	8.3	7.3	6.8	4.8	8.1	8.9	5.6	4.1	7.4
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	36.4	39.7	38.1	32.4	40.2	41.1	39.8	40.1	37.7
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	42.4	40.4	41.9	49.9	38.8	38.0	39.2	42.1	42.1
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	21.3	19.8	20.1	17.7	21.1	20.9	20.9	17.8	20.3
Travelling on public transport during day (b)									
Very safe	15.4	21.3	23.7	15.7	20.2	21.1	30.8	15.4	19.2
Safe	49.0	47.9	46.8	47.8	44.0	36.5	42.6	32.3	47.3
Neither	7.0	6.1	3.6	6.7	4.6	2.2	2.5	3.3	5.7
Unsafe	5.6	5.0	2.0	4.2	2.1	0.9	0.7	0.9	4.1
Very unsafe	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7
Not applicable	22.1	18.9	23.2	24.9	28.6	39.0	23.2	47.9	22.9
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	64.4	69.2	70.5	63.5	64.2	57.6	73.4	47.7	66.5
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	6.6	5.8	2.6	4.8	2.5	1.2	0.9	1.0	4.8
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	29.1	25.0	26.8	31.6	33.2	41.2	25.7	51.2	28.6
Travelling on public transport after dark (b)									
Very safe	2.5	4.7	6.9	4.0	4.5	6.6	9.6	6.5	4.4

Table 5A.101

Table 5A.101 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1998 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Safe	14.9	15.4	21.0	10.5	16.7	18.1	26.9	19.5	16.2
Neither	10.8	10.6	10.1	10.6	10.7	8.4	13.2	9.1	10.6
Unsafe	27.5	30.1	24.5	28.7	21.1	14.4	17.9	10.7	26.6
Very unsafe	14.9	14.3	8.8	15.8	9.0	3.8	3.4	2.2	12.7
Not applicable	29.4	25.0	28.7	30.4	38.0	48.7	28.9	51.9	29.6
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	17.4	20.1	27.9	14.5	21.2	24.7	36.5	26.0	20.6
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	42.4	44.4	33.3	44.5	30.1	18.2	21.3	12.9	39.3
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	40.2	35.6	38.8	41.0	48.7	57.1	42.1	61.0	40.2

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) Unlike other jurisdictions, the ACT and the NT do not operate a suburban train network; buses are the primary means of public transportation.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.102

Table 5A.102 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1997 (per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Home alone during day									
Very safe	45.6	53.8	54.2	47.6	52.8	55.0	59.5	54.8	50.5
Safe	47.0	40.7	38.2	43.5	42.4	39.6	35.3	38.4	42.7
Neither	3.0	3.3	3.6	4.1	2.9	2.3	2.9	3.1	3.3
Unsafe	3.9	1.7	2.9	4.2	1.6	2.7	2.0	2.5	2.9
Very unsafe	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.3
Not applicable	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	–	0.3	0.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	92.6	94.5	92.4	91.1	95.2	94.6	94.8	93.2	93.2
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	4.1	1.9	3.5	4.5	1.8	2.9	2.3	3.3	3.2
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.4	3.1	2.5	2.9	3.4	3.6
Home alone after dark									
Very safe	29.7	35.8	33.4	27.5	34.2	35.4	38.6	34.1	32.4
Safe	47.9	45.1	45.8	46.8	47.3	44.1	44.2	46.7	46.5
Neither	8.6	8.2	8.2	9.9	8.6	7.4	8.9	7.6	8.5
Unsafe	9.8	8.9	9.8	11.1	7.6	10.0	6.6	8.2	9.5
Very unsafe	3.0	1.6	2.2	3.9	1.9	2.8	1.4	3.0	2.5
Not applicable	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	77.6	80.9	79.2	74.3	81.5	79.5	82.8	80.8	78.9
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	12.8	10.5	12.0	15.0	9.5	12.8	8.0	11.2	12.0
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	9.5	8.6	8.8	10.7	9.0	7.7	9.2	7.9	9.1
Walking or jogging locally during day									
Very safe	32.0	35.1	37.0	33.7	34.5	39.1	42.7	37.2	34.4
Safe	56.1	52.8	51.3	53.1	55.6	51.9	46.9	51.9	53.8
Neither	4.7	4.7	4.9	6.9	4.3	3.7	5.7	4.4	4.9
Unsafe	4.7	4.4	3.3	4.1	3.2	3.1	3.4	4.7	4.1
Very unsafe	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.5

Table 5A.102

Table 5A.102 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1997 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not applicable	2.3	2.5	2.5	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.4	2.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	88.1	87.9	88.3	86.8	90.1	91.0	89.6	89.1	88.2
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	5.0	4.8	4.3	4.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	5.1	4.6
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	7.0	7.2	7.4	8.6	6.4	5.4	6.7	5.8	7.2
Walking or jogging locally after dark									
Very safe	10.2	11.6	11.4	10.9	11.6	13.3	12.3	11.1	11.1
Safe	26.8	25.7	27.5	26.8	28.5	28.9	30.0	31.7	26.9
Neither	12.7	14.7	11.9	11.7	12.9	11.6	16.8	12.3	13.0
Unsafe	31.7	28.3	31.5	31.7	28.5	29.8	26.3	30.5	30.4
Very unsafe	11.9	12.1	11.7	14.6	10.6	9.8	9.4	10.3	12.0
Not applicable	6.6	7.6	6.0	4.4	7.8	6.7	5.2	4.1	6.6
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	37.0	37.3	38.9	37.7	40.1	42.2	42.3	42.8	38.0
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	43.6	40.4	43.2	46.3	39.1	39.6	35.7	40.8	42.4
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	19.3	22.3	17.9	16.1	20.7	18.3	22.0	16.4	19.6
Travelling on public transport during day (b)									
Very safe	17.1	21.3	24.5	18.4	21.3	22.9	39.1	20.2	20.5
Safe	50.6	51.5	44.0	47.9	47.2	40.4	39.7	38.6	48.6
Neither	5.2	6.5	3.5	8.4	3.8	3.2	3.6	3.8	5.3
Unsafe	5.2	3.8	1.9	4.4	1.7	1.6	1.0	1.0	3.7
Very unsafe	0.8	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	–	0.7
Not applicable	21.2	16.4	25.2	19.9	25.5	31.8	16.5	36.3	21.2
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	67.7	72.8	68.5	66.3	68.5	63.3	78.8	58.8	69.1
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	6.0	4.3	2.8	5.4	2.1	1.7	1.2	1.0	4.4
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	26.4	22.9	28.7	28.3	29.3	35.0	20.1	40.1	26.5
Travelling on public transport after dark (b)									
Very safe	3.8	5.4	5.6	4.3	5.2	9.1	11.9	7.8	5.0

Table 5A.102

Table 5A.102 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1997 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Safe	17.9	18.0	19.3	14.2	19.7	18.9	30.1	25.0	18.2
Neither	10.1	13.0	12.2	14.7	11.6	9.2	14.5	9.2	11.8
Unsafe	26.5	26.7	21.7	25.7	22.2	16.8	15.6	14.0	24.8
Very unsafe	14.7	15.1	9.9	16.4	8.3	5.4	4.0	2.6	13.1
Not applicable	27.0	21.6	31.3	24.8	33.1	40.5	23.9	41.3	27.1
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	21.7	23.4	24.9	18.5	24.9	28.0	42.0	32.8	23.2
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	41.2	41.8	31.6	42.1	30.5	22.2	19.6	16.6	37.9
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	37.1	34.6	43.5	39.5	44.7	49.7	38.4	50.5	38.9

