

Report on Government Services 2016

Volume A:
Approach to
performance
reporting

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for the Steering
Committee for the
Review of Government
Service Provision*

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Publications enquiries

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The Steering Committee welcomes enquiries and suggestions on the information contained in this report. Contact the Secretariat by phone: (03) 9653 2100 or email: gsp@pc.gov.au

Foreword

This year marks the twenty-first edition of the Report on Government Services — comparing the performance of governments in the efficient and effective delivery of a wide range of services aimed at improving the wellbeing of all Australians.

The Report was commissioned in 1993 by Heads of Government (now COAG), with the first report produced in 1995. A new terms of reference issued in 2010 emphasised the dual roles of the Report in improving service delivery, efficiency and performance, and increasing accountability to governments and the public.

Improving the equity and effectiveness of the services included in the Report can affect the community in significant ways. Some services form an important part of the social welfare system (for example, social housing and child protection services), some are provided to people with specific needs (for example, disability services), and others are typically used by each person in the community at some stage during their life (for example, education and training, health services and aged care services).

Improving the efficiency of government services can also have significant economic pay-offs. Governments spent over \$192 billion on the services covered by this Report, representing around 67.9 per cent of total government expenditure, equivalent to about 12 per cent of Australia's gross domestic product.

I commend all governments for their continuing commitment to transparency and accountability. The challenge for the future is to harness this important information source to look at what works to improve service delivery for all Australians.

I would like to thank the Steering Committee for its direction and oversight of this Report, the working group members that provide advice and input, and the Review Secretariat within the Productivity Commission which supports the Steering Committee and working groups and produces the Report.

Peter Harris
Chairman

January 2016

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Steering Committee

This report was produced under the direction of the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP). The Steering Committee comprises the following current members:

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Mr Jonathan Rollings	Aust. Govt.	The Treasury
Ms Josephine Laduzko	Aust. Govt.	Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet
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People who also served on the Steering Committee during the production of this Report include:

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Mr David Kalisch		Australian Institute of Health & Welfare
Mr Peter Harper		Australian Bureau of Statistic

Acronyms and abbreviations

AAGR	Average annual growth rates
AATSIHS	Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey
ABI	Acquired brain injury, but spelt out
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACARA	Australian Curriculum and Assessment Reporting Authority
ACAT	Aged Care Assessment Team
ACC	Australian Crime Commission
ACE	adult community education
ACECQA	Australian Children’s Education and Care Quality Authority
ACER	Australian Council for Educational Research
ACFI	Aged Care Funding Instrument
ACHS	Australian Council on Healthcare Standards
ACIR	Australian Childhood Immunisation Register
ACOSS	Australian Council of Social Service
ACRRM	Australian College of Rural and Remote Medicine
ACS	Aged care services
ACSQHC	Australian Commission for Safety and Quality in Health Care
ACSS	Australian Community Sector Survey
ADE	Australian Disability Enterprises
ADHC	Ageing, Disability and Home Care
ADHD	Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder
ADL	Activities of daily living
ADR	Alternative dispute resolution
AEDC	Australian Early Development Census
AEM	Australian Emergency Management
AFAC	Australasian Fire and Emergency Service Authorities Council
AFP	Australian Federal Police

AGSRC	Average Government School Recurrent Costs
AHS	Australian Health Survey
AIC	Australian Institute of Criminology
AIFS	Australian Institute of Family Studies
AIHW	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
AIL	Activities of independent living
AIPAR	Australian Institute for Population Ageing Research
AJJA	Australasian Juvenile Justice Administrators
ANZEMC	Australia-New Zealand Emergency Management Committee
ANZPAA	Australia New Zealand Policing Advisory Agency
ANZSOC	Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification
AQF	Australian Qualifications Framework
AR-DRGs	Australian refined diagnosis related groups
ARIA	Accessibility and Remoteness Index for Australia
AS	Age standardised
ASGC	Australian Standard Geographical Classification
ASGS	Australian Statistical Geography Standard
ASO	Ambulance service organisation
ASQA	Australian Skills Quality Authority
ASR	Age-standardised rate
ASSNP	Core Activity Need for Assistance
AUSTRAC	Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre
AVETMISS	Australian Vocational Education and Training Management Information Statistical Standard
AWEC	Activities of work, education and community living
BCC	Basic Community Care
BEACH	Bettering the Evaluation and Care of Health
BMI	Body Mass Index
CAA	Council of Ambulance Authorities
CaLD	Culturally and Linguistically Diverse
CCB	Child Care Benefit
CCET	Child care, education and training

