## <u>PART I</u>

#### ALL PORTFOLIOS ARE REQUESTED TO COMPLETE PART I.

If you cannot answer a question, please indicate whether the question is NOT APPLICABLE or if INFORMATION IS NOT AVAILABLE.

#### Section 1: Contact details

Section 1. Contact details					
1.1	Portfolio	Industry, Science and Resources			
1.2		I arrangements are governed by: 'X' whether one or more of the following Acts apply)			
	Financial N	Management and Accountability Act 1997  YES NO  YES NO  YES NO			
	Commonw	ealth Authorities and Companies Act 1997 X			
	Other	N/A			
1.3	Contact Officer	Mr Peter Moore			
	Position	Manager Budget and Reporting			
	Phone	02) 6213 6210			
	Fax	02) 6213 6317			
	Email	pjm@isr.gov.au			
	Address	20 Allara Street Canberra City ACT 2601			

This section asks about your portfolio's total revenues, charges and expenses (but not including the revenues, charges and expenses of agencies that will be completing separate responses to this questionnaire - see Attachment A). All portfolios should complete this section, whether or not you consider you undertake cost recovery.

#### Section 2: Portfolio revenues, charges and expenses

(Please indicate with a 'X' which response applies)

2.1 Has your portfolio charged any cost recovery fees, levies or other charges in the last five financial years?

YES NO

Relevant charges include any fees, levies, taxes (including some customs and excise duties earmarked for specific purposes) or other charges which arise from the services, programs or business activities of your portfolio, and which are collected by your portfolio, or by another agency on your behalf. For example, application fees, processing charges, consultancy fees, publication sales, special industry duties, excises or levies other than general taxation.

2.2 Were any of the appropriations allocated to your portfolio in the last five financial years linked (hypothecated) to revenue collected from fees, levies or charges (for example, levies paid to the Consolidated Revenue Fund but earmarked for allocation to your portfolio)? (Whether the revenue was collected by your portfolio or by another agency on your behalf).

YES	NO
	Х

2.3 Has your portfolio considered introducing any cost recovery arrangements in the past that were not implemented? (Please attach any relevant reviews, analysis or other information.)

YES	NO
	X

2.4 Is your portfolio considering introducing any cost recovery arrangements in the future? (Please attach any relevant reviews, analysis or other information.)

YES	NO
	Х

If you answered NO to questions 2.1 and 2.2, you need not answer any further questions. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire to the Commission (see front sheet for instructions).

If you answered YES to EITHER question 2.1 OR question 2.2 OR both, please complete section 3 below, and Part II on the following worksheet.

NO

#### Section 3: Portfolio revenues and expenses

Please do not include the revenues and expenses in this section of agencies that will be completing separate responses to this questionnaire (see Attachment A).

3.1 Does your portfolio classify revenues and expenses as agency and administered?

Agency revenues and expenses are those controlled by the department/agency (for example, employee and administrative expenses). Administered revenues and expenses are those which are controlled by Government and managed or oversighted by the department/agency on behalf of the Government (for example, social security payments).

If your portfolio classifies revenues and expenses as 'agency' and 'administered' then please fill in both tables below. If your portfolio does not classify revenues and expenses as 'agency' and 'administered' then please put all revenues and expenses in the 'agency' table below.

AGENCY portfolio revenues and expenses (Please use \$'000)					
	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000
Agency revenue from cost recovery (a)					
3.2 Cost recovery revenue retained by your portfolio	524	1677	991	29539	28058
3.3 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and appropriated to your portfolio (or another agency for a specific purpose (ie. annotated, hypothecated or earmarked revenues)	0	0	0	0	0
3.4 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not specifically appropriated to your portfolio (or another agency)	0	0	0	0	0
3.5 Total agency revenue from cost recovery	524	1677	991	29539	28058
Agency revenue from other sources		•			
3.6 Other appropriations	97457	134495	146881	190491	224110
3.7 Other sources (eg. asset sales, dividends, interest, funding from					
other government agencies)	1809	2102	22432	7953	4442
3.8 Total agency revenue from other sources	99266	136597	169313	198444	228552
3.9 Total portfolio agency revenue	99790	138274	170304	227983	256610
3.10 Total agency expenses	109227	115121	171128	231548	251791

<sup>(</sup>a) Include all revenue from fees, levies, excises and other charges which arise from the services or activities of your portfolio, and which is paid to your portfolio, to another agency or to the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

ADMINISTERED portfolio revenues and expenses (Please use \$'000)	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-2000
Administered revenue from cost recovery (a)	1000 00	1000 01	1007 00	1000 00	1000 2000
<ul> <li>3.11 Cost recovery revenue retained by your portfolio</li> <li>3.12 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and appropriated to your portfolio (or another agency for a specific purpose (ie. annotated,</li> <li>3.13 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not specifically appropriated to your portfolio (or another agency)</li> </ul>					
3.14 Total administered revenue from cost recovery  Administered revenue from other sources	0	0	0	0	0
3.15 Other appropriations 3.16 Other sources (eg. asset sales, dividends, interest, funding from other government agencies)					
3.17 Total administered revenue from other sources 3.18 Total portfolio administered revenue	0	0	0	0	0
3.19 Total administered expenses					

**CRF** Consolidated Revenue Fund

(a) Include all revenue from fees, levies, excises and other charges which arise from the services or activities of your portfolio, and which is paid to your portfolio, to another agency or to the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

End of Part I. Please complete Part II, which is on a separate worksheet.