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) Unlike other jurisdictions, the ACT and the NT do not operate a suburban train network; buses are the primary means of public transportation.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.103

Table 5A.103 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1996 (per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Home alone during day									
Very safe	48.2	52.6	49.7	48.2	50.8	55.1	59.6	57.7	50.2
Safe	45.4	40.6	43.7	43.7	42.9	41.4	36.2	37.7	43.2
Neither	2.9	3.5	4.1	4.6	3.0	1.6	2.3	2.6	3.4
Unsafe	3.0	2.4	1.9	2.6	2.5	1.8	1.4	1.5	2.5
Very unsafe	0.1	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3
Not applicable	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.1	–	0.3	0.3
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	93.6	93.2	93.4	91.9	93.7	96.5	95.8	95.4	93.4
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	3.1	2.9	2.3	3.3	2.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.8
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.8	3.4	1.7	2.3	2.9	3.7
Home alone after dark									
Very safe	31.7	35.0	31.3	30.2	32.9	35.3	37.4	39.1	32.6
Safe	49.3	44.8	48.8	46.9	47.2	46.2	47.3	43.0	47.5
Neither	8.2	8.7	9.1	9.8	8.4	7.9	7.9	9.4	8.7
Unsafe	8.1	8.0	8.1	10.4	8.5	8.5	5.7	7.3	8.3
Very unsafe	2.2	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.1	2.4
Not applicable	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	81.0	79.8	80.1	77.1	80.1	81.5	84.7	82.1	80.1
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	10.3	10.6	10.6	12.8	10.7	10.5	7.2	8.4	10.7
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	8.7	9.5	9.3	10.2	9.2	8.0	8.1	9.6	9.2
Walking or jogging locally during day									
Very safe	33.2	36.8	33.5	33.5	37.9	36.9	42.6	40.6	34.9
Safe	55.9	52.1	54.4	54.8	51.0	53.9	48.1	49.9	53.9
Neither	4.2	4.2	4.6	5.3	5.0	3.7	4.4	4.4	4.4
Unsafe	3.8	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.0	2.8	3.4	2.4	4.1
Very unsafe	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6

Table 5A.103

Table 5A.103 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1996 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not applicable	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.0	1.7	2.3	1.0	2.3	2.0
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	89.1	88.9	87.9	88.3	88.9	90.8	90.7	90.5	88.8
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	4.4	4.8	5.6	5.3	4.4	3.2	3.8	2.8	4.7
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	6.5	6.2	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.0	5.4	6.7	6.4
Walking or jogging locally after dark									
Very safe	11.3	11.4	10.7	11.7	12.1	13.0	11.1	10.2	11.3
Safe	27.7	27.6	28.7	28.0	25.4	29.2	30.9	30.1	27.8
Neither	13.6	13.7	12.3	12.4	13.5	14.5	15.9	17.0	13.4
Unsafe	30.9	29.1	30.7	30.9	29.8	27.6	28.2	28.6	30.2
Very unsafe	10.4	12.9	12.3	14.5	11.9	9.1	9.0	9.8	11.8
Not applicable	6.0	5.3	5.3	2.5	7.3	6.5	5.0	4.3	5.5
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	39.0	39.0	39.4	39.7	37.5	42.2	42.0	40.3	39.1
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	41.3	42.0	43.0	45.4	41.7	36.7	37.2	38.4	42.0
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	19.6	19.0	17.6	14.9	20.8	21.0	20.9	21.3	18.9
Travelling on public transport during day (b)									
Very safe	22.0	23.7	23.1	23.9	25.6	24.7	40.5	25.7	23.5
Safe	52.9	54.0	50.7	50.6	49.6	48.0	43.9	34.6	51.9
Neither	5.3	6.4	4.6	6.8	4.4	5.1	2.6	4.9	5.5
Unsafe	4.6	4.4	1.9	3.8	1.7	1.6	0.5	0.9	3.6
Very unsafe	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.8
Not applicable	14.0	11.0	19.1	14.1	18.4	20.3	12.4	33.9	14.8
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	74.9	77.7	73.8	74.5	75.2	72.7	84.4	60.3	75.4
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	5.8	4.9	2.5	4.6	2.0	1.8	0.7	1.0	4.4
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	19.3	17.4	23.7	20.9	22.8	25.4	15.0	38.8	20.3
Travelling on public transport after dark (b)									
Very safe	5.0	6.0	5.9	4.9	6.6	9.9	13.2	10.0	5.8

Table 5A.103

Table 5A.103 **Feelings of safety among persons aged 18 years and over, 1996 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Safe	18.3	19.3	21.8	16.4	19.2	25.5	31.4	22.3	19.5
Neither	12.4	13.8	15.0	13.1	13.2	13.9	14.3	12.1	13.4
Unsafe	29.7	28.2	23.5	29.6	22.6	17.9	17.9	12.4	27.0
Very unsafe	15.4	17.4	9.4	15.8	12.3	4.2	4.2	4.7	14.1
Not applicable	19.2	15.3	24.4	20.2	26.0	28.5	19.0	38.4	20.2
'Safe' or 'Very safe'	23.3	25.3	27.7	21.3	25.8	35.4	44.6	32.3	25.3
'Unsafe or 'Very unsafe'	45.1	45.6	32.9	45.4	34.9	22.1	22.1	17.1	41.1
'Neither' or 'Not applicable'	31.6	29.1	39.4	33.3	39.2	42.4	33.3	50.5	33.6

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

(b) Unlike other jurisdictions, the ACT and the NT do not operate a suburban train network; buses are the primary means of public transportation.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.104

Table 5A.104 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 2000
(per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Housebreaking									
Major problem	19.2	17.5	18.9	22.4	15.9	17.4	23.2	23.5	18.8
Somewhat a problem	43.4	48.5	42.1	46.7	48.8	44.1	52.4	41.4	45.3
Not a problem	34.3	29.4	34.5	26.6	31.4	35.0	19.9	32.1	31.9
Don't know	3.1	4.7	4.5	4.2	3.9	3.5	4.5	3.0	4.0
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>somewhat of a problem</i> '	62.6	66.0	61.0	69.1	64.7	61.5	75.6	64.9	64.1
Motor vehicle theft									
Major problem	16.4	15.6	11.5	15.0	15.2	14.8	15.2	14.0	15.0
Somewhat a problem	35.3	41.4	34.0	38.7	40.4	35.5	43.2	36.1	37.5
Not a problem	42.5	36.5	47.0	40.4	38.4	45.1	34.2	45.1	41.2
Don't know	5.8	6.5	7.4	5.9	6.0	4.6	7.5	4.8	6.3
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>somewhat of a problem</i> '	51.7	57.0	45.5	53.7	55.6	50.3	58.4	50.1	52.5
Family violence									
Major problem	28.3	27.7	31.1	31.7	35.4	28.7	27.3	42.5	29.6
Somewhat a problem	47.4	52.0	50.9	51.8	50.0	49.7	59.0	45.5	50.1
Not a problem	12.5	11.6	9.9	10.1	7.5	9.2	6.3	7.3	11.0
Don't know	11.8	8.8	8.1	6.5	7.0	12.4	7.4	4.7	9.4
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>somewhat of a problem</i> '	75.7	79.7	82.0	83.5	85.4	78.4	86.3	88.0	79.7
Sexual assault									
Major problem	27.9	36.3	34.6	41.4	37.1	28.7	28.0	38.6	33.4
Somewhat a problem	44.6	43.5	44.9	43.3	46.0	46.6	57.8	46.5	44.7
Not a problem	13.7	10.7	10.9	9.1	8.1	12.1	5.7	7.6	11.3
Don't know	13.8	9.5	9.7	6.2	8.8	12.6	8.5	7.3	10.7
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>somewhat of a problem</i> '	72.5	79.8	79.5	84.7	83.1	75.3	85.8	85.1	78.1
Other physical assault									

