

13A Services for people with a disability — attachment

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in this attachment are in section 13.6 of the chapter. Data in this chapter are examined by the Disability Services Working Group, but have not been formally audited by the Secretariat. A peer review process is also undertaken by the Disability Services Working Group in the development of the data definitions. Unsourced information was obtained from the Australian, State and Territory governments.

This file is available in Adobe PDF format on the Review web page (www.pc.gov.au/gsp). Users without Internet access can contact the Secretariat to obtain these tables (details on the inside front cover of the Report).

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Table 13A.1

Table 13A.1 Users of Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) government and non-government provided services, by service type (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Types of State and Territory government administered services										
Accommodation support										
Government	no.	2 826	4 132	705	1 206	830	147	164	–	10 010
Non-government	no.	3 643	4 765	3 767	1 754	3 254	946	171	212	18 506
Total	no.	6 440	8 589	4 461	2 932	4 069	1 069	334	212	28 100
Community support										
Government	no.	10 035	9 058	5 368	7 554	7 004	1 097	32	321	40 419
Non-government	no.	9 181	20 273	3 582	5 422	3 863	1 145	156	195	43 772
Total	no.	18 013	28 485	8 513	11 138	9 916	2 173	188	509	78 796
Community access										
Government	no.	2 116	569	502	731	266	233	139	–	4 556
Non-government	no.	4 434	12 249	4 650	9 987	4 595	1 319	301	286	37 812
Total	no.	6 483	12 656	5 039	10 354	4 827	1 493	419	286	41 542
Respite										
Government	no.	1 922	1 523	461	633	140	173	183	–	5 031
Non-government	no.	2 580	6 331	2 683	2 093	1 269	73	80	155	15 256
Total	no.	4 153	7 476	3 011	2 464	1 390	238	255	155	19 122
All State and Territory government administered services										
Government	no.	12 768	13 570	5 746	8 035	7 811	1 298	415	321	49 889
Non-government	no.	17 191	35 763	11 422	14 960	9 522	3 086	612	719	93 158
Total	no.	26 846	44 581	14 933	18 947	14 989	3 825	920	940	125 709
Types of Australian Government administered services (j)										
Employment										
Government	no.	162	147	92	–	–	55	15	–	471
Non-government	no.	18 848	18 149	11 945	6 217	5 911	1 627	884	410	63 847
Total	no.	19 003	18 283	12 036	6 217	5 911	1 667	898	410	64 281
All services										
Government	no.	12 869	13 702	5 828	8 035	7 811	1 350	423	321	50 264
Non-government	no.	34 561	52 119	22 252	19 310	14 234	4 491	1 378	1 048	149 081
Total	no.	43 619	60 471	25 629	22 730	19 099	5 197	1 638	1 258	179 162
Government	%	29.5	22.7	22.7	35.3	40.9	26.0	25.8	25.5	28.1
Non-government	%	79.2	86.2	86.8	85.0	74.5	86.4	84.1	83.3	83.2
Proportion of potential population using CSTDA services (k)										
Potential population	no.	229 183	165 315	134 671	69 074	52 114	17 004	11 248	8 986	687 710
	%	19.0	36.6	19.0	32.9	36.6	30.6	14.6	14.0	26.1

Table 13A.1

Table 13A.1 Users of Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) government and non-government provided services, by service type (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2004-05										
Types of State and Territory government administered services										
Accommodation support										
Government	no.	3 833	4 507	758	1 473	818	167	170	–	11 726
Non-government	no.	2 175	4 365	3 936	1 788	3 749	1 009	168	190	17 380
Total	no.	5 980	8 321	4 683	3 168	4 550	1 128	338	190	28 355
Community support										
Government	no.	11 199	12 317	5 295	13 263	7 054	1 067	2 316	353	52 777
Non-government	no.	9 039	22 803	3 622	6 182	3 583	947	234	566	46 931
Total	no.	19 082	33 521	8 466	16 511	9 832	1 943	2 508	910	92 579
Community access										
Government	no.	4 103	1 166	562	791	255	241	75	–	7 191
Non-government	no.	2 855	12 103	5 573	3 850	4 648	1 347	313	305	30 988
Total	no.	6 761	12 754	5 994	4 431	4 863	1 513	374	305	36 986
Respite										
Government	no.	2 578	1 925	442	744	82	195	176	–	6 136
Non-government	no.	1 834	7 974	3 128	2 313	1 404	78	126	182	17 023
Total	no.	4 129	9 314	3 442	2 744	1 470	265	287	182	21 797
All State and Territory government administered services										
Government	no.	17 103	16 484	5 787	13 603	7 795	1 266	2 544	353	64 821
Non-government	no.	14 255	40 045	12 222	10 604	10 195	2 988	724	1 085	92 003
Total	no.	28 521	49 612	15 640	19 301	15 447	3 658	3 087	1 350	136 307
Types of Australian Government administered services (j)										
Employment										
Government	no.	164	167	95	–	–	39	15	–	480
Non-government	no.	18 879	18 424	12 245	6 151	5 919	1 729	779	395	64 386
Total	no.	19 037	18 567	12 340	6 151	5 919	1 768	793	395	64 835
All services										
Government	no.	17 213	16 618	5 869	13 603	7 795	1 300	2 556	353	65 192
Non-government	no.	32 107	56 697	23 210	15 196	15 022	4 497	1 425	1 402	149 267
Total	no.	45 148	65 618	26 517	23 171	19 612	5 154	3 753	1 655	190 124
Government	%	38.1	25.3	22.1	58.7	39.7	25.2	68.1	21.3	34.3
Non-government	%	71.1	86.4	87.5	65.6	76.6	87.3	38.0	84.7	78.5
Proportion of potential population using CSTDA services (k)										
Potential population	no.	230 833	166 114	138 657	70 560	52 368	17 355	11 245	9 842	697 124
	%	19.6	39.5	19.1	32.8	37.5	29.7	33.4	16.8	27.3

Table 13A.1 Users of Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) government and non-government provided services, by service type (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(a)	Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services in more than one State or Territory. Totals for services administered by State and Territory governments may not be the sum of the government and non-government components as the auspicing agency was 'not stated' for some service users. Totals for each State and Territory or service group may not be the sum of the government and non-government components since individuals might have accessed both government and non-government provided services.									
(b)	Data for service users of CSTDA services funded by the states and territories exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.									
(c)	Data for service users of the following CSTDA funded service types were not collected: advocacy, information/referral, combined information/advocacy, mutual support/self-help groups, print disability/alternative formats of communication, research and evaluation, training and development, peak bodies and other support services.									
(d)	Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA National Minimum Data Set (NMDS). However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.									
(e)	The service type outlet response rate was 93 per cent nationally in 2003-04 — 100 per cent for WA, SA, Tasmania and the Australian Government; 97 per cent for Queensland; 95 per cent for the NT; 94 per cent for Victoria; 93 per cent for the ACT; and 80 per cent for NSW. The service type outlet response rate was 94 per cent nationally in 2004-05 — 100 per cent for WA, SA and the Australian Government; 99 per cent for Queensland; 98 per cent for the ACT; 96 per cent for Tasmania; 92 per cent for Victoria; 85 per cent for NSW and 70 per cent for the NT.									
(f)	NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.									
(g)	Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.									
(h)	For the ACT, improved data capture for therapy services resulted in an increased service user count between 2003-04 and 2004-05.									
(i)	Due to updates in NT agency sector information, 2003-04 data for respite service differ to those published by the AIHW in the following report: <i>Disability Support Services 2003–04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> .									
(j)	Australian Government administered services classified as 'government' are not provided by the Australian Government but by organisations classified as Australian Government related, such as universities.									
(k)	The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for CSTDA services are the number of people aged under 65 years, with profound or severe core activity limitations, multiplied by the Indigenous factor for that jurisdiction. See section 13.6 for detailed information on the estimated potential population and the Indigenous factor. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.									

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 13A.1 Users of Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) government and non-government provided services, by service type (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT (i)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004 05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, *Disability Series*, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW Cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper Series no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.2

Table 13A.2 Recipients of Disability Support Pension, Mobility Allowance, Carer Payment, Carer Allowance and Sickness Allowance ('000) (a)

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (b)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability Support Pension (c)										
June 2002	216.8	154.6	124.4	54.9	62.8	33.5	6.7	5.2	..	658.9
June 2003	220.1	158.9	129.4	56.3	64.3	32.2	6.9	5.3	..	673.3
June 2004	225.9	165.6	134.2	58.7	66.3	33.3	7.0	5.7	..	696.7
June 2005	227.4	168.7	135.9	59.7	67.5	27.8	7.0	5.9	6.9	706.8
June 2006	228.6	170.5	136.9	60.1	68.1	24.8	7.1	6.1	10.0	712.2
Mobility Allowance (d)										
June 2002	11.9	11.8	7.9	3.4	4.5	1.3	0.5	0.2	..	41.5
June 2003	12.8	12.1	8.5	3.7	5.0	1.4	0.5	0.2	..	44.2
June 2004	13.5	12.5	9.0	4.1	5.5	1.5	0.5	0.2	..	46.8
June 2005	14.1	13.1	9.5	4.2	5.8	1.6	0.5	0.2	0.1	49.2
June 2006	14.8	14.0	10.0	4.4	6.1	1.7	0.5	0.2	–	51.7
Carer Payment (e)										
June 2002	23.7	16.9	13.7	4.7	5.1	2.4	0.5	0.4	..	67.3
June 2003	26.9	18.9	15.4	5.4	5.7	2.7	0.5	0.4	..	75.9
June 2004	29.9	20.9	17.0	5.9	6.3	3.0	0.6	0.5	..	84.1
June 2005	34.3	23.9	18.8	6.5	7.3	3.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	95.4
June 2006	38.3	26.5	20.4	7.1	7.9	3.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	105.1
Carer Allowance (f)										
June 2002	93.1	74.3	55.1	25.2	23.2	8.1	3.5	1.4	..	283.8
June 2003	102.3	81.4	60.9	27.2	25.5	8.8	3.6	1.5	..	311.4
June 2004	103.5	82.4	62.2	26.9	26.3	8.9	3.3	1.5	..	315.1
June 2005	118.6	93.6	69.6	29.7	30.0	10.1	3.7	1.6	0.1	357.1
June 2006	128.6	100.7	74.1	31.0	32.0	10.8	3.9	1.7	0.1	382.9
Sickness Allowance (g)										
June 2002	2.7	2.5	2.1	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	..	9.5
June 2003	2.4	2.5	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	..	8.9
June 2004	2.4	2.6	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	..	8.7
June 2005	2.3	2.3	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.1	–	..	8.4
June 2006	2.0	2.2	1.8	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.1	–	–	7.5

(a) Pensions, allowances and payments were not funded under the CSTDA. Australian totals may not sum as a result of rounding.

(b) For 2002 to 2004, NSW data includes recipients with invalid or unknown postcodes and Tasmanian data includes recipients living overseas. From 2005, the 'other' category includes recipients with invalid or unknown postcodes and recipients living overseas.

(c) The Disability Support Pension is a means tested income support payment for people aged 16 or over who have a physical, intellectual or psychiatric impairment (meeting set criteria) resulting in an inability to work or to be re-skilled for work for at least the next two years (as a result of impairment), or who are participating in the supported wage system. Special rules apply to the vision impaired.

Table 13A.2 Recipients of Disability Support Pension, Mobility Allowance, Carer Payment, Carer Allowance and Sickness Allowance ('000) (a)

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA Tas (b)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT Other (b)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d) The Mobility Allowance is a non-means tested income supplement to assist with transport costs for people aged 16 or over with a disability who are in employment, vocational training, a combination of vocational training and employment, job search activities or voluntary work, and who are unable to use public transport without substantial assistance.								
(e) The Carer Payment provides income support to people who, as a result of the demands of their caring role, are unable to support themselves through substantial workforce participation.								
(f) The Carer Allowance is a supplementary payment available to people who provide daily care and attention at home for an adult or a child with a disability or severe medical condition. Data include Health Care Card only customers.								
(g) Sickness Allowance is a means tested income support payment for people aged 21 or over who are temporarily incapacitated from doing their normal work or study, due to illness or injury, and have a job or study to return to when they are fit.								
.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.								

Source: Department of Family, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs (FaCSIA) (unpublished); Department of Employment and Workplace Relations (unpublished).