CCSP	Community Care Support Program
CGC	Commonwealth Grants Commission
CH	Community housing
CHD	Coronary heart disease
CHSA	Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement
CIs	Confidence intervals
CISC	COAG Industry and Skills Council
CMHC	Community Mental Health Care
CNOS	Canadian National Occupancy Standard
COACH	Coaching patients On Achieving Cardiovascular Health
COAG	Council of Australian Governments
CPS	Child protection services
CR	Crude rate
CRA	Commonwealth Rent Assistance
CSTDA	Commonwealth–State/Territory Disability Agreement
CSV	Court Services Victoria
DB	Deafblind
DEEWR	Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations
DES	Disability Employment Services
DHHS	Department of Health and Human Services
DHS	Department of Human Services
DIMA	Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs
DL	Delayed development
DMS	Disability Management Services
DQI	data quality information
DS NMDS	Disability Services National Minimum Data Set
DSS	Department of Social Services
DVA	Department of Veterans’ Affairs
ECEC	Early childhood education and care
ERP	estimated resident population
ESS	Employment Support Services

FaHCSIA	Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs
FCA	Federal Court of Australia
FDC	Family day care
FMA	Financial Management and Accountability Act
FSE	Full Service Equivalent
FSO	Fire service organisation
FTE	full time equivalent
GDP	gross domestic product
GFS	Government Finance Statistics
GGFCE	General Government Final Consumption Expenditure
GHB	Gamma hydroxybutyrate
GP	General practitioner
GST	Goods and Services Tax
HACC	Home and Community Care
HELP	Higher Education Loan Programme
ICD	International Classification of Diseases
ICH	Indigenous Community Housing
ICILS	International Computer and Information Literacy Study
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
IEA	International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement
IMR	Infant mortality rate
IRSD	Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage
ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation
JJ NMDS	Juvenile Justice National Minimum Data Set
LBOTE	language backgrounds other than English
LCCSC	Law, Crime and Community Safety Council
LDC	Long day care
LHA	Livable Housing Australia
LOTE	language other than English
LRC	Large Residential Centres
LSAC	Longitudinal Study of Australian Children

MBI	Modified Barthel Index
MBS	Medicare Benefits Schedule
MCEECDYA	Ministerial Council for Education, Early Childhood Development and Youth Affairs
MCEETYA	Ministerial Council on Education, Employment, Training and Youth Affairs
MDI	Middle Years Development Instrument
MESC	Main English speaking countries
MHE	Mental Health Establishments
ML	Medicare Locals
MPS	Multi-Purpose Services
NAHA	National Affordable Housing Agreement
NAP	National Assessment Program
NAPLAN	National Assessment Program – Literacy and Numeracy
NASWD	National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development
NATSIHS	National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey
NCCH	National Centre for Classification in Health
NCPASS	National Child Protection and Support Services
NCVER	National Centre for Vocational Education Research
NDA	National Disability Agreement
NDIA	National Disability Insurance Agency
NDIS	National Disability Insurance Scheme
NDS	National Disability Service
NEA	National Education Agreement
NECECC	National Early Childhood Education and Care Collection
NECECWC	National Early Childhood Education and Care Workforce Census
NESB	Non-English speaking backgrounds
NGO	Non-government organisations
NHA	National Healthcare Agreement
NHCDC	National Hospital Cost Data Collection
NHHRC	National Health and Hospitals Reform Commission
NHMRC	National Health and Medical Research Council
NHPF	National Health Performance Framework