Table 5A.104

Table 5A.104 Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 2000 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Major problem	32.3	34.7	33.9	48.5	39.8	33.7	30.7	40.9	35.4
Somewhat a problem	48.1	48.1	49.5	40.4	47.3	48.3	57.2	49.2	47.7
Not a problem	11.5	10.0	10.4	7.8	7.1	10.3	5.3	6.9	10.1
Don't know	8.1	7.3	6.2	3.2	5.7	7.8	6.9	3.1	6.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>80.4</i>	<i>82.8</i>	<i>83.4</i>	<i>88.9</i>	<i>87.1</i>	<i>82.0</i>	<i>87.9</i>	<i>90.1</i>	<i>83.1</i>
Graffiti or other vandalism									
Major problem	16.0	10.8	11.4	13.8	14.9	6.8	9.4	10.7	13.2
Somewhat a problem	32.3	37.3	32.1	37.4	39.7	28.5	43.2	28.7	34.7
Not a problem	50.0	50.3	55.2	47.4	43.9	63.2	45.3	60.0	50.6
Don't know	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	2.1	0.6	1.6
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>48.3</i>	<i>48.1</i>	<i>43.5</i>	<i>51.2</i>	<i>54.6</i>	<i>35.3</i>	<i>52.6</i>	<i>39.4</i>	<i>47.9</i>
Louts or gangs									
Major problem	11.5	7.4	6.3	8.1	7.3	8.3	5.8	11.5	8.7
Somewhat a problem	27.8	25.5	25.2	26.2	27.8	22.3	27.6	26.3	26.4
Not a problem	59.1	64.3	66.3	63.6	62.8	67.5	63.3	61.0	62.7
Don't know	1.6	2.8	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.9	3.3	1.2	2.1
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>39.3</i>	<i>32.9</i>	<i>31.5</i>	<i>34.3</i>	<i>35.1</i>	<i>30.6</i>	<i>33.4</i>	<i>37.8</i>	<i>35.1</i>
Drunken or disorderly behaviour									
Major problem	8.9	6.2	5.6	6.7	5.3	5.6	4.6	20.0	7.0
Somewhat a problem	28.0	24.3	24.8	24.6	24.2	23.0	26.5	29.9	25.7
Not a problem	61.0	66.9	67.9	66.9	68.5	69.6	66.7	49.5	65.1
Don't know	2.2	2.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.2	0.6	2.1
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>36.9</i>	<i>30.5</i>	<i>30.4</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>28.6</i>	<i>31.1</i>	<i>49.9</i>	<i>32.7</i>
Illegal drugs									
Major problem	68.3	75.6	67.0	75.0	68.4	61.8	71.4	55.4	70.4

Table 5A.104

Table 5A.104 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 2000**
(per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Somewhat a problem	19.3	15.7	23.6	18.7	24.5	26.5	22.3	34.3	19.9
Not a problem	7.1	4.6	5.7	3.9	3.2	4.8	3.1	6.9	5.5
Don't know	5.3	4.1	3.7	2.4	3.9	6.9	3.2	3.4	4.3
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>87.6</i>	<i>91.3</i>	<i>90.6</i>	<i>93.7</i>	<i>92.9</i>	<i>88.3</i>	<i>93.7</i>	<i>89.7</i>	<i>90.3</i>

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.105

Table 5A.105 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1999
(per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Housebreaking									
Major problem	20.6	16.2	16.2	21.0	18.2	19.7	17.0	21.5	18.4
Somewhat a problem	42.6	45.8	40.6	43.7	46.8	43.7	46.8	41.6	43.6
Not a problem	31.0	31.2	37.7	31.4	29.7	32.0	29.2	32.9	32.2
Don't know	5.9	6.8	5.6	4.0	5.3	4.6	7.0	4.1	5.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	63.2	62.0	56.8	64.7	65.0	63.4	63.8	63.1	62.0
Motor vehicle theft									
Major problem	17.7	15.1	10.7	15.4	14.6	13.1	9.9	12.2	15.0
Somewhat a problem	34.9	40.0	29.6	34.7	37.7	33.0	36.4	34.4	35.4
Not a problem	38.9	35.8	49.8	40.6	37.4	45.1	40.8	45.7	40.4
Don't know	8.5	9.1	9.9	9.3	10.2	8.8	12.9	7.8	9.2
<i>'Major problem' or 'somewhat of a problem'</i>	52.6	55.1	40.3	50.1	52.3	46.1	46.3	46.6	50.4
Family violence									
Major problem	31.3	31.6	34.1	30.5	32.2	27.1	27.9	46.7	31.9
Somewhat a problem	45.7	48.8	48.9	52.7	49.0	51.1	55.7	45.1	48.3
Not a problem	11.2	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.6	9.0	6.2	3.7	8.9
Don't know	11.8	11.8	9.0	8.9	11.1	12.8	10.1	4.5	10.9
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	77.0	80.4	83.0	83.2	81.2	78.2	83.6	91.8	80.2
Sexual assault									
Major problem	32.4	39.7	39.3	39.6	35.1	30.1	28.5	46.3	36.4
Somewhat a problem	44.6	42.8	43.6	46.5	43.4	47.9	55.7	43.7	44.3
Not a problem	11.3	7.1	8.4	6.9	7.9	10.5	5.6	5.6	8.9
Don't know	11.8	10.3	8.7	7.0	13.6	11.5	10.2	4.4	10.4
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	77.0	82.5	82.9	86.1	78.5	78.0	84.2	90.0	80.7
Other physical assault									

Table 5A.105

Table 5A.105 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1999**
(per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Major problem	35.2	35.8	37.5	45.6	37.1	31.9	30.0	45.5	36.8
Somewhat a problem	46.2	47.9	47.0	43.8	47.1	50.4	56.4	45.5	46.9
Not a problem	10.0	7.5	9.3	5.9	7.6	9.6	6.2	5.5	8.5
Don't know	8.6	8.8	6.2	4.7	8.2	8.1	7.4	3.5	7.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>81.4</i>	<i>83.7</i>	<i>84.5</i>	<i>89.4</i>	<i>84.2</i>	<i>82.3</i>	<i>86.4</i>	<i>91.0</i>	<i>83.7</i>
Graffiti or other vandalism									
Major problem	12.7	8.0	9.7	13.7	13.4	7.6	8.6	7.1	10.9
Somewhat a problem	30.8	32.9	28.2	34.4	37.4	25.3	36.9	29.0	31.7
Not a problem	53.7	56.0	58.9	50.5	47.1	63.6	51.5	61.7	54.7
Don't know	2.8	3.1	3.2	1.4	2.0	3.5	3.0	2.2	2.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>43.5</i>	<i>40.9</i>	<i>37.9</i>	<i>48.1</i>	<i>50.8</i>	<i>32.9</i>	<i>45.5</i>	<i>36.1</i>	<i>42.6</i>
Louts or gangs									
Major problem	11.7	5.2	7.1	6.4	7.2	5.9	5.0	8.6	8.1
Somewhat a problem	25.5	19.8	22.7	24.9	22.8	21.9	22.8	24.6	23.1
Not a problem	59.0	70.2	66.3	65.5	66.4	69.0	67.6	63.8	64.8
Don't know	3.9	4.8	4.0	3.2	3.6	3.2	4.6	3.0	4.0
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>37.2</i>	<i>25.0</i>	<i>29.8</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>30.0</i>	<i>27.8</i>	<i>27.8</i>	<i>33.2</i>	<i>31.2</i>
Drunken or disorderly behaviour									
Major problem	9.9	4.9	5.4	5.3	4.2	5.2	3.4	16.8	6.7
Somewhat a problem	26.4	19.8	21.3	22.5	19.0	21.7	19.8	30.3	22.6
Not a problem	60.4	71.4	69.0	68.8	72.9	69.4	72.7	51.1	66.9
Don't know	3.4	4.0	4.4	3.4	4.0	3.7	4.1	1.8	3.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>36.3</i>	<i>24.7</i>	<i>26.7</i>	<i>27.8</i>	<i>23.2</i>	<i>26.9</i>	<i>23.2</i>	<i>47.1</i>	<i>29.3</i>
Illegal drugs									
Major problem	71.0	77.3	68.9	72.9	67.6	64.1	72.1	50.5	71.8

