

# INTRODUCTION

As I am a professional Harvester and Private Chiller operator of Kangaroo and have been for 40 plus years. Also very industry orientated. Am sending this in retrospect of the harvesting and transportation for the sale by harvesters like myself of Kangaroo in border regions for Human Consumption overseas markets. As the states involved require such harvested kangaroos to be sold in the state in which they were harvested, which in most circumstances makes common sense where as in border towns like Goondiwindi-Boggabilla it doesn't make common sustainable sense from an industry and private operator prospective to run two fauna registered sites just a few klms apart as this industry is at an all-time low and no signs of improvement for quite some time a penny saved is a penny made.

## My proposal

- >Dual Registered sites where as a NSW Fauna site can be registered in QLD to align with an already registered QLD Fauna site or visa versa which ever suits
- >Thus allowing the harvester to access these sites with his kangaroo to be sold tagged in line with state policy or legislation of which state Kangaroo was harvested.
- >This keeps site running costs down one site instead of two keeps site security to a maximum no unmanned sites not watched.
- >One accreditation only needed as our accreditation is from Australian Standard AS4464:2007 Hygiene Production of Game Meat for Human Production and recognised Australia wide.
- >Also allowing Compliance officers from either state to have access to such sites to do compliance and prosecute where necessary.

As I am a private operator in this industry I know the cost of running these such sites first hand as I don't have other entities with which to help off set costs just have to wear if the above is achievable the costs savings will be immense to the likes of myself and industry alike.

Current Legislation NSW

### **National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 No 80**

Current version for 1 January 2015 to date (accessed 27 February 2015 at 11:09)

[Part 9](#) [Division 2](#) [Section 123](#)

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#### **123 Commercial fauna harvester's licence**

- (1) The Director-General may issue a licence (in this Act referred to as a *commercial fauna harvester's licence*), authorising a person to harm fauna of a species named therein for the purposes of sale.
- (2) A commercial fauna harvester's licence does not, except in so far as the terms of the licence otherwise expressly provide, authorise the harming of fauna in a national park, historic site, state conservation area, regional park, nature reserve, karst conservation reserve, wildlife refuge, conservation area, wilderness area or area subject to a wilderness protection agreement.
- (3) A commercial fauna harvester's licence must not be issued with respect to threatened species, populations or ecological communities
- 4) A person licensed under subsection (1) must not, in connection with harming fauna for the purposes of sale, use any carcass chiller unless the chiller is:
  - (a) registered under this section, or

- (b) on premises registered under section 124.
- (5) The Director-General may issue registration certificates in respect of each carcass chiller that a person licensed under subsection (1) uses in connection with harming fauna for the purposes of sale.
- (6) In this section, *carcass chiller* means any refrigeration container used for the storage of animal carcasses, and includes a refrigerated shipping container and a refrigerated truck or vehicle.

## SUMMURY

As above as per attached letters and legislation and submission I believe dual registered would be an economical viable outcome for all industry participants.

Cost Savings for all stakeholders in industry would be immense.

Strongest Support from Lawrence Springborg M.P. Member Southern Downs QLD.

Yours Sincerely

Graham and Jane Mackney