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you are reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

### PART II(a)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome

Australian Government Analytical Laboratories - 2.4.1(Analytical Laboratory Services)

	Descriptive material	
4.1	Nature of cost recovery arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc)	Fee for service.
4.2	Basic description of arrangements: (Please attach an relevant documents.)	Approximately one third of revenue is from budget (appropriation) sources and the remaining two-thirds from fee-for-service.
4.3	Who pays the cost recovery charges?	Government and private sector clients.
4.4	Who benefits from the program or activity, output or outcome?	Clients, the Autralian Government (through the provision of a crisis response infrastructure) and the Australian community.
4.5	Do you attempt to measure these benefits? If YES, how?	Yes, client satisfaction is gauged through feedback, including through AGAL's Service Charte and AGAL's ability to respond to crises.
4.6	Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe)	AGAL provides some services in competition with private sector laboratories and other service providers. For reasons such as impartiality and credibility a number of clients prefer to deal with a government laboratory.
4.7	When was this cost recovery arrangement introduced?	1987

## PART II(b)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome

Australian Government Analytical Laboratories - 2.4.1(Analytical Laboratory Services)

# Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000)

(Plea	se use \$'000)			
Prog	ram or activity, output or outcome revenues			
4.8	Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio	0 \$		
4.9	Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party	\$ 0		
4.10	Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation	n \$ 34		
4.11	Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal)	\$ 34		
4.12	Cost recovery not paid into CRF	\$	19356	
4.13	Total cost recovery revenue	\$	19390	
4.14	Appropriations not related to cost recovery	_	\$	10869
4.15	Other sources (please specify)		\$	0
4.16	Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues		\$	30259
Prog	ram or activity, output or outcome expenses			
4.17	Direct expenses	\$ 30225		
4.18	Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads)	\$		
4.19	Third party expenses (a)	\$		
4.20	Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses	\$ 30225		
Administration costs				
4.21	What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements?	\$ 831		

CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti

		PART II(c)
	e of sub-unit, agency, program or ity, output or outcome	Government Analytical Laboratories - 2.4.1(Analytical Laboratory Services)
Sect	ion 5: Institutional arrangements	
5.1	What was the rationale for introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach	Government policy. The arrangements have been examined on a number of occasions. In 1996 the report of the DAS commercialisation task force sprecommended, among other things, that AGAL's commercial activities were to be costed and charged on a basis of fu
5.2	What was the legal basis for establishing the	ese cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.)
	Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act, tax o levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, standards)	Special Account under S20 of the Financial Management and Accountability (FMA) ar Act. Business Operation pursuant to FMA Order 6.2.1.
	Co-regulation or quasi-regulation	
	Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other	
5.3	Who was consulted about introducing these consultation arrangements.)	cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	Reviews e.g. in 1992 and 1996 included appropriate consultation.

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	Draft "Principles for the delivery of Commercial Activities and Services by DAS".
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	) AGAL is a branch within the Dept of Industry, Science and Resources )
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	Discussions occur with agencies re the price to them for services provided.  Discussions occur with clients, given the competitive nature of the industry.
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	These consultations can occur at any stage of the service delivery cycle eg when tenders are submitted, when contracts are negotiated.
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	Reviews in 1992 and 1996 have been referred to in AGAL's full submission to this inquiry. A joint DOFA/ISR review is also currently underway, independently chaire by Mr Don Mercer.

## PART II(d)

activity, output or outcome

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or Australian Government Analytical Laboratories - 2.4.1(Analytical Laboratory Services)

Secti	ion 6: Price setting arrangements	
6.1	How are these cost recovery charges determ	nined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i	) How are charges set? (eg. by formula in	Market pricing.
	legislation or based on 'market prices')	
(ii	,	Charges are compared to the overall cost of producing the services.
	particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o	r
	charged on some other basis? (eg. levies	
	on users' turnover, profits or assets)	
6.2	If charges are directly related to the costs of	
(i		The charges aim to recover all direct and indirect costs in AGAL that can be relate
	(eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such	to the service being provided.
/::	as overheads)	100%
(ii	) What proportion of these costs do charges aim to recover? (%)	100%
<b>/:::</b>	` '	Voc. The cost of these costs are annual ristally recovered three rab a beauting
(iii	be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of	Yes. The cost of those assets are appropriately recovered through a charging
	user cost of capital or return on assets)	regime.
	user cost of capital of return off assets)	
(iv	) If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets	Assets are initially recorded at cost, and are revalued every three years in
(IV	, ,	accordance with the deprival method of valuation.
	or replacement cost)	accordance with the deprival metrica of valuation.
(v	•	Under Competitive Neutrality principles, AGAL maintains a loan from the Australia
(-		Gov't on its balance sheet. Interest is charged on that loan.
(vi	) If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	Interest is charged at the RBA 10 Year Bond rate plus a risk margin of 2%.
(vii	• •	Yes
(	profit)	
(viii		The AGAL budget includes a small profit margin that relates to this work.
(ix	) Do charges discriminate between types of	Yes
(	users?	
(x	) If 'YES' to (ix) on what basis?	l arge (strategically important) clients can get offered volume discounts