Table 13A.3

Table 13A.3 Real government direct service delivery expenditure, by service type (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)

	NSW (b)	Vic (c)	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA (f)	Tas (g)	ACT	NT (h)	S/T (i)	Aus Gov	Aust	
Accommodation support												
2001-02	612 117	481 413	185 571	146 027	125 425	50 290	23 136	7 808	1 631 786	..	1 631 786	
2002-03	631 275	519 105	191 769	154 160	125 355	52 440	23 517	12 482	1 710 102	..	1 710 102	
2003-04	656 008	524 004	207 576	161 831	129 657	54 791	27 262	11 992	1 773 121	..	1 773 121	
2004-05	683 509	539 700	229 712	164 397	157 630	57 431	28 830	14 490	1 875 699	..	1 875 699	
2005-06	672 896	552 231	224 004	171 640	147 164	59 502	29 852	16 117	1 873 406	..	1 873 406	
Community support												
2001-02	86 276	107 203	39 423	57 884	30 756	7 293	6 958	9 842	345 635	..	345 635	
2002-03	80 968	106 402	43 030	50 009	28 570	7 769	9 205	8 319	334 271	..	334 271	
2003-04	89 971	136 685	49 147	51 268	27 807	8 619	8 832	9 583	381 912	..	381 912	
2004-05	89 631	153 015	54 107	52 057	31 870	9 571	11 478	10 403	412 132	..	412 132	
2005-06	98 359	175 442	67 958	54 450	35 813	9 082	11 750	8 226	461 080	..	461 080	
Community access												
2001-02	100 511	149 568	46 876	17 854	14 216	12 336	2 686	1 565	345 612	5 323	350 935	
2002-03	126 616	161 448	55 936	21 043	14 355	12 619	3 195	2 208	397 420	6 181	403 601	
2003-04	127 022	170 952	59 402	22 583	15 254	13 231	3 378	2 395	414 217	6 069	420 286	
2004-05	131 747	173 715	60 326	23 577	17 039	13 775	3 805	2 177	426 161	8 102	434 262	
2005-06	139 467	169 724	79 327	24 528	16 791	15 125	4 703	2 298	451 963	6 995	458 957	
Respite services												
2001-02	66 794	42 334	30 695	15 820	8 548	7 153	2 877	889	175 109	5 229	180 338	
2002-03	68 615	46 932	34 260	19 823	8 167	5 507	3 075	1 262	187 641	4 906	192 546	
2003-04	71 300	44 882	36 300	20 682	11 770	5 620	4 375	1 397	196 324	4 821	201 146	
2004-05	68 692	48 658	41 011	20 470	9 131	6 187	4 138	1 535	199 822	4 722	204 543	
2005-06	73 015	57 013	46 957	20 863	8 688	5 888	4 532	1 862	218 819	4 853	223 672	
Employment services												
2001-02	301 904	301 904
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Table 13A.3

Table 13A.3 Real government direct service delivery expenditure, by service type (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)

	NSW (b)	Vic (c)	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA (f)	Tas (g)	ACT	NT (h)	S/T (i)	Aus Gov	Aust
2002-03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	307 370	307 370
2003-04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	327 905	327 905
2004-05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	368 796	368 796
2005-06	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400 188	400 188
Advocacy, information and print disability											
2001-02	961	6 940	4 221	1 511	2 161	1 805	1 009	76	18 685	14 669	33 354
2002-03	7 389	7 059	5 228	1 888	2 702	1 772	499	129	26 666	14 436	41 102
2003-04	8 184	6 960	5 345	2 062	2 371	1 911	792	128	27 753	14 389	42 142
2004-05	8 387	7 534	6 517	2 239	4 079	2 092	968	139	31 956	14 728	46 684
2005-06	6 861	7 411	6 898	4 871	2 704	1 867	1 059	200	31 870	13 757	45 628
Other support services											
2001-02	8 461	34 986	4 859	10 172	6 807	1 483	231	268	67 268	6 940	74 208
2002-03	2 261	35 362	4 425	10 224	13 592	965	851	77	67 755	7 568	75 323
2003-04	6 058	36 663	8 313	8 887	11 675	1 099	2 146	75	74 916	28 375	103 291
2004-05	2 246	43 485	3 753	14 935	13 927	1 054	1 744	73	81 218	32 605	113 823
2005-06	2 582	41 948	8 825	11 192	11 141	1 503	2 092	41	79 323	20 926	100 249
Total direct service delivery (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	875 119	822 444	311 646	249 267	187 913	80 360	36 897	20 449	2 584 095	334 066	2 918 161
2002-03	917 123	876 308	334 648	257 147	192 740	81 073	40 342	24 475	2 723 856	340 460	3 064 316
2003-04	958 542	920 146	366 084	267 313	198 534	85 271	46 784	25 569	2 868 244	381 561	3 249 804
2004-05	984 211	966 107	395 426	277 674	233 677	90 111	50 964	28 817	3 026 987	428 953	3 455 940
2005-06	993 181	1 003 768	433 969	287 545	222 300	92 966	53 987	28 745	3 116 461	446 719	3 563 180

(a) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2005-06 = 100 (table AA.26).

(b) Expenditure data in 2004-05, may differ from data reported elsewhere as they exclude one-off non-cash expenditures such as bad debts and gain or loss on sale of assets.

Table 13A.3

Table 13A.3 **Real government direct service delivery expenditure, by service type (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)**

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic (c)</i>	<i>Qld (d)</i>	<i>WA (e)</i>	<i>SA (f)</i>	<i>Tas (g)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (h)</i>	<i>S/T (i)</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(c)	In relation to 2002 data: recreation, and intake and response services (previously allocated under community support) are allocated under community access; community support services include early intervention and specialist children's services programs; information and advocacy (included under community support in 2001) is included under a new category advocacy, and information and print disability. In 2002 and 2003, expenditure data for other support services include expenditure on the Inclusive Communities, and aids and equipment programs. For 2003-04 data, expenditure on respite services does not include attribution of an asset charge. For 2004-05 data, direct service expenditure data include expenditure on the Disability Advisory Council. For 2005-06 data, service expenditure on respite services includes funding provided under the State/Commonwealth Bilateral Agreement.										
(d)	For 2004-05 and 2005-06, direct service delivery expenditure data exclude payroll tax.										
(e)	For 2002-03, direct expenditure and administrative expenditure on some LAC programs has been further allocated to day activity services and advocacy, information and print disability. For 2004-05 data, expenditure on other support services reflects one-off expenditure for equipment purchases and a carers and community awareness campaign. For 2005-06 data, advocacy, information and print disability include one-off grants to NGA's for strategic plans and access initiatives.										
(f)	In 2004-05, administrative expenditure includes one-off Service Excellence Framework (SEF) funding.										
(g)	Expenditure data on respite services in 2002-03 were adjusted for incorrect reporting on the therapy service data by one funded organisation prior to 2002-03.										
(h)	In 2002-03, a realignment of costs attributed to services purchased under the individualised funding model occurred, from the community support service type to the specific service type purchased, and this continues to occur, with a focus on community access and community support. This is as a result of improved data collection and reporting systems. In 2002-03, the NT changed from cash to accrual accounting. This change should be taken into account when comparing 2002-03 data with previous year's data. In 2004-05, community support services provided to children was transferred from Community Health to Disability Services leading to an increase in expenditure on community support.										
(i)	Total of states and territories. .. Not applicable.										

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.4

Table 13A.4 **Government expenditure, by service type (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>S/T</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2001-02											
Direct expenditure by service type											
Accommodation support	69.9	58.5	59.5	58.6	66.7	62.6	62.7	38.2	63.1	..	55.9
Community support	9.9	13.0	12.6	23.2	16.4	9.1	18.9	48.1	13.4	..	11.8
Community access	11.5	18.2	15.0	7.2	7.6	15.4	7.3	7.7	13.4	1.6	12.0
Respite services	7.6	5.1	9.8	6.3	4.5	8.9	7.8	4.3	6.8	1.6	6.2
Employment services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.4	10.3
Advocacy, information and print disability	0.1	0.8	1.4	0.6	1.2	2.2	2.7	0.4	0.7	4.4	1.1
Other support services	1.0	4.3	1.6	4.1	3.6	1.8	0.6	1.3	2.6	2.1	2.5
Total direct expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2002-03											
Direct expenditure by service type											
Accommodation support	68.8	59.2	57.3	60.0	65.0	64.7	58.3	51.0	62.8	..	55.8
Community support	8.8	12.1	12.9	19.4	14.8	9.6	22.8	34.0	12.3	..	10.9
Community access	13.8	18.4	16.7	8.2	7.4	15.6	7.9	9.0	14.6	1.8	13.2
Respite services	7.5	5.4	10.2	7.7	4.2	6.8	7.6	5.2	6.9	1.4	6.3
Employment services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.3	10.0
Advocacy, information and print disability	0.8	0.8	1.6	0.7	1.4	2.2	1.2	0.5	1.0	4.2	1.3
Other support services	0.2	4.0	1.3	4.0	7.1	1.2	2.1	0.3	2.5	2.2	2.5
Total direct expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2003-04											
Direct expenditure by service type											
Accommodation support	68.4	56.9	56.7	60.5	65.3	64.3	58.3	46.9	61.8	..	54.6
Community support	9.4	14.9	13.4	19.2	14.0	10.1	18.9	37.5	13.3	..	11.8
Community access	13.3	18.6	16.2	8.4	7.7	15.5	7.2	9.4	14.4	1.6	12.9
Respite services	7.4	4.9	9.9	7.7	5.9	6.6	9.4	5.5	6.8	1.3	6.2
Employment services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85.9	10.1
Advocacy, information and print disability	0.9	0.8	1.5	0.8	1.2	2.2	1.7	0.5	1.0	3.8	1.3
Other support services	0.6	4.0	2.3	3.3	5.9	1.3	4.6	0.3	2.6	7.4	3.2
Total direct expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004-05											
Direct expenditure by service type											
Accommodation support	69.4	55.9	58.1	59.2	67.5	63.7	56.6	50.3	62.0	..	54.3
Community support	9.1	15.8	13.7	18.7	13.6	10.6	22.5	36.1	13.6	..	11.9
Community access	13.4	18.0	15.3	8.5	7.3	15.3	7.5	7.6	14.1	1.9	12.6
Respite services	7.0	5.0	10.4	7.4	3.9	6.9	8.1	5.3	6.6	1.1	5.9
Employment services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	86.0	10.7

Table 13A.4

Table 13A.4 Government expenditure, by service type (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>S/T</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Advocacy, information and print disability	0.9	0.8	1.6	0.8	1.7	2.3	1.9	0.5	1.1	3.4	1.4
Other support services	0.2	4.5	0.9	5.4	6.0	1.2	3.4	0.3	2.7	7.6	3.3
Total direct expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2005-06											
Direct expenditure by service type											
Accommodation support	67.8	55.0	51.6	59.7	66.2	64.0	55.3	56.1	60.1	..	52.6
Community support	9.9	17.5	15.7	18.9	16.1	9.8	21.8	28.6	14.8	..	12.9
Community access	14.0	16.9	18.3	8.5	7.6	16.3	8.7	8.0	14.5	1.6	12.9
Respite services	7.4	5.7	10.8	7.3	3.9	6.3	8.4	6.5	7.0	1.1	6.3
Employment services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89.6	11.2
Advocacy, information and print disability	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.7	1.2	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.0	3.1	1.3
Other support services	0.3	4.2	2.0	3.9	5.0	1.6	3.9	0.1	2.5	4.7	2.8
Total direct expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) All figures in the table are calculated based on data presented in Table 13A.3. For details of the original data, please refer to footnotes in Table 13A.3.

.. Not applicable.

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.5

Table 13A.5 **Government expenditure, by type (\$'000)**

	NSW (a)	Vic	Qld (b)	WA	SA (c)	Tas (d)	ACT (e)	NT (f)	S/T (g)	Aus Gov	Aust
Nominal expenditure											
Total direct service delivery (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	757 267	711 685	269 676	215 698	162 607	69 538	31 928	17 695	2 236 094	289 077	2 525 171
2002-03	818 140	781 731	298 530	229 394	171 938	72 323	35 988	21 833	2 429 877	303 715	2 733 592
2003-04	880 724	845 445	336 363	245 611	182 416	78 349	42 986	23 494	2 635 387	350 584	2 985 971
2004-05	940 030	922 738	377 675	265 209	223 187	86 066	48 676	27 524	2 891 105	409 697	3 300 802
2005-06	993 181	1 003 768	433 969	287 545	222 300	92 966	53 987	28 745	3 116 461	446 719	3 563 180
Administration expenditure											
2001-02	77 364	62 746	24 706	9 981	12 232	3 580	4 142	1 899	196 649	24 066	220 716
2002-03	88 004	70 229	26 317	12 750	12 051	5 653	4 103	1 017	220 123	25 056	245 179
2003-04	111 606	75 370	29 423	14 128	12 847	4 307	4 518	994	253 194	27 953	281 147
2004-05	112 032	81 748	35 776	14 652	18 556	5 351	4 463	1 237	273 815	32 565	306 380
2005-06	122 029	78 270	48 143	15 898	17 538	8 654	5 337	1 609	297 479	26 081	323 560
Total expenditure on services (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	834 631	774 431	294 382	225 679	174 839	73 118	36 069	19 594	2 432 743	313 143	2 745 886
2002-03	906 144	851 959	324 847	242 144	183 989	77 976	40 090	22 850	2 650 000	328 770	2 978 770
2003-04	992 329	920 815	365 787	259 740	195 264	82 656	47 504	24 488	2 888 581	378 537	3 267 118
2004-05	1 052 061	1 004 486	413 451	279 861	241 743	91 418	53 139	28 760	3 164 920	442 262	3 607 183
2005-06	1 115 210	1 082 039	482 112	303 443	239 838	101 621	59 325	30 354	3 413 941	472 800	3 886 741
Real expenditure (2005-06 dollars) (h)											
Total direct service delivery (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	875 119	822 444	311 646	249 267	187 913	80 360	36 897	20 449	2 584 095	334 066	2 918 161
2002-03	917 123	876 308	334 648	257 147	192 740	81 073	40 342	24 475	2 723 856	340 460	3 064 316
2003-04	958 542	920 146	366 084	267 313	198 534	85 271	46 784	25 569	2 868 244	381 561	3 249 804
2004-05	984 211	966 107	395 426	277 674	233 677	90 111	50 964	28 817	3 026 987	428 953	3 455 940
2005-06	993 181	1 003 768	433 969	287 545	222 300	92 966	53 987	28 745	3 116 461	446 719	3 563 180
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Table 13A.5

Table 13A.5 **Government expenditure, by type (\$'000)**

	NSW (a)	Vic	Qld (b)	WA	SA (c)	Tas (d)	ACT (e)	NT (f)	S/T (g)	Aus Gov	Aust
Administration expenditure											
2001-02	89 404	72 511	28 550	11 534	14 136	4 137	4 786	2 195	227 254	27 812	255 065
2002-03	98 651	78 725	29 501	14 293	13 509	6 337	4 599	1 139	246 754	28 087	274 841
2003-04	121 467	82 029	32 023	15 377	13 982	4 688	4 917	1 082	275 566	30 423	305 989
2004-05	117 297	85 590	37 458	15 341	19 428	5 603	4 673	1 295	286 684	34 096	320 780
2005-06	122 029	78 270	48 143	15 898	17 538	8 654	5 337	1 609	297 479	26 081	323 560
Total expenditure on services (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	964 523	894 955	340 196	260 801	202 049	84 497	41 683	22 644	2 811 349	361 877	3 173 226
2002-03	1 015 774	955 034	364 149	271 440	206 249	87 410	44 941	25 614	2 970 610	368 547	3 339 157
2003-04	1 080 009	1 002 176	398 107	282 690	212 517	89 959	51 701	26 652	3 143 809	411 984	3 555 793
2004-05	1 101 508	1 051 697	432 884	293 015	253 105	95 714	55 637	30 112	3 313 671	463 049	3 776 720
2005-06	1 115 210	1 082 039	482 112	303 443	239 838	101 621	59 325	30 354	3 413 941	472 800	3 886 741

(a) Expenditure data in 2004-05, may differ from data reported elsewhere as they exclude one-off non-cash expenditures such as bad debts and gain or loss on sale of assets.