NHRA	National Health Reform Agreement
NHS	National Health Survey
NIRA	National Indigenous Reform Agreement
NMDS	National Minimum Data Set
NMHS	National Mental Health Strategy
NMS	national minimum standard
NNDSS	National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System
non-MESC	non-main English speaking countries
NP	National Partnership
NP NQAECEC	National Partnership Agreement on the National Quality Agenda for Early Childhood Education and Care
NP UAECE	National Partnership Agreement on Universal Access to Early Childhood Education
NPA RIH	National Partnership Agreement on Remote Indigenous Housing
NPAH	National Partnership Agreement on Homelessness
NQAITS	National Quality Agenda Information Technology System
NQF	National Quality Framework
NQS	National Quality Standard
NRAS	National Rental Affordability Scheme
NRCP	National Respite for Carers Program
NSCSP	National Survey of Community Satisfaction with Policing
NSHS	National Social Housing Survey
NSMHS	National Standards for Mental Health Services
NSQHS	National Safety and Quality Health Service
NSSC	National Schools Statistics Collection
NYPR	National Youth Participation Requirement
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OMP	Other medical practitioners
OSHC	Outside school hours care
OSR	Online Services Reporting
PBS	Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme
PC	Productivity Commission
PExS	Patient Experience Survey

PH	Public housing
PIAAC	Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies
PIP	Practice Incentives Program
PIRLS	Progress in International Reading Literacy Study
PISA	Programme for International Student Assessment
PSTRE	problem solving in technology-rich environments
RACGP	Royal Australian College of General Practitioners
RAS	Regional Assessment Services
RPBS	Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme
RRMA	Rural, Remote and Metropolitan Areas classification system
RSEs	Relative standard errors
RTO	Registered Training Organisation
SA DECD	South Australian Department for Education and Child Development
SAB	Staphylococcus aureus (including Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus [MRSA]) bacteraemia
SCRCSSP	Steering Committee for the Review of Commonwealth/State Service Provision
SCRGSP	Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision
SDAC	Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers
SE	Standard error
SEIFA	Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas
SEM	Standard error of the mean
SES	Socioeconomic status
SES	State Emergency Service
SHSC	Specialist Homelessness Services collection
SL	Specific learning
SMHWB	Survey of Mental Health and Wellbeing
SMRs	Standardised mortality ratios
SOMIH	State Owned and Managed Indigenous Housing
SPP	Specific Purpose Payment
SPWD	Services for people with disability

SRS	Schooling Resource Standard
TAFE	technical and further education
TCP	Transition Care Program
TGR	Total growth rate
TIMSS	Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study
UCC	User cost of capital
UNSW	University of New South Wales
URTI	Upper respiratory tract infection
VCAT	Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal
VET	Vocational Education and Training
VF	Ventricular Fibrillation
VHC	Veterans' Home Care
VT	Ventricular Tachycardia
WHO	World Health Organisation
YBFS	Year before full time schooling
YJS	Youth justice services
YPIRAC	Young People in Residential Aged Care

Glossary

Access	Measures how easily the community can obtain a delivered service (output).
Appropriateness	Measures how well services meet client needs and also seeks to identify the extent of any underservicing or overservicing.
Comparability	Data are considered comparable if, (subject to caveats) they can be used to inform an assessment of comparative performance. Typically, data are considered comparable when they are collected in the same way and in accordance with the same definitions. For comparable indicators or measures, significant differences in reported results allow an assessment of differences in performance, rather than being the result of anomalies in the data.
Completeness	Data are considered complete if all required data are available for all jurisdictions that provide the service.
Constant prices	See ‘real dollars’.
Cost effectiveness	Measures how well inputs (such as employees, cars and computers) are converted into outcomes for individual clients or the community. Cost effectiveness is expressed as a ratio of inputs to outcomes. For example, cost per life year saved is a cost effectiveness indicator reflecting the ratio of expenditure on breast cancer detection and management services (including mammographic screening services, primary care, chemotherapy, surgery and other forms of care) to the number of women’s lives that are saved.
Current prices	See ‘nominal dollars’.
Descriptors	Descriptive statistics included in the Report that relate, for example, to the size of the service system, funding arrangements, client mix and the environment within which government services are delivered. These data are provided to highlight and make more transparent the differences among jurisdictions.
Effectiveness	Reflects how well the outputs of a service achieve the stated objectives of that service (also see program effectiveness).

