B Commonwealth cost recovery arrangements

The terms of reference require the Commission to report on the nature and extent of current cost recovery arrangements. To meet this requirement, the Commission sent a questionnaire to a large number Commonwealth Government regulatory and information agencies. In total, 127 questionnaires were sent, and the Commission received 99 responses (a response rate of 78 per cent). A copy of the questionnaire, a list of the agencies to which the survey was sent and a list of those who responded are available in appendix J.

The questionnaire has two sections. All agencies were asked to complete part I, which included questions on their total revenues and expenses, as well as their total cost recovery revenue. Those agencies that considered that they undertook cost recovery in 1999-2000 were asked also to complete part II. This section asked agencies to provide information on individual cost recovered activities. Where cost recovery arrangements were similar across activities, agencies were asked to report on these arrangements as a group. This section included questions on the total revenue, cost recovery revenue and expenses of the individual activities. For many agencies, the sum of the individual activities reported in part II differs from the total figure reported in part I. Therefore, care should taken when comparing responses from part I, which are cited in parts of this report, with responses from part II, cited in this appendix.

For presentational reasons, responses have been simplified and the responses to some questions have not been included. The full responses of all agencies that responded (except those that were provided in confidence) are available from the Commission's web site or on request from the Commission.

AAD Australian Antarctic Division

ABARE Australian Bureau of Agricultural and Resource Economics

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ACA Australian Communications Authority

ACCC Australian Competition and Consumer Commission

ACS Australian Customs Service

AEC Australian Electoral Commission

AFTRS Australian Film, Television and Radio School

AG Attorney General's Department

AGA Australian Government Actuary

AGO Australian Greenhouse Office

AGS Australian Government Solicitor

AGSO Australian Geological Survey Organisation

AIATSIS Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies

AIFS Australian Institute of Family Studies

AIHW Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

AIMS Australian Institute of Marine Science

AFFA Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry Australia

AFMA Australian Fisheries Management Authority

ALRC Australian Law Reform Commission

AMSA Australian Maritime Safety Authority

ANAO Australian National Audit Office

ANTA Australian National Training Authority

ANSTO Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organisation

ANZFA Australia New Zealand Food Authority

AOFM Australian Office of Financial Management

APRA Australian Prudential Regulation Authority

AQIS Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service

ARPANSA Australian Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety Agency

ASA Airservices Australia

ASC Australian Sports Commission

ASIC Australian Securities and Investments Commission

ATC Australian Tourist Commission

ATO Australian Taxation Office

ATP Australian Training Products

ATSB Australian Transport Safety Bureau

AUSLIG Australian Surveying and Land Information Group

Austrade Australian Trade Commission

AVO Australian Valuation Office

Avstats Aviation statistics

AWM Australian War Memorial

BoM Bureau of Meteorology

BRS Bureau of Rural Sciences

BTE Bureau of Transport Economics

BTR Bureau of Tourism Research

CASA Civil Aviation Safety Authority

CRICOS Commonwealth Register of Institutions and Courses for Overseas Students

CSIRO Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation

CRC Cooperative Research Centre

CRF Consolidated Revenue Fund

DAA Dairy Adjustment Authority

DCITA Department of Communication, Information Technology and the Arts

DEH Department of Environment and Heritage

DEWRSB Department of Employment, Workplace Relations and Small Business

DETYA Department of Education, Training and Youth Affairs

DFAT Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

DHAC Department of Health and Aged Care

DIMA Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs

DISR Department of Industry, Science and Resources

DoD Department of Defence

DOFA Department of Finance and Administration

DTRS Department of Transport and Regional Services

DVA Department of Veterans Affairs

FaCS Department of Family and Community Services

FMA Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997

GBRMPA Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority

HIC Health Insurance Commission

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organisation

IPA IP Australia

ITSA Insolvency and Trustee Services Australia

MARA Migration Agents Registration Authority

MIFCo Maritime Industry Finance Company Limited

MRT Migration Review Tribunal

NCA National Capital Authority

NCC National Competition Council

NICNAS National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme

NLA National Library of Australia

NNTT National Native Title Tribunal

NOOSR National Office of Overseas Skills Recognition

NRA National Registration Authority for Agricultural & Veterinary Chemicals

NSC National Standards Commission

NSTC National Science and Technology Centre

OPC Office of Parliamentary Counsel

OPH Old Parliament House

PC Productivity Commission

PMC Passenger Movement Charge

PM&C Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet

PRISMS Provider Registration and International Students Management System

PSMPC Public Service Merit Protection Commission

RBA Reserve Bank of Australia
RRT Refugee Review Tribunal

SBS Special Broadcasting Corporation
SLASO Space Licensing and Safety Office

SRCC Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Commission

SSA ScreenSound Australia

TGA Therapeutic Goods Administration

TPA Trade Practices Act 1974

na Not available

.. Not applicable

— Rounded to zero

All percentages are calculated using unrounded numbers.

B.1 Portfolio: Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

Table B.1 **Overview of arrangements**

Table D. I	Overview or arrangements				
Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Dairy sub-unit	Fee	User/Policy	2000	
	Levies and revenue service	Fee	Beneficiary	1988	Annually
	Plant breeders Rights Scheme	Fee	Policy	1988/1994	Annually
	Product integrity, animal and plant health	Fee	Revenue	1993	Irregularly
	Quota administration	Fee	Policy	1998	
ABARE		Fee	Policy/User	1989-90	Annually
AFMA		Fee/Levy	Policy/Beneficiary pays	late 80s	Annually
AQIS	Live Animal Exports	Fee	na	na	Six monthly
	Grain Exports	Fee/Tax	na	1990(fee), 1963(tax)	Six monthly
	Horticulture Export Program	Fee/Tax	na	early 90s	Six monthly
	Dairy Export Program	Fee/Tax	na	1990	Six monthly
	Fish Export Program	Fee/Tax	na	1991	Six monthly
	Post Entry Animal Quarantine Stations	Fee	na	1991	Six monthly
	International Mail	Fee	na	1997	Six monthly
	Import Clearance Program	Fee	na	1994	Six monthly
	Post Entry Plant Quarantine	Fee	na	1991	Six monthly
	Airports	Fee/PMC	na	1995	Six monthly
	Seaports	Fee	na	1991	Annually
	Meat Inspection Program	Fee/Tax	na	1991	Six monthly
	AQIS Training Services	Fee	na	1993	Six monthly
BRS		Fee	Revenue/Policy	1993	Annually
NRA	Chemical regulation	Fees/Levy	Policy	1994	2-3 years

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.2 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses		What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Dairy sub-unit	0.6	0.6	100.0	0.6	100.0	Yes third party	
-	Levies and revenue service	2.2	2.2	100.0	2.2	100.0	Yes	Adjustment
	Plant breeders Rights Scheme	0.8	0.9	91.3	1.0	82.5	Yes	CRF
	Product integrity, animal and plant health	0.6	8.2	7.4	7.7	7.8	Yes	Refund or Retained
	Quota administration	0.3	0.3	100.0	0.3	100.0	No	
ABARE		11.2	22.8	49.4	22.0	51.1	Yes	na
AFMA		8.5	23.6	35.8	24.2	34.9	Yes	Adjustment
AQIS	Live Animal Exports	1.8	1.8	99.8	1.8	97.4	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Grain Exports	6.8	6.8	99.8	6.8	99.8	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Horticulture Export Program	4.7	4.7	99.7	5.3	87.7	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Dairy Export Program	1.1	1.1	99.7	1.1	99.8	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Fish Export Program	3.8	3.8	99.8	3.9	99.1	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Post Entry Animal Quarantine Stations	2.7	3.1	83.3	2.9	83.2	No	Retained

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Table B.2 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
	International Mail	2.2	2.3	99.8	2.3	98.9	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Import Clearance Program	36.4	36.4	100.0	35.1	99.0	No	Industry Reserve Fund
	Post Entry Plant Quarantine	0.3	1.4	21.2	1.4	21.2	No	Retained
	Airports	20.0 c	20.1	99.8	20.2	99.2	Partially to other agency and CRF	Retained
	Seaports	4.4 ^c	4.5	98.3	4.2	103.6	Partially to other agency and CRF	Refund/Retained/ Services
	Meat Inspection Program	54.0	54.0	100.0	53.9	100.0	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
	AQIS Training Services	1.5	1.5	99.1	1.6	94.1	No	Refund/Retained/ Services
BRS		7.6	21.8	34.9	25.0	30.4	Yes	
NRA	Chemical regulation	17.8	18.5	96.0	16.2	109.7	Yes	Adjustment

^a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. ^b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. ^c This includes revenue obtained from the Passenger Movement Charge. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.3 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Dairy sub-unit	Direct			No
	Levies and revenue service	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing		No
	Plant breeders Rights Scheme	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Cost less depreciation	No
	Product integrity, animal and plant health		Pro rata		
	Quota administration	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	••	No
ABARE		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	na	No
AFMA		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	No
AQIS	Live Animal Exports	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Grain Exports	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Horticulture Export Program	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Dairy Export Program	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Fish Export Program	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Post Entry Animal Quarantine Stations	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	International Mail	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Import Clearance Program	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Post Entry Plant Quarantine	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Airports	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Seaports	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	Meat Inspection Program	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
	AQIS Training Services	Direct/Indirect	Cost drivers	na	No
BRS		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata		Yes
NRA	Chemical regulation	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing		No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