(b) For 2004-05 and 2005-06, direct service delivery expenditure and administrative expenditure data exclude payroll tax.

(c) In 2004-05, administrative expenditure includes one-off Service Excellence Framework (SEF) funding.

(d) Divisional overheads are included in the 2002-03 administrative expenditure data for the first time.

(e) In 2005-06, the method of apportioning administrative expenditure changed as a result of internal restructure and an inclusion of some corporate overhead costs.

(f) In 2002-03, the NT changed from cash to accrual accounting. This change should be taken into account when comparing 2002-03 data with previous year's data. A new standardised formula was introduced in 2005-06 to calculate corporate overheads, this has led to variation in relation to previous years.

(g) Total of states and territories.

(h) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2005-06 = 100 (table AA.26).

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.6

Table 13A.6 **Total real government expenditure, by source of funding (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)**

	NSW (b)	Vic (c)	Qld (d)	WA (e)	SA (f)	Tas	ACT	NT (g)	S/T (h)	Aus Gov	Aust
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government (i)											
2001-02	191 915	130 631	111 969	46 030	65 829	20 339	7 982	6 669	581 364	..	581 364
2002-03	197 481	135 228	114 589	47 307	66 774	19 729	7 743	5 862	594 713	..	594 713
2003-04	197 784	135 080	114 698	48 271	66 697	20 769	8 807	6 781	598 887	..	598 887
2004-05	195 083	135 411	111 128	47 965	65 615	20 542	8 198	6 205	590 147	..	590 147
2005-06	195 559	136 260	112 157	48 605	67 390	20 362	8 503	6 259	595 094	..	595 094
Total expenditure from jurisdiction funding											
2001-02	772 608	764 324	228 227	214 771	136 220	64 158	33 700	15 975	2 229 984	..	2 229 984
2002-03	818 294	819 806	249 560	224 133	139 475	67 680	37 197	19 753	2 375 897	..	2 375 897
2003-04	882 225	867 095	283 409	234 418	145 819	69 190	42 894	19 871	2 544 922	..	2 544 922
2004-05	906 426	916 286	321 756	245 050	187 490	75 172	47 439	23 906	2 723 524	..	2 723 524
2005-06	919 651	945 779	369 955	254 838	172 448	81 259	50 821	24 095	2 818 847	..	2 818 847
Total expenditure on services (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	964 523	894 955	340 196	260 801	202 049	84 497	41 683	22 644	2 811 349	361 877	3 173 226
2002-03	1 015 774	955 034	364 149	271 440	206 249	87 410	44 941	25 614	2 970 610	368 547	3 339 157
2003-04	1 080 009	1 002 176	398 107	282 690	212 517	89 959	51 701	26 652	3 143 809	411 984	3 555 793
2004-05	1 101 508	1 051 697	432 884	293 015	253 105	95 714	55 637	30 112	3 313 671	463 049	3 776 720
2005-06	1 115 210	1 082 039	482 112	303 443	239 838	101 621	59 325	30 354	3 413 941	472 800	3 886 741

(a) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2005-06 = 100 (table AA.26).

(b) Expenditure data in 2004-05, may differ from data reported elsewhere as they exclude one-off non-cash expenditures such as bad debts and gain or loss on sale of assets.

(c) For 2003-04 data, transfer payments from the Australian Government include funding for Disability Advisory Council. For 2004-05 data, transfer payments data exclude \$2 million funding for the Signpost Program and include funding for the Disability Advisory Council. For 2005-06 data, transfer payments from the Australian Government include funding for the Disability Advisory Council.

(d) Transfer payments data exclude \$3 788 582 targeted for the ageing carers respite initiative. These funds were excluded even though they were provided by the Australian Government in 2005-06, as the initiative will not take effect until 2006-07.

Table 13A.6

Table 13A.6 Total real government expenditure, by source of funding (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic (c)</i>	<i>Qld (d)</i>	<i>WA (e)</i>	<i>SA (f)</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (g)</i>	<i>S/T (h)</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(e) Transfer payments data include Australian Government funding for specific projects in addition to core-CSTDA funding.

(f) Transfer payments for 2005-06 include Aged Carer Bilateral Funds of \$3 million.

(g) In 2002-03, the NT changed from cash to accrual accounting. This change should be taken into account when comparing 2002-03 data with previous year's data. In 2003-04, transfer payments data include a baseline payment, backpayments and rollover payments from 2002-03. In 2004-05, transfer payments data include funding for older carers.

(h) Total of states and territories.

(i) Transfer payments data are provided by State and Territory governments.

.. Not applicable.

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.7

Table 13A.7	Government expenditure, by source of funding (per cent) (a)									
	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>S/T</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2001-02										
Total expenditure on services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Expenditure by Australian Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11.4
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government	19.9	14.6	32.9	17.6	32.6	24.1	19.1	29.5	20.7	18.3
Expenditure from jurisdiction funding	80.1	85.4	67.1	82.4	67.4	75.9	80.9	70.5	79.3	70.3
2002-03										
Total expenditure on services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Expenditure by Australian Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11.0
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government	19.4	14.2	31.5	17.4	32.4	22.6	17.2	22.9	20.0	17.8
Expenditure from jurisdiction funding	80.6	85.8	68.5	82.6	67.6	77.4	82.8	77.1	80.0	71.2
2003-04										
Total expenditure on services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Expenditure by Australian Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11.6
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government	18.3	13.5	28.8	17.1	31.4	23.1	17.0	25.4	19.0	16.8
Expenditure from jurisdiction funding	81.7	86.5	71.2	82.9	68.6	76.9	83.0	74.6	81.0	71.6
2004-05										
Total expenditure on services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Expenditure by Australian Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12.3
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government	17.7	12.9	25.7	16.4	25.9	21.5	14.7	20.6	17.8	15.6
Expenditure from jurisdiction funding	82.3	87.1	74.3	83.6	74.1	78.5	85.3	79.4	82.2	72.1
2005-06										
Total expenditure on services	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Expenditure by Australian Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12.2
Transfer payments received from the Australian Government	17.5	12.6	23.3	16.0	28.1	20.0	14.3	20.6	17.4	15.3

Table 13A.7

Table 13A.7 Government expenditure, by source of funding (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>S/T</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Expenditure from jurisdiction funding	82.5	87.4	76.7	84.0	71.9	80.0	85.7	79.4	82.6	72.5

(a) All figures in the table are calculated based on data presented in table 13A.6. For details of the original data, please refer to footnotes in table 13A.6.

.. Not applicable.

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.8

Table 13A.8 **Real government direct service delivery and total expenditure adjusted for payroll tax (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)**

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (d)</i>	<i>Tas (e)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (f)</i>	<i>S/T (g)</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total direct service delivery (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Queensland (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)											
2001-02	875 119	822 444	311 646	249 267	187 913	80 360	36 897	20 449	2 584 095	334 066	2 918 161
2002-03	917 123	876 308	334 648	257 147	192 740	81 073	40 342	24 475	2 723 856	340 460	3 064 316
2003-04	958 542	920 146	366 084	267 313	198 534	85 271	46 784	25 569	2 868 244	381 561	3 249 804
2004-05	984 211	966 107	395 426	277 674	233 677	90 111	50 964	28 817	3 026 987	428 953	3 455 940
2005-06	993 181	1 003 768	433 969	287 545	222 300	92 966	53 987	28 745	3 116 461	446 719	3 563 180
Payroll tax (actual all jurisdictions)											
2001-02	20 285	3 561	4 653	..	..	1 368	..	215	30 082	..	30 082
2002-03	20 660	3 854	5 602	..	..	1 275	..	283	31 674	..	31 674
2003-04	23 973	4 182	5 804	..	..	1 222	..	285	35 465	..	35 465
2004-05	24 367	4 448	6 263	..	..	1 284	..	473	36 834	..	36 834
2005-06	24 495	4 547	6 688	..	..	1 426	..	380	37 536	..	37 536
Payroll tax (imputed, all jurisdictions)											
2001-02	..	14 045	..	5 125	5 297	..	810	..	25 277	..	25 277
2002-03	..	14 364	..	5 609	5 125	..	1 378	..	26 476	..	26 476
2003-04	..	14 347	..	5 769	5 032	..	1 423	..	26 571	..	26 571
2004-05	..	14 837	..	5 657	5 189	..	1 471	..	27 155	..	27 155
2005-06	..	14 902	..	5 234	5 674	..	1 461	..	27 273	..	27 273
Total direct service delivery (excluding payroll tax, all jurisdictions)											
2001-02	854 835	818 883	306 992	249 267	187 913	78 991	36 897	20 234	2 554 013	334 066	2 888 079
2002-03	896 463	872 454	329 046	257 147	192 740	79 798	40 342	24 192	2 692 182	340 460	3 032 642
2003-04	934 569	915 964	360 280	267 313	198 534	84 049	46 784	25 284	2 832 778	381 561	3 214 339
2004-05	959 844	961 659	395 426	277 674	233 677	88 828	50 964	28 344	2 996 416	428 953	3 425 369
2005-06	968 685	999 221	433 969	287 545	222 300	91 540	53 987	28 364	3 085 613	446 719	3 532 332
Total direct service delivery (including payroll tax, actual or imputed all jurisdictions)											
2001-02	875 119	836 489	311 646	254 392	193 210	80 360	37 707	20 449	2 609 373	334 066	2 943 438

Table 13A.8

Table 13A.8 Real government direct service delivery and total expenditure adjusted for payroll tax (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (d)</i>	<i>Tas (e)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (f)</i>	<i>S/T (g)</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2002-03	917 123	890 672	334 648	262 756	197 865	81 073	41 720	24 475	2 750 332	340 460	3 090 792
2003-04	958 542	934 493	366 084	273 082	203 566	85 271	48 207	25 569	2 894 815	381 561	3 276 375
2004-05	984 211	980 944	401 689	283 332	238 865	90 111	52 436	28 817	3 060 405	428 953	3 489 358
2005-06	993 181	1 018 671	440 657	292 779	227 975	92 966	55 449	28 745	3 150 422	446 719	3 597 141
Administration expenditure											
2001-02	89 404	72 511	28 550	11 534	14 136	4 137	4 786	2 195	227 254	27 812	255 065
2002-03	98 651	78 725	29 501	14 293	13 509	6 337	4 599	1 139	246 754	28 087	274 841
2003-04	121 467	82 029	32 023	15 377	13 982	4 688	4 917	1 082	275 566	30 423	305 989
2004-05	117 297	85 590	37 458	15 341	19 428	5 603	4 673	1 295	286 684	34 096	320 780
2005-06	122 029	78 270	48 143	15 898	17 538	8 654	5 337	1 609	297 479	26 081	323 560
Total expenditure (excluding payroll tax, all jurisdictions)											
2001-02	944 238	891 395	335 543	260 801	202 049	83 129	41 683	22 429	2 781 266	361 877	3 143 144
2002-03	995 114	951 179	358 547	271 440	206 249	86 135	44 941	25 332	2 938 937	368 547	3 307 483
2003-04	1 056 037	997 994	392 303	282 690	212 517	88 737	51 701	26 366	3 108 344	411 984	3 520 328
2004-05	1 077 142	1 047 249	432 884	293 015	253 105	94 431	55 637	29 639	3 283 100	463 049	3 746 149
2005-06	1 090 715	1 077 492	482 112	303 443	239 838	100 195	59 325	29 973	3 383 093	472 800	3 855 892
Total expenditure on services (including payroll tax, actual or imputed)											
2001-02	964 523	909 000	340 196	265 926	207 346	84 497	42 493	22 644	2 836 626	361 877	3 198 504
2002-03	1 015 774	969 398	364 149	277 049	211 374	87 410	46 319	25 614	2 997 086	368 547	3 365 633
2003-04	1 080 009	1 016 523	398 107	288 458	217 549	89 959	53 124	26 652	3 170 380	411 984	3 582 364
2004-05	1 101 508	1 066 534	439 147	298 672	258 294	95 714	57 108	30 112	3 347 089	463 049	3 810 138
2005-06	1 115 210	1 096 941	488 801	308 677	245 513	101 621	60 786	30 354	3 447 902	472 800	3 920 701

(a) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2005-06 = 100 (table AA.26).

(b) Expenditure data in 2004-05, may differ from data reported elsewhere as they exclude one-off non-cash expenditures such as bad debts and gain or loss on sale of assets.