Efficiency	Reflects how resources (inputs) are used to produce outputs and outcomes, expressed as a ratio of outputs to inputs (technical efficiency), or inputs to outcomes (cost effectiveness). (Also see ‘cost effectiveness’ and ‘technical efficiency’.)
Equity	Measures the gap between service delivery outputs or outcomes for special needs groups and the general population. Equity of access relates to all Australians having adequate access to services, where the term adequate may mean different rates of access for different groups in the community (see chapter 1 for more detail).
Inputs	The resources (including land, labour and capital) used by a service area in providing the service.
Nominal dollars	Refers to financial data expressed ‘in the price of the day’ and which are not adjusted to remove the effects of inflation. Nominal dollars do not allow for inter-year comparisons because reported changes may reflect changes to financial levels (prices and/or expenditure) and adjustments to maintain purchasing power due to inflation.
Output	The service delivered by a service area, for example, a completed episode of care is an output of a public hospital.
Outcome	The impact of the service on the status of individuals or a group, and the success of the service area in achieving its objectives. A service provider can influence an outcome but external factors can also apply. A desirable outcome for a school, for example, would be to add to the ability of the students to participate in, and interact with, society throughout their lives. Similarly, a desirable outcome for a hospital would be to improve the health status of an individual receiving a hospital service.
Process	Refers to the way in which a service is produced or delivered (that is, how inputs are transformed into outputs).
Program effectiveness	Reflects how well the outcomes of a service achieve the stated objectives of that service (also see effectiveness).
Quality	Reflects the extent to which a service is suited to its purpose and conforms to specifications.
Real dollars	Refers to financial data measured in prices from a constant base year to adjust for the effects of inflation. Real dollars allow the inter-year comparison of financial levels (prices and/or expenditure) by holding the purchasing power constant.

Technical
efficiency

A measure of how well inputs (such as employees, cars and computers) are converted into service outputs (such as hospital separations, education classes or residential aged care places). Technical efficiency reflects the ratio of outputs to inputs. It is affected by the size of operations and by managerial practices. There is scope to improve technical efficiency if there is potential to increase the quantity of outputs produced from given quantities of inputs, or if there is potential to reduce the quantities of inputs used in producing a certain quantity of outputs.

Unit costs

Measures average cost, expressed as the level of inputs per unit of output. This is an indicator of efficiency.

Terms of Reference

The Report on Government Services

1. The Steering Committee will measure and publish annually data on the equity, efficiency and cost effectiveness of government services through the Report on Government Services (ROGS). Outputs and objectives
2. The ROGS facilitates improved service delivery, efficiency and performance, and accountability to governments and the public by providing a repository of meaningful, balanced, credible, comparative information on the provision of government services, capturing qualitative as well as quantitative change. The Steering Committee will seek to ensure that the performance indicators are administratively simple and cost effective.
3. The ROGS should include a robust set of performance indicators, consistent with the principles set out in the Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations; and an emphasis on longitudinal reporting, subject to a program of continual improvement in reporting.
4. To encourage improvements in service delivery and effectiveness, ROGS should also highlight improvements and innovation.
5. The Steering Committee exercises overall authority within the ROGS reporting process, including determining the coverage of its reporting and the specific performance indicators that will be published, taking into account the scope of National Agreement reporting and avoiding unnecessary data provision burdens for jurisdictions. Steering Committee authority
6. The Steering Committee will implement a program of review and continuous improvement that will allow for changes to the scope of the ROGS over time, including reporting on new service areas and significant service delivery areas that are jurisdiction-specific.
7. The Steering Committee will review the ROGS every three years and advise COAG on jurisdictions' compliance with data provision requirements and of potential improvements in data collection. It may also report on other matters, for example, ROGS's scope, relevance and usefulness; and other matters consistent with the Steering Committee's terms of reference and charter of operations. Reporting to COAG

1 Approach to performance reporting

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1.1 Aims of the Review and this Report

Heads of government (now the Council of Australian Governments or COAG) established the Review of Government Service Provision (the Review) in 1993, to provide information on the equity, efficiency and effectiveness of government services in Australia, through the publication of the annual Report on Government Services (the Report).