Table B.4 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Dairy sub-unit	Other Act	Govt/industry	Cwealth	Govt/Industry	
	Levies and revenue service	Other Act	Govt/Industry	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes
	Plant breeders Rights Scheme	FMA/Other Act	Govt/Industry	na	Govt/Industry	Yes
	Product integrity, animal and plant health	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	Consumers	No
	Quota administration	Other Act	Industry	Other	Industry	Yes
ABARE		FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes (1995)
AFMA		Tax Act/Other Act	Govt/Industry	Other	Govt/Industry	Yes (1994)
AQIS	Live Animal Exports	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes (2000)
	Grain Exports	Tax Act/Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Horticulture Export Program	Tax Act/Other Act	na	na	na	Yes (2000)
	Dairy Export Program	Tax Act/Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Fish Export Program	Tax Act/Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Post Entry Animal Quarantine Stations	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	International Mail	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes

(continued on next page)

Table B.4	(continued)

	(
Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
	Import Clearance Program	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Post Entry Plant Quarantine	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Airports	Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	Seaports	Other Act	na	na	na	No
	Meat Inspection Program	Tax Act/Other Act	na	na	na	Yes
	AQIS Training Services	FMA	No consultation	na	na	No
BRS		FMA	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes, internally
NRA	Chemical regulation	Tax Act/Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	na	na	Under review

^a FMA = *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.* The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.5 **Responsibility for various functions**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Dairy sub-unit	AFFA		DAA/Centrelink/DEWRSB	AFFA
	Levies and revenue service	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA
	Plant breeders Rights Scheme	AFFA	Parliament	AFFA	AFFA
	Product integrity, animal and plant health	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA
	Quota administration	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA	AFFA
ABARE		AFFA/ABARE	ABARE	AFFA/ABARE	AFFA/ABARE
AFMA		DOFA/AFFA/AFMA	AFMA	AFMA	AFMA
AQIS	Live Animal Exports	na	na	na	na
	Grain Exports	na	na	na	na
	Horticulture Export Program	na	na	na	na
	Dairy Export Program	na	na	na	na
	Fish Export Program	na	na	na	na
	Post Entry Animal Quarantine Stations	na	na	na	na
	International Mail	na	na	na	na
	Import Clearance Program	na	na	na	na
	Post Entry Plant Quarantine	na	na	na	na
	Airports	na	na	na	na
	Seaports	na	na	na	na
	Meat Inspection Program	na	na	na	na
	AQIS Training Services	na	na	na	na
BRS	-	AFFA	BRS	BRS	BRS
NRA	Chemical regulation	AFFA	NRA/AFFA	NRA	NRA

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.2 Portfolio: Attorney-General's

Table B.6 **Overview of arrangements**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Office of International Law and Office of Legislative Drafting	Fee	Policy	1992-93	Aligned with AGS
	Australian Protective Service	Fee	Policy	1988	Annually
	Australian Security Vetting Service	Fee	Policy	1996	Annually
ALRC	Publications	Fee	Policy	1975	na
	Conference	Fee	Policy	2000	
	Journal subscriptions	Fee	Policy	1976	1997
ASIO	Protective security	Fee	Policy	1993	na
ACS	Passenger Movement Charge	Tax	Revenue	1978	Ad hoc
	Import processing charges	Tax	Revenue	April 1997	Bi-annually
	S. 31 Charges	Fees	User	Various dates	Ad hoc
ITSA	Issue of a Bankruptcy Notice, exercise of Official Receiver powers	Fee/Levy	User	Long standing	Never
NNTT	Information, claim lodgement, geospatial services	Fees	Revenue/Services	1994, 2000	6 monthly (geospatial)
OPC	Training course	Fee	Demand/Services	1994	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.7 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR Whether revenue / revenue is total earmarked ^a expenses	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%	
Department	Office of International Law and Office of Legislative Drafting	1.1	1.1	100.0	na	na No	Retained by AG
	Australian Protective Service	63.5	63.5	100.0	62.5	101.6 No	Retained by APS
	Australian Security Vetting Service	1.5	1.5	100.0	na	na No	Retained by AG.
ALRC	Publications	_	_	100.0	na	na No	
	Conference	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.1	77.7 No	
	Journal subscriptions	_	_	100.0	na	na No	
ASIO	Protective security	0.3	67.0	0.5	na	na No	
ACS	Passenger Movement Charge	226.1 ^c	226.1	100.0	124.5 d	159.0 Yes	All revenue goes directly to CRF
	Import Processing charges	73.1	73.1	100.0	72.6	101.0 Yes	Adjustment
	s. 31 FMA charges	20.4	20.4	100.0	na	na No	na
ITSA	Issue of a Bankruptcy Notice, exercise of Official Receiver powers	18.8	41.9	44.8	41.2	45.5 Most not earmarked	
NNTT	Information, claim lodgement, geospatial services	0.1	22.3	0.5	23.3	0.5 About 50%	
OPC	Training course	_	6.4	0.5	6.4	0.5 Yes	

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. c Revenue is collected by ACS on behalf of DIMA/AQIS and ACS. d This relates to ACS expenses only. Both DIMA and AQIS also incurr costs on PMC but these are not known to ACS. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.8 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Office of International Law and Office of Legislative Drafting	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (direct)	Deprival	Yes
	Australian Protective Service	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (direct)	Deprival	No, but pay dividend to DOFA
	Australian Security Vetting Service	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
ALRC	Publications				
	Conference	Partial			••
	Journal subscriptions	Partial			
ASIO	Protective security	Direct		Historic/Deprival	No
ACS	Passenger Movement Charge	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Historic/Deprival	No
	Import Processing charges	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Historic/Deprival	No
	s. 31 charges	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Historic/Deprival	No
ITSA	Issue of a Bankruptcy Notice, exercise of Official Receiver powers	 }			
NNTT	Information, claim lodgement, geospatial services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata to direct		
OPC	Training course	na		na	na

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.9 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Office of International Law and Office of Legislative Drafting	FMA (s.31)	Govt	None	No ongoing consultation	No
	Australian Protective Service	FMA (s.20)	Govt	None	No ongoing consultation	No
	Australian Security Vetting Service	FMA (s.31)	Govt	None	No ongoing consultation	No
ALRC	Publications	na	No consultation	None	No ongoing consultation	Yes (1990)
	Conference	na	No consultation	None	No ongoing consultation	No
	Journal subscriptions	na	No consultation	None	No ongoing consultation	1999-2000
ASIO	Protective security	na	na	na	No ongoing consultation	Reviews by external commercial parties
ACS	Passenger Movement Charge	Tax Act	Govt/Industry	Internal	Industry	ANAO (1996, 2001)
	Import Processing Charges	Tax Act	Govt/Industry	Internal	Industry	Industry (Bi-annually); ANAO (1998)
	S. 31 charges	FMA Act	Consumers	DOFA	na	No
ITSA	Issue of a Bankruptcy Notice, exercise of Official Receiver powers	Other Act	Industry	None	No ongoing consultation	No
NNTT	Information, claim lodgement, geospatial services	FMA/Other Act/ No Act	Govt	AGS advice	Govt	Currently underway (search fees)
OPC	Training course	FMA	No consultation	DOFA/ ANAO	No ongoing consultation	No

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

Table B.10 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Office of International Law and Office of Legislative Drafting	Govt	AG	AG	AG
	Australian Protective Service	Govt	AG	AG	AG
	Australian Security Vetting Service	Govt	AG	AG	AG
ALRC	Publications	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC
	Conference	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC
	Journal subscriptions	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC	ALRC
ASIO	Protective security	ASIO	ASIO	ASIO	ASIO
ACS	Passgener Movement Charge	Govt	Govt/ACS	ACS/DIMA/ AQIS	ACS
	Import Processing Charges	Govt	Govt/ACS/ Industry	ACS	ACS
	S. 31 charges	ACS	ACS	ACS	ACS
ITSA	Issue of a Bankruptcy Notice, exercise of Official Receiver powers	ITSA	Parliament	ITSA	ITSA
NNTT	Information, claim lodgement, geospatial services	Govt/NNTT	Govt/NNTT	NNTT	NNTT
OPC	Training course	OPC	OPC	OPC	OPC

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.3 Portfolio: Communication, Information Technology and the Arts

Table B.11 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often are charges changed/reviewed
Department	Cultural activities ^b	Fee	Policy	1996	Annually (NSTC)
	Artbank	Fee	Policy	1985	Annually
ACA	Annual Licence Carrier Charge	Levy	Beneficiary	1991	Annually
	Spectrum Maintenance Component	Levy	Policy/Demand/User	1995	Bi-annually
	Administrative	Fee	Policy/Demand/User	1995	Bi-annually
AFTRS		Fee	Policy	1973	na
NLA	Kinetica	Fee	Policy	1999	Annually
	Sale of Goods and Services	Fee	Demand	1960	Annually
SSA		Fee	Revenue/Service	1983	Irregularly
SBS		Fee	Policy	1995-96	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. ^b Entry fees to OPH and NSTC. **na** Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.12 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	revenue is	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Cultural activities	1.8	18.1	9.9	15.0	12.0	Yes	
	Artbank	1.7	3.6	47.2	2.9	58.6	No	Retained
ACA	Annual Licence Carrier Charge	18.5	18.5	100.0	18.4	100.5	No	Retained
	Spectrum Maintenance Component	24.5	24.5	100.0	30.0	81.3	No	Retained
	Administrative	5.9	5.9	100.0	6.5	90.8	No	Retained
AFTRS		1.1	19.4	5.7	20.1	5.5	No	na
NLA	Kinetica	6.0	8.3	72.3	7.9	75.9	No	Adjustment/ Services/Retained
	Sale of Goods and Services	2.5	222.9	1.1	43.1	5.8	No	
SSA		1.8	48.6	3.5	47.5	3.6	Yes	Retained
SBS		0.2	140.1	0.1	0.2	100.0	No	