Table 13A.8

Table 13A.8 Real government direct service delivery and total expenditure adjusted for payroll tax (2005-06 dollars) (\$'000) (a)

	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (d)</i>	<i>Tas (e)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (f)</i>	<i>S/T (g)</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(c)	Payroll tax data for Queensland include paid payroll tax and accrued payroll tax. For 2004-05 and 2005-06, direct service delivery expenditure and administrative expenditure data exclude payroll tax.										
(d)	In 2004-05, administrative expenditure includes one-off Service Excellence Framework (SEF) funding.										
(e)	Divisional overheads are included in the 2002-03 administrative expenditure data for the first time.										
(f)	In 2002-03, the NT changed from cash to accrual accounting. This change should be taken into account when comparing 2002-03 data with previous year's data. In 2005-06, payroll tax data are calculated using a new standardised formula.										
(g)	Total of states and territories.										
	.. Not applicable.										

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.9

Table 13A.9 **People aged 5–64 years with a disability, 2003 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
People aged 5–64 years with a disability										
Profound/severe core activity limitation										
Number	'000	172.2	170.3	152.8	66.7	54.1	21.5	6.7	np	647.0
Moderate core activity limitation										
Number	'000	111.1	101.2	110.1	52.1	38.4	17.2	3.8	np	436.4
Mild core activity limitation										
Number	'000	215.8	144.7	116.0	69.1	54.8	14.0	7.8	np	626.1
Schooling or employment restriction										
Number	'000	487.9	441.0	397.9	190.1	163.2	52.6	18.1	np	1 759.4
People aged 5–64 years with a disability as a proportion of the total population										
Profound/severe core activity limitation										
Proportion	%	3.2	4.3	4.9	4.2	4.5	5.7	2.4	np	4.0
Moderate core activity limitation										
Proportion	%	2.1	2.6	3.6	3.2	3.2	4.5	1.4	np	2.7
Mild core activity limitation										
Proportion	%	4.0	3.7	3.7	4.3	4.5	3.7	2.8	np	3.9
Schooling or employment restriction										
Proportion	%	9.1	11.1	12.8	11.8	13.5	13.9	6.6	np	10.9

(a) Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care.

(b) Data are age standardised.

(c) For the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers the sample in the NT was reduced to a level such that NT records contributed appropriately to national estimates but could not support reliable estimates for the NT. As a result, estimates for the NT are not published separately by the ABS.

np Not published.

Source: ABS *Estimated Resident Population, by Age*, Cat. no. 3201.0; ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (unpublished).

Table 13A.10 People aged 0–64 years with a profound or severe core activity limitation who received help as a proportion of those who needed help, 2003 (per cent) (a)

	<i>Aust</i>
Self care	91
Mobility	95
Communication	97
Cognition or emotion	97
Health care	95
Paperwork	95
Transport	97
Housework	97
Property maintenance	97
Meal preparation	98

(a) People living in households.

Source: ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (unpublished).

Table 13A.11

Table 13A.11 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, as a proportion of the total estimated potential population for accommodation support services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

		Unit	NSW (f)	Vic (g)	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of potential population using accommodation support services											
2003-04	%		2.8	5.2	3.3	4.2	7.8	6.3	3.0	2.4	4.1
2004-05	%		2.6	5.0	3.4	4.5	8.7	6.5	3.0	1.9	4.1
Users of accommodation support services											
2003-04	no.		6 440	8 589	4 461	2 932	4 069	1 069	334	212	28 100
2004-05	no.		5 980	8 321	4 683	3 168	4 550	1 128	338	190	28 355
Potential population											
2003-04	no.		229 183	165 315	134 671	69 074	52 114	17 004	11 248	8 986	687 710
2004-05	no.		230 833	166 114	138 657	70 560	52 368	17 355	11 245	9 842	697 124

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.
- (c) The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for accommodation support services are the number of people aged under 65 years, with profound and/or severe core activity limitations, adjusted for the Indigenous factor for that jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (g) Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004 05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, *Disability Series*, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW Cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper Series no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.12

Table 13A.12 Users of CSTDA employment services, as a proportion of the total potential population for employment services (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of potential population using employment services										
2003-04	%	17.6	23.1	18.6	18.2	23.8	22.6	14.7	9.4	19.6
2004-05	%	17.4	23.2	18.3	17.8	23.8	22.9	12.9	8.3	19.4
Users of employment services										
2003-04	no.	19 003	18 283	12 036	6 217	5 911	1 667	898	410	64 281
2004-05	no.	19 037	18 567	12 340	6 151	5 919	1 768	793	395	64 835
Potential population										
2003-04	no.	108 235	79 161	64 707	34 066	24 789	7 388	6 104	4 379	328 677
2004-05	no.	109 178	80 163	67 354	34 521	24 820	7 715	6 147	4 740	334 474

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.
- (c) The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for employment services are the number of people aged 15–64 years with severe or profound core activity limitations, multiplied by both the Indigenous factor and the labour force participation rate for that jurisdiction.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat. no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS, *Labour Force Australia*, Cat. no. 6203.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper No. 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW Cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.13

Table 13A.13 Users of CSTDA community access services, as a proportion of the total potential population for community access services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

		Unit	NSW (f)	Vic (g)	Qld	WA (h)	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of potential population using community access services											
2003-04	%		2.8	7.7	3.7	15.0	9.3	8.8	3.7	3.2	6.0
2004-05	%		2.9	7.7	4.3	6.3	9.3	8.7	3.3	3.1	5.3
Users of community access services											
2003-04	no.		6 483	12 656	5 039	10 354	4 827	1 493	419	286	41 542
2004-05	no.		6 761	12 754	5 994	4 431	4 863	1 513	374	305	36 986
Potential population											
2003-04	no.		229 183	165 315	134 671	69 074	52 114	17 004	11 248	8 986	687 710
2004-05	no.		230 833	166 114	138 657	70 560	52 368	17 355	11 245	9 842	697 124

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.
- (c) The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for community access services are the number of people aged under 65 years, with profound and/or severe core activity limitations, adjusted for the Indigenous factor for that jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded community access services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (g) Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.
- (h) The decrease in the number of WA service users in 2004-05 is due to a change in reporting by one recreation agency.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper Series no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Users of CSTDA community support services, as a proportion of the total potential population for community support services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

		Unit	NSW (f)	Vic	Qld	WA (g)	SA	Tas	ACT (h)	NT	Aust
Proportion of potential population using community support services											
2003-04	%		7.9	17.2	6.3	16.1	19.0	12.8	1.7	5.7	11.5
2004-05	%		8.3	20.2	6.1	23.4	18.8	11.2	22.3	9.2	13.3
Users of community support services											
2003-04	no.		18 013	28 485	8 513	11 138	9 916	2 173	188	509	78 796
2004-05	no.		19 082	33 521	8 466	16 511	9 832	1 943	2 508	910	92 579
Potential population											
2003-04	no.		229 183	165 315	134 671	69 074	52 114	17 004	11 248	8 986	687 710
2004-05	no.		230 833	166 114	138 657	70 560	52 368	17 355	11 245	9 842	697 124

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.
- (c) The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for community support services are the number of people aged under 65 years, with profound and/or severe core activity limitations, adjusted for the Indigenous factor for that jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded community support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (g) The increase in the number of WA service users in 2004-05 is due to the inclusion of data from a new electronic database for the first time.
- (h) For the ACT, improved data capture for therapy services has resulted in an increased service user count for 2004-05. However, this figure continues to undercount service user numbers as it does not include casual clients of therapy services.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper Series no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.15

Table 13A.15 Users of CSTDA respite services, as a proportion of the total potential population for respite services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW (f)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of potential population using respite services										
2003-04	%	5.8	14.6	7.2	11.5	8.6	4.5	7.3	5.6	9.0
2004-05	%	5.8	18.1	8.0	12.5	9.0	4.9	8.2	6.0	10.1
Users of respite services										
2003-04	no.	4 153	7 476	3 011	2 464	1 390	238	255	155	19 122
2004-05	no.	4 129	9 314	3 442	2 744	1 470	265	287	182	21 797
Potential population										
2003-04	no.	71 075	51 205	41 819	21 402	16 211	5 308	3 478	2 761	213 298
2004-05	no.	71 681	51 513	43 118	21 894	16 316	5 427	3 482	3 029	216 511

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data are estimates. Population estimates of 9000 or less have a relative standard error of 25 per cent or more.
- (c) The potential population estimates (national age- and sex-specific rates applied to each jurisdiction) for respite services are the number of people aged under 65 years, with profound and/or severe core activity limitations and a primary carer, adjusted for the Indigenous factor for that jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded respite services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW analysis of the ABS 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers data; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Rates among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People—Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators*, AIHW cat. no. DIS 45, Welfare Working Paper Series no. 50, Canberra.

Table 13A.16

Table 13A.16 **Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Moderate to no	no.	160	924	453	141	483	103	34	12	2 310
Severe	no.	766	3 211	1 552	1 092	1 817	372	139	80	9 029
Profound	no.	1 709	3 699	2 411	1 455	1 733	582	159	120	11 862
Total	no.	2 635	7 834	4 416	2 688	4 033	1 057	332	212	23 201
Moderate to no	%	6.1	11.8	10.3	5.2	12.0	9.7	10.2	5.7	10.0
Severe	%	29.1	41.0	35.1	40.6	45.1	35.2	41.9	37.7	38.9
Profound	%	64.9	47.2	54.6	54.1	43.0	55.1	47.9	56.6	51.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004-05										
Moderate to no	no.	491	913	459	159	606	128	24	15	2 794
Severe	no.	1 970	2 698	1 709	1 290	1 862	403	157	65	10 154
Profound	no.	2 919	4 093	2 505	1 704	1 866	596	157	110	13 948
Total	no.	5 380	7 704	4 673	3 153	4 334	1 127	338	190	26 896
Moderate to no	%	9.1	11.9	9.8	5.0	14.0	11.4	7.1	7.9	10.4
Severe	%	36.6	35.0	36.6	40.9	43.0	35.8	46.4	34.2	37.8
Profound	%	54.3	53.1	53.6	54.0	43.1	52.9	46.4	57.9	51.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data exclude 4899 service users in 2003-04 and 1459 service users in 2004-05 who did not report on a need for support with any of the areas: self-care, mobility, or communication. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Severity of core activity limitation is derived using data on level of support needed in one or more of the support areas: self-care, mobility and communication. Service users with a profound core activity limitation reported always needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a severe core activity limitation reported sometimes needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a moderate to no core activity limitation reported needing no support in all of these areas.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (g) Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.

Table 13A.16 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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Source: AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.

Table 13A.17

Table 13A.17 **Users of CSTDA employment services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Moderate to no	no.	5 851	7 006	4 664	2 021	1 991	727	328	161	22 696
Severe	no.	9 784	9 221	5 670	3 334	2 834	764	480	196	32 206
Profound	no.	2 740	1 400	1 148	789	985	170	72	44	7 335
Total	no.	18 375	17 627	11 482	6 144	5 810	1 661	880	401	62 237
Moderate to no	%	31.8	39.7	40.6	32.9	34.3	43.8	37.3	40.1	36.5
Severe	%	53.2	52.3	49.4	54.3	48.8	46.0	54.5	48.9	51.7
Profound	%	14.9	7.9	10.0	12.8	17.0	10.2	8.2	11.0	11.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004-05										
Moderate to no	no.	5 603	7 233	4 727	1 849	1 837	745	255	173	22 365
Severe	no.	10 293	9 273	5 925	3 390	2 951	833	459	180	33 236
Profound	no.	2 488	1 474	1 112	833	1 080	157	56	41	7 231
Total	no.	18 384	17 980	11 764	6 072	5 868	1 735	770	394	62 832
Moderate to no	%	30.5	40.2	40.2	30.5	31.3	42.9	33.1	43.9	35.6
Severe	%	56.0	51.6	50.4	55.8	50.3	48.0	59.6	45.7	52.9
Profound	%	13.5	8.2	9.5	13.7	18.4	9.0	7.3	10.4	11.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data exclude 2044 service users in 2003-04 and 2003 service users in 2004-05 who did not report on a need for support with any of the areas: self-care, mobility, or communication. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Severity of core activity limitation is derived using data on level of support needed in one or more of the support areas: self-care, mobility and communication. Service users with a profound core activity limitation reported always needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a severe core activity limitation reported sometimes needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a moderate to no core activity limitation reported needing no support in all of these areas.
- (d) Severity of core activity limitation relates to the level of support needed in the areas of self care, mobility and communication. It does not necessarily relate to the level of support needed to find or maintain employment.

Source: AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CCSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.

Table 13A.18

Table 13A.18 **Users of CSTDA community access services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Moderate to no	no.	130	1 832	522	448	730	259	62	38	4 019
Severe	no.	592	4 604	1 846	2 369	2 013	499	106	103	12 125
Profound	no.	1 444	4 175	2 374	1 921	1 294	539	136	104	11 981
Total	no.	2 166	10 611	4 742	4 738	4 037	1 297	304	245	28 125
Moderate to no	%	6.0	17.3	11.0	9.5	18.1	20.0	20.4	15.5	14.3
Severe	%	27.3	43.4	38.9	50.0	49.9	38.5	34.9	42.0	43.1
Profound	%	66.7	39.3	50.1	40.5	32.1	41.6	44.7	42.4	42.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2004-05										
Moderate to no	no.	573	1 957	576	549	887	300	25	33	4 899
Severe	no.	2 113	4 458	2 190	1 900	2 015	476	84	104	13 337
Profound	no.	2 923	4 928	2 557	1 694	1 366	557	111	101	14 233
Total	no.	5 609	11 343	5 323	4 143	4 268	1 333	220	238	32 469
Moderate to no	%	10.2	17.3	10.8	13.3	20.8	22.5	11.4	13.9	15.1
Severe	%	37.7	39.3	41.1	45.9	47.2	35.7	38.2	43.7	41.1
Profound	%	52.1	43.4	48.0	40.9	32.0	41.8	50.5	42.4	43.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data exclude 13 417 service users in 2003-04 and 4517 service users in 2004-05 who did not report on a need for support with any of the areas: self-care, mobility, or communication. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator. This 'not reported' total includes users of service type 3.02 (recreation/holiday programs) who were not required to complete this item; however those who did provide a response are included in the data.
- (c) Severity of core activity limitation is derived using data on level of support needed in one or more of the support areas: self-care, mobility and communication. Service users with a profound core activity limitation reported always needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a severe core activity limitation reported sometimes needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a moderate to no core activity limitation reported needing no support in all of these areas.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded community access services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services specifically identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (g) Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.