Table 5A.105

Table 5A.105 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1999
(per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Somewhat a problem	17.9	16.0	22.5	20.7	22.8	26.6	21.2	39.2	19.3
Not a problem	6.0	2.7	4.9	3.5	3.7	5.5	2.7	5.7	4.5
Don't know	5.2	4.0	3.7	2.9	5.9	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.4
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>88.9</i>	<i>93.3</i>	<i>91.4</i>	<i>93.6</i>	<i>90.4</i>	<i>90.7</i>	<i>93.3</i>	<i>89.7</i>	<i>91.1</i>

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.106

Table 5A.106 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1998**
(per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Housebreaking									
Major problem	22.0	17.6	19.7	28.5	15.0	21.7	15.2	24.3	20.4
Somewhat a problem	42.4	44.2	42.1	44.7	47.0	43.8	47.5	40.9	43.5
Not a problem	31.3	33.0	33.7	23.3	33.1	31.5	31.8	32.3	31.6
Don't know	4.3	5.2	4.5	3.5	4.8	3.1	5.5	2.5	4.5
'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'	64.4	61.8	61.8	73.2	62.0	65.5	62.7	65.2	63.9
Motor vehicle theft									
Major problem	18.5	14.4	11.7	20.1	11.5	13.4	8.2	13.9	15.5
Somewhat a problem	34.0	42.2	32.3	39.2	38.5	35.6	37.2	38.6	36.7
Not a problem	40.4	36.9	48.3	34.2	42.1	45.4	45.3	42.3	40.7
Don't know	7.1	6.6	7.7	6.5	7.9	5.6	9.3	5.1	7.1
'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'	52.5	56.6	44.0	59.3	50.0	49.0	45.4	52.5	52.2
Family violence									
Major problem	30.3	35.8	41.5	35.3	33.8	32.9	34.9	44.7	34.7
Somewhat a problem	47.3	48.6	45.8	50.1	47.4	49.2	53.5	46.1	47.8
Not a problem	12.0	7.8	7.5	8.1	8.9	9.1	5.5	5.6	9.3
Don't know	10.4	7.9	5.2	6.5	9.8	8.8	6.0	3.6	8.2
'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'	77.6	84.4	87.3	85.4	81.2	82.1	88.4	90.8	82.5
Sexual assault									
Major problem	33.3	44.9	47.0	45.4	37.0	31.6	36.8	47.1	40.3
Somewhat a problem	41.8	40.1	41.4	42.1	41.8	48.3	50.9	40.9	41.6
Not a problem	12.6	7.6	7.0	7.7	10.8	10.7	5.7	7.8	9.5
Don't know	12.3	7.4	4.6	4.8	10.5	9.4	6.5	4.3	8.6
'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'	75.1	85.0	88.4	87.5	78.8	79.9	87.7	88.0	81.9
Other physical assault									

Table 5A.106

Table 5A.106 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1998**
(per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Major problem	36.6	41.6	42.3	52.1	36.9	34.8	35.5	47.7	40.4
Somewhat a problem	44.6	44.6	46.6	38.2	45.5	47.3	52.0	41.8	44.6
Not a problem	11.1	7.4	7.0	6.8	8.9	10.3	6.4	7.1	8.7
Don't know	7.7	6.4	4.1	2.9	8.7	7.7	6.2	3.4	6.3
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>81.2</i>	<i>86.2</i>	<i>88.9</i>	<i>90.3</i>	<i>82.4</i>	<i>82.1</i>	<i>87.5</i>	<i>89.5</i>	<i>85.0</i>
Graffiti or other vandalism									
Major problem	12.8	11.3	12.1	17.9	12.9	8.3	10.9	8.7	12.6
Somewhat a problem	35.6	33.8	28.1	37.5	37.2	25.2	36.6	32.5	33.8
Not a problem	49.4	52.7	58.4	43.3	47.3	64.9	50.3	57.7	51.6
Don't know	2.3	2.2	1.3	1.2	2.5	1.6	2.2	1.2	2.0
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>48.4</i>	<i>45.1</i>	<i>40.2</i>	<i>55.4</i>	<i>50.1</i>	<i>33.5</i>	<i>47.5</i>	<i>41.2</i>	<i>46.4</i>
Louts or gangs									
Major problem	11.9	6.9	8.4	10.0	6.9	6.1	6.0	10.0	9.1
Somewhat a problem	30.3	25.7	25.0	26.8	25.1	24.4	23.0	24.6	27.1
Not a problem	54.5	64.5	64.9	60.0	65.0	67.8	67.2	64.1	60.9
Don't know	3.3	2.9	1.7	3.1	3.1	1.8	3.8	1.4	2.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>42.2</i>	<i>32.6</i>	<i>33.4</i>	<i>36.8</i>	<i>32.0</i>	<i>30.5</i>	<i>29.0</i>	<i>34.6</i>	<i>36.2</i>
Drunken or disorderly behaviour									
Major problem	8.4	5.3	5.7	8.8	4.1	5.0	4.5	17.4	6.7
Somewhat a problem	27.4	24.7	23.6	24.4	22.9	22.4	18.8	29.1	25.1
Not a problem	61.2	66.8	68.6	63.7	69.9	70.4	73.2	53.1	65.3
Don't know	3.0	3.2	2.2	3.1	3.1	2.2	3.4	0.4	2.9
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>35.8</i>	<i>30.0</i>	<i>29.3</i>	<i>33.2</i>	<i>27.0</i>	<i>27.4</i>	<i>23.3</i>	<i>46.5</i>	<i>31.8</i>
Illegal drugs									
Major problem	66.1	72.0	68.3	72.7	63.0	60.8	69.1	56.9	68.2

Table 5A.106

Table 5A.106 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1998**
(per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Somewhat a problem	20.4	19.4	22.6	19.8	26.6	27.9	24.6	32.4	21.3
Not a problem	6.7	4.0	4.8	4.7	5.0	6.3	3.8	6.4	5.3
Don't know	6.9	4.6	4.3	2.8	5.4	5.0	2.6	4.2	5.2
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>86.5</i>	<i>91.4</i>	<i>90.9</i>	<i>92.5</i>	<i>89.6</i>	<i>88.7</i>	<i>93.7</i>	<i>89.3</i>	<i>89.5</i>