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.13 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Cultural activities	na		na	na
	Artbank	na		na	na
ACA	Annual Licence Carrier Charge	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes
	Spectrum Maintenance Component	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes
	Administrative	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes
AFTRS		na	na	na	na
NLA	Kinetica	Direct/Indirect	Other	Deprival	No
	Sale of Goods and Services	Direct/Indirect	Other	Deprival	No
SSA		Direct/Indirect	Other	Replacement	Yes
SBS		Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.14 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Cultural activities	FMA	DOFA			
	Artbank	FMA	na	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes (1997)
ACA	Annual Licence Carrier Charge	Other Act	Govt	na	Govt	No
	Spectrum Maintenance Component	Other Act	Govt	Internal	Govt	Yes (1995)
	Administrative	Other Act	Govt	Internal	Govt	Yes (1995)
AFTRS		Other Act		Other	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (2000)
NLA	Kinetica	Other Act	Govt/Industry	na	Industry/Consumers	Under review
	Sale of Goods and Services	Other Act	Govt/Consumers	DOFA	Industry	Under review
SSA		FMA	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	No	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (2000)
SBS		Other Act	Govt/Industry	DOFA/ Internal	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (2000)

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.15 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Cultural activities		OPH/NSTC	OPH/NSTC	OPH/NSTC
	Artbank	na	Artbank	Artbank	Artbank
ACA	Annual Licence Carrier Charge	DCITA	ACA	ACA	ACA
	Spectrum Maintenance Component	ACA	ACA	ACA	ACA
	Administrative	ACA	ACA	ACA	ACA
AFTRS		AFTRS	AFTRS	AFTRS	AFTRS
NLA	Kinetica	NLA	NLA	NLA	NLA
	Sale of Goods and Services	NLA	NLA	NLA	NLA
SSA		SSA	SSA	SSA	SSA
SBS		SBS	SBS	SBS	SBS

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

B.4 Portfolio: Defence

Table B.16 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Goods and services	Fee	na	na	Adhoc

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.17 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Goods and services	12.2	16 439.6	0.1	11 123.1	0.1	No	

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. **b** Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.18 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Goods and services	Direct/indirect	Averaged	Deprival	Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.19 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Goods and services	FMA	na	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	No

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.20 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Goods and services	Defence	Defence	Defence	Defence

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.5 Portfolio: Environment and Heritage

Table B.21 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Bird and Bat Banding Scheme	Fee	Policy	1996	Ad hoc
	Corporate services for AGO	Fee	Policy	1998	Biennially
	Assessments for NRA	Fee	Policy	1995-96	Annually
	Assessments for NICNAS	Fee	Policy	1996-97	Annually
	Wildlife Permits and Enforcement	Fee	Policy	1984	Ad hoc
	AAD -Joint Ventures	Fee	User	1998,1999,1947	Irregularly
	AAD -CRC	Fee	User	1997	Irregularly
	Sea dumping permits	Fee	Policy	1983	Irregularly
	Hazardous Waste Permits	Fee	Policy	1990	Irregularly
	National Halon Bank	Fee	Policy	1993	Irregularly
	Ozone Protection Reserve	Fee	Policy	1995	Irregularly
	Environment and Conservation Council	Fee	User/Demand	1992	Ad hoc
BoM	Aviation weather services	Fee	Policy	1952	Annually
	Defence weather services	Fee	Policy	1972	Annually
	Special Services Unit	Fee	Policy	1990	na
	Other specific services	Fee	Policy	1967	Annually
GBRMPA	Environmental Management and Permit Application Fees	Fee	User	1990,1993	na
	Communications and Education	Fee	na	1987	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.22 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses		What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Bird and Bat Banding Scheme	_	_	100.0	_	9.8	No	
	Corporate services for AGO	0.5	0.5	100.0	0.5	100.0	No	
	Assessments for NRA	0.7	0.7	100.0	1.0	70.0	Yes	Refunded
	Assessments for NICNAS	0.5	0.5	100.0	0.5	100.0	Yes	Refunded
	Wildlife Permits and Enforcement	0.2	1.7	11.8	1.7	11.8	Yes	
	AAD -Joint Ventures	1.2	1.2	100.0	1.2	100.0	Yes	No provision
	AAD -CRC	1.1	1.1	100.0	1.1	100.0	Yes	No provision
	Sea dumping permits	_	0.9	3.6	0.9	3.7	Yes	
	Hazardous Waste Permits	_	_	100.0	_	41.3	Yes	
	National Halon Bank	0.5	6.2	8.1	4.7	10.6	Yes	Retained
	Ozone Protection Reserve	0.7	0.7	100.0	0.5	140.0	Yes	Retained
	Environment and Conservation Council	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	No	Retained
BoM	Aviation weather services	14.5	14.5	100.0	14.5	100.0	No	Adjustment
	Defence weather services	3.4	3.4	100.0	3.4	100.0	No	Adjustment
	Special Services Unit	9.0	9.0	100.0	9.0	100.0	No	CRF
	Other specific services	5.0	5.0	100.0	5.0	100.0	No	Adjustment
GBRMPA	Environmental Management and Permit Application Fees	6.0	26.0	23.1	25.6	23.4	Yes	
	Communications and Education	1.8	1.8	100.0	3.2	56.3	No	

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. **b** Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

Table B.23 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Bird and Bat Banding Scheme	na	na	na	na
	Corporate services for AGO	Direct	Activity based costing		No
	Assessments for NRA	Direct/Indirect	Other		No
	Assessments for NICNAS	Direct/Indirect	Other		No
	Wildlife Permits and Enforcement	na		na	na
	AAD -Joint Ventures	Direct		Deprival	Yes
	AAD -CRC Direct			Deprival	Yes
	Sea dumping permits	Direct	Other		No
	Hazardous Waste Permits	Direct			No
	National Halon Bank	Direct			No
	Ozone Protection Reserve	Direct			No
	Environment and Conservation Council	Direct			No
BoM	Aviation weather services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
	Defence weather services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
	Special Services Unit	Total Plus	Pro rata	na	Yes
	Other specific services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
GBRMPA	Environmental Management and Permit Application Fees	na			
	Communications and Education	na	na	Deprival	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report).. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.24 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Bird and Bat Banding Scheme	FMA	Govt/Consumers	Cwealth	Consumers	No
	Corporate services for AGO	FMA	Govt	na	Govt/Consumers	No
	Assessments for NRA	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Under review
	Assessments for NICNAS	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Govt	No
	Wildlife Permits and Enforcement	Other Act	Govt/Industry	na	Govt/Industry	No
	AAD -Joint Ventures	FMA	Govt/Others	DOFA	Others	No
	AAD -CRC	Other Act	Govt/Industry	DOFA	Govt/Industry	No
	Sea dumping permits	Other Act	Govt/Industry	na	Govt/Industry	Yes (2000)
	Hazardous Waste Permits	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	DoFA	Govt/Industry	Yes (2000)
	National Halon Bank	FMA	na	na	na	No
	Ozone Protection Reserve	Other Act	Govt/Imdustry	Cweaith	Govt/Industry	Yes (2000)
	Environment and Conservation Council	No Act	Govt	na	Govt	Yes (1998)
BoM	Aviation weather services	FMA/Other Act	Govt/Industry	Internal/Cwealth	Govt/Industry	Yes (1998-99)
	Defence weather services	FMA/Other Act	Govt	Internal/DOFA	Govt	Yes (1997-98)
	Special Services Unit	FMA/Other Act	Govt	Internal/DOFA	Govt	Yes (1997)
	Other specific services	FMA/Other Act	Govt	Internal/DOFA	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (1997)
GBRMPA	Environmental Management and Permit Application Fees	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	na	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (1996)
	Communications and Education	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	na	Govt	na

^a FMA = *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.* The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. *na* Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

Table B.25 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Bird and Bat Banding Scheme	Environment Australia	Environment Australia	Environment Australia	Environment Australia
	Corporate services for AGO	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	Assessments for NRA	DEH	DEH/NRA	DEH/NRA	DEH/NRA
	Assessments for NICNAS	DEH	DEH/NICNAS	DEH/NICNAS	DEH/NICNAS
	Wildlife Permits and Enforcement	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	AAD -Joint Ventures	AAD/Treaty nations	AAD	AAD	AAD
	AAD -CRC	CRC	AAD	AAD	AAD
	Sea dumping permits	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	Hazardous Waste Permits	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	National Halon Bank	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	Ozone Protection Reserve	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
	Environment and Conservation Council	DEH	DEH	DEH	DEH
BoM	Aviation weather services	BoM/ICAO/CASA	BoM	BoM	ASA a
	Defence weather services	BoM/DoD	BoM	BoM	BoM
	Special Services Unit	BoM	BoM	BoM	BoM
	Other specific services	BoM	BoM	BoM	BoM
GBRMPA	Environmental Management and Permit Application Fees	GBRMPA	GBRMPA	GBRMPA	GBRMPA
	Communications and Education	GBRMPA	GBRMPA	GBRMPA	GBRMPA

^a ASA collects the revenue as an agent for BoM. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable. *Source:* PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