Table 13A.18 Users of CSTDA community access services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Source:</i>	AIHW 2005, <i>Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, <i>CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04</i> , Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05</i> , Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.									

Table 13A.19

Table 13A.19 **Users of CSTDA community support services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Moderate to no	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Severe	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Profound	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Moderate to no	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Severe	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Profound	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05										
Moderate to no	no.	1 127	3 550	969	1 607	1 936	306	61	61	9 601
Severe	no.	3 880	6 943	2 810	6 180	3 721	699	179	203	24 575
Profound	no.	6 318	8 255	4 530	4 057	3 597	924	245	298	28 106
Total	no.	11 325	18 748	8 309	11 844	9 254	1 929	485	562	62 282
Moderate to no	%	10.1	18.9	11.7	13.6	20.9	15.9	12.6	10.9	15.4
Severe	%	34.3	37.0	33.8	52.2	40.2	36.2	36.9	36.1	39.5
Profound	%	55.8	44.0	54.5	34.3	38.9	47.9	50.5	53.0	45.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data exclude 30 297 service users in 2004-05 who did not report on a need for support with any of the areas: self-care, mobility, or communication. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Severity of core activity limitation is derived using data on level of support needed in one or more of the support areas: self-care, mobility and communication. Service users with a profound core activity limitation reported always needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a severe core activity limitation reported sometimes needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a moderate to no core activity limitation reported needing no support in all of these areas.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded community support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services specifically identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.

na Not available.

Table 13A.19 Users of CSTDA community support services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Source:</i>	AIHW 2005, <i>Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, <i>CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04</i> , Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05</i> , Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.									

Table 13A.20

Table 13A.20 **Users of CSTDA respite services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Moderate to no	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Severe	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Profound	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Moderate to no	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Severe	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Profound	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05										
Moderate to no	no.	187	610	227	154	117	19	22	4	1 339
Severe	no.	1 246	2 931	1 277	1 164	525	105	102	24	7 368
Profound	no.	2 017	3 872	1 925	1 386	743	141	135	76	10 266
Total	no.	3 450	7 413	3 429	2 704	1 385	265	259	104	18 973
Moderate to no	%	5.4	8.2	6.6	5.7	8.4	7.2	8.5	3.8	7.1
Severe	%	36.1	39.5	37.2	43.0	37.9	39.6	39.4	23.1	38.8
Profound	%	58.5	52.2	56.1	51.3	53.6	53.2	52.1	73.1	54.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components since individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data exclude 2824 service users in 2004-05 who did not report on a need for support with any of the areas: self-care, mobility, or communication. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Severity of core activity limitation is derived using data on level of support needed in one or more of the support areas: self-care, mobility and communication. Service users with a profound core activity limitation reported always needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a severe core activity limitation reported sometimes needing support in one or more of these areas. Service users with a moderate to no core activity limitation reported needing no support in all of these areas.
- (d) Data for service users of CSTDA funded respite services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services specifically identified by the jurisdiction.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality.
- (f) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.

na Not available.

Table 13A.20 Users of CSTDA respite services, by severity of core activity limitation (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (f)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Source:</i>	AIHW 2005, <i>Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, <i>CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04</i> , Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement</i> , Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, <i>CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05</i> , Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.									

Table 13A.21

Table 13A.21 **Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (i)</i>	<i>Vic (j)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (k)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Geographic locations, people aged under 65 years										
Major cities	'000	4 178	3 149	1 772	1 215	932	..	294	..	11 539
Inner regional	'000	1 168	897	849	215	165	261	1	..	3 556
Outer regional	'000	404	211	595	165	151	139	..	103	1 769
Remote/Very remote	'000	41	5	134	132	52	9	..	87	462
Users										
Major cities	no.	4 200	5 596	2 568	2 401	3 303	–	330	..	18 396
Inner regional	no.	1 714	2 376	1 204	285	359	791	1	..	6 729
Outer regional	no.	345	550	626	181	339	266	1	137	2 444
Remote/Very remote	no.	16	7	32	50	57	11	..	75	248
Users/1000 people										
Major cities	no.	1.0	1.8	1.4	2.0	3.5	..	1.1	..	1.6
Inner regional	no.	1.5	2.6	1.4	1.3	2.2	3.0	np	..	1.9
Outer regional	no.	0.9	2.6	1.1	1.1	2.3	1.9	..	1.3	1.4
Remote/Very remote	no.	0.4	1.5	0.2	0.4	1.1	1.2	..	0.9	0.5
Outer regional and remote/very remote	no.	0.8	2.6	0.9	0.8	2.0	1.9	..	1.1	1.2
All Australia, people aged under 65 years										
All people	'000	5 791	4 262	3 350	1 727	1 299	410	294	190	17 326
Users	no.	6 275	8 529	4 430	2 917	4 058	1 068	332	212	27 817
Users/1000 people	no.	1.1	2.0	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.6
Proportion in geographic locations										
Major cities										
All people	%	72.1	73.9	52.9	70.3	71.7	..	99.8	..	66.6
Users	%	66.9	65.6	58.0	82.3	81.4	..	99.4	..	66.1
Inner regional										
All people	%	20.2	21.0	25.4	12.4	12.7	63.7	0.2	..	20.5
Users	%	27.3	27.9	27.2	9.8	8.8	74.1	0.3	..	24.2
Outer regional										
All people	%	7.0	5.0	17.8	9.6	11.6	34.0	..	54.2	10.2
Users	%	5.5	6.4	14.1	6.2	8.4	24.9	0.3	64.6	8.8
Remote/Very remote										
All people	%	0.7	0.1	4.0	7.6	4.0	2.3	..	45.8	2.7
Users	%	0.3	0.1	0.7	1.7	1.4	1.0	..	35.4	0.9
2004-05										
Geographic locations, people aged under 65 years										
Major cities	'000	4 200	3 175	1 813	1 231	934	..	293	..	11 646
Inner regional	'000	1 171	908	872	223	167	264	1	..	3 607
Outer regional	'000	402	211	604	163	150	140	..	104	1 774

Table 13A.21

Table 13A.21 **Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (i)</i>	<i>Vic (j)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (k)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote/Very remote	'000	40	5	134	131	52	9	..	87	460
Users										
Major cities	no.	4 092	5 445	2 695	2 585	3 567	–	337	–	18 719
Inner regional	no.	1 494	2 261	1 299	328	400	834	–	1	6 616
Outer regional	no.	196	547	646	207	292	280	–	111	2 278
Remote/Very remote	no.	14	5	32	38	273	13	–	78	452
Users/1000 people										
Major cities	no.	1.0	1.7	1.5	2.1	3.8	..	1.1	..	1.6
Inner regional	no.	1.3	2.5	1.5	1.5	2.4	3.2	–	..	1.8
Outer regional	no.	0.5	2.6	1.1	1.3	2.0	2.0	..	1.1	1.3
Remote/Very remote	no.	0.3	1.1	0.2	0.3	5.2	1.4	..	0.9	1.0
Outer regional and remote/very remote	no.	0.5	2.6	0.9	0.8	2.8	2.0	..	1.0	1.2
All Australia, people aged under 65 years										
All people	'000	5 814	4 300	3 422	1 748	1 302	413	294	191	17 487
Users	no.	5 796	8 258	4 672	3 158	4 532	1 127	337	190	28 065
Users/1000 people	no.	1.0	1.9	1.4	1.8	3.5	2.7	1.1	1.0	1.6
Proportion in geographic locations										
Major cities										
All people	%	72.2	73.8	53.0	70.4	71.7	..	99.8	..	66.6
Users	%	70.6	65.9	57.7	81.9	78.7	..	100.0	..	66.7
Inner regional										
All people	%	20.1	21.1	25.5	12.8	12.8	63.9	0.2	..	20.6
Users	%	25.8	27.4	27.8	10.4	8.8	74.0	–	0.5	23.6
Outer regional										
All people	%	6.9	4.9	17.6	9.3	11.5	33.9	..	54.6	10.1
Users	%	3.4	6.6	13.8	6.6	6.4	24.8	–	58.4	8.1
Remote/Very remote										
All people	%	0.7	0.1	3.9	7.5	4.0	2.3	..	45.4	2.6
Users	%	0.2	0.1	0.7	1.2	6.0	1.2	–	41.1	1.6

(a) The State and Territory data on the Australian population are derived by the AIHW from ABS statistical local area population estimates for June 2002 and June 2003.

(b) Data on service users in each geographic location were estimated based on service users' residential postcodes. Some postcode areas were split between two or more geographic locations. Where this was the case the data were weighted according to the proportion of the population of the postcode area in each geographic location.

(c) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.

Table 13A.21 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (i)</i>	<i>Vic (j)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (k)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d)	Data for all service users exclude 283 service users in 2003-04 and 290 service users in 2004-05 whose postcode was not reported. Hence service user totals may differ from other tables and care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.									
(e)	Data for users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.									
(f)	Data on service users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users in a geographic location by the number of people aged under 65 years in that geographic location, multiplied by 1000. The 'outer regional and remote' classification was derived by adding outer regional, remote and very remote data.									
(g)	Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality.									
(h)	Comparisons of access between the outer regional and remote/very remote population and other populations should be undertaken with care. Outer regional and remote/very remote areas have a higher proportion of Indigenous people than other areas and therefore the need for services may be greater in outer regional and remote areas due to the higher prevalence of disability.									
(i)	NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.									
(j)	Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.									
(k)	For 2003-04, ACT data for service users per 1000 people in inner regional areas are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.									

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW analysis of ABS SLA population estimates for June 2003 and 2004; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.22

Table 13A.22 **Users of CSTDA employment services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (g)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04										
Geographic locations, people aged 15–64 years										
Major cities	'000	3 254	2 470	1 377	949	734	..	230	..	9 013
Inner regional	'000	876	672	637	161	125	201	0.5	..	2 672
Outer regional	'000	300	157	447	122	113	105	..	78	1 323
Remote/Very remote	'000	30	4	97	97	39	7	..	61	336
Users										
Major cities	no.	12 147	12 587	6 655	4 636	4 308	4	879	7	41 150
Inner regional	no.	5 026	4 501	2 994	626	774	1 080	np	1	14 966
Outer regional	no.	1 728	1 173	2 102	648	701	566	3	265	7 170
Remote/Very remote	no.	102	23	284	307	122	17	–	137	989
Users/1000 people										
Major cities	no.	3.7	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.9	..	3.8	..	4.6
Inner regional	no.	5.7	6.7	4.7	3.9	6.2	5.4	np	..	5.6
Outer regional	no.	5.8	7.5	4.7	5.3	6.2	5.4	..	3.4	5.4
Remote/Very remote	no.	3.4	6.5	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.4	..	2.2	2.9
Outer regional and remote/very remote	no.	5.5	7.4	4.4	4.4	5.4	5.2	..	2.9	4.9
All Australia, people aged 15–64 years										
All people	'000	4 459	3 302	2 559	1 329	1 011	313	230	140	13 345
Users (f)	no.	19 003	18 284	12 035	6 217	5 905	1 667	898	410	64 275
Users/1000 people	no.	4.3	5.5	4.7	4.7	5.8	5.3	3.9	2.9	4.8
Proportion in geographic locations										
Major cities										
All people	%	73.0	74.8	53.8	71.4	72.6	..	99.8	..	67.5
Users	%	63.9	68.8	55.3	74.6	73.0	0.2	97.9	1.7	64.0
Inner regional										
All people	%	19.6	20.3	24.9	12.1	12.3	64.2	0.2	..	20.0
Users	%	26.4	24.6	24.9	10.1	13.1	64.8	np	0.2	23.3
Outer regional										
All people	%	6.7	4.8	17.5	9.2	11.2	33.5	..	56.1	9.9
Users	%	9.1	6.4	17.5	10.4	11.9	34.0	0.3	64.6	11.2
Remote/Very remote										
All people	%	0.7	0.1	3.8	7.3	3.8	2.3	..	43.9	2.5
Users	%	0.5	0.1	2.4	4.9	2.1	1.0	..	33.4	1.5
2004-05										
Geographic locations, people aged 15–64 years										
Major cities	'000	3 277	2 495	1 412	964	738	..	230	..	9 117
Inner regional	'000	883	684	657	168	126	203	0.5	..	2 722
Outer regional	'000	300	158	456	121	113	106	..	79	1 333

Table 13A.22

Table 13A.22 **Users of CSTDA employment services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (g)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote/Very remote	'000	30	4	97	96	39	7	..	61	336
Users										
Major cities	no.	12 080	12 945	6 670	4 506	4 373	5	775	–	41 288
Inner regional	no.	5 052	4 461	3 216	654	769	1 154	np	–	15 276
Outer regional	no.	1 805	1 142	2 149	673	657	595	2	270	7 274
Remote/Very remote	no.	101	19	305	319	109	14	–	124	987
Users/1000 people										
Major cities	no.	3.7	5.2	4.7	4.7	5.9	..	3.4	..	4.5
Inner regional	no.	5.7	6.5	4.9	3.9	6.1	5.7	np	..	5.6
Outer regional	no.	6.0	7.2	4.7	5.6	5.8	5.6	..	3.4	5.5
Remote/Very remote	no.	3.4	5.4	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.0	..	2.0	2.9
Outer regional and remote/very remote	no.	5.8	7.2	4.4	4.6	5.0	5.4	..	2.8	5.0
All Australia, people aged 15–64 years										
All people	'000	4 489	3 341	2 623	1 349	1 016	316	231	141	13 508
Users (f)	no.	19 038	18 567	12 340	6 152	5 908	1 768	792	394	64 825
Users/1000 people	no.	4.2	5.6	4.7	4.6	5.8	5.6	3.4	2.8	4.8
Proportion in geographic locations										
Major cities										
All people	%	73.0	74.7	53.9	71.5	72.6	..	99.8	..	67.5
Users	%	63.5	69.7	54.1	73.2	74.0	0.3	97.9	..	63.7
Inner regional										
All people	%	19.7	20.5	25.1	12.4	12.4	64.3	0.2	..	20.2
Users	%	26.5	24.0	26.1	10.6	13.0	65.3	np	..	23.6
Outer regional										
All people	%	6.7	4.7	17.4	9.0	11.1	33.4	..	56.4	9.9
Users	%	9.5	6.2	17.4	10.9	11.1	33.7	0.3	68.5	11.2
Remote/Very remote										
All people	%	0.7	0.1	3.7	7.1	3.8	2.3	..	43.6	2.5
Users	%	0.5	0.1	2.5	5.2	1.8	0.8	–	31.5	1.5

(a) The State and Territory data on the Australian population are derived by the AIHW from ABS statistical local area population estimates for June 2003 and 2004.