(xi)	Do charges allow for access and equity considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)?	No
(xii) (xiii)		
6.3	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	A contribution margin approach is used to pricing and costing. Indirect costs are allocated based on assessments of the relative usage of the services represented by those indirect costs.
6.4	Are there any price controls on these charges?	AGAL adheres to the Government's policies on prices charged by its agencies following the introduction of the GST.
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	AGAL reviews its prices regularly, at least annually.
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	AGAL operates under the Government's Competitive Neutrality principles.

End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)

If your agency operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

#### PART II(a)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or IPS RADIO AND SPACE SERVICES activity, output or outcome Section 4: Cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 Descriptive material 4.1 Nature of cost recovery Service charge arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc) 4.2 Basic description of Invoices issued arrangements: (Please attach any relevant documents.) 4.3 Who pays the cost recovery Customers requesting services charges? Customers (Defence, Emergency services, Customs, Aviation Industry, etc.) 4.4 Who benefits from the program or activity, output or outcome? 4.5 Do you attempt to measure these No benefits? If YES, how? 4.6 Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe) 4.7 When was this cost recovery 1985 arrangement introduced?

#### PART II(b) IPS RADIO AND SPACE SERVICES Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same agency 105 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 105 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 105 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 3667 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues 3772 Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 3711 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses 3711 Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? 10 CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti

		PART II(c)
	of sub-unit, agency, program or JPS RADIC y, output or outcome	O AND SPACE SERVICES
Section	on 5: Institutional arrangements	
5.1	What was the rationale for introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, preseleases, second reading speeches.)	
5.2	What was the legal basis for establishing the	se cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.)
	Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, standards)	Section 35/31  None
	Co-regulation or quasi-regulation	None
	Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement	None
	Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other	Department of Administrative Services business practice  None
5.3	Who was consulted about introducing these consultation arrangements.)	cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	Department of Administrative Services advised Customer groups advised Customer groups advised Customer groups advised None

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	Department of Finance guidelines (May 1988)	
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	ISR IPS IPS IPS	
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	No No No No No No No	
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	None	
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)		

## PART II(d)

	of sub-unit, agency, program or output or outcome	AND SPACE SERVICES
	n 6: Price setting arrangements	
		ined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by formula in legislation or based on 'market prices')	Current Engineering consultancy rates
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the costs of particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o charged on some other basis? (eg. levies on users' turnover, profits or assets)	Salary time + overheads (160% as per DoFA guidelines, May 1988)
6.2 I	f charges are directly related to the costs of p	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:
(i)	What costs do charges aim to recover? (eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such as overheads)	Direct costs
(ii)		CSO tasks (general services) recover handling costs only; specialist services tailoired for clients aim to recover all identiied direct costs.
(iii)	Does the charging regime require assets to be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of user cost of capital or return on assets)	No
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival or replacement cost)	
(v)	Do charges include a user cost of capital?	No - immaterial
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	
(vii)	Do charges include return on assets? (eg. profit)	No
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?	
(ix)	Do charges discriminate between types of users?	Yes
(x)	If 'YES' to (ix), on what basis?	Community interest groups may apply for waiver

(xii) (xiii) (xiii)	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)? If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?	as for (x)
6.3	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	DoFA rule of thumb = 160%
6.4	Are there any price controls on these charges?	No
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Reviewed annually
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	
End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)		

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

#### PART II(a)

Space Licencing and Safety Office Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 4: Cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 Descriptive material Fees for space activities under the Space Activities Act 1998 4.1 Nature of cost recovery arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc) 4.2 Basic description of Arrangements are yet to be put in place. The Space Activities Act 1998 provides the arrangements: (Please attach any authority to charge fees. Fees cannot be charged until regulations are made under the Space Activities Act 1998, which is anticipated to be in the first half of 2001. relevant documents.) 4.3 Who pays the cost recovery Commercial and scientific space launch operators wishing to conduct activities in space either launching from Australia, returning to Australia or Australians conducting launch activities overseas. charges? 4.4 Who benefits from the program Australian industry and science. or activity, output or outcome? 4.5 Do you attempt to measure these The evaluation strategy is yet to be determined. benefits? If YES, how? 4.6 Are there alternate providers or No substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe) When was this cost recovery Fees cannot be charged until regulations are made under the Space Activities Act 1998, which is anticipated to be in the first half of 2001 arrangement introduced?