B.6 Portfolio: Education, Training and Youth Affairs

Table B.26 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	NOOSR migration case assessments	Fee	Policy	1989	To be reviewed in 2001
	NOOSR sale of publications	Fee	Demand/Users	1982	Ad hoc
	NOOSR Vetassess assessment program	Fee	Policy	1999	Biennially
	NOOSR teaching assessments	Fee	Policy	1999	To be reviewed in 2001
	NOOSR non permanent residents education assessments	Fee	Policy	1997	To be reviewed
	NOOSR education assessments	Fee	Policy	1987	To be reviewed in 2001
	CRICOS & PRISMS	Fee	Demand/Users	1997	Annually
	Jobguide	na	Services	1998	Biannually
	Australian Education International	Fee	Beneficiary/Policy	1993	Annually
	International Services	Fee	Beneficiary/Policy	1993	Ad hoc
	Statistics Unit	Fee	Demand/Users	1991	Annually
Anglo -Australian Telescope Board		Fee	User/Services	1997	Triennially
ANTA		Fee	Policy/User	1996	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.27 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	NOOSR migration case assessments	0.5	0.5	100.0	0.5	100.0	Yes	na
	NOOSR sale of publications	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	No	na
	NOOSR Vetassess assessment program	0.3	0.3	100.0	0.3	100.0	No	na
	NOOSR teaching assessments	0.4	0.4	100.0	0.4	100.0	No	na
	NOOSR non permanent residents education assessments	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.1	100.0	No	na
	NOOSR education assessments	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.1	50.0	No	na
	CRICOS & PRISMS	1.0	1.0	100.0	1.4	71.4	Yes	CRF
	Jobguide	0.1	1.4	7.1	0.3	33.3	Yes	Refund/Retained
	Australian Education International	1.2	5.0	24.0	4.4	27.0	Yes	Retained
	International Services	0.9	0.9	100.0	0.3	300.0	Yes	CRF
	Statistics Unit	_	_	100.0	_	121.4	Yes	Refund
Anglo -Australian Telescope Board		1.3	1.3	100.0	1.2	108.3	No	Retained
ANTA		0.1	25.5	0.4	18.1	0.6	No	na

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.28 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	NOOSR migration case assessments	Direct	na	na	No
	NOOSR sale of publications	Direct	na	na	No
	NOOSR Vetassess assessment program	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	NOOSR teaching assessments	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	NOOSR non permanent residents education assessments	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	NOOSR education assessments	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	CRICOS & PRISMS	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	Jobguide	Direct	na	na	No
	Australian Education International	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (labour)	na	No
	International Services	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes
	Statistics Unit	Direct/Indirect	Other	na	No
Anglo -Australian Telescope Board		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (labour)	Deprival	Yes
ANTA		Direct/Indirect	Pro Rata (rent/labour)	na	na

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.29 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	NOOSR migration case assessments	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	na
	NOOSR sale of publications	No Act	Govt	Cwealth	Govt	No
	NOOSR Vetassess assessment program	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Govt	No
	NOOSR teaching assessments	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	No
	NOOSR non permanent residents education assessments	No Act	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	na
	NOOSR education assessments	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	na
	CRICOS & PRISMS	Other Act	Govt/Industry	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	Yes (2000)
	Jobguide	None	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	No
	Australian Education International	FMA	Govt/Industry	DOFA	Govt/Industry	No
	International Services	FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes (2000)
	Statistics Unit	FMA	Govt	DOFA/Other	No ongoing consultation	No
Anglo -Australian Telescope Board		No Act	No consultation	Cwealth/ Other	No ongoing consultation	No
ANTA		FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes (2000)

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

Table B.30 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	NOOSR migration case assessments	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR
	NOOSR sale of publications	NOOSR	NOOSR	NOOSR/AusInfo	NOOSR/AusInfo
	NOOSR Vetassess assessment program	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR/Vetassess	NOOSR	NOOSR
	NOOSR teaching assessments	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR	NOOSR	NOOSR
	NOOSR non permanent residents education assessments	NOOSR	NOOSR	NOOSR	NOOSR
	NOOSR education assessments	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR/DIMA	NOOSR	NOOSR
	CRICOS & PRISMS	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA
	Jobguide	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA
	Australian Education International	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA
	International Services	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA
	Statistics Unit	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA	DETYA
Anglo -Australian Telescope Board		Anglo-Aust. Observatory	Anglo-Aust. Observatory	Anglo-Aust. Observatory	Anglo-Aust. Observatory
ANTA		DOFA	ANTA/ATP	ANTA	ANTA

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.7 Portfolio: Employment, Workplace Relations and Small Business

Table B.31 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Job search touch screen units leased to Job Network members	Fee	Demand	1997	Triennially
	IT implementation and training	Fee	Demand/Services	1998	Ad hoc
	Relocating IT functions	Fee	Policy	1998	na
	Office of workplace services	Fee	User/Services	1994	na
	Personnel operations training	Fee	Demand	1990	Ad hoc
	Public sector team	Fee	Demand/Services	1996	Ad hoc
	Trades Recognition Australia	Fee	na	1989	Ad hoc
Comcare	OH&S Act administration	Fee	Policy	1992	Annually
	Licensing under Safety Rehabilitation Compensation Act 1988	Fee	Policy	1992	Annually
	Training activities	Fee	Policy/User	1992	Annually
NICNAS	New chemical assessment fees	Fee	Policy	1997	Ad hoc
	Existing chemicals assessment	Levy	Policy	1997	Ad hoc
	Publications and seminars	Fee	Policy	na	Ad hoc

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.32 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Job search touch screen units leased to Job Network members	1.1	1.1	100.0	na	na	Yes	na
	IT implementation and training	15.6	15.6	100.0	15.6	100.0	Yes	na
	Relocating IT functions	15.6	15.6	100.0	15.6	100.0	Yes	na
	Office of workplace services	0.3	0.3	100.0	na	na	No	na
	Personnel operations training	0.2	0.2	100.0	0.4	50.0	Yes	Retained
	Public sector team	0.7	0.7	100.0	0.9	77.8	Yes	na
	Trades Recognition Australia	2.1	2.1	100.0	2.2	95.5	Yes	na
Comcare	OH&S Act administration	4.2	4.2	100.0	4.2	100.0	Yes	na
	Licensing under Safety Rehabilitation Compensation Act 1988	1.0	1.0	100.0	1.0	100.0	Yes	na
	Training activities	0.2	0.2	100.0	0.2	100.0	No	na
NICNAS	New chemical assessment fees	1.6	1.6	100.0	1.6	100.0	Yes	Retained
	Existing chemicals assessment	2.1	2.2	95.5	2.1	100.0	Yes	Retained
	Publications and seminars	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	na	Adjustment

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.33 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Job search touch screen units leased to Job Network members	Direct	na	na	No
	IT implementation and training Direct/Indirect		na	na	No
	Relocating IT functions	na	na	na	na
	Office of workplace services	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	Personnel operations training	Direct	na	na	No
	Public sector team	Direct	na	na	No
	Trades Recognition Australia	Direct	na	na	No
Comcare	OH&S Act administration	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
	Licensing under Safety Rehabilitation Compensation Act 1988	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
	Training activities	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
NICNAS	New chemical assessment fees	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
	Existing chemicals assessment	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
	Publications and seminars	Direct	na	na	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.34 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Job search touch screen units leased to Job Network members	No Act	No consultation	Other	No ongoing consultation	No
	IT implementation and training	Other Act	Govt/Industry	None	Consumers	No
	Relocating IT functions	Other Act	na	na	No ongoing consultation	na
	Office of workplace services	No Act	No consultation	None	No ongoing consultation	No
	Personnel operations training	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	Govt	Yes (2000)
	Public sector team	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	Govt	Yes (2000)
	Trades Recognition Australia	Other Act	Govt	Cwealth	No ongoing consultation	No
Comcare	OH&S Act administration	Other	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes
	Licensing under Safety Rehabilitation Compensation Act 1988	Other	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes (1999-2000)
	Training activities	Other	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	No
NICNAS	New chemical assessment fees	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Independent from Govt	Govt/Industry	Yes (1997)
	Existing chemicals assessment	Other Act	Govt/Industry	Independent from Govt	Govt/Industry	Yes (2000)
	Publications and seminars	No Act	Govt/Industry	Cwealth	Govt/Industry	No

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.35 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Job search touch screen units leased to Job Network members	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB
•	IT implementation and training	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB
	Relocating IT functions	na	na	na	na
	Office of workplace services	na	na	na	na
	Personnel operations training	na	na	DEWRSB	DEWRSB
	Public sector team	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB
	Trades Recognition Australia	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	DEWRSB
Comcare	OH&S Act administration	DEWRSB	SRCC	Comcare	Comcare
	Licensing under Safety Rehabilitation Compensation Act 1988	DEWRSB	SRCC	Comcare	Comcare
	Training activities	DEWRSB	Comcare	Comcare	Comcare
NICNAS	New chemical assessment fees	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	NICNAS	NICNAS
	Existing chemicals assessment	DEWRSB	DEWRSB	NICNAS	NICNAS
	Publications and seminars	DEWRSB	NICNAS	NICNAS	NICNAS

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.8 Portfolio: Finance and Administration

Table B.36 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Access to Government information	Fee	Policy	na	na
AEC	Roll management	Fee		1991	Annually (changed), reviewed (3 yearly)
	Roll products and services	Fee	User	na	Periodic review
	Industrial elections & ballots	Fee	CN	1997	Periodic review
	ATSIC elections	Fee	User	1990	Annually
	State & local govt. elections	Fee	CN	na	Periodic review
	Overseas election assistance	Fee	User	na	Periodic review
ComSuper	Superannuation administration services	Fee	Purchaser-provider	1998-99	Annually