(b) Data on service users in each geographic location were estimated based on service users' residential postcodes. In some jurisdictions, there are services users from geographical locations that do not exist in that jurisdiction (for example, there are service users from major cities in the NT). This occurs when service users have accessed services in a state or territory other than their jurisdiction of residence. In addition, some postcode areas were split between two or more geographic locations. Where this was the case the data were weighted according to the proportion of the population of the postcode area in each geographic location.

Table 13A.22 Users of CSTDA employment services, by geographic location (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (g)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(c)	Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Row totals may not be the sum of the components because individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.									
(d)	Data on service users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users in a geographic location by the number of people aged 15–64 years in that geographic location, multiplied by 1000. The 'outer regional and remote' classification was derived by adding outer regional, remote and very remote data.									
(e)	Data for all service users exclude six service users in 2003-04 and ten service users in 2004-05 whose postcode was not reported, thus totals may differ from other tables.									
(f)	Comparisons of access between the outer regional and remote/very remote population and other populations should be undertaken with care. Outer regional and remote/very remote areas have a higher proportion of Indigenous people than other areas and therefore the need for services may be greater in outer regional and remote areas due to the higher prevalence of disability.									
(g)	Service user data for inner regional areas are not reported as nearly all users of ACT services who are from inner regional areas are from NSW residential postcodes.									
	.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero. np Not published.									

Source: AIHW analysis of ABS SLA population estimates for June 2003 and 2004; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.23

Table 13A.23 **Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	NSW (h)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT (i)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people using accommodation support services per 1000 Indigenous population aged under 65 years									
2003-04	1.2	10.4	1.5	2.7	2.6	1.7	np	1.8	2.2
2004-05	1.1	8.5	1.6	2.7	3.3	1.7	np	1.8	2.1
Non-Indigenous people using accommodation support services per 1000 non-Indigenous population aged under 65 years									
2003-04	1.1	1.8	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	0.8	1.5
2004-05	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.4	2.8	1.2	0.6	1.5
All people using accommodation services per 1000 total population aged under 65 years									
2003-04	1.1	1.9	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.6
2004-05	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.4	2.7	1.1	1.0	1.5

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 954 service users in 2003-04 and 2436 service users in 2004-05 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus accommodation support service users per 1000 total population aged under 65 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Service user data collected under the CSTDA NMDS are not comparable with data from the previous CSDA MDS snapshot day collections.
- (e) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (f) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (g) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (h) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (i) ACT data for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.

np Not published.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat. no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.24

Table 13A.24 Users of CSTDA employment services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Indigenous people using employment services per 1000 Indigenous population aged 15–64 years									
2003-04	6.6	15.2	5.2	5.3	6.6	6.7	5.6	2.4	6.0
2004-05	7.3	10.9	5.2	5.1	6.5	8.5	6.6	2.4	6.0
Non-Indigenous people using employment services per 1000 non-Indigenous population aged 15–64 years									
2003-04	4.1	5.1	4.5	4.6	5.5	5.0	3.9	3.1	4.6
2004-05	4.0	5.1	4.5	4.5	5.8	5.2	3.3	2.9	4.6
All people using employment services per 1000 total population aged 15–64 years									
2003-04	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.6	5.5	5.0	3.9	2.9	4.6
2004-05	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.5	5.8	5.3	3.4	2.8	4.6

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged 15-64 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (c) Data for all service users exclude 4498 service users in 2003-04 and 2665 service users in 2004-05 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus employment service users per 1000 total population aged 15–64 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (d) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.25

Table 13A.25 Users of CSTDA community access services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT (h)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people using community access services per 1000 Indigenous population									
2003-04	1.4	10.8	1.7	3.9	3.0	2.0	np	1.6	2.6
2004-05	1.5	9.2	1.8	2.4	4.0	2.1	np	1.5	2.3
Non-Indigenous people using community access services per 1000 non-Indigenous population									
2003-04	1.1	2.5	1.4	3.6	3.1	3.3	1.0	1.1	2.0
2004-05	1.1	2.0	1.7	2.5	3.3	3.3	0.9	1.2	1.8
All people using community access services per 1000 total population									
2003-04	1.1	2.6	1.4	3.6	3.1	3.2	1.0	1.3	2.0
2004-05	1.1	2.0	1.7	2.5	3.3	3.2	0.9	1.2	1.8

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 7283 service users in 2003-04 and 5222 service users in 2004-05 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus community access service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. This 'not reported' total includes recreation/holiday programs (service type 3.02) who were not required to complete the item on Indigenous status; however those who did provide a response are included in the data. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded community access services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (h) ACT data for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.

np Not published.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.26

Table 13A.26 **Users of CSTDA community support services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous people using community support services per 1000 Indigenous population									
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	5.6	15.2	4.6	13.7	18.9	1.9	7.0	5.0	7.6
Non-Indigenous people using community support services per 1000 non-Indigenous population									
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	3.1	2.6	2.4	6.7	7.2	4.8	8.4	4.5	3.6
All people using community support services per 1000 total population									
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	3.2	2.7	2.5	6.9	7.5	4.7	8.4	4.7	3.7

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 27 356 service users in 2004-05 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus community support service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded community support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.

na Not available.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.27

Table 13A.27 **Users of CSTDA respite services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas (h)	ACT (h)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people using respite services per 1000 Indigenous population									
2003-04	1.6	9.7	1.5	3.5	1.5	np	np	1.2	2.2
2004-05	1.4	8.2	1.5	2.6	2.2	np	np	0.9	1.9
Non-Indigenous people using respite services per 1000 non-Indigenous population									
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.0
All people using respite services per 1000 total population									
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.6	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.9	1.0

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 3667 service users in 2004-05 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus respite service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded respite services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (h) Tasmanian and ACT data for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.

na Not available. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, *Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.28

Table 13A.28 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, per 1000 people, by country of birth (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	NSW (h)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
People born in a non-English speaking country using accommodation services per 1000 people aged under 65 years who were born in a non-English speaking country									
2003-04	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.6	2.0	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.5
2004-05	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.6	2.4	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.5
People born in an English speaking country using accommodation services per 1000 people aged under 65 years who were born in an English speaking country									
2003-04	1.2	2.2	1.4	1.8	3.2	2.7	1.2	1.2	1.7
2004-05	1.2	2.1	1.5	1.9	3.4	2.7	1.2	1.0	1.7
All people using accommodation services per 1000 total people aged under 65 years									
2003-04	1.0	1.9	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.6
2004-05	1.0	1.8	1.4	1.8	3.3	2.7	1.1	0.9	1.6

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data for service users born in a non-English speaking country were based on responses for country of birth with English Proficiency Groups 2–4 (this includes all countries except Australia, New Zealand, Canada, United Kingdom, South Africa, Ireland or the United States of America, which are classified as English speaking countries). Where country of birth was inconsistently recorded for the same service user, the service user was counted as having been born in a non-English speaking country.
- (c) Data for all service users exclude 1023 service users in 2003-04 and 866 service users in 2004-05 and whose country of birth was not reported, thus accommodation support service users per 1000 total population aged under 65 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (d) The State and Territory data on people born in a non-English speaking country are derived from country of birth data for the corresponding 2001 Australian Census proportional distribution of population of states and territories. Estimates exclude people whose country of birth was not stated or who were visitors to Australia from overseas.
- (e) Data for service users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (f) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (g) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (h) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.

Source: ABS 2005, *Migration Australia 2003-04*, Cat no. 3412.0, Canberra; ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0, Canberra (various issues); ABS Australian Census of Population and Housing (unpublished); AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.29 Users of CSTDA employment services, per 1000 people, by country of birth (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
People born in a non-English speaking country using employment services per 1000 people aged 15–64 years who were born in a non-English speaking country									
2003-04	1.2	2.1	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.6	1.5
2004-05	1.1	2.2	1.1	1.1	1.5	0.8	0.6	1.5	1.4
People born in an English speaking country using accommodation services per 1000 people aged under 65 years who were born in an English speaking country									
2003-04	4.9	6.0	4.9	4.9	6.4	5.4	4.4	3.1	5.3
2004-05	5.0	6.0	5.0	4.9	6.1	5.6	3.7	2.7	5.3
All people using employment services per 1000 total people aged 15–64 years									
2003-04	4.1	5.2	4.6	4.4	5.8	5.3	3.8	2.9	4.6
2004-05	4.2	5.2	4.6	4.3	5.6	5.4	3.2	2.6	4.6

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data for service users born in a non-English speaking country were based on responses for country of birth with English Proficiency Groups 2–4 (this includes all countries except Australia, New Zealand, Canada, United Kingdom, South Africa, Ireland or the United States of America, which are classified as English speaking countries).
- (c) Data for all service users exclude 2481 in 2003-04 and 2248 in 2004-05 whose country of birth was not reported, thus employment service users per 1000 total population aged 15–64 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (d) The State and Territory data on people born in a non-English speaking country are derived from country of birth data for the corresponding 2001 Australian Census proportional distribution of population of states and territories. Estimates exclude people whose country of birth was not stated or who were visitors to Australia from overseas.
- (e) Data for service users per 1000 were derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged 15–64 years, multiplied by 1000.

Source: ABS 2005, *Migration Australia 2003-04*, Cat no. 3412.0, Canberra; ABS, *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat no. 3101.0, Canberra (various issues); ABS Australian Census of Population and Housing (unpublished); AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.30

Table 13A.30 Users of CSTDA community accommodation and care services as a proportion of all accommodation support service users (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	NSW (e)	Vic (f)	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2003-04	73.1	89.8	81.6	83.1	79.7	80.7	100.0	100.0	82.4
2004-05	72.7	91.0	83.6	85.4	80.1	80.7	100.0	100.0	83.3

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Individuals might have accessed services from both accommodation service type categories (institutional/large residential or community accommodation and care services).
- (b) Data for service users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (c) Community accommodation and care services include group homes, attendant care/personal care, in-home accommodation support, alternative family placement, and other accommodation support.
- (d) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (e) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.
- (f) Victorian 2003-04 data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users.

Source: AIHW 2005, *Disability Support Services 2003-04: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 40, Canberra; AIHW 2005, *CSTDA NMDS Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2003-04*, Welfare Working Paper Number 51, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004 05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra.

Table 13A.31

Table 13A.31 Real government expenditure per user of CSTDA accommodation support services (2004-05 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	NSW (g)	Vic (h)	Qld (i)	WA	SA (j)	Tas (k)	ACT (l)	NT (m)	Aust
Cost per user of government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings									
2003-04	111 355	117 093	22 361	122 362	50 309	..	..	..	97 617
2004-05	118 850	102 450	15 550	124 192	67 066	..	..	..	100 763
Cost per user of government provided accommodation support services in group homes									
2003-04	128 352	82 252	129 683	103 307	74 245	144 970	116 631	..	102 172
2004-05	90 922	95 448	134 838	104 669	66 698	138 359	130 037	..	98 629
Cost per user of government provided accommodation support services in other community settings									
2003-04	51 222	5 254	131 228	10 552	1 527	29 536	267 913	..	11 264
2004-05	5 758	3 304	36 297	5 877	9 497	16 030	80 214	..	5 178
Government funding per user of non-government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings									
2003-04	77 761	50 685	16 282	27 318	34 362	23 495	..	..	37 392
2004-05	86 401	101 408	16 983	24 891	26 982	26 829	..	..	40 828
Government funding per user of non-government provided accommodation support services in group homes									
2003-04	74 464	55 780	37 129	59 980	31 558	73 204	63 276	69 439	61 551
2004-05	159 510	56 035	49 177	63 297	83 186	78 964	62 151	87 263	82 203
Government funding per user of non-government provided accommodation support services in other community settings									
2003-04	64 069	20 626	33 565	36 965	9 996	17 604	13 142	18 536	28 042
2004-05	111 389	22 109	36 401	38 034	8 215	16 934	9 229	31 090	29 649

- (a) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2004-05 = 100 (table AA.26).
- (b) For the service user data used to derive this indicator, services provided by local governments are counted as government. For all the expenditure data; NSW, Victoria, WA and SA allocated expenditure on local government services to non-government provided services. Queensland allocated expenditure on local government services to non-government provided services for 2003-04 only. Tasmania allocated expenditure on local government services to government provided services. The ACT and the NT do not have local government provided services. Jurisdictional comparisons thus need to be undertaken with care.
- (c) Data are based on adjusted net expenditure (expenditure minus receipts) divided by the number of service users during the relevant period.
- (d) Data for non-government provided services reflect the cost to government and not the full cost of providing the accommodation. Governments make a contribution towards non-government provided services.
- (e) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Individuals may also have accessed both government and non-government services. Data for service users of CSTDA services funded by the states and territories exclude specialist psychiatric disability services specifically identified by the jurisdiction.
- (f) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Service type outlet response rates (table 13A.1 notes) and service user response rates by outlet (table 13A.32) should be taken into consideration when interpreting this indicator.