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.107

Table 5A.107 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1997
(per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Housebreaking									
Major problem	18.2	16.7	19.4	25.7	15.8	25.6	12.7	24.6	18.7
Somewhat a problem	44.2	43.4	39.5	41.1	48.0	41.1	49.4	43.1	43.2
Not a problem	31.3	33.6	35.5	28.4	31.4	29.4	32.1	28.6	32.3
Don't know	6.3	6.4	5.5	4.8	4.8	3.9	5.8	3.6	5.8
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>Somewhat of a problem</i> '	62.4	60.1	58.9	66.8	63.8	66.7	62.1	67.7	61.9
Motor vehicle theft									
Major problem	14.1	15.0	11.8	17.6	11.9	15.9	7.5	16.6	14.0
Somewhat a problem	35.0	38.9	30.9	33.3	35.2	33.2	33.9	40.2	35.0
Not a problem	42.6	36.7	48.7	40.1	43.3	44.4	47.3	36.3	42.1
Don't know	8.2	9.3	8.6	9.0	9.7	6.5	11.3	6.9	8.8
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>Somewhat of a problem</i> '	49.1	53.9	42.7	50.9	47.1	49.1	41.4	56.8	49.0
Family violence									
Major problem	4.1	3.5	4.5	3.0	3.6	3.1	2.6	8.3	3.8
Somewhat a problem	12.5	11.5	14.4	10.8	11.6	10.1	14.6	20.2	12.4
Not a problem	62.0	65.4	67.7	69.5	65.4	68.0	62.7	60.4	65.0
Don't know	21.4	19.6	13.3	16.7	19.5	18.8	20.1	11.1	18.7
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>Somewhat of a problem</i> '	16.6	15.0	18.9	13.8	15.2	13.2	17.2	28.5	16.2
Sexual assault									
Major problem	3.0	3.8	3.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.7	5.0	3.1
Somewhat a problem	11.0	12.6	10.7	9.1	8.3	6.8	11.1	17.5	10.9
Not a problem	59.6	62.3	69.1	69.0	66.5	70.4	64.4	61.0	63.8
Don't know	26.4	21.4	17.0	19.6	23.1	20.8	22.8	16.6	22.2
' <i>Major problem</i> ' or ' <i>Somewhat of a problem</i> '	14.0	16.4	13.9	11.3	10.5	8.8	12.8	22.5	14.0

Other physical assault

Table 5A.107

Table 5A.107 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1997**
(per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Major problem	4.8	4.0	5.2	3.6	4.0	2.6	2.7	7.2	4.4
Somewhat a problem	20.2	19.1	14.8	17.4	15.0	13.3	18.3	22.3	18.0
Not a problem	57.1	60.1	65.9	64.1	63.9	67.6	60.1	59.2	61.0
Don't know	17.9	16.9	14.1	14.9	17.1	16.5	19.0	11.3	16.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>25.0</i>	<i>23.1</i>	<i>20.0</i>	<i>21.0</i>	<i>19.0</i>	<i>15.9</i>	<i>21.0</i>	<i>29.5</i>	<i>22.4</i>
Graffiti or other vandalism									
Major problem	10.9	9.7	10.0	12.8	14.4	7.5	15.2	12.3	10.9
Somewhat a problem	33.1	33.1	27.9	36.6	39.9	27.0	43.8	36.0	33.1
Not a problem	52.5	54.1	58.5	48.5	43.9	62.9	39.1	49.5	53.0
Don't know	3.6	3.0	3.6	2.1	1.8	2.5	1.8	2.3	3.1
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>44.0</i>	<i>42.8</i>	<i>37.9</i>	<i>49.4</i>	<i>54.3</i>	<i>34.5</i>	<i>59.0</i>	<i>48.3</i>	<i>44.0</i>
Louts or gangs									
Major problem	9.7	7.0	8.4	6.4	7.4	6.4	5.2	10.2	8.1
Somewhat a problem	25.7	25.0	23.8	24.8	24.8	24.2	26.9	28.5	25.0
Not a problem	59.4	63.3	64.0	64.7	64.0	66.8	63.1	58.3	62.3
Don't know	5.1	4.7	3.8	4.1	3.9	2.6	4.8	3.1	4.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>35.4</i>	<i>32.0</i>	<i>32.2</i>	<i>31.2</i>	<i>32.2</i>	<i>30.6</i>	<i>32.1</i>	<i>38.7</i>	<i>33.1</i>
Drunken or disorderly behaviour									
Major problem	7.1	5.5	5.9	6.7	4.6	4.4	3.7	16.6	6.2
Somewhat a problem	25.7	22.4	20.0	21.7	19.4	20.0	20.2	30.0	22.7
Not a problem	62.9	67.9	70.7	68.4	72.6	72.3	71.3	51.0	67.2
Don't know	4.3	4.1	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.2	4.7	2.4	3.9
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>32.8</i>	<i>27.9</i>	<i>25.9</i>	<i>28.4</i>	<i>24.0</i>	<i>24.4</i>	<i>23.9</i>	<i>46.6</i>	<i>28.9</i>
Illegal drugs									
Major problem	13.1	13.0	11.3	12.3	9.9	10.0	8.7	8.5	12.2

Table 5A.107

**Table 5A.107 Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1997
(per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Somewhat a problem	19.8	20.9	17.2	19.6	18.7	17.0	17.4	20.6	19.4
Not a problem	47.4	49.6	55.1	51.8	53.5	55.0	53.7	52.1	50.6
Don't know	19.8	16.5	16.4	16.4	17.9	18.0	20.1	18.8	17.8
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>32.9</i>	<i>33.9</i>	<i>28.5</i>	<i>31.9</i>	<i>28.6</i>	<i>27.0</i>	<i>26.1</i>	<i>29.1</i>	<i>31.6</i>

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.108

Table 5A.108 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1996
(per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Housebreaking									
Major problem	17.5	17.4	19.1	23.8	16.6	20.0	13.5	23.6	18.3
Somewhat a problem	42.9	44.8	36.7	43.9	49.5	46.2	53.0	43.9	43.2
Not a problem	34.0	32.6	37.8	27.1	29.3	30.2	28.1	28.7	33.0
Don't know	5.7	5.2	6.4	5.3	4.6	3.7	5.5	3.8	5.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	60.4	62.2	55.8	67.7	66.1	66.2	66.5	67.5	61.5
Motor vehicle theft									
Major problem	13.1	16.4	11.9	18.1	12.1	10.6	7.7	15.2	14.0
Somewhat a problem	35.0	39.9	27.8	33.7	35.5	34.3	35.7	36.7	34.9
Not a problem	42.9	36.9	51.5	39.3	42.7	48.1	45.2	40.3	42.7
Don't know	9.1	6.7	8.7	8.9	9.7	7.0	11.4	7.8	8.4
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	48.1	56.3	39.7	51.8	47.6	44.9	43.4	51.9	48.9
Family violence									
Major problem	3.4	3.4	4.5	3.1	2.7	2.7	2.0	8.9	3.5
Somewhat a problem	14.0	11.8	12.9	11.7	13.0	11.2	15.5	19.5	12.9
Not a problem	65.3	63.5	68.2	67.0	61.9	68.7	59.8	58.4	65.2
Don't know	17.3	21.3	14.4	18.2	22.4	17.5	22.7	13.1	18.4
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	17.4	15.2	17.4	14.8	15.7	13.9	17.5	28.4	16.4
Sexual assault									
Major problem	3.2	3.7	2.3	3.1	2.4	1.5	2.5	6.2	3.1
Somewhat a problem	11.0	11.4	7.9	10.5	9.3	7.5	10.6	14.9	10.3
Not a problem	64.1	61.9	71.8	65.1	62.2	70.7	59.0	58.8	64.9
Don't know	21.7	23.0	18.0	21.2	26.1	20.4	27.9	20.1	21.7
<i>'Major problem' or 'somewhat of a problem'</i>	14.2	15.1	10.2	13.6	11.7	9.0	13.1	21.1	13.4
Other physical assault									