A Steering Committee, comprising senior representatives from the central agencies of each of the Australian, State and Territory governments, and chaired by the Chairman of the Productivity Commission, manages the Review, with the assistance of a Secretariat provided by the Productivity Commission.

The Report, now in its twentieth edition, is a tool for government (see terms of reference for the Report, p. xxxvi). It has been used:

- for strategic budget and policy planning, for policy evaluation and to demonstrate government accountability

-
- to assess the resource needs and resource performance of government agencies
 - to identify jurisdictions with which to share information on services.

Data in the Report can also provide an incentive to improve the performance of government services, by:

- enhancing measurement approaches and techniques, such as activity based costing
- helping jurisdictions identify where there is scope for improvement
- promoting greater transparency and informed debate about comparative performance.

Review of the Report

In 2009, a Senior Officials and Heads of Treasuries Working Group review of the Report was endorsed by COAG. COAG recognised the Report as ‘the key tool to measure and report on the productive efficiency and cost effectiveness of government services’. The review noted the central role of the Report in reporting comparative information on government performance and that the Report’s original role as a tool for government had been complemented by a public accountability function.

In 2010, COAG agreed to a new terms of reference and charter of operations for the Steering Committee, as well as a separate terms of reference for the Report (<http://www.pc.gov.au/about/core-functions/performance-monitoring>; COAG 2010).

1.2 The role of government in delivering services

All services included in the Report affect the community in significant ways. Some services form an important part of the nation’s social welfare system (for example, social housing and child protection services), some are provided to people with specific needs (for example, aged care and disability services), and others are typically used by each person in the community at some stage during their life (for example, education and training, health services, police services and emergency services).

The current focus of the Report is on social services. Social services include child care, education, training, health, justice, emergency management, community services, social housing and homelessness services. Social services aim to improve the wellbeing of people and communities, by supporting people’s ability to participate in social and economic activities. These services typically aim to provide intangible outcomes (such as health, education and community safety), rather than the provision of physical products, general income support or the creation of capital assets (although physical products, targeted income support and capital assets are associated with the delivery of some services).

Generally, the services that governments deliver are largely concerned with:

- providing ‘public goods’,¹ including:
 - creating a legal framework that determines the rules for ownership of property and the operation of markets (for example, enforcing property rights, checking abuses of power and upholding the rule of law) — a framework that encompasses the work of police, the courts and corrective services agencies in maintaining law and order
 - managing adverse events, including the work of emergency services (such as fire and flood control) and some aspects of the health system (such as vaccinations)
- enabling higher levels, higher quality and/or more equitable consumption of services that governments consider to have particular merit or that generate beneficial spillover effects for the community.² Examples of such services include education, health services, ambulance services, child protection services, disability services, aged care services and social housing.

How governments deliver services

Governments use a mix of methods to deliver services to the community, including:

- delivering or providing the services directly (a ‘delivery/provider’ role)
- funding external providers through grants or the purchase of services (a ‘purchaser’ role)
- subsidising users (through vouchers or cash payments) to purchase services from external providers
- imposing community service obligations on public and private providers
- providing incentives to users and/or providers, such as reducing tax obligations in particular circumstances (known as ‘tax expenditures’).

1.3 Reasons for measuring comparative performance

Comparative information on the performance of government service delivery contributes to the wellbeing of all Australians, by encouraging improvements in those services. Public reports such as this Report improve government accountability and create incentives for

¹ Public goods are those where one person’s consumption does not reduce consumption by others, and where it is not possible to exclude individuals from access (for example, national defence). These goods tend not to be produced in private markets because people can consume the goods without paying for them.

² In private markets, the production of services that result in positive (or beneficial) spillover effects tends to be lower than is desirable for society as a whole, because producers cannot charge for the wider benefits to society.

better performance. In turn, improving government service provision can lead to major social and economic benefits.

Traditionally, much of the effort to improve the effectiveness of government services has focused on increasing the level of resources devoted to them. Another way of improving services is finding better ways to use existing resources. Performance measurement provides one means of shifting the focus from the level of resources to the efficient and effective use of those resources. Performance measurement can:

- help clarify government objectives and responsibilities
- promote analysis of the relationships between agencies and between programs, enabling governments to coordinate policy within and across agencies
- make performance more transparent, and enhance accountability
- provide governments with indicators of policy and program performance over time
- inform the wider community about government service performance
- encourage ongoing performance improvements in service delivery and effectiveness, by highlighting improvements and innovation.