Table 13A.31

	<i>NSW (g)</i>	<i>Vic (h)</i>	<i>Qld (i)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (j)</i>	<i>Tas (k)</i>	<i>ACT (l)</i>	<i>NT (m)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(g)	NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05. This led to the underreporting of service user numbers for both years and affected the comparability of the data across the two years.								
(h)	Victorian 2003-04 service user data are reported to be significantly understated because errors in the 'date of last service received' and lower than expected response rates have led to under-counting of service users. For 2004-05, the cost per service user for non-government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings is overstated due to a move towards community based and individualised settings, which was not reflected in the expenditure data.								
(i)	For Queensland, improved direct attribution of expenditure to service types resulted in a significant reduction in expenditure per user government provided accommodation support services in other community settings between 2003-04 and 2004-05.								
(j)	For SA, the 2003-04 receipts data used to derive the results are estimates.								
(k)	There are no government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings in Tasmania.								
(l)	In the ACT, the substantial change in expenditure per user for government provided accommodation support services in other community settings between 2003-04 and 2004-05 is the result of care arrangement changes for a small number of high care need service users. There are no accommodation support services provided in institutional/residential settings in the ACT.								
(m)	There are no government provided accommodation support services or non-government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings in the NT.								
	.. Not applicable.								

Source: AIHW (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.32

Table 13A.32 **Service user data response rates for CSTDA funded accommodation support service type outlets, 2004–05 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings	100	100	100	100	100	..	..	..
Government provided accommodation support services in group homes	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100
Government provided accommodation support services in other community settings	100	100	92	100	50	86	100	100
Non-government provided accommodation support services in institutional/residential settings	100	100	97	100	100	100	..	..
Non-government provided accommodation support services in group homes	100	100	93	100	90	97	100	100
Non-government provided accommodation support services in other community settings	100	100	94	100	98	100	100	100

(a) Percentages are based on the number of service type outlets providing service user data for 2004-05. The denominator is the total number of outlets that provided service type outlet data; the numerator is the number of outlets that provided service user data for 2004-05.

.. Not applicable.

Source: AIHW (unpublished).

Table 13A.33

Table 13A.33 Australian Government funding per user of non-government provided employment services (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Nominal cost per user of all employment service types (dollars)									
2003-04	4 530	3 759	4 097	6 005	4 907	4 557	5 972	6 431	4 450
2004-05	5 213	4 103	4 646	6 599	5 777	4 920	7 140	6 656	5 005
Real cost per user of all service types (2004-05 dollars) (d)									
2003-04	4 709	3 908	4 259	6 242	5 101	4 737	6 208	6 685	4 626
2004-05	5 213	4 103	4 646	6 599	5 777	4 920	7 140	6 656	5 005

- (a) This indicator is derived using service user data collected under the CSTDA NMDS and is not comparable with the equivalent indicator derived using data from the previous CSDA MDS snapshot day collections.
- (b) Service user data used to derive this indicator are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (c) This indicator is derived using service user data provided by the AIHW. Cost per employment service user data may differ from those reported in the Australian Government's Annual Report as the Australian Government and the AIHW use different rules to count the number of employment service users. The Australian Government focuses on the total number of service outlets used, while the AIHW focuses on the number of service users, irrespective of the number of service outlets the individual accesses. In addition, the Australian Government includes independent workers (1004 persons in 2003-04 and 804 persons in 2004-05) in calculating service user numbers, while the AIHW does not.
- (d) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2004-05 = 100 (table AA.26).

Source: AIHW (unpublished); FaCSIA (unpublished).

Table 13A.34

Table 13A.34 **Real Australian Government funding per user of non-government provided employment services (2004-05 dollars) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2003-04		
Expenditure		
Open program	\$	152 187 071
Supported program	\$	128 124 006
Open and supported program	\$	17 034 376
Total	\$	297 345 453
Users (d)		
Open program	no.	43 042
Supported program	no.	18 637
Open and supported program	no.	4 100
Total	no.	64 281
Cost per user		
Open program	\$	3 536
Supported program	\$	6 875
Open and supported program	\$	4 155
Total	\$	4 626
2004-05		
Expenditure		
Open program	\$	160 090 183
Supported program	\$	154 248 573
Open and supported program	\$	10 181 653
Total	\$	324 520 409
Users (d)		
Open program	no.	43 831
Supported program	no.	18 615
Open and supported program	no.	3 635
Total	no.	64 835
Cost per user		
Open program	\$	3 652
Supported program	\$	8 286
Open and supported program	\$	2 801
Total	\$	5 005

(a) Real dollars are previous years' expenditure in current year's dollars after basing expenditure on the ABS GDP price deflator 2004-05 = 100 (table AA.26).

(b) Total expenditure reflects only direct employment and case-based funding expenditure. It does not include expenditure on quality assurance assessment and certification payments or employer incentives such as supported wage system and wage subsidies which cannot be identified against specific user activity types.

(c) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who have received services from more than one service type outlet during the relevant period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory over the relevant period.

Table 13A.34 Real Australian Government funding per user of non-government provided employment services (2004-05 dollars) (a), (b), (c)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d) User numbers include a small number of users of services provided by organisations classified as Australian Government related, such as universities.	

Source: FaCSIA (unpublished).

Table 13A.35

Table 13A.35 **Total estimated expenditure per service user, State and Territory government administered programs, 2004-05 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (c)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total expenditure on CSTDA services excluding payroll tax per user	\$	36 071	20 161	26 436	14 500	15 650	24 656	17 214	20 969	23 005
Actual payroll tax per user	\$	816	86	382	..	..	335	..	335	258
Imputed payroll tax per user	\$	..	286	..	280	321	..	455	..	190
Total users	no.	28 521	49 612	15 640	19 301	15 447	3 658	3 087	1 350	136 307
Total expenditure on CSTDA services including actual and imputed payroll tax per user	\$	36 887	20 532	26 818	14 780	15 971	24 991	17 669	21 304	23 453

(a) Government expenditure per service user for Australia, excludes Australian Government expenditure on State and Territory administered services that was not provided as transfer payments.

(b) Service user data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.

(c) Payroll tax data relates to NT Government service provision and does not include expenditure for program management and administration.

.. Not applicable.

Source: AIHW 2006, *Disability Support Services 2004-05: National Data on Services Provided Under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement*, Cat. no. DIS 46, Canberra; AIHW 2006, *CSTDA Tables Prepared for the CSTDA Annual Public Report 2004-05*, Cat. no. DIS 48, Disability Series, Canberra; State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.36

Table 13A.36 Government administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure on services (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (b)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aus Gov (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure (including actual payroll tax for NSW, Victoria (in part), Qld (for 2001-02 to 2003-04), Tasmania and the NT)										
2001-02	9.3	8.1	8.4	4.4	7.0	4.9	11.5	9.7	7.7	8.0
2002-03	9.7	8.2	8.1	5.3	6.5	7.2	10.2	4.4	7.6	8.2
2003-04	11.2	8.2	8.0	5.4	6.6	5.2	9.5	4.1	7.4	8.6
2004-05	10.6	8.1	8.7	5.2	7.7	5.9	8.4	4.3	7.4	8.5
2005-06	10.9	7.2	10.0	5.2	7.3	8.5	9.0	5.3	5.5	8.3
Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure (excluding actual and imputed payroll tax)										
2001-02	9.5	8.1	8.5	4.4	7.0	5.0	11.5	9.8	7.7	8.1
2002-03	9.9	8.3	8.2	5.3	6.5	7.4	10.2	4.5	7.6	8.3
2003-04	11.5	8.2	8.2	5.4	6.6	5.3	9.5	4.1	7.4	8.7
2004-05	10.9	8.2	8.7	5.2	7.7	5.9	8.4	4.4	7.4	8.6
2005-06	11.2	7.3	10.0	5.2	7.3	8.6	9.0	5.4	5.5	8.4
Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure (including actual and imputed payroll tax)										
2001-02	9.3	8.0	8.4	4.3	6.8	4.9	11.3	9.7	7.7	8.0
2002-03	9.7	8.1	8.1	5.2	6.4	7.2	9.9	4.4	7.6	8.2
2003-04	11.2	8.1	8.0	5.3	6.4	5.2	9.3	4.1	7.4	8.5
2004-05	10.6	8.0	8.5	5.1	7.5	5.9	8.2	4.3	7.4	8.4
2005-06	10.9	7.1	9.8	5.2	7.1	8.5	8.8	5.3	5.5	8.3

(a) See table 13.1 for an explanation of different methods of apportioning departmental costs.

(b) Payroll tax data for Queensland include payroll tax, accrued payroll tax and long service leave on-costs recovered payroll tax. From 2004-05, payroll tax is excluded from administrative expenditure data.

(c) In 2005-06, the method of apportioning administrative expenditure changed as a result of internal restructure and an inclusion of some corporate overhead costs.

(d) In 2002-03, the method of apportioning administrative expenditure changed from cash to accrual accounting, resulting in a realignment of some costs previously reported under this category to direct service delivery.

(e) Australian Government administrative expenditure is an attribution of cost based on average staffing levels.

Source: Australian, State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Labour force participation and employment, 2005 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Labour force participation rate									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	33.5 ± 6.3	30.7 ± 8.2	34.4 ± 7.0	32.1 ± 10.4	32.9 ± 9.5	20.4 ± 9.4	54.8 ± 21.3	np	32.7 ± 3.3
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	65.0 ± 3.6	62.7 ± 3.4	66.9 ± 2.6	69.7 ± 4.2	62.4 ± 4.2	57.7 ± 5.8	74.4 ± 6.9	69.6 ± 13.8	65.0 ± 1.4
People without a disability	80.4 ± 1.3	81.4 ± 1.3	82.7 ± 1.8	81.8 ± 1.9	81.9 ± 2.1	77.1 ± 3.5	85.2 ± 3.5	86.7 ± 4.8	81.4 ± 0.5
Employment rate									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	91.3 ± 7.3	73.5 ± 15.0	88.2 ± 7.4	97.2 ± 6.7	84.5 ± 12.3	88.6 ± 15.6	100.0	100.0	86.7 ± 4.4
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	92.1 ± 1.8	91.8 ± 2.2	92.8 ± 1.8	94.8 ± 1.9	92.2 ± 2.5	90.7 ± 3.7	93.1 ± 4.7	95.2 ± 6.0	92.5 ± 0.7
People without a disability	95.4 ± 0.6	95.6 ± 0.7	96.5 ± 0.8	96.6 ± 0.9	96.3 ± 1.1	94.8 ± 1.9	99.3 ± 0.8	97.2 ± 2.3	95.9 ± 0.2

(a) The labour force participation and employment rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent).

(b) Data with relative standard errors (RSEs) over 50 per cent are not published.

(c) Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the ABS Disability Module (used in the Survey of Education and Training Experience) relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys.

(d) For people aged 15–64 years.

np Not published.

Source: ABS Survey of Education and Training Experience, Australia (unpublished).

Table 13A.38

Table 13A.38 **Labour force participation and employment, 2003 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Labour force participation rate									
People with a profound/severe core activity limitation	29.6	30.5	32.9	30.9	22.8	23.7	42.0	np	30.0
General population (d)	73.9	74.1	74.8	75.7	75.0	69.4	79.3	75.4	74.4
Employment rate									
People with a profound/severe core activity limitation	90.4	89.6	86.3	97.8	88.8	91.7	100.0	np	89.9
General population (d)	94.0	94.2	93.1	94.5	93.7	91.8	96.2	93.3	93.9

(a) For people aged 15–64 years, living in households.

(b) Profound/severe core activity limitation refers to always or sometimes needing assistance with one or more of the core activities. Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self-care.

(c) For the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, the sample in the NT was reduced to a level such that NT records contributed appropriately to national estimates but could not support reliable estimates for the NT. As a result, estimates for the NT are not published separately.

(d) June 2003.

np Not published.

Source: ABS *Labour Force Survey* Cat. no. 6291.0.55.001 [Supertable LM8]; ABS *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers* (unpublished).