### PART II(b) Space Licencing and Safety Office Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti

### PART II(c)

Space Licencing and Safety Office Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 5: Institutional arrangements What was the rationale for introducing these Once SLASO is established its ongoing costs are to be met by space licence cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach and launch permit fees, in conformance with Government policy that the costs sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, prestof regulating the space launch industry should be met by the industry itself. releases, second reading speeches.) What was the legal basis for establishing these cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.) The Space Activities Act 1998 provides the authority to charge fees. Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, Fees cannot be charged until regulations are made under the Space Activities standards) Act 1998, which is anticipated to be in the first half of 2001. Co-regulation or quasi-regulation Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other

5.3 Who was consulted about introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the consultation arrangements.)

Commonwealth government (DOFA etc)
Other governments (state, territory, local)
Industry
Consumers

Other

DoFA, DoD, A-Gs

State governments

Space industry bodies and scientific agencies

Companies procuring space launches in Australia or overseas

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when	Guidelines for Costing of Government Activities (DoFA). Guidelines for Setting
0. 1	establishing these cost recovery	Charges in the Public Sector (NZ Treasury). Departmental Chief Executive
	arrangements? (Please attach source of	Instructions and FMA Act. A-Gs were also consulted in the drafting of the
	information, guidelines etc.)	regulations.
	, <b>g</b>	
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following	activities? (Please name relevant agency)
	Policy setting	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
	Price setting	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
	Administration	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
	Revenue collection	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about these	e cost recovery arrangements? With whom? (Please name relevant bodies.)
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc)	A-Gs
	Other governments (state, territory, local)	
	Industry	Space industry bodies and scientific agencies
	Consumers	Companies procuring space launches in Australia or overseas
	Other	
5.7	Please describe these consultation	Consultations were held in capital cities with the industry, research community
	arrangements.	and State Governments.
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been	A formal review of the fee structure will be undertaken within 2 years of
	formally reviewed? What was the outcome?	operation.
	(Please attach copy of review)	
	(	

## PART II(d)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome

Space Licencing and Safety Office

Section 6: Price se	etting arrangements
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Section	n 6: Price setting arrangements	
6.1 H	How are these cost recovery charges determ	ined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by formula in legislation or based on 'market prices')	Fees are calculated on the basis of the expected costs of SLASO in processing the applications over the relevant period (finanacial year) divided by the expected total number of applications.
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the costs of particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o charged on some other basis? (eg. levies on users' turnover, profits or assets)	See above.
6.2 I	f charges are directly related to the costs of	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:
(i)	What costs do charges aim to recover?	Direct and indirect fixed costs will be recovered in a flat fee, to which will be added an 'external fee' to cover the variable costs of any outsourced activities (eg specialist independent verification).
(ii)	What proportion of these costs do charges aim to recover? (%)	100%
(iii)	Does the charging regime require assets to be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of user cost of capital or return on assets)	No
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival or replacement cost)	
(v)	Do charges include a user cost of capital?	No
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	
(vii)	Do charges include return on assets? (eg. profit)	No
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?	
(ix)	Do charges discriminate between types of users?	No
(x)	If 'YES' to (ix) on what basis?	

(xi) (xii) (xiii)	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)? If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?	Yes  See below.  Fees for scientific, educational and research launch operations ar estill under consideration, but are likely to be structured on a concessional basis - this may require legislative amendment.
	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	Activity Based Costing
	Are there any price controls on these charges?	None contemplated
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Fees are to be reviewed after 2 years of operation.
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	Legal advice is that if fees received exceed the full costs of SLASO it is not necessary to attempt to 'balance' fees for the next period if the fees were calculated in good faith - any substantial variatio Ithat lead to a revision of the forecasting me

End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

### PART II(a)

Refining and Fuels Section Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 4: Cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 Descriptive material Subscriptions to Australian Petroleum Statistics (APS) publication. 4.1 Nature of cost recovery arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc) 4.2 Basic description of Petroleum Refining and Fuels section administers the publication of APS. This involves maintenance of a arrangements: (Please attach any database containing statistics on Australia's production, sales, refining, stocks, imports and exports of crude oil and refined products. APS is produced monthly and sold to customers. relevant documents.) 4.3 Who pays the cost recovery Subscribers include oil companies, stockbrokers, insurance companies, economic consultants, media, public and private libraries, transport companies, and other publications. Organisations which provide data for inclusion in charges? the publication are not charge for APS. Who benefits from the program See attached sheet or activity, output or outcome? Do you attempt to measure these Regular informal discussions with our subscribers to ensure that the information provided is benefits? If YES, how? adequate. No 4.6 Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe) When was this cost recovery Approximately 15 years.

arrangement introduced?

# PART II(b)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome

Refining and Fuels Section

## Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000)

#### Program or activity, output or outcome revenues

- 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio
- 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party
- 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation
- 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal)
- 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF
- 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue
- 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery
- 4.15 Other sources (please specify)
- 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues

#### Program or activity, output or outcome expenses

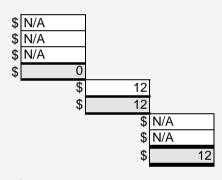
- 4.17 Direct expenses
- 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads)
- 4.19 Third party expenses (a)
- 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses

#### **Administration costs**

4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements?