The three main reasons for reporting *comparative* performance information across jurisdictions are:

- to verify high performance and identify agencies and service areas that are successful
- to enable agencies to learn from peers that are delivering higher quality and/or more cost effective services
- to generate additional incentives for agencies and services to improve performance.

Comparative data are particularly important for government services, given that limited information is available to those supplying and receiving services. Each jurisdiction has, for example, one police service and one child protection and support service. As a result, those responsible for delivering the services do not have access to the same level of information that is available to providers in competitive markets. Comparisons across jurisdictions also offer a level of accountability to consumers, who have little opportunity to express their preferences by accessing services elsewhere.

Although this Report does not make recommendations on how to improve government services, information in the Report assists governments to make such assessments. Reliable comparative performance information can help governments better understand the strengths and weaknesses of different approaches to providing services, and the circumstances in which each can work best.

1.4 Scope

This Report contains performance information on 16 broad service areas (box 1.1). These government services have two important features:

- their key objectives are common or similar across jurisdictions (lending themselves to comparative performance reporting)
- they make an important contribution to the community and/or economy (meaning there are potentially significant gains from improved effectiveness or efficiency).

Box 1.1 Services included in this Report

Volume B Child care, education and training

Early childhood education and care (chapter 3)
School education (chapter 4)
Vocational education and training (chapter 5)

Volume C Justice

Police services (chapter 6)
Courts (chapter 7)
Corrective services (chapter 8)

Volume D Emergency management

Fire and ambulance services (chapter 9)

Volume E Health

Primary and community health (chapter 10)
Public hospitals (chapter 11)
Mental health management (chapter 12)

Volume F Community services

Aged care services (chapter 13)
Services for people with disability (chapter 14)
Child protection services (chapter 15)
Youth justice services (chapter 16)

Volume G Housing and homelessness

Housing (chapter 17)
Homelessness services (chapter 18)

The Steering Committee has developed a set of formal criteria to determine whether the Report should include particular service sectors. The criteria were endorsed by Senior Officials at their meeting on 17 February 2012 (summarised in box 1.2). In a formal assessment during 2013, all current service areas were found to meet the criteria.

Box 1.2 **Criteria for selecting service provision sectors**

The Steering Committee will apply the following criteria to ensure that new services included in the Report offer the greatest potential return for the resources invested in performance reporting. Services already included in the Report will be reviewed from time to time to ensure that they continue to satisfy the criteria for inclusion.

1. The Report's focus will be the effectiveness and efficiency of services provided directly to the community by or on behalf of government. Information on targeted income support or subsidies may be reported where it provides contextual information relevant to service performance or influences the achievement of service objectives.
2. Services included in the Report should either:
 - have common or similar objectives across jurisdictions, lending themselves to comparative performance reporting; or if jurisdiction-specific
 - be of such community or economic significance to the national context in its own right that time series analysis in the Report is appropriate
 - make a significant contribution to the outcomes of services provided by other governments
 - be part of a suite of services delivered across government.
 - or make an important contribution to the community and/or economy, such that there is a significant public interest in the effectiveness and efficiency of service provision.
 - Significance to the community may be indicated by the recognition of a service as a COAG priority or other measures of national public importance, recognising that priorities change over time. Significance to the economy may be indicated by the level of government expenditure or by the direct or indirect economic impact of a service.
3. In making a decision about including new services in the Report, the Steering Committee will consider:
 - the scope to rationalise or reduce reporting in other areas of the Report (particularly when Review resourcing costs are likely to be significant)
 - whether proposed reporting will add sufficient value to other existing reporting exercises to offset the reporting burden
 - whether relevant data collections to enable reporting according to the Steering Committee's guiding principles exist
 - the benefits and costs of establishing any new reporting requirements.
 - Relevant benefits of establishing new data collections include those to potential users of the Report, and other users of the data, such as service clients, service providers, government purchasers of services, policy makers and researchers.