Table 5A.108

Table 5A.108 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1996**
(per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Major problem	4.9	3.8	3.5	4.3	3.2	2.5	2.5	8.5	4.1
Somewhat a problem	19.7	18.2	13.5	17.0	15.9	14.1	16.9	22.8	17.5
Not a problem	60.1	60.3	68.4	61.2	60.5	67.8	59.0	55.4	62.0
Don't know	15.3	17.7	14.6	17.5	20.3	15.6	21.6	13.2	16.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>24.6</i>	<i>22.0</i>	<i>17.0</i>	<i>21.3</i>	<i>19.1</i>	<i>16.6</i>	<i>19.4</i>	<i>31.3</i>	<i>21.6</i>
Graffiti or other vandalism									
Major problem	12.3	10.2	10.3	13.6	14.5	7.3	15.7	8.5	11.6
Somewhat a problem	32.5	34.4	25.6	35.9	40.0	26.0	45.6	34.3	32.7
Not a problem	52.5	51.4	61.0	48.5	42.9	64.1	37.1	54.6	52.7
Don't know	2.6	4.0	3.1	2.0	2.6	2.6	1.6	2.6	3.0
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>44.8</i>	<i>44.6</i>	<i>35.9</i>	<i>49.5</i>	<i>54.5</i>	<i>33.3</i>	<i>61.3</i>	<i>42.8</i>	<i>44.3</i>
Louts or gangs									
Major problem	9.3	6.6	7.5	8.8	5.5	7.0	5.6	7.7	7.8
Somewhat a problem	25.9	24.0	22.7	25.5	25.1	21.7	26.7	25.3	24.7
Not a problem	60.3	64.8	65.6	61.0	64.7	67.7	63.3	62.5	63.1
Don't know	4.5	4.6	4.1	4.6	4.7	3.6	4.5	4.5	4.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>35.2</i>	<i>30.6</i>	<i>30.2</i>	<i>34.3</i>	<i>30.6</i>	<i>28.7</i>	<i>32.3</i>	<i>33.0</i>	<i>32.5</i>
Drunken or disorderly behaviour									
Major problem	7.1	5.3	6.3	6.2	5.0	5.7	3.3	21.8	6.2
Somewhat a problem	25.8	20.7	19.3	24.4	18.0	21.2	21.7	28.3	22.4
Not a problem	63.7	69.0	70.4	64.9	72.9	68.9	70.7	47.5	67.2
Don't know	3.4	5.0	4.0	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.3	2.4	4.1
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>32.9</i>	<i>26.0</i>	<i>25.6</i>	<i>30.6</i>	<i>23.0</i>	<i>26.9</i>	<i>25.0</i>	<i>50.1</i>	<i>28.6</i>
Illegal drugs									
Major problem	12.5	12.3	8.9	10.0	6.4	9.9	6.3	9.5	10.9

Table 5A.108

Table 5A.108 **Persons aged 18 years and over: opinions on problems in the neighbourhood and general community, 1996**
(per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Somewhat a problem	20.7	18.6	13.0	20.7	18.8	15.8	18.8	15.1	18.4
Not a problem	47.7	50.4	58.3	47.6	54.2	56.6	51.6	51.6	51.1
Don't know	19.1	18.7	19.7	21.7	20.5	17.7	23.3	23.9	19.5
<i>'Major problem' or 'Somewhat of a problem'</i>	33.2	30.9	21.9	30.7	25.2	25.7	25.1	24.6	29.3

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Performance indicators

Road safety and traffic management

Table 5A.109 **Persons aged 18 years and over who have driven a motor vehicle in the past 12 months, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
1996									
Yes	83.5	85.8	87.8	89.6	86.8	86.9	89.4	91.6	85.9
No	16.5	14.2	12.2	10.4	13.2	13.1	10.6	8.4	14.1
1997									
Yes	82.7	85.1	88.7	89.0	86.5	85.8	90.4	89.9	85.5
No	17.3	14.9	11.3	11.0	13.5	14.2	9.6	10.1	14.5
1998									
Yes	83.8	86.3	89.0	91.4	88.4	86.9	91.0	93.2	86.7
No	16.2	13.7	11.0	8.6	11.6	13.1	9.0	6.8	13.3
1999									
Yes	87.2	88.5	88.4	91.4	87.4	87.3	89.8	92.5	88.2
No	12.8	11.5	11.6	8.6	12.6	12.7	10.2	7.5	11.8
2000									
Yes	83.9	87.6	89.0	91.6	87.2	84.6	92.1	91.0	87.0
No	16.1	12.4	11.0	8.4	12.8	15.4	7.9	9.0	13.0

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.110

Table 5A.110 **Persons aged 18 years and over who wear a seat belt, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>As a proportion of those who travel by car, those who wear a seatbelt:</i>									
1996									
Always	93.7	92.9	91.8	93.6	88.9	90.0	92.7	87.0	92.6
Most of the time	4.4	3.7	5.0	4.5	7.0	6.9	4.7	7.4	4.7
Half the time	0.4	0.7	1.2	0.4	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.9	0.7
Sometimes	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.8	1.9	0.7
Never	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6
Don't travel by car	0.1	0.2	0.3	–	0.1	0.4	–	0.1	0.2
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.6	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.7	1.2	0.6
Total									
'Most of the time'/'Always'	98.2	96.8	97.1	98.1	96.0	97.3	97.4	94.5	97.5
'Half the time' or less	1.1	1.9	2.7	1.6	3.8	2.6	2.0	4.4	2.0
'Don't know'	0.6	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.7	1.2	0.6
1997									
Always	93.4	94.2	92.7	94.4	90.1	91.3	93.7	86.7	93.2
Most of the time	3.5	3.4	4.3	4.1	5.3	5.7	4.0	8.9	3.9
Half the time	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.4	1.3	0.8	0.7	1.8	0.6
Sometimes	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.9	1.0
Never	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.2	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
Don't travel by car	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	–	–	0.1	0.3
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4
Total									
'Most of the time'/'Always'	97.3	97.7	97.1	98.6	96.0	97.0	97.7	95.7	97.4

Table 5A.110

Table 5A.110 Persons aged 18 years and over who wear a seat belt, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
'Half the time' or less	2.2	2.0	2.4	1.2	3.8	2.8	2.2	4.2	2.2
'Don't know'	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4
1998									
Always	92.8	94.3	91.4	93.6	87.9	91.8	92.9	88.3	92.5
Most of the time	4.8	3.8	5.0	4.4	7.6	5.9	4.1	6.1	4.8
Half the time	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.5	1.2	0.9	1.0	2.3	0.8
Sometimes	0.6	0.6	1.7	0.9	2.3	0.6	1.3	1.6	1.0
Never	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.2	0.3
Don't travel by car	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	0.1	0.3
Refused to answer	0.2	–	0.2	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	0.2
Don't know	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Total									
'Most of the time'/'Always'	97.9	98.5	96.6	98.1	95.7	97.8	97.0	94.5	97.6
'Half the time' or less	1.8	1.3	3.2	1.8	4.2	1.8	2.8	5.2	2.3
'Don't know'	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
1999									
Always	94.1	94.5	90.9	94.0	89.3	92.0	94.3	88.6	93.1
Most of the time	4.2	4.0	6.0	4.4	6.9	5.6	3.8	7.6	4.8
Half the time	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.6
Sometimes	0.9	0.6	1.1	0.6	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.9	0.9
Never	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.3
Don't travel by car	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.2	0.1
Refused to answer	0.2	0.1	–	0.1	0.3	0.1	–	–	0.1
Don't know	0.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	0.1