\$ N/A

CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti



50

20

70

#### PART II(c) Refining and Fuels Section Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 5: Institutional arrangements What was the rationale for introducing these APS provides a private benefit to the organisations which subscribe to the cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach publication. The subscription fee is charged in recognition of this benefit. sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, press releases, second reading speeches.) What was the legal basis for establishing these cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.) Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Section 31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, N/A standards) N/A Co-regulation or quasi-regulation Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement N/A Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of N/A practice) N/A Other Who was consulted about introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the consultation arrangements.) Department of Primary Industries and Energy (original publisher of APS) Commonwealth government (DOFA etc)

N/A N/A

N/A

Other governments (state, territory, local)

Industry Consumers

Other

Subscribers to the APS

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	None
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	N/A N/A N/A Subscibers N/A
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	To determine the level of cost-recovery charges, an assessment was undertaken of the likely number of subscribers to the APS and a reasonable subscription fee, taking into account the subscription fees of similar publications. The money that is collected
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	No

## PART II(d)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome

Refining and Fuels Section

Sectio	n 6: Price setting arrangements	
6.1	How are these cost recovery charges determ	ined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by formula in legislation or based on 'market prices')	The subscription fee was set taking into account the likely number of subscribers and the likely indirect costs associated with maintenance of the database. The intention is that revenue from subscriptions covers these indirect costs. These indirect cost
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the costs of particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o charged on some other basis? (eg. levies on users' turnover, profits or assets)	An initial annual subscription (12 issues) to the APS is \$A270 (including GST), subsequent subscriptions are \$A216. The Department has approximately 60 paying subscribers. Subscribers include oil companies, stockbrokers, insurance companies, economic co
6.2	If charges are directly related to the costs of p	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:
(i)	What costs do charges aim to recover? (eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such as overheads)	The intention is that revenue from subscriptions covers these indirect costs. These indirect costs are essentially engagement of IT consultants to train our staff in the use of the database and to maintain and amend the database.
(ii)	What proportion of these costs do charges	100%, however it is difficult to predict revenue from subscriptions and
()	aim to recover? (%)	expenditure required for maintenance of the database from year to year.
(iii)	Does the charging regime require assets to be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of user cost of capital or return on assets)	
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival or replacement cost)	N/A
(v)	Do charges include a user cost of capital?	No
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	N/A
(vii)	Do charges include return on assets? (eg. profit)	No
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?	N/A

(	x) Do charges discriminate between types of users?	Yes
	x) If 'YES' to (ix), on what basis?	Suppliers of data to the APS do not pay for receiving the publication. If they were charged it is unlikely that they would provide the information (they are not required to do so by legislation) accordingly we would not be able to provide the service.
(	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)?	Yes
(:	ii) If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?	Ad-hoc information from the NPSD is regularly provided, at no charge, to industry, small business consumers and the general community. Such information is generally provided to people who are after small amounts of easily obtained information and not in
()	iii) Other (Please describe other significant features)	N/A
6.3	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	N/A
6.4	Are there any price controls on these charges?	No
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Infrequently - every 2-3 years
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	Carried over to the following years for maintenance of the database.

End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)

# Section 4 Question 4.4

Australian oil refiners rely on the data provided by the APS to determine their individual market share. Each of the oil companies supply their sales data which is aggregated in the NPSD and then published in the APS. In the absence of the APS, the industry would not be able to accurately and regularly assess their performance relative to their competitors. In addition, the APS is highly valued by its other subscribers, such as transport analysts and stockbrokers, who often use data contained in the publication for their commercial benefit. As such, the service provided through the publication of the APS is highly valued and it is on this basis that the Department is able to justify charging subscription fees for the APS.

Apart from the benefits provided to industry, the APS also serves a number of other important functions: The Australian Government has obligations with the International Energy Agency (IEA) to supply monthly information regarding Australia's supply and demand for crude oil and refined products. This information is used by the IEA for a number of purposes including the management of oil supply emergencies. The information provided to the IEA is sourced from the NPSD.

The Liquid Fuel Emergency Act 1984 authorises the Minister for Industry Science and Resources to take considerable action in the event of a fuel supply crisis. Information from the National Petroleum Statistics Database would be crucial when determining appropriate action in such a crisis.

Information from the NPSD, particularly petrol and diesel sales volumes, are a critical input into Government policy analysis and development.

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

## PART II(a)

		PART II(a)
	of sub-unit, agency, program or , output or outcome	AusIndustry - BizLink
Section	n 4: Cost recovery arrangemen	ts in 1999-2000
	Descriptive material	
8	Nature of cost recovery arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc)	subscription fee
a	Basic description of arrangements: (Please attach any relevant documents.)	Subscription fee for the quarterly BizLink offline data base of information about government assistance programs and services for businesses
	Who pays the cost recovery charges?	Subscribers (accountants, business advisers, business owners)
	Who benefits from the program or activity, output or outcome?	Business and their advisers
	Do you attempt to measure these penefits? If YES, how?	regular user surveys of views about BizLink
8	Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe)	No
	When was this cost recovery arrangement introduced?	around 1994

#### PART II(b) Name of sub-unit, agency, program or AusIndustry - BizLink activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio 71 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 71 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 5531 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues 5602 Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 5,602 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses 5602 Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or activity a their costs are being recovered as part of the cost recovery arrangements.

	PART II(c)				
Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome  AusIndustry - BizLink					
	n 5: Institutional arrangements				
5.1	What was the rationale for introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach data base of information about all three levels of government business sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, presentations and services releases, second reading speeches.)				
5.2	What was the legal basis for establishing these cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.)				
	Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, standards)				
	Co-regulation or quasi-regulation				
	Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other				
5.3	Who was consulted about introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the consultation arrangements.)				
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other				

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	None
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	AusIndustry AusIndustry AusIndustry AusIndustry AusIndustry AusIndustry
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	se cost recovery arrangements? With whom? (Please name relevant bodies.)  No
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	NA
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	No

			PART II(d)			
Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome		AusIndustr	y - BizLink			
Section	n 6: Price setting arrangements	<b>S</b>				
	How are these cost recovery charges determined? (Please attach any relevant documents)					
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by for legislation or based on 'market	rmula in	Set to cover the marginal costs of diskette or CD			
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the particular activities, outcomes on charged on some other basis? (on users' turnover, profits or assertions)	r outputs, o eg. levies	Yes, directly to diskette or CD sale			
6.2 lf (i)	f charges are directly related to the What costs do charges aim to re (eg. only direct costs or indirect as overheads)	ecover?	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:  Marginal costs of Diskette or CD production			
(ii)	What proportion of these costs aim to recover? (%)	do charges		100%		
(iii)	Does the charging regime requi be valued? (eg. to allow the calc user cost of capital or return on	culation of	No assets involved			
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are valued? (eg. historic, replacement or replacement cost)					
(v)	Do charges include a user cost	of capital?	No			
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculat	ed?				
(vii)	Do charges include return on as profit)		No			
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?					
(ix)	Do charges discriminate betwee users?	en types of	Yes			
(x)	If 'YES' to (ix), on what basis?		Single subscribers \$200 pa: Network users \$2000 pa			

<ul> <li>(xi) Do charges allow for access and equity considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)?</li> <li>(xii) If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?</li> <li>(xiii) Other (Please describe other significant features)</li> </ul>	Government and non profit users pay no fee.				
6.3 How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	NA				
6.4 Are there any price controls on these charges?	No				
6.5 How often is the level of charges changed?	Not				
6.6 What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	NA				
End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to					
the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)					

### **PART II**

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

## PART II(a)

AusIndustry - Comercialisation of Emerging Technologies (COMET) Program Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 4: Cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 Descriptive material 4.1 Nature of cost recovery Application fee arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc) 4.2 Basic description of Application fee for the Comercialisation of Emerging Technologies (COMET) program arrangements: (Please attach any relevant documents.) 4.3 Who pays the cost recovery Applicants charges? 4.4 Who benefits from the program Applicants or activity, output or outcome? 4.5 Do you attempt to measure these No benefits? If YES, how? 4.6 Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe) 4.7 When was this cost recovery With the program inception in November 1999 arrangement introduced?

### PART II(b) AusIndustry - Comercialisation of Emerging Technologies (COMET) Program Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio 56 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 56 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 56 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti

		PART II(c)
	ne of sub-unit, agency, program or AusIndustry - vity, output or outcome	Comercialisation of Emerging Technologies (COMET) Program
Sect	tion 5: Institutional arrangements	
5.1	What was the rationale for introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, press releases, second reading speeches.)	minimal application fee to dissuade frivilous applications
5.2	What was the legal basis for establishing these	cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.)
	Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, standards)	dustry Research and Development Act 1986
	Co-regulation or quasi-regulation	
	Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other	
5.3	Who was consulted about introducing these cos consultation arrangements.)	t recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	ISR AusIndustry ISR
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	No   Please name relevant bodies.)
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	NA
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	No

PART II(a)				
Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome  AusIndustry - Comercialisation of Emerging Technologies (COMET) Program				
Section 6: Price setting arrangements				
6.1 How are these cost recovery charges determined? (Please attach any relevant documents)				
(i) How are charges set? (eg. by formula in				
legislation or based on 'market prices')				
(ii) Are charges directly related to the costs of No				
particular activities, outcomes or outputs, or				
charged on some other basis? (eg. levies				
on users' turnover, profits or assets)				
6.2 If charges are directly related to the costs of particular activities, outputs or outcomes:				
(i) What costs do charges aim to recover? Minimal program costs				
(eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such				
as overheads)				
(ii) What proportion of these costs do charges Minimal				
aim to recover? (%)				
(iii) Does the charging regime require assets to No	_			
be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of				
user cost of capital or return on assets)				
(iv) If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets				
valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival				
or replacement cost)				
(v) Do charges include a user cost of capital?				
(v) Bo shangoo molado a door ocor or capital.				
(vi) If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?				
(vii) Do charges include return on assets? (eg. No				
profit)				
(viii) If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?				