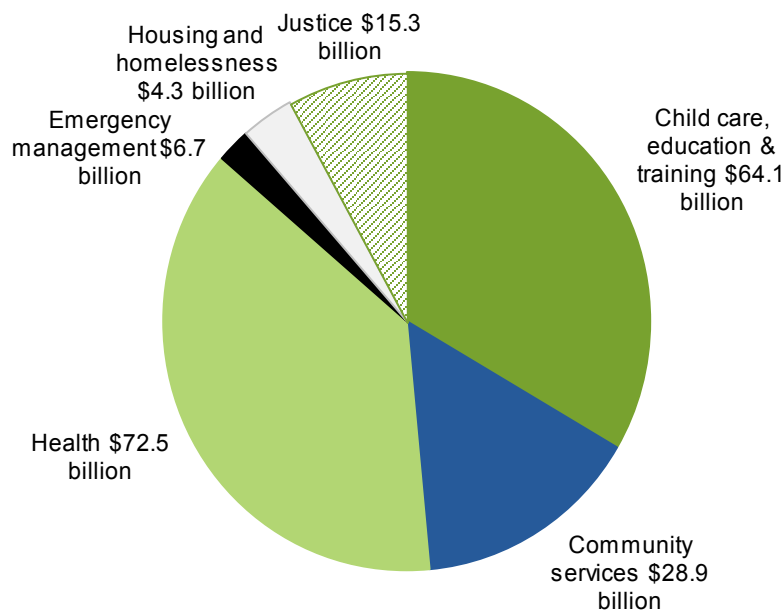
Relevant costs of establishing new data collections include those to jurisdictions, service providers, data providers and the Productivity Commission in resourcing the Review Secretariat.

Source: Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP) (2012).

The services included in this Report involve a significant level of government expenditure. While not all data relate to the same time period, the services in this Report accounted for approximately \$192 billion in government recurrent expenditure (figure 1.1), representing

around 67.9 per cent of total government recurrent expenditure. This expenditure is equivalent to about 12.0 per cent of gross domestic product (Secretariat calculations based on data from ABS 2015a) — slightly above the 11.7 per cent reported in the previous edition.

Figure 1.1 **Estimated government recurrent expenditure on services covered by this Report^{a, b}**



^a Data for 2014-15 were not available for all services. Expenditure reported is for the most recent year available. ^b Scope of expenditure reported is identified in each service-specific chapter and is consistent with inclusions and exclusions in the previous edition.

Sources: Secretariat calculations based on general government final consumption expenditure and gross domestic product data from Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 2015a, *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, Australian National Accounts, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, Canberra; Sector overviews B–G; Chapters 3–18.

Funding from government may not meet the full cost of delivering a service to the community. Users of services and not-for-profit organisations can also contribute funding and other resources. However, the scope of the Report is confined to the cost to government, for reasons explained in box 1.3.

Box 1.3 **Cost to government and total cost**

The Report provides information about the cost to government of providing services. Governments aim to maximise the benefit to the community from the use of government funds. It may be argued that the Report should also account for the costs where non-government groups such as charities, not-for-profit organisations, private providers and users of services contribute resources for the services. Although the contributions of these other groups are not negligible, the purpose of the Report is to provide information to assist governments in making decisions about the effectiveness and efficiency of government expenditure.

If a government provides services directly, then it is accountable for all resources used. In such circumstances, the Report aims to include the full costs of providing the service, including the cost of capital. This approach allows governments to compare the internal management of their services with that of counterparts in other jurisdictions.

The Report also includes information on the cost to government of services delivered in other ways, including the purchase of services from government and non-government providers. This information can assist governments in assessing their purchase decisions.

Sometimes, a private organisation will offer to deliver a service at a lower cost to government than the cost of government providing that service directly, even though the private organisation may use at least as many resources as the government provider. This situation can arise for not-for-profit organisations such as charities, which may be able to charge less because they operate the service as an adjunct to another activity or because they have access to resources that are not costed at market rates (such as donations, church buildings and volunteers).