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services; CN = Competitive neutrality. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.37 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses		Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%	na	na
Department	Access to Government information	12.0	12.0	100.0	13.2	91.4	na	na
AEC	Roll management	0.1	0.3	31.6	5.4	46.1	na	na
	Roll products and services	0.2	0.7	23.8	0.7	23.8	na	Retained
	Industrial elections & ballots	1.1	8.8	12.1	8.8	12.1	na	Retained
	ATSIC elections	5.0	5.0	100.0	5.3	93.8	na	
	State & local govt. elections	2.1	2.1	100.0	1.9	110.8	na	Retained
	Overseas election assistance	3.5	4.5	77.4	4.3	104.6	na	Retained
Comsuper	Superannuation administration services	39.0	39.9	98.9	38.8	101.6	na	Retained

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.38 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Access to Government information	na	Activity based costing	Market value	na
AEC	Roll management	Direct	na	na	No
	Roll products and services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (salary)	na	No
	Industrial elections & ballots	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (salary)	na	Yes
	ATSIC elections	Direct	na	na	No
	State & local govt. elections	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (salary)	na	Yes
	Overseas election assistance	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (salary)	na	No
Comsuper	Superannuation administration services		Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.39 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Access to Government information	Other Act	Govt	na	na	In progress
AEC	Roll management	FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt	Yes
	Roll products and services	FMA	Govt	DOFA/Internal	Govt	Yes
	Industrial elections & ballots	FMA/Other Act	na	DOFA/Internal	na	In progress
	ATSIC elections	FMA/Other Act	Govt		na	Yes
	State & local govt. elections	FMA	na	DOFA/Internal	na	In progress
	Overseas election assistance	FMA	na	DOFA/Internal	na	na
Comsuper	Superannuation administration services	FMA	Govt	External	DOFA/Board of trustees	No

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.40 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Access to Government information	DOFA	DOFA	DOFA	DOFA
AEC	Roll management	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
	Roll products and services	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
	Industrial elections & ballots	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
	ATSIC elections	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
	State & local govt. elections	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
	Overseas election assistance	AEC	AEC	AEC	AEC
ComSuper	Superannuation administration services	DOFA	ComSuper	ComSuper	ComSuper

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.9 Portfolio: Foreign Affairs and Trade

Table B.41 **Overview of arrangements**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Passports	Fee	Beneficiary/Revenue/Demand	na	Annually
	Consular services	Fee	Demand	1955	10 years
	Market development division	Fee	Policy	1992	Annually
	Australian safeguards and non-proliferation office	Levy	Beneficiary	1993	Annually
	East asia analytical unit	Fee	na	na	Ad hoc
	Finance management branch	Fee	Policy	1998	Six monthly
Austrade	Client service policy	Fee	Policy	1998	Irregularly
	Trade promotion activities	Fee	Revenue	1986	Ad hoc
	Programs funded by external organisations	Fee	Services	1986	Ad hoc

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.42 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Passports	126.7	126.7	100.0	0.0	na	No	na
	Consular services	1.2	1.2	100.0	0.0	na	No	na
	Market development division	_	_	100.0	_	69.6	No	Retained
	Australian safeguards and non- proliferation office	0.5	na		na		No	na
	East asia analytical unit	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.8	6.3	No	na
	Finance management branch	14.6	14.6	100.0	0.0	na	No	na
Austrade	Client service policy	8.5	103.5	8.2	103.5	8.21	Yes	Retained
	Trade promotion activities	4.5	4.5	100.0	4.5	100.0	Yes	Retained
	Programs funded by external organisations	15.8	15.8	100.0	15.8	100.0	Yes	Retained

^a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. ^b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. ... Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.43 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Passports	na	na	na	na
	Consular services	na	No	na	No
	Market development division	Direct	na	na	na
	Australian safeguards and non- proliferation office	na	Activity based costing	na	na
	East asia analytical unit	Direct	na	na	No
	Finance management branch	Direct/Indirect	na	No	No
Austrade	Client service policy	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	Trade promotion activities	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	No
	Programs funded by external organisations	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.44 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Passports	Other Act	Govt	na	na	No
	Consular services	Other Act	Govt	na	na	No
	Market development division	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	No ongoing consultation	na
	Australian safeguards and non-proliferation office	Other Act	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes (1987)
	East asia analytical unit	na	na	na	na	na
	Finance management branch	No Act	Govt	na	na	No
Austrade	Client service policy	Other Act	Govt	Cwealth	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (1998)
	Trade promotion activities	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Consumers	Yes (1996)
	Programs funded by external organisations	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Consumers	Yes

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.45 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Passports	DFAT	Legislation	DFAT/DOFA	DFAT
	Consular services	DFAT	Governer General	DFAT	DFAT
	Market development division	na	MIA/DFAT	MIA/DFAT	MIA/DFAT
	Australian safeguards and non-proliferation office	DFAT	DFAT	DFAT	DFAT
	East asia analytical unit	na	na	na	na
	Finance management branch	DFAT	DFAT	DFAT	DFAT
Austrade	Client service policy	Austrade/DFAT	Austrade	Austrade	Austrade
	Trade promotion activities	Austrade/DFAT	Austrade	Austrade	Austrade
	Programs funded by external organisations	Austrade/DOFA	Austrade	Austrade	Austrade

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

B.10 Portfolio: Family and Community Services

Table B.46 Overview of arrangements

+Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Australian Institute of Family Studies	Publications	Fee	na	1980	Regularly
	Contract research	Fee	na	1980	Regularly
Centrelink	Business partnership agreements	Fee	User	1997	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.47 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Australian Institute of Family Studies	Publications	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.2	50.0	na	Retained
·	Contract research	0.6	0.6	100.0	0.6	100.0	na	Retained
Centrelink	Business partnership agreements	na	1 680	na	na	na	na	Retained

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. **b** Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.48 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Australian Institute of Family Studies	Publications	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Historic	No
	Contract research	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Historic	Yes
Centrelink	Business partnership agreements	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Historic	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.49 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Australian Institute of Family Studies	Publications	Other Act	na	DOFA	Stakeholders	Yes (2001)
	Contract research	Other Act	na	DOFA	Govt/Industry/Consumers	Yes (1999)
Centrelink	Business partnership agreements	FMA/Other Act	na	na	Client/DOFA	Yes (2001)

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.50 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Australian Institute of Family Studies	Publications	AIFS	AIFS	AIFS	AIFS
	Contract research	AIFS	AFIS	AFIS	AFIS
Centrelink	Business partnership agreements	Client	Centrelink/DOFA	na	na

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.11 Portfolio: Health and Aged Care

Table B.51 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	TGA	Fee/Tax	Policy/User	1990	Annually
ANZFA	Publications	Royalties/Fee	Users	1991	na
AIHW	Statistical services	Fee	Services	1987	na
ARPANSA	Regulation	Fee	User	1999	Annually
HIC	Consultancy services and sale of statistics	Fee	User	na	na

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.52 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses		Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	TGA	41.4	43.8	94.7	49.0	84.5	Both	Retained
ANZFA	Publications	0.8	13.6	5.9	13.1	6.1	No	na
AIHW	Statistical services	9.2	17.8	51.9	17.7	52.0	No	Refund/Retained
ARPANSA	Regulation	1.2	3.8	31.6	3.6	33.5	No	Adjustment
HIC	Consultancy services and sale of statistics	8.8	391.5	2.2	416.3	2.1	na	na

^a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. ^b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.53 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	TGA	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	No
ANZFA	Publications	Direct/Indirect	% of direct costs	••	No
AIHW	Statistical services	Direct/indirect	% of non-salary costs	na	No
ARPANSA	Regulation	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (labour)		No
HIC	Consultancy services and sale of statistics	Direct/Indirect	% of direct costs	na	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.54 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	TGA	Tax Act/ Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	na	Industry/Consumers	No
ANZFA	Publications	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	DOFA/Other	Industry/Consumers	No
AIHW	Statistical services	na	Govt	Cwealth	DHAC/FaCS	Yes (1999)
ARPANSA	Regulation	Other Act	Govt	DOFA/Other	Minister/Industry	No
HIC	Consultancy services and sale of statistics	na	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	No

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.55 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	TGA	TGA	TGA	TGA	TGA
ANZFA	Publications	ANZFA	ANZFA	ANZFA	ANZFA
AIHW	Statistical services	AIHW/DHAC/FaCS	AIHW/DHAC/FaCS	AIHW	AIHW
ARPANSA	Regulation	ARPANSA	ARPANSA	ARPANSA	ARPANSA
HIC	Consultancy services and sale of statistics	HAC/HIC	HAC/HIC	HIC	HIC

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.12 Portfolio: Immigration and Multicultural Affairs

Table B.56 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Miscellaneous	Fee	User/Revenue/Demand	Mid-80s	Annually
	Translating and Interpreting Services	Fee	User/ Revenue/Demand	1992	Irregularly
	Visa Application Charges	Fee	User/Demand	Mid-80s	Annually
	Citizenship fees	Fee	User	na	Annually
MARA	Registration	Fee	Revenue/User	1998	Annually
MRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	Fee	Policy	1999	Irregularly
RRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	Fee	Policy	1999	Irregularly

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.57 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Miscellaneous	3.0	8.0	37.5	6.0	50.0	No	Retained
	Translating and Interpreting Services	9.5	24.5	38.8	24.5	38.8	Yes	Retained
	Visa Application Charges	204.1	743.0	27.5	515.4	39.6	No	CRF
	Citizenship fees	8.0	na	na	21.0	38.1	No	CRF
MARA	Registration	1.8	1.8	100.0	1.8	100.0	Yes	
MRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	5.9	na	na	11.7	50.4	No	CRF
RRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	0.7	na	na	17.9	3.9	No	CRF

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.58 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Miscellaneous	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	na	na
	Translating and Interpreting Services	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Historic	No
	Visa Application Charges	••			
	Citizenship fees				
MARA	Registration	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Historic	No
MRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions				
RRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions				