(ix) Do charges discriminate between types of No

(x) If 'YES' to (ix), on what basis?

users?

(xi) (xii) (xiii)	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)?  If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?	No	
6.3	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	NA	
6.4	Are there any price controls on these charges?	No	
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Has not been changed. New program.	
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	NA	
End of Part II. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to			

As amended by DISR. See email 14 March.

# **PART II**

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

# PART II(a)

AusIndustry - Innovation Investment Fund (IIF) Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 4: Cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 Descriptive material 4.1 Nature of cost recovery Application fee arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc) Application fee for potential fund managers to run part of the Innovation Investment fund. 4.2 Basic description of arrangements: (Please attach any This is a partially government funded equity program for small, technology based relevant documents.) companies. 4.3 Who pays the cost recovery Potential fund managers charges? 4.4 Who benefits from the program Small, technology based companies. or activity, output or outcome? Do you attempt to measure these Yes. The number of the companies directly assisted by the Fund. The change in private investment in early stage companies, as program also aims to encourage development of a venture capital market for these companies by benefits? If YES, how? demonstrating the returns achieveable. Are there alternate providers or Partially. A limited number of venture capitalists. substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe) 4.7 When was this cost recovery With the introduction of the program. arrangement introduced?

Productivity Commission Cost Recovery Inquiry: Questionnaire

#### PART II(b) AusIndustry - Innovation Investment Fund (IIF) Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio 90 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 90 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 90 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 945 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues 1035 Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 1035 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses 1035 Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or activity a

their costs are being recovered as part of the cost recovery arrangements.

		PART II(c)
	e of sub-unit, agency, program or ity, output or outcome	- Innovation Investment Fund (IIF)
Sect	ion 5: Institutional arrangements	
5.1	J I	To dissuade frivilous applicants and to partially cost recover because of the substantial costs involved in carrying out due diligence on the applications.
5.2	What was the legal basis for establishing these	e cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.)
	Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Ir Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, standards)	ndustry Research & Development Act
	Co-regulation or quasi-regulation	
	Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of practice) Other	
5.3	Who was consulted about introducing these co consultation arrangements.)	ost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the
	Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	DoFA

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	None
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	Industry Research and Development Board Industry Research and Development Board ISR ISR
5.6	Is there any ongoing consultation about thes Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) Industry Consumers Other	se cost recovery arrangements? With whom? (Please name relevant bodies.)  No
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	NA
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	No

# PART II(d)

activity, output or outcome

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or AusIndustry - Innovation Investment Fund (IIF)

Section 6: Price	setting	arrangements
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Section	6: Price setting arrangements	
6.1 H	low are these cost recovery charges determ	ined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by formula in	An initial fee of \$5,000 followed by a further fee of \$5,000 if an applicant is
	legislation or based on 'market prices')	shortlisted.
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the costs of	No.
	particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o	
	charged on some other basis? (eg. levies	
	on users' turnover, profits or assets)	
6.2 If	charges are directly related to the costs of	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:
(i)	What costs do charges aim to recover?	Minimal administrative costs
	(eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such	
	as overheads)	
(ii)	What proportion of these costs do charges	Minimal
	aim to recover? (%)	
(iii)	Does the charging regime require assets to	No
	be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of	
	user cost of capital or return on assets)	
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets	NA
	valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival	
	or replacement cost)	
(v)	Do charges include a user cost of capital?	No
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	NA
(vii)	Do charges include return on assets? (eg.	No
	profit)	
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?	NA
(ix)	Do charges discriminate between types of	No
• •	users?	
(x)	If 'YES' to (ix), on what basis?	NA

(xii) (xiii) (xiii)	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)? If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?	NA NA
6.3	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	NA
6.4	Are there any price controls on these charges?	No
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Reviewed at the start of each selection process
6.6	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	NA
End		oeration. Please return the questionnaire and attachments to on (see front sheet for instructions)

# **PART II**

If your portfolio operated any cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000, please complete this par Please fill out a separate form for each sub-unit, cost recovery program or activity, or output or outcome for which you ar reporting. Similar cost recovery arrangements may be reported in groups.