Table 13A.39

Table 13A.39 **Labour force participation and employment of people with a profound or severe core activity limitation, by special needs groups, 2005 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Labour force participation rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	33.6 ± 6.8	31.4 ± 7.8	35.2 ± 7.5	30.2 ± 9.8	35.9 ± 11.7	18.2* ± 10.4	54.8 ± 18.0	..	33.1 ± 3.6
People in outer regional and remote areas	32.7* ± 22.1	np	31.7 ± 13.2	40.8* ± 21.1	np	24.6* ± 20.3	..	np	30.1 ± 7.0
People born in an English speaking country	35.0 ± 7.5	36.2 ± 8.7	34.6 ± 6.8	32.8 ± 11.1	32.7 ± 9.5	20.4 ± 9.6	55.5 ± 20.6	np	34.5 ± 3.5
People born in a non-English speaking country	25.1* ± 14.8	17.8* ± 12.1	31.4* ± 26.7	29.1* ± 21.3	np	np	np	–	23.6 ± 7.1
Non-Indigenous people	34.6 ± 7.1	30.7 ± 7.7	34.0 ± 6.7	31.4 ± 9.8	33.3 ± 10.2	20.7* ± 10.2	60.2 ± 17.9	np	33.0 ± 3.4
Indigenous people	np	np	np	np	–	np	–	np	23.0* ± 16.5
Employment rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	90.1 ± 8.7	73.1 ± 16.0	87.6 ± 9.4	95.7 ± 8.6	83.4 ± 13.1	81.3 ± 28.5	100.0	..	85.3 ± 5.2
People in outer regional and remote areas	100.0	np	91.4 ± 17.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	..	np	96.9 ± 6.3
People born in an English speaking country	91.6 ± 8.6	73.2 ± 17.9	89.2 ± 8.2	96.3 ± 7.5	85.1 ± 13.3	96.0 ± 8.5	100.0	np	87.3 ± 9.2
People born in a non-English speaking country	88.1 ± 25.2	74.9 ± 35.7	75.5* ± 55.9	100.0	78.8* ± 45.6	–	np	–	81.9 ± 23.8
Non-Indigenous people	91.1 ± 7.9	73.1 ± 16.0	88.0 ± 8.3	96.6 ± 6.8	84.3 ± 12.6	92.5 ± 15.4	100.0	np	86.5 ± 4.7
Indigenous people	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	96.0 ± 9.0

(a) For people aged 15–64 years.

(b) Profound/severe core activity limitation refers to always or sometimes needing assistance with one or more of the core activities. Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self-care.

(c) A '*' indicates a RSEs of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published.

(d) The labour force participation and employment rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent).

(e) Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the ABS Disability Module (used in the Survey of Education and Training Experience) relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS Survey of Education and Training Experience, Australia (unpublished).

Table 13A.40

Table 13A.40 Labour force participation and employment of people with a profound or severe core activity limitation, by special needs groups, 2003 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Labour force participation rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	28.2	29.8	29.3	30.5	19.8	24.0	42.0	..	28.5
People in outer regional and remote areas	40.7	37.4	46.9	32.5	40.3	23.2	..	np	38.6
People born in an English speaking country	33.1	33.8	34.5	33.3	24.0	24.5	46.2	np	32.5
People born in a non-English speaking country	8.5	20.6	7.1	16.5	14.1	np	29.7	np	15.4
Total	29.6	30.5	32.9	30.9	22.8	23.7	42.0	np	30.0
Employment rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	91.2	88.2	87.3	97.2	84.8	95.5	np	..	89.9
People in outer regional and remote areas	85.8	np	83.8	np	np	83.9	..	np	90.0
People born in an English speaking country	90.0	90.9	86.1	97.6	87.9	91.7	np	np	90.0
People born in a non-English speaking country	np	82.7	np	np	np	np	np	np	89.2
Total	90.4	89.6	86.3	97.8	88.8	91.7	np	np	89.9

(a) For people aged 15–64 years, living in households.

(b) Profound/severe core activity limitation refers to always or sometimes needing assistance with one or more of the core activities. Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self-care.

(c) For the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, the sample in the NT was reduced to a level such that NT records contributed appropriately to national estimates but could not support reliable estimates for the NT. As a result, estimates for the NT are not published separately.

(d) Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published.

.. Not applicable. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (unpublished).

Table 13A.41

Table 13A.41 **Social participation, by disability status, 2004 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Currently an active member of a sporting/hobby/community based association</i>									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	26.9 ± 10.3	21.3 ± 10.0	38.9 ± 14.0	38.2* ± 20.3	26.3* ± 18.4	np	62.9* ± 45.1	np	29.1 ± 5.8
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	38.2 ± 5.0	36.7 ± 5.4	30.5 ± 5.6	28.2 ± 7.6	36.2 ± 7.4	26.8 ± 10.7	32.1 ± 15.2	69.4* ± 54.0	34.9 ± 2.6
People without a disability	41.0 ± 2.4	38.2 ± 2.5	36.6 ± 2.7	35.0 ± 3.7	37.9 ± 4.0	35.7 ± 7.1	48.9 ± 8.6	48.1 ± 14.9	38.6 ± 1.3
Total	40.0 ± 2.2	37.5 ± 2.2	35.5 ± 2.4	34.0 ± 3.3	37.2 ± 3.5	32.1 ± 5.8	45.8 ± 7.5	49.7 ± 14.4	37.7 ± 1.1
<i>Get together socially with friends/relatives not living with you more than once a month</i>									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	70.8 ± 10.7	80.6 ± 10.8	77.2 ± 11.6	64.1 ± 20.2	77.2 ± 18.3	63.0 ± 30.0	83.9 ± 32.6	np	74.4 ± 5.6
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	73.8 ± 4.7	79.9 ± 4.4	72.1 ± 5.5	76.5 ± 7.4	75.3 ± 6.6	81.1 ± 9.2	81.2 ± 13.2	72.1* ± 53.5	75.7 ± 2.4
People without a disability	79.6 ± 2.0	81.9 ± 2.0	79.0 ± 2.3	81.0 ± 3.2	79.6 ± 3.6	83.1 ± 5.7	80.1 ± 7.0	84.9 ± 11.3	80.3 ± 1.0
Total	78.2 ± 1.9	81.5 ± 1.8	77.7 ± 2.1	79.9 ± 2.9	78.6 ± 3.1	81.7 ± 4.8	80.5 ± 6.0	83.9 ± 11.1	79.3 ± 1.0

(a) Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the Household Income and Labour Dynamics (HILDA) Survey relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys.

(b) A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published.

(c) For people aged 15–64 years.

(d) The social participation rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent).

np Not published.

Source: HILDA (unpublished).

Table 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Social activities participated in by people with a profound or severe core activity limitation, 2003 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
At home									
Visits from family or friends	89.7	88.6	90.0	84.8	90.0	93.9	84.4*	np	89.0
Telephone calls with family or friends	83.7	85.0	85.1	78.3	86.9	90.2	88.8*	np	84.3
Art or craftwork	16.2	16.9	14.1	16.1	18.5*	15.4*	np	np	15.9
Other activities	13.1	14.5	8.9	13.8*	8.2*	np	np	np	11.9
All participants in these activities (d)	95.2	95.4	95.8	94.5	93.7	97.6	94.2*	np	95.3
Did not participate in these activities	4.8*	4.6*	4.2*	5.5*	6.3*	np	np	np	4.7
Away from home									
Visited relatives or friends	80.7	82.7	88.5	86.2	86.6	89.5	94*	np	84.5
Went to restaurant or club	55.2	49.5	52.1	40.1	48.7	60.2	74.3*	np	51.1
Church activities	19.3	21.2	15.9	20.0	23.7	13.3*	np	np	19.1
Other activities	27.7	33.7	30.3	34.3	34.3	28.0*	34.9*	np	31.2
All participants in these activities (d)	86.3	89.5	93.3	94.1	91.9	92.4	94.0*	np	90.3
Did not participate in these activities	12.3	8.8	5.2*	4.1*	8.1*	np	np	np	8.3
Does not leave home	1.4*	1.6*	1.6*	np	–	–	–*	np	1.4*

(a) For people aged 5–64 years, living in households.

(b) A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs of over 50 per cent are not published.

(c) For the 2003 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, the sample in the NT was reduced to a level such that NT records contributed appropriately to national estimates but could not support reliable estimates for the NT. As a result, estimates for the NT are not published separately.

(d) Totals may be less than the sum of the components as a person might have participated in more than one activity.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (unpublished).

Table 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Participation in education and training, by disability status, 2005 (a), (b), (c)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Year 12 or below (people aged 15–24)									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	np	42.0* ± 28.3	39.0* ± 25.8	60.2* ± 46.8	50.5* ± 40.6	61.6* ± 48.7	–	–	37.9 ± 12.3
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	31.6 ± 10.3	33.3 ± 11.0	21.9 ± 7.9	24.0 ± 10.9	35.0 ± 12.8	48.9 ± 20.1	9.8* ± 4.8	np	29.7 ± 4.4
People without a disability	49.5 ± 4.3	48.5 ± 4.7	36.5 ± 6.0	40.5 ± 6.7	40.1 ± 6.1	45.0 ± 10.6	46.0 ± 11.5	31.8* ± 15.8	44.7 ± 1.8
Diploma or certificate course (people aged 15–64)									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	3.9* ± 3.1	4.4* ± 3.4	4.3* ± 2.8	5.6* ± 4.2	np	7.3* ± 6.2	np	–	4.2 ± 1.5
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	5.4 ± 1.6	6.9 ± 1.8	7.1 ± 2.1	5.8 ± 1.9	6.9 ± 2.6	5.3* ± 4.3	7.0* ± 4.6	np	6.4 ± 0.8
People without a disability	7.9 ± 0.9	7.5 ± 0.8	8.5 ± 0.9	8.3 ± 1.2	7.1 ± 1.2	8.1 ± 1.9	8.7 ± 2.5	8.0 ± 3.8	7.9 ± 0.4
Bachelor degree and above (people aged 15–64)									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	np	np	3.7* ± 2.9	–	–	–	np	–	1.8* ± 1.1
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	3.0 ± 0.9	4.5 ± 1.2	4.0 ± 1.2	4.2 ± 1.4	3.4 ± 1.3	1.7* ± 1.4	5.8* ± 3.8	np	3.7 ± 0.5
People without a disability	7.9 ± 0.9	8.6 ± 1.0	7.1 ± 1.2	8.7 ± 1.6	7.7 ± 1.4	6.2 ± 2.5	11.9 ± 2.3	3.4* ± 2.3	9.3 ± 0.6

(a) Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the ABS Disability Module (used in the Survey of Education and Training Experience) relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys.

(b) A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published.

(c) The education and training participation rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent).

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Table 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Participation in education and training, by disability status, 2005 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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Source: ABS Survey of Education and Training Experience, Australia (unpublished).

Table 13A.44

Table 13A.44 **Educational and training attainment, by disability status, 2005 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Year 10									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	18.7 ± 5.9	19.0 ± 5.8	26.6 ± 5.9	20.8 ± 7.8	19.1 ± 7.9	17.8 ± 8.2	np	–	20.7 ± 3.1
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	23.1 ± 2.4	15.0 ± 2.2	21.9 ± 2.5	23.9 ± 3.2	18.0 ± 2.3	29.5 ± 4.9	12.3 ± 3.9	23.5 ± 10.3	20.6 ± 1.0
People without a disability	17.6 ± 1.3	9.7 ± 0.9	18.4 ± 1.4	16.7 ± 1.8	12.9 ± 1.7	21.5 ± 3.4	10.4 ± 2.3	15.5 ± 4.3	15.3 ± 0.7
Year 11/12									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	17.9 ± 5.8	19.9 ± 5.8	15.7 ± 5.5	19.3 ± 6.7	23.3 ± 9.9	9.8* ± 6.5	np	–	18.1 ± 2.3
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	15.9 ± 2.2	24.8 ± 2.5	20.7 ± 2.4	21.8 ± 3.6	28.0 ± 3.3	8.4 ± 3.0	27.9 ± 5.7	15.5* ± 7.8	20.6 ± 1.2
People without a disability	23.5 ± 1.2	30.3 ± 1.6	26.7 ± 1.7	28.0 ± 2.0	35.3 ± 1.9	24.2 ± 2.3	28.4 ± 4.1	26.5 ± 6.5	27.2 ± 0.6
Diploma or certificate course									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	28.2 ± 9.7	18.2 ± 5.8	27.6 ± 7.7	31.9 ± 8.3	16.2* ± 8.5	17.4* ± 8.6	36.6* ± 18.4	np	24.8 ± 3.9
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	29.3 ± 2.6	26.9 ± 2.4	33.3 ± 2.9	29.7 ± 3.3	27.6 ± 3.3	26.2 ± 4.2	28.5 ± 5.9	29.6 ± 10.7	29.3 ± 1.1
People without a disability	25.5 ± 1.5	24.7 ± 1.6	29.2 ± 1.8	27.7 ± 2.3	26.1 ± 1.8	25.1 ± 2.5	21.1 ± 3.0	27.5 ± 4.8	26.2 ± 0.8
Bachelor degree and above									
People with a disability									
With a profound/severe core activity limitation	6.8* ± 3.7	9.8* ± 4.8	7.0* ± 3.7	8.1* ± 5.2	np	8.3* ± 6.1	34.8* ± 17.5	–	7.9 ± 1.9
Without a profound/severe core activity limitation	13.8 ± 2.0	15.0 ± 2.5	10.1 ± 1.8	13.3 ± 2.9	10.4 ± 2.3	12.2 ± 3.3	22.9 ± 5.9	11.7* ± 8.4	13.1 ± 1.1

Table 13A.44

Table 13A.44 **Educational and training attainment, by disability status, 2005 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
People without a disability	24.2 ± 1.9	26.1 ± 1.8	19.1 ± 1.8	21.9 ± 2.5	17.4 ± 1.8	17.3 ± 3.5	36.1 ± 5.7	20.8 ± 6.8	23.0 ± 0.9

(a) Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the ABS Disability Module (used in the Survey of Education and Training Experience) relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys.

(b) A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published.

(c) The education and training attainment rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent).

(d) For people aged 15–64 years.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS *Survey of Education and Training Experience, Australia* (unpublished).