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.59 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Miscellaneous	FMA	Govt	DOFA	DOFA/Industry	Yes
	Translating and Interpreting Services	FMA	Govt	DOFA	Minister	Yes (2000)
	Visa Application Charges	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Minister/Govt/Industry	Yes (1997)
	Citizenship fees	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Minister/Govt	Yes (1999)
MARA	Registration	Other Act	Govt/Industry/Consumers	DOFA	Industry/Minister	Yes (1997, 1999)
MRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	DOFA/Minister	Yes
RRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	Other Act	Govt	DOFA	DOFA/Minister	Yes

^a FMA = *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.* The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.60 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Miscellaneous	DIMA	DIMA	DIMA	DIMA
	Translating and Interpreting Services	DIMA/Minister	DIMA	DIMA	DIMA
	Visa Application Charges	DIMA/Govt/Minister	DIMA/Minister/DOFA	DIMA	DIMA
	Citizenship fees	DIMA/Govt/Minister	DIMA/Minister/DOFA	DIMA	DIMA
MARA	Registration	DIMA/Govt/Minister	DIMA/Minister	DIMA	MARA
MRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	DIMA/Govt/Minister	Govt	MRT	MRT
RRT	Review of DIMA visa decisions	DIMA/Govt/Minister	Govt	RRT	RRT

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.13 Portfolio: Industry, Science and Resources

Table B.61 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Refining and Fuels Section	Fee	Beneficiary	Mid 1980s	Irregularly
	Australian Diver Accreditation	Fee	Policy	1987	Irregularly
	Supplier Access to Major Projects	Fee	Beneficiary	1998-99	na
	Bizlink	Fee	na	Around 1994	No changes
	Emerging Technologies	Fee	Demand	1999	No changes (new programme)
	Innovation Investment Fund	Fee	Demand/User	1997	Irregularly
	Australian Government Analytical Laboratories	Fee	Policy	1987	Annually
	Space Licencing and Safety Office	Fee	Policy	Charges not yet in place	Biennially
	IPS Radio and Space Services	Fee	Administrative decision	1985	Annually
AUSLIG		Fee	na	1950s	Annually
AGSO		Fee	Policy	1988	Regularly
CSIRO		Fee	Encourage links with industry	1949	Regularly
IP Australia		Fee	Policy	1984	Annually
NSC		Fee	Policy	1983	Changes frozen since 1996
ATC	Trade Events	Fee	Revenue	Early 1990s	Irregularly
	Advertising	Fee	Revenue/User	Early 1990s	Annually
	Co-operative Marketing Agreements	Fee	Services	Prior to 1996	na
ANSTO		Fee	na	1980s	Annually
ASC		Fee	na	1980s	Annually
BTR		Fee	Policy	1987	Annually
AIMS		Fee	Encourage links with industry	1988	Annually

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.62 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Refining and Fuels Section	_	_	100.0	0.1	17.1		Retained
•	Australian Diver Accreditation	_	_	100.0	0.1	14.3	No	na
	Supplier Access to Major Projects	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	Bizlink	0.1	5.6	1.3	5.6	1.3	Yes	
	Emerging Technologies	0.1	8.0	12.5	8.0	12.5	No	Retained
	Innovation Investment Fund	0.1	0.1	100	1.0	8.7	Yes	
	Australian Government Analytical Laboratories	19.4	30.3	64.1	30.2	64.2	No	na
	Space Licencing and Safety Office ^c	0.0	0.0		0.0			na
	IPS Radio and Space Services	0.1	3.8	2.8	3.7	2.8	Yes	na
AUSLIG		4.7	33.2	14.2	33.2	14.2	No	Adjustment/ Services
AGSO		12.1	75.0	16.2	73.5	16.5	Yes	Retained
CSIRO		250.4	895.2	28.0	775.3	32.3	No	Retained
IP Australia		72.8	74.6	97.6	72.2	100.8	No	Retained
NSC		0.7	1.3	58.2	1.4	53.4	No	d
ATC	Trade Events	na	16.4	na	21.5	na	na	Services
	Advertising	na	4.8	na	5.9	na	na	Services
	Co-operative Marketing Agreements	4.0	4.0	100.0	10.9	36.8	No	na

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Table B.62 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses		revenue is	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
ANSTO		29.9	98.1	30.5	na	na	No	na
ASC		5.8	136.1	4.3	137.1	4.2	No	Retained
BTR		0.6	4.4	12.9	4.3	13.2	No	d
AIMS		4.6	30.3	15.2	27.0	17.0	No	Retained

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. **b** Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **c** The Space Licencing and Safety Office is a new agency which is not yet charging for its activities. **d** Revenue raised by this agency has not exceeded costs. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.63 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Refining and Fuels Section	Direct		na	No .
•	Australian Diver Accreditation	Direct	Activity based costing		
	Supplier Access to Major Projects	na	na	na	na
	Bizlink	Direct			No
	Emerging Technologies	na			No
	Innovation Investment Fund	na			No
	Australian Government Analytical Laboratories	Direct/indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
	Space Licencing and Safety Office	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing		No
	IPS Radio and Space Services	Direct	Pro rata		No
AUSLIG		Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	No
AGSO		Direct/Indirect and Total Plus	na	Historic	No
CSIRO		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (labour)	Deprival	Yes
IP Australia		Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Replacement/Deprival	Yes
NSC		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	No
ATC	Trade Events	Direct			No
	Advertising	••		••	No
	Co-operative Marketing Agreements	na		**	No
ANSTO		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	Deprival	Yes
ASC		Direct	na	••	No
BTR		Direct	Pro rata (labour)	••	No
AIMS		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (labour)	Fair value	Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

 Table B.64
 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Refining and Fuels Section	FMA	Govt/Consumers	None	Consumers	No
	Australian Diver Accreditation	FMA	Govt/Industry		Govt/Industry	No
	Supplier Access to Major Projects	No Act	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes (1999)
	Bizlink	na	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	No
	Emerging Technologies	Other Act	na	na	No ongoing consultation	No
	Innovation Investment Fund	Other Act	Govt	None	No ongoing consultation	No
	Australian Government Analytical Laboratories	FMA	na	DOFA	Govt/industry	Under review
	Space Licencing and Safety Office	Other Act	Govt/Industry	DOFA/Other	Govt/Industry	
	IPS Radio and Space Services	FMA	Govt/Consumers	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	na
AUSLIG		FMA	na	Other	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Under review
AGSO		FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt/Industry	Under review
CSIRO		Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Internal/Cwealth	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Yes (1997)
IP Australia		FMA	Govt/Industry	DOFA	Govt/Industry	Yes (1999)
NSC		Other Act	Govt	None	Govt/Industry	Yes (1992)
ATC	Trade Events	Other Act	No consultation	None	Govt/Industry	No
	Advertising	Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers		Industry	No
	Co-operative Marketing Agreements	Other Act	Industry	na	na	
ANSTO		na	Govt	Internal	Govt	na

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Table B.64 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
ASC		No Act	Govt	None	No ongoing consultation	No
BTR		No Act	Govt	Cwealth	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Under review
AIMS		Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Internal/Cwealth	Govt/Industry/ Consumers t	Yes

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.65 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Refining and Fuels Section	DISR	DISR	DISR	DISR
	Australian Diver Accreditation	DISR	DISR	DISR	DISR
	Supplier Access to Major Projects	DISR	na	DISR	na
	Bizlink	AusIndustry	AusIndustry	AusIndustry	AusIndustry
	Emerging Technologies	DISR	DISR	AusIndustry	DISR
	Innovation Investment Fund	Industry Research and Development Board	Industry Research and Development Board	DISR	DISR
	Australian Government Analytical Laboratories	DISR	DISR	DISR	DISR
	Space Licencing and Safety Office	DISR	DISR	DISR	DISR
	IPS Radio and Space Services	DISR	IPS	IPS	IPS
AUSLIG		AUSLIG	AUSLIG	AUSLIG	AUSLIG
AGSO		AGSO	AGSO	AGSO	AGSO
CSIRO		CSIRO	CSIRO	CSIRO	CSIRO
IP Australia		IP Australia, DISR, DFAT	IP Australia	IP Australia	IP Australia
NSC		NSC	NSC	NSC	NSC
ATC	Trade Events	ATC	ATC	ATC	ATC
	Advertising	ATC	ATC	ATC	ATC
	Co-operative Marketing Agreements	na	na	na	na
ANSTO	-	ANSTO	ANSTO	ANSTO	ANSTO
ASC		ASC	ASC	ASC	ASC
BTR		Ministerial Council	BTR	BTR	BTR
AIMS		AIMS	AIMS	AIMS	AIMS

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.14 Portfolio: Prime Minister and Cabinet

Table B.66 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Photographic services; management of advertising accounts; sale of books	Fee	na	na	na
AIATSIS	Archives and production	Fee	na	1964	na
ANAO	Auditing	Fees	na	na	Annually
Office of the Commonwealth Ombudsman	ACT Ombudsman Function	Fee	na	1996	Annually
	ATO tax reform complaint service	Fee	na	1999-2000	na
Office of the Inspector- General of Intelligence and Security	Inquiry for Minister for Defence	Fee	na	na	na
Office of the Official Secretary to the Governor-General	Replacement awards	Fee	na	1975	Irregularly
PSMPC	Training, employment related functions, employment notices	Fee	na	Late 80s (training), 1994 (employment), prior to 1999 (notices)	Regularly