# PART II(a)

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome	Australian Diver Accreditation Scheme	
Section 4: Cost recovery arrangement	nts in 1999-2000	
Descriptive material		
4.1 Nature of cost recovery arrangement (eg. licence fee, service charge, hypothecated excise tax or levy etc)	Accreditation Fee	
4.2 Basic description of arrangements: (Please attach an relevant documents.)	Sheme credits occupational divers for work in offshore petroleum industry.	
4.3 Who pays the cost recovery charges?	Divers and diver training establishments	
4.4 Who benefits from the program or activity, output or outcome?	Occupational divers and employers of occupational divers.	
4.5 Do you attempt to measure these benefits? If YES, how?	e No	
4.6 Are there alternate providers or substitutes for this program or activity, output or outcome? (Please describe)	No	
4.7 When was this cost recovery arrangement introduced?	1	1987

#### PART II(b) Australian Diver Accreditation Scheme Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Program or activity, output or outcome cost recovery arrangements in 1999-2000 (continued (Please use \$'000) Program or activity, output or outcome revenues 4.8 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to same portfolio 4.9 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF earmarked for appropriation to a third party 4.10 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF and not earmarked for particular appropriation 4.11 Cost recovery revenue paid to CRF (subtotal) 4.12 Cost recovery not paid into CRF 4.13 Total cost recovery revenue 10 4.14 Appropriations not related to cost recovery 4.15 Other sources (please specify) 4.16 Total program or activity, output or outcome revenues Program or activity, output or outcome expenses 4.17 Direct expenses 50 4.18 Indirect expenses (including corporate overheads) 20 4.19 Third party expenses (a) 4.20 Total program or activity, output or outcome expenses 70 Administration costs 4.21 What costs are associated with administering the cost recovery arrangements? 70 CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund. Direct costs are those directly related to a particular program. Indirect costs include indirect agency overheads and general running costs. (a) Include third party costs where third parties are involved in a program or acti

### PART II(c) Australian Diver Accreditation Scheme Name of sub-unit, agency, program or activity, output or outcome Section 5: Institutional arrangements What was the rationale for introducing these Non-legislated arrangement based on policy decision to cover costs of cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach administering scheme. sources, eg. legislative objects clauses, press releases, second reading speeches.) What was the legal basis for establishing these cost recovery arrangements: (Please name and attach relevant documents.) Legislation (eg. s.31 of the Financial Section 31 of the Financial Management and Accountability Act Management and Accountability Act, tax or levy acts) Subordinate legislation (eg. regulations, N/A standards) N/A Co-regulation or quasi-regulation Commonwealth/State/Territory agreement N/A Voluntary arrangements (eg. codes of N/A practice) N/A Other Who was consulted about introducing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please name relevant bodies and describe the consultation arrangements.) State/Territory diving (OH&S) regulators - NSW WorkCover, Commonwealth government (DOFA etc) Other governments (state, territory, local) SA WorkCover, Qld Workplace OH&S Association of Diving Contractors Industry Consumers Maritime Union of Australia

Other

5.4	What guidelines were consulted when establishing these cost recovery arrangements? (Please attach source of information, guidelines etc.)	Not applicable
5.5	Which agency is responsible for the following Policy setting Price setting Administration Revenue collection	Department of Industry, Science and Resources
5.6		e cost recovery arrangements? With whom? (Please name relevant bodies.)  ADAS Management Advisory Committee - Tripartite Group
5.7	Please describe these consultation arrangements.	Bi-annual meetings for consultation and feedback
5.8	Have the cost recovery arrangements been formally reviewed? What was the outcome? (Please attach copy of review)	No

# PART II(d)

activity, output or outcome

Name of sub-unit, agency, program or Australian Diver Accreditation Scheme

Section	6:	<b>Price</b>	setting	arrangements
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Section	n 6: Price setting arrangements	
6.1 l	How are these cost recovery charges determ	ined? (Please attach any relevant documents)
(i)	How are charges set? (eg. by formula in legislation or based on 'market prices')	Based on fee set by direct consultation with Management Advisory Committee
(ii)	Are charges directly related to the costs of particular activities, outcomes or outputs, o charged on some other basis? (eg. levies on users' turnover, profits or assets)	Yes - based on recovering direct costs of administering the scheme.
6.2 I	f charges are directly related to the costs of	particular activities, outputs or outcomes:
(i)	What costs do charges aim to recover? (eg. only direct costs or indirect costs such as overheads)	All direct costs and potentially in the future most indirect costs.
(ii)	What proportion of these costs do charges aim to recover? (%)	90-100%
(iii)	Does the charging regime require assets to be valued? (eg. to allow the calculation of user cost of capital or return on assets)	No
(iv)	If 'YES' to (iii), on what basis are assets valued? (eg. historic, replacement, deprival or replacement cost)	N/A
(v)	Do charges include a user cost of capital?	N/A
(vi)	If 'YES' to (iv), how is it calculated?	
(vii)	Do charges include return on assets? (eg. profit)	N/A
(viii)	If 'YES' to (vii), on what basis?	
(ix)	Do charges discriminate between types of users?	N/A
(x)	If 'YES' to (ix) on what basis?	

(xii) (xiii)	considerations (eg. waivers, discounts)?  If 'YES' to (xi), on what basis?  Other (Please describe other significant features)	N/A
	How are indirect costs allocated for cost recovery arrangements? (eg. activity based costing, according to share of direct costs or other rule.)	Activity based costing
	Are there any price controls on these charges?	No
6.5	How often is the level of charges changed?	Once in 4 years
	What happens if revenue recovered is greater than costs incurred?	This is very unlikely to occur

the Commission (see front sheet for instructions)