Table 5A.110

Table 5A.110 **Persons aged 18 years and over who wear a seat belt, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total									
<i>'Most of the time'/'Always'</i>	98.4	98.6	97.0	98.4	96.2	97.6	98.1	96.4	98.0
<i>'Half the time' or less</i>	1.7	1.2	2.7	1.6	3.7	2.4	1.9	3.6	1.9
<i>'Don't know'</i>	0.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	0.1
2000									
Always	92.9	94.5	94.1	94.8	88.1	93.1	93.2	89.6	93.3
Most of the time	5.0	3.3	3.6	3.8	8.4	4.3	5.6	7.2	4.5
Half the time	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.6	1.7	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.7
Sometimes	0.5	1.2	1.0	0.4	1.4	1.0	0.3	1.6	0.9
Never	0.3	0.1	0.4	–	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.3
Don't travel by car	0.4	0.1	–	0.1	–	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2
Refused to answer	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	–	–
Don't know	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.2
Total									
<i>'Most of the time'/'Always'</i>	98.3	97.9	97.7	98.7	96.5	97.6	99.0	97.2	98.0
<i>'Half the time' or less</i>	1.5	1.7	2.3	1.1	3.3	2.2	1.0	2.7	1.9
<i>'Don't know'</i>	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.2

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

na Not available.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.111

Table 5A.111 **Persons aged 18 years and over who have driven when possibly over 0.05 blood alcohol limit, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Of those who drive, possibly over 0.05 blood alcohol limit:</i>									
1996									
Do not drive	16.5	14.2	12.2	10.4	13.2	13.1	10.6	8.4	14.1
Always	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1	–	0.2
Most of the time	–	–	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1
Half the time	0.1	1	0.3	0.6	0.4	4.0	–	0.6	0.3
Sometimes	7.7	7.7	6.9	15.6	11.1	10.2	9.3	16.9	8.7
Never	75.2	77.2	80.0	72.8	74.3	76.0	79.8	73.5	76.4
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2
Total									
'Sometimes' or more	9.5	9.8	8.7	18.6	13.9	16.6	10.5	19.2	10.8
'Never' or 'refusal'	90.1	90.0	91.1	81.3	85.6	87.5	89.3	80.2	88.9
1997									
Do not drive	17.3	14.9	11.3	11.0	13.5	14.2	9.6	10.1	14.5
Always	0.3	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2
Most of the time	–	–	–	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	0.3	–
Half the time	0.1	0.2	–	0.5	0.3	–	–	0.3	0.2
Sometimes	8.4	8.0	8.9	10.8	11.0	8.8	8.7	15.3	8.9
Never	73.5	76.4	79.5	77.3	74.9	76.8	81.5	73.7	76.0
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.1	0.3	0.2
Total									
'Sometimes' or more	10.6	9.9	10.3	12.9	13.2	10.5	9.8	17.7	10.9

Table 5A.111

Table 5A.111 **Persons aged 18 years and over who have driven when possibly over 0.05 blood alcohol limit, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
'Never' or 'refusal'	88.9	89.8	89.6	86.9	86.6	89.5	90.2	82.0	88.9
1998									
Do not drive	16.2	13.7	11.0	8.6	11.6	13.1	9.0	6.8	13.3
Always	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	0.2
Most of the time	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	0.1
Half the time	0.2	–	–	0.5	0.2	0.4	–	0.7	0.1
Sometimes	7.5	7.0	10.2	14.3	11.9	10.4	9.6	19.0	9.1
Never	75.2	78.7	78.2	75.8	75.7	75.5	81.0	73.0	76.8
Refused to answer	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Don't know	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2
Total									
'Sometimes' or more	9.7	8.5	11.8	16.6	14.0	12.8	10.7	21.5	11.0
'Never' or 'refusal'	90.1	91.3	88.2	83.4	85.9	87.0	89.1	78.5	88.8
1999									
Do not drive	12.8	11.5	11.6	8.6	12.6	12.7	10.2	7.5	11.8
Always	0.5	–	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	0.2	0.2
Most of the time	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	0.2	0.1
Half the time	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3
Sometimes	8.0	7.4	9.5	15.1	12.5	9.5	10.1	17.0	9.3
Never	77.2	79.5	77.9	75.0	73.6	76.9	79.0	73.8	77.4
Refused to answer	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.3	0.2	–	0.1	0.1
Don't know	1.0	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.8

Table 5A.111

Table 5A.111 **Persons aged 18 years and over who have driven when possibly over 0.05 blood alcohol limit, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
'Sometimes' or more	10.2	8.8	11.1	17.3	14.8	11.1	11.9	19.2	11.2
'Never' or 'refusal'	88.6	89.9	88.1	82.2	84.6	88.3	88.0	79.9	87.9
2000									
Do not drive	16.1	12.4	11.0	8.4	12.8	15.4	7.9	9.0	13.0
Always	0.1	–	–	0.2	–	0.1	–	–	–
Most of the time	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	0.4	–
Half the time	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Sometimes	9.3	9.4	9.8	15.0	12.4	9.0	10.1	17.2	10.3
Never	74.1	77.9	78.7	76.0	74.4	75.0	81.6	72.9	76.2
Refused to answer	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	–	0.2	0.2
Don't know	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1
Total									
'Sometimes' or more	11.4	10.8	11.3	16.9	14.3	11.1	11.3	19.5	12.0
'Never' or 'refusal'	88.4	89.3	88.5	83.1	85.7	88.8	88.6	80.3	87.8

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

na Not available.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.112

Table 5A.112 **Persons aged 18 years and over who have driven over speed limit by 10km/h or more, 1996 to 2000 (per cent)**
(a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Of those who drive, driven over speed limit by 10 km/h or more:</i>									
1996									
Do not drive	16.5	14.2	12.2	10.4	13.2	13.1	10.6	8.4	14.1
Always	1.6	2.2	2.7	2.8	1.4	0.9	2.0	2.5	2.0
Most of the time	8.4	7.6	9.9	12.4	6.4	5.0	11.6	13.5	8.7
Half the time	6.9	6.6	8.7	8.4	6.5	6.1	8.8	9.9	7.3
Sometimes	42.5	46.2	43.7	43.1	48.1	47.0	48.8	45.9	44.4
Never	23.7	22.8	22.3	22.4	24.0	27.6	18.0	19.5	23.1
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4
Total									
<i>'Sometimes' or more often</i>	71.1	73.0	74.0	74.4	71.9	67.9	79.6	78.4	72.6
<i>'Half the time' or more</i>	20.2	19.1	24.3	26.3	16.5	13.8	25.1	28.3	21.0
<i>'Sometimes'</i>	50.9	53.8	49.8	48.1	55.4	54.1	54.6	50.1	51.7
<i>'Never', 'refusal' or 'don't know'</i>	28.9	27.0	26.0	25.4	28.2	32.0	20.4	21.5	27.4
1997									
Do not drive	17.3	14.9	11.3	11.0	13.5	14.2	9.6	10.1	14.5
Always	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.8	0.8	0.5	1.4	1.7	1.5
Most of the time	6.0	4.9	8.1	8.9	3.4	4.0	10.3	10.7	6.2
Half the time	6.5	7.0	7.6	8.5	5.1	4.5	10.9	9.3	6.9
Sometimes	43.8	47.0	47.1	46.1	46.1	47.1	47.3	47.3	45.8
Never	24.2	24.8	24.3	23.2	30.6	29.7	20.0	20.6	24.8
Refused to answer	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Don't know	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3