The Report does not seek to facilitate comparisons between the internal management of government providers and the internal management of non-government providers, and there would be difficulties in collecting data to make such comparisons. As a result, there is no attempt to compare the full cost of delivery by non-government organisations with the full cost of delivery by government service providers.

The focus of the Report is on the effectiveness and efficiency of government purchase or supply of specific services, rather than on general government income support. That is, the Report covers aged care but not the aged pension, disability services but not disability pensions, and child care but not family payments (although descriptive information on income support is provided in some cases). The impact of child care subsidies on the affordability of child care services is reported (chapter 3), and some information on Commonwealth Rent Assistance is reported, on the basis that it is a targeted payment to assist in the purchase of housing services, and is not general income support (sector overview G).

1.5 Approach

The Report uses a common method for reporting comparative performance for a range of services. Adopting a common method has several benefits:

- a convenient and useful resource for people interested in multiple service areas

-
- insights into approaches to performance assessment across services
 - progress in performance reporting in one service area can demonstrate what is possible and encourage improved reporting by other services
 - a capacity to address issues that arise across service areas (for example, how to measure timeliness and other aspects of quality)
 - an opportunity to address issues that have an impact on (or are affected by) multiple service areas.

A number of the services covered by the Report are also subject to other performance measurement exercises. Distinguishing features of the approach taken in the Report are:

- a focus on non-technical information, making it accessible to non-specialists
- regular publication, allowing monitoring of performance over time
- inclusion of otherwise unpublished data to present comprehensive performance information
- the compilation of performance reporting across a number of service areas in a single report, facilitating the sharing of insights across service areas.

Guiding principles

The primary aim of the Report is to provide objective performance information, in order to facilitate informed policy decisions. The guiding principles in box 1.4 are drawn from extensive Steering Committee experience, the review of the Report, the terms of reference and charter of operations, and performance reporting criteria set out in the Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations (COAG 2008a).

Box 1.4 Guiding principles of the Report

The Report's primary purpose is to provide comparative information to governments about the equity, effectiveness and efficiency of government services to facilitate improved service delivery. An important, but secondary purpose is to promote public accountability. The Steering Committee will use its influence to encourage working groups and other technical experts and groups to develop data and methods to implement the following guiding principles.

Comprehensiveness — performance indicator frameworks should be comprehensive, assessing performance against all important objectives.

Streamlined reporting — performance indicator frameworks aim to provide a concise set of information about performance against the identified objectives of a sector or service.

A focus on outcomes — high level performance indicators should focus on outcomes, reflecting whether service objectives have been met.

Hierarchical — where a greater level of sector specific detail is required, high-level outcome indicators should be underpinned by lower level output indicators and additional disaggregated data.

Meaningful — reported data must measure what it claims to measure. Proxy indicators will be clearly identified as such and the Steering Committee will encourage the development of more meaningful indicators to replace proxy indicators where practicable.

Comparability — the ultimate aim is data that are comparable — across jurisdictions and over time. However, comparability may be affected by progressive data availability. Where data are not yet comparable across jurisdictions, time series data within jurisdictions is particularly important.

Progressive data availability — progress may vary across jurisdictions and data are generally presented for those jurisdictions that can report (not waiting until data are available for all).

Timeliness — to be relevant and enhance accountability, the data published will be the most recent possible — incremental reporting when data become available, and then updating all relevant data over recent years, is preferable to waiting until all data are available.

Use acceptable (albeit imperfect) performance indicators — use relevant performance indicators that are already in use in other national reporting arrangements *wherever appropriate*. Adopting existing indicators can ensure consistency with other, relevant reports where this adds value, lowers the costs of data collection and avoids delays in reporting.

Understandable — to improve public accountability, data must be reported in a way that is meaningful to a broad audience, many of whom will not have technical or statistical expertise.

Accurate — data published will be of sufficient accuracy to provide confidence in analysis based on information in the Report.

Sources: SCRGSP (unpublished); Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations (MCFRR) (2009).

Benchmarking

Benchmarking is a systematic process of searching for and encouraging the introduction of best practice. The three main forms of benchmarking are: (1) results benchmarking (comparing performance within and between organisations using performance indicators of effectiveness and efficiency); (2) process benchmarking (analysing systems, activities and