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.67 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	_	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Photographic services; management of advertising accounts; sale of books	3.8	3.8	100.0	2.2	171.2	No	Retained
AIATSIS	Archives and production	0.3	0.3	100.0	0.4	85.7	No	Retained
ANAO	Audit fees	10.6	60.1	17.6	45.4	23.2	No	na
Office of the Commonwealth Ombudsman	ACT Ombudsman Function	0.2	0.2	100.0	na	na	No	na
	ATO tax reform complaint service	0.2	0.2	100.0	na	na	No	na
Office of the Inspector- General of Intelligence and Security	Inquiry for Minister for Defence	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.1	100.0	No	
Office of the Official Secretary to the Governor-General	Replacement awards	_	_	100.0	na	na	No	na
PSMPC	Training, employment related functions, employment notices	8.4	8.4	100.0	22.6	37.2	Yes	Retained

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.68 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Photographic services; management of advertising accounts; sale of books	na	Pro-rata	na	na
AIATSIS	Archives and production	Direct	na	na	na
ANAO	Audit fees	na	Pro-rata	na	No
Office of the Commonwealth Ombudsman	ACT Ombudsman Function	Labour		na	No
	ATO tax reform complaint service	Labour		na	No
Office of the Inspector- General of Intelligence and Security	Inquiry for Minister for Defence	Direct	na	na	na
Office of the Official Secretary to the Governor- General	Replacement awards	na	na	na	No
PSMPC	Training, employment related functions, employment notices	Direct (training and employment), Direct/indirect (notices)	Pro-rata		No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity'. Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.69 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Photographic services; management of advertising accounts; sale of books	FMA	Govt	na	na	Yes
AIATSIS	Archives and production	Other Act	na	na	Govt	na
ANAO	Audit fees	Other Act	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	Yes
Office of the Commonwealth Ombudsman	ACT Ombudsman Function	Other Act	Govt	na	Govt	No
	ATO tax reform complaint service	FMA	Govt	None	Govt	No
Office of the Inspector- General of Intelligence and Security	Inquiry for Minister for Defence	No Act	Govt		No ongoing consultation	Yes
Office of the Official Secretary to the Governor-General	Replacement awards	na	na	na	No ongoing consultation	No
PSMPC	Training, employment related functions, employment notices	FMA/Other Act	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	Yes

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.70 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Photographic services; management of advertising accounts; sale of books	PM&C	PM&C	PM&C	PM&C
AIATSIS	Archives and production	AIATSIS	AIATSIS	AIATSIS	AIATSIS
ANAO	Audit fees	PM&C	ANAO	ANAO	ANAO
Office of the Commonwealth Ombudsman	ACT Ombudsman Function	na	na	na	na
	ATO tax reform complaint service	na	na	na	na
Office of the Inspector- General of Intelligence and Security	Inquiry for Minister for Defence	na	na	na	na
Office of the Official Secretary to the Governor- General	Replacement awards	na	na	na	na
PSMPC	Training, employment related functions, employment notices	PSMPC	PSMPC	PSMPC	PSMPC

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.15 Portfolio: Treasury

Table B.71 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Corporate services for the AOFM	Fee	User	1999-2000	Annually
	Ministerial support provided to portfolio agencies	Fee	User	1993 Approx.	Annually
	AGA - Actuarial services	Fee	Demand	1990 Approx.	Annually
	AGA - Sale of publications	Fee	na	Early 90s	Five yearly
	Sale of TRYM model	Fee	User	1995-96 Approx.	Adhoc
	Sale of Treasury publications	Fee	na	Pre 1995	Annually
	Corporations and Securities Panel - transcript and experts' costs,	Fee	na	2000	na
ABS		Fee	Demand/Revenue	1988	Annually
ACCC	Telecommunication regulation	Fee	Policy	1997	Annually
	TPA fees	Fee	Policy	na	Adhoc
	Contract work, room hire, etc	Fee	na	na	na
AOFM	Sale of publications	Fee	na	1999	Annually
APRA	Prudential regulation of financial institutions	Levy	Beneficiary	1998 b	Annually
ASIC	Regulation of companies and securities markets	Fee	Beneficiary/Policy	1991 ^{c}	Annually
ATO	Incidental activities	Fee	na	na	Annually
	AVO - Valuation activities	Fee	na	na	na
NCC	National gas code application fees	Fees	na	1999	No reviews
	Speeches to communications conference	Fees	Beneficiary	1998	Regularly
PC	Library services	Fee	na	1995-96	Irregularly
	Sale of publications	Fee	na	1999 Approx.	Annually
	Consultancy work	Fee	na	na	Annually
RBA	Sale of some publications	Fee	Demand	1981	Irregularly
Royal Australian Mint	Minting of coins	Fee	na	na	na

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. b Financial supervision fees were in existence before this date. c Company fees were in existence before this date. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.72 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses		What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Corporate services for the AOFM	0.6	0.6	100.0	0.6	100.0	No	
	Ministerial support provided to portfolio agencies	0.3	0.3	100.0	0.3	100.0	No	
	AGA - Actuarial services	0.9	0.9	100.0	0.3	250.7	No	Retained
	AGA - Sale of publications	_	_	100.0	na	na	No	
	Sale of TRYM model	_	_	100.0	na	na	Yes	
	Sale of Treasury publications	0.2	0.2	100.0	0.3	50.0	No	
	Corporations and Securities Panel — transcript and experts' costs,	_	2.3	0.6	1.0	1.3	No	
ABS		21.5	265.0	8.1	255.5	8.4	Yes	Retained
ACCC	Telecommunication regulation	2.8	2.8	100.0	2.8	100.0	No	
	TPA fees	1.2	1.2	100.0	na	na	No	
	Contract work, room hire, etc	0.2	0.2	100.0	na	na	No	na
AOFM	Sale of publications	na	na	na	na	na	na	
APRA	Prudential regulation of financial institutions	61.2 ^{c}	64.7	94.6	58.8	104.1	No	Adjustment
ASIC	Regulation of companies and securities markets	201.0 d	201.0	100.0	144.8	138.8	No	CRF
ATO	Incidental activities	101.0	108.1	93.4	101.0	100.0	No	Refund
	AVO - Valuation activities	17.7	18.1	97.8	17.1	103.5	No	Retained
NCC	National gas code application fees	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.2	27.9	No	
	Speeches to communications conference	_	_	100.0	_	69.0	No	

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Table B.72 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
PC	Library services	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	No	Retained
	Sale of publications	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	No	Retained
	Consultancy work	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	No	Retained
RBA	Sale of some publications	0.1	0.1	100.0	0.2	27.0	No	na
Royal Australian Mint	Minting of coins	115.0	115.0	100.0	46.9	245.1	No	CRF

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. C Does not include transfers to third parties. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.73 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Corporate services for the AOFM	Direct	Pro-rata	na	No
	Ministerial support provided to portfolio agencies	Direct	Pro-rata	na	No
	AGA - Actuarial services	Direct/Indirect	na		No
	AGA - Sale of publications	na	na		No
	Sale of TRYM model	na	na	na	na
	Sale of Treasury publications	Direct (printing)	Pro-rata		No
	Corporations and Securities Panel - transcript and experts' costs	Direct (some)	na		No
ABS		Direct/Indirect	Pro rata (direct labour costs)	Historic	No
ACCC	Telecommunication regulation	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
	TPA fees	na			No
	Contract work, room hire, etc	Direct/Indirect	na	na	No
AOFM	Sale of publications	na	na	na	na
APRA	Prudential regulation of financial institutions	Direct/Indirect	Pro rata	na	No
ASIC	Regulation of companies and securities markets	Total plus	na	na	No
ATO	Incidental activities	Direct/Indirect	na		No
	AVO – Valuation activities	Direct/Indirect	Rule of thumb	Deprival	Yes
NCC	National gas code application fees	na	na		No
	Speeches to communications conference	Direct		na	No

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Table B.73 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
PC	Library services	Direct	na		No
	Sale of publications	Direct (printing, postage)			No
	Consultancy work	Direct/Indirect	na		No
RBA	Sale of some publications	Direct	na	na	No
Royal Australian Mint	Minting of coins	Direct/Indirect	Pro-rata	Deprival	No

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.74 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Corporate services for the AOFM	No Act	Govt		Govt	Yes
	Ministerial support provided to portfolio agencies	No Act	Govt		na	na
	AGA - Actuarial services	FMA	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	No
	AGA - Sale of publications	FMA	Govt	na	No ongoing consultation	No
	Sale of TRYM model	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	Govt	Yes
	Sale of Treasury publications	FMA	Govt	Cwealth	No ongoing consultation	No
	Corporations and Securities Panel - transcript and experts' costs,	No Act	Industry	na	Industry	No
ABS		FMA/Other Act	Govt	DOFA	Govt/Industry	No
ACCC	Telecommunication regulation	Tax Act	Govt	na	na	na
	TPA fees	Other Act	Govt	na	na	na
	Contract work, room hire, etc	FMA	na	na	No ongoing consultation	na
AOFM	Sale of publications	FMA	Govt	DOFA/ Cwealth	No ongoing consultation	No
APRA	Prudential regulation of financial institutions	Tax Acts	Govt/Industry	Other	Govt/Industry	Yes (2001)
ASIC	Regulation of companies and securities markets	Tax Act	Govt	Cwealth/ Other	No ongoing consultation	Yes (2001)
ATO	Incidental activities	No Act	Govt	Internal	Govt	na
	AVO - Valuation activities	FMA	Govt	DOFA	No ongoing consultation	Not recently
NCC	National gas code application fees	Other Act	Govt/industry	Cwealth	Govt	No
	Speeches to communications conference	na	na	na	na	No

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Table B.73 (continued)

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
PC	Library services	FMA	Govt	DOFA	Consumers	Yes (1997)
	Sale of publications	FMA	Consumers	Internal	No ongoing consultation	No
	Consultancy work	FMA	Govt	Internal	No ongoing consultation	No
RBA	Sale of some publications	No Act	na	Internal	No ongoing consultation	Yes
Royal Australian Mint	Minting of coins	No Act	Govt	na	Govt	Yes

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.75 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Corporate services for the AOFM	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury
	Ministerial support provided to portfolio agencies	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury
	AGA - Actuarial services	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury
	AGA - Sale of publications	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury
	Sale of TRYM model	Treasury/ABS	Treasury/ABS	ABS	ABS
	Sale of Treasury publications	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury	Treasury
	Corporations and Securities Panel - transcript and experts' costs,	The panel	The panel	The panel	The panel
ABS		ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS
ACCC	Telecommunication regulation	Treasury	na	na	na
	TPA fees	Treasury	Treasury	ACCC	ACCC
	Contract work, room hire, etc	ACCC	ACCC	ACCC	ACCC
AOFM	Sale of publications	AOFM	AOFM/AUSINFO	AUSINFO	AUSINFO
APRA	Prudential regulation of financial institutions	APRA/Treasury	APRA/Treasury	APRA/DOFA	APRA/DOFA
ASIC	Regulation of companies and securities markets	Treasury	Treasury/Minister	ASIC	ASIC
ATO	Incidental activities	ATO	ATO	ATO	ATO
	AVO - Valuation activities	AVO	AVO	AVO	AVO
NCC	National gas code application fees	NCC	NCC	NCC	NCC
	Speeches to communications conference	NCC	NCC	NCC	NCC
PC	Library services	PC	PC	PC	PC
	Sale of publications	PC	PC	PC	PC
	Consultancy work	PC	PC	PC	PC
RBA	Sale of some publications	RBA	RBA	RBA	RBA
Royal Australian Mint	Minting of coins	Treasury	Treasury	Royal Australian Mint	Royal Australian Mint

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

B.16 Portfolio: Transport and Regional Services

Table B.76 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
Department	Noise amelioration program and airport environmental officers	Fee	Policy	1995-2001	Annually (amelioration), Adhoc (airports)
	ATSB	Fee	na	1999	Adhoc
	Avstats	Fee	User/Demand	1993	na
	BTE	Fee	User/Demand	1996-97	Adhoc
	Coasting trade licence and permit fees	Fee	User	1997	na
	Part X (Trade Practices Act 1974) fees	Fee	na	1989	Irregularly
	Vehicle safety standards	Fees	User	1989	Irregularly
	IASC	Fee	User	na	na
AMSA	Regulation and safety	Levies	Policy/User	na	Annually
ASA	Aeronautical services	Fee	User	na	Anually (minimum)
CASA	Aviation safety standards and regulation	Excise/Fee	Policy/User/Beneficiary	1988	Bi-annually (CPI)
NCA	Statutory fees, diplomatic leases	Fee	na	na	na

^a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.77 **Revenue 1999-2000**

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	CR revenue / total expenses		What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
Department	Noise amelioration program and airport environmental officers	39.9	39.9	100.0	60.9	65.6	Yes	(amelioration), refund (airports)
	ATSB	0.2	0.2	100.0	10.2	1.5	na	
	Avstats	0.1	0.1	100.0	na	na	Yes	na
	BTE	_	_	100.0	_	100.0	Yes	na
	Coasting trade licence and permit fees	0.2	0.2	100.0	na	na	No	na
	Part X (Trade Practices Act 1974) fees	_	_	100.0	_	82.6	No	
	Vehicle safety standards	7.4	7.4	100.0	6.8	108.3	Both	na
	IASC	na	na		na		No	
AMSA	Regulation and safety	52.4	54.6	96.0	57.6	90.9	Yes	Retained
ASA	Aeronautical services	na	na	na	na	na	No	Retained
CASA	Aviation safety standards and regulation	59.9	98.9	60.6	83.7	71.6	Yes	na
NCA	Statutory fees, diplomatic leases	1.0	17.0	5.8	15.3	6.5	Yes	CRF

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. b Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. CR Cost recovery. na Not available. .. Not applicable. — Rounds to zero.

Table B.78 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
Department	Noise amelioration program and airport environmental officers	Direct		na	No
	ATSB	Direct/Indirect	na	na	na
	Avstats	Direct	na	na	No
	BTE	Direct/Indirect	Pro-rata (direct)	na	No
	Coasting trade licence and permit fees	na	na	na	na
	Part X (Trade Practices Act 1974) fees	Direct/Indirect	Pro-rata (labour)	na	No
	Vehicle safety standards	na	na	na	na
	IASC	Less than direct	Fixed		
AMSA	Regulation and safety	Direct/Indirect	Activity based costing	Deprival	Yes
ASA	Aeronautical services	Total plus	Pro rata (staff)	Deprival	Yes
CASA	Aviation safety standards and regulation	Direct/Indirect	na	Deprival	No
NCA	Statutory fees, diplomatic leases				Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity. 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.79 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
Department	Noise amelioration program and airport environmental officers	Other Acts	Govt/Industry/ Public	Other	na	Yes
	ATSB	FMA	Govt	DOFA	Govt	No
	Avstats	na	Govt	DOFA	na	No
	BTE	FMA	Govt	DOFA	None	No
	Coasting trade licence and permit fees	Other Act	na	na	na	na
	Part X (Trade Practices Act 1974) fees	Other Act	na	na	None	No
	Vehicle safety standards	Other Act	na	na	na	Irregularly
	IASC	na	Industry	na	Industry and state govt.	No
AMSA	Regulation and safety	Tax Act/Other Act	Industry	Independent to Govt	Industry	Yes (1997)
ASA	Aeronautical services	Other Act	na	Internal	Industry/Consumers	Yes (2000)
CASA	Aviation safety standards and regulation	Tax Act/Other Act	Govt/Industry/ Consumers	Independent to Govt	Govt/Industry	Yes
NCA	Statutory fees, diplomatic leases	Other Act	Govt	Internal	No	Yes (1999)

^a FMA = Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997. The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.80 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
Department	Noise amelioration program and airport environmental officers	DTRS	Treasury (amelioration), DTRS (airports)	DTRS	Airservices (amelioration), DTRS (airports)
	ATSB	DOFA	DTRS/ATSB	DTRS/ATSB	DTRS/ATSB
	Avstats	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS
	BTE	BTE	BTE	BTE	BTE
	Coasting trade licence and permit fees	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS
	Part X (Trade Practices Act 1974) fees	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS
	Vehicle safety standards	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS	DTRS
	IASC	DTRS	IASC	IASC	IASC
AMSA	Regulation and safety	AMSA	AMSA	AMSA	ACS
ASA	Aeronautical services	ASA	ASA	ASA	ASA
CASA	Aviation safety standards and regulation	DTRS	DTRS	DOFA/CASA	CASA/ATO/ACS
NCA	Statutory fees, diplomatic leases	NCA	NCA	NCA	NCA

na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Source: PC summary based on questionnaire (part II) responses.

B.17 Portfolio: Veterans Affairs

Table B.81 Overview of arrangements

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Type of charge	Stated rationale for cost recovery ^a	When introduced	How often charges are changed/reviewed
AWM	Image sales and education programs	Fee	Services		5 yearly

a Demand = Demand management; Revenue = Raising revenue; Policy = Government policy; User = User pays; Beneficiary = Beneficiary pays; Services = Expand services. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.82 Revenue 1999-2000

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Revenue raised though cost recovery	Total revenue	CR revenue / total revenue	Total expenses	revenue /	Whether revenue is earmarked ^a	What happens to revenue if it is greater than costs ^b
		\$m	\$m	%	\$m	%		
AWM	Image sales and education programs	0.4	98.0	0.4	na	na	No	Retained

a Earmarking is the assignment of revenue received from a specific tax or taxes to the financing of a particular government activity. **b** Refund = CR revenue is refunded; Adjustment = Fees are adjusted; Services = Services were expanded; Retained = CR revenue retained by agency; CRF = Paid into Consolidated Revenue Fund. **CR** Cost recovery. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.83 Costs recovered

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	What costs charges aim to recover ^a	How indirect costs are allocated ^b	Basis for asset valuation	Whether charges include a user cost of capital
AWM	Image sales and education programs	Direct	Formula		Yes

^a 'Direct' costs are costs that can directly and unequivocally be attributed to an activity. 'Indirect' costs are costs that are not directly attributable to an activity.' 'Total plus' includes direct and indirect costs plus any revenue over this amount, such as a proxy rate of return. ^b Indirect costs are generally allocated pro rata to some or all direct costs or by activity based costing. Activity based costing links an organisation's outputs to activities used to produce those outputs which in turn are linked to the organisation's costs (see appendix H, volume 1 of the inquiry report). na Not available. .. Not applicable.

Table B.84 Accountability and transparency

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Legal basis ^a	Who was consulted when cost recovery introduced	What guidelines were used	Who is involved in ongoing consultation	Whether the arrangements have been formally reviewed
AWM	Image sales and education programs	Other Act			No ongoing consultation	No

^a FMA = *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997.* The main purpose of this Act is to provide a framework for the proper management of public money and public property. It is not clear whether this Act provides a legal basis for cost recovery; Tax Act = Any Tax Act; Other Act = An Act other than the FMA Act or a Tax Act; No Act = No Act supporting the arrangements. **na** Not available. **..** Not applicable.

Table B.85 Responsibility for various functions

Agency	Activity/sub-agency	Policy	Price setting	Administration	Revenue collection
AWM	Image sales and education programs	AWM Council	AWM	AWM	AWM

na Not available. .. Not applicable.