Table 5A.112

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total									
<i>Sometimes' or more often</i>	70.1	70.7	72.4	73.4	64.0	65.4	77.3	76.8	70.6
<i>'Half the time' or more</i>	17.2	15.5	19.3	21.6	10.8	10.5	25.0	24.1	17.1
<i>'Sometimes'</i>	53.0	55.2	53.1	51.8	53.3	54.9	52.3	52.6	53.6
<i>'Never', 'refusal' or 'don't know'</i>	29.7	29.4	27.6	26.6	36.1	34.7	22.6	23.2	29.4
1998									
Do not drive	16.2	13.7	11.0	8.6	11.6	13.1	9.0	6.8	13.3
Always	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.6	1.6	2.8	1.4
Most of the time	4.5	5.1	6.3	6.8	3.5	2.7	8.1	10.3	5.2
Half the time	5.8	6.3	6.3	7.5	4.3	5.1	9.0	7.8	6.1
Sometimes	46.3	45.5	51.0	51.9	50.0	48.7	49.6	51.1	47.9
Never	24.9	27.4	23.6	23.5	29.0	29.2	21.9	20.8	25.5
Refused to answer	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.4
Don't know	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.3
Total									
<i>Sometimes' or more often</i>	69.5	67.6	72.7	73.6	66.5	65.7	75.1	77.3	69.9
<i>'Half the time' or more</i>	14.2	14.8	15.4	16.8	10.0	9.7	20.5	22.4	14.6
<i>'Sometimes'</i>	55.3	52.7	57.3	56.8	56.6	56.0	54.5	54.8	55.2
<i>'Never' 'Refusal' or 'Don't know'</i>	30.5	32.3	27.4	26.4	33.6	34.2	25.1	22.6	30.2
1999									
Do not drive	12.8	11.5	11.6	8.6	12.6	12.7	10.2	7.5	11.8
Always	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.3	0.5	0.4	1.7	1.3	1.0
Most of the time	4.4	3.9	4.9	5.9	3.2	3.0	6.6	5.0	4.4
Half the time	7.6	7.7	7.5	7.5	4.1	4.5	8.4	10.2	7.3
Sometimes	47.0	48.1	50.3	51.6	49.3	46.8	52.4	51.5	48.6

Table 5A.112

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Never	25.6	26.9	23.8	24.0	29.2	32.0	20.3	24.3	25.8
Refused to answer	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	–	–	0.2
Don't know	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.9
Total									
<i>Sometimes' or more often</i>	68.9	68.4	71.9	72.5	65.3	62.7	76.9	73.5	69.5
<i>'Half the time' or more</i>	15.0	14.0	15.0	16.1	8.9	9.0	18.6	17.8	14.4
<i>'Sometimes'</i>	53.9	54.4	56.9	56.5	56.4	53.6	58.4	55.7	55.1
<i>'Never' 'Refusal' or 'Don't know'</i>	31.0	31.6	27.9	27.4	34.6	37.3	22.9	26.6	30.5
2000									
Do not drive	16.1	12.4	11.0	8.4	12.8	15.4	7.9	9.0	13.0
Always	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.3	2.2	1.1	0.9
Most of the time	4.8	5.3	5.0	5.2	3.0	2.4	5.2	6.6	4.8
Half the time	7.8	7.3	8.4	8.4	4.4	4.7	7.2	9.3	7.5
Sometimes	44.8	45.7	48.0	52.8	49.2	43.8	51.7	51.9	46.9
Never	24.3	28.4	25.6	23.7	29.8	33.2	25.7	22.0	26.2
Refused to answer	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.1	–	0.1	0.4
Don't know	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.5	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Total									
<i>Sometimes' or more often</i>	70.0	66.9	70.1	73.4	65.5	60.5	72.0	75.7	69.1
<i>'Half the time' or more</i>	16.6	14.7	16.2	15.7	9.1	8.7	15.9	18.7	15.2
<i>'Sometimes'</i>	53.4	52.2	53.9	57.6	56.4	51.8	56.1	57.0	53.9
<i>'Never' 'Refusal' or 'Don't know'</i>	29.9	33.1	29.9	26.6	34.5	39.5	28.0	24.4	30.9

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

na Not available. - Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).

Table 5A.113

Table 5A.113 **Proportion of people aged 18 years and over who felt that speeding cars or dangerous, noisy driving was a problem in their neighbourhood, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
1996									
Major problem	28.1	28.6	31.8	26.5	29.1	31.9	24.1	30.4	28.9
Somewhat a problem	41.9	38.4	38.3	38.3	41.3	38.7	42.9	35.8	39.9
Not a problem	28.5	31.8	28.6	34.2	28.1	28.4	32.5	32.8	30.0
Don't know	1.6	1.1	1.3	0.9	1.5	0.9	0.5	1.1	1.3
<i>'Major problem' or Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>70.0</i>	<i>67.0</i>	<i>70.1</i>	<i>64.8</i>	<i>70.4</i>	<i>70.6</i>	<i>67.0</i>	<i>66.2</i>	<i>68.8</i>
1997									
Major problem	28.8	30.1	30.1	25.7	27.2	31.1	29.9	28.9	29.0
Somewhat a problem	41.7	39.4	37.7	40.7	42.5	38.3	39.3	39.9	40.2
Not a problem	28.2	29.2	31.1	32.8	28.8	29.6	29.7	30.0	29.5
Don't know	1.3	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.2
<i>'Major problem' or Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>70.5</i>	<i>69.5</i>	<i>67.8</i>	<i>66.4</i>	<i>69.7</i>	<i>69.4</i>	<i>69.2</i>	<i>68.8</i>	<i>69.2</i>
1998									
Major problem	30.9	29.1	31.8	28.9	27.2	31.0	27.4	30.7	30.1
Somewhat a problem	42.1	42.6	40.5	40.6	42.6	41.2	41.7	43.0	41.8
Not a problem	25.9	26.9	27.2	29.2	28.4	27.0	29.4	26.0	27.0
Don't know	1.1	1.3	0.5	1.2	1.8	0.9	1.5	0.3	1.1
<i>'Major problem' or Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>73.0</i>	<i>71.7</i>	<i>72.3</i>	<i>69.5</i>	<i>69.8</i>	<i>72.2</i>	<i>69.1</i>	<i>73.7</i>	<i>71.9</i>
1999									
Major problem	30.8	26.9	28.3	25.1	28.9	29.8	27.4	26.4	28.6
Somewhat a problem	40.9	42.6	42.9	42.6	46.4	41.4	41.1	41.2	42.3

Table 5A.113

Table 5A.113 **Proportion of people aged 18 years and over who felt that speeding cars or dangerous, noisy driving was a problem in their neighbourhood, 1996 to 2000 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not a problem	26.8	29.1	27.5	31.4	23.9	28.0	30.7	31.7	27.9
Don't know	1.5	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.3
<i>'Major problem' or Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>71.7</i>	<i>69.5</i>	<i>71.2</i>	<i>67.7</i>	<i>75.3</i>	<i>71.2</i>	<i>68.5</i>	<i>67.6</i>	<i>70.9</i>
2000									
Major problem	33.0	32.6	30.2	29.8	31.8	33.9	31.2	29.5	32.0
Somewhat a problem	39.1	42.0	42.4	41.6	44.7	39.7	43.2	39.2	41.2
Not a problem	26.8	24.5	26.6	27.7	23.0	25.8	24.4	31.1	25.9
Don't know	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.6	1.3	0.3	0.9
<i>'Major problem' or Somewhat of a problem'</i>	<i>72.1</i>	<i>74.6</i>	<i>72.6</i>	<i>71.4</i>	<i>76.5</i>	<i>73.6</i>	<i>74.4</i>	<i>68.7</i>	<i>73.2</i>

(a) Totals may not add to 100 per cent as a result of rounding.

– Zero or close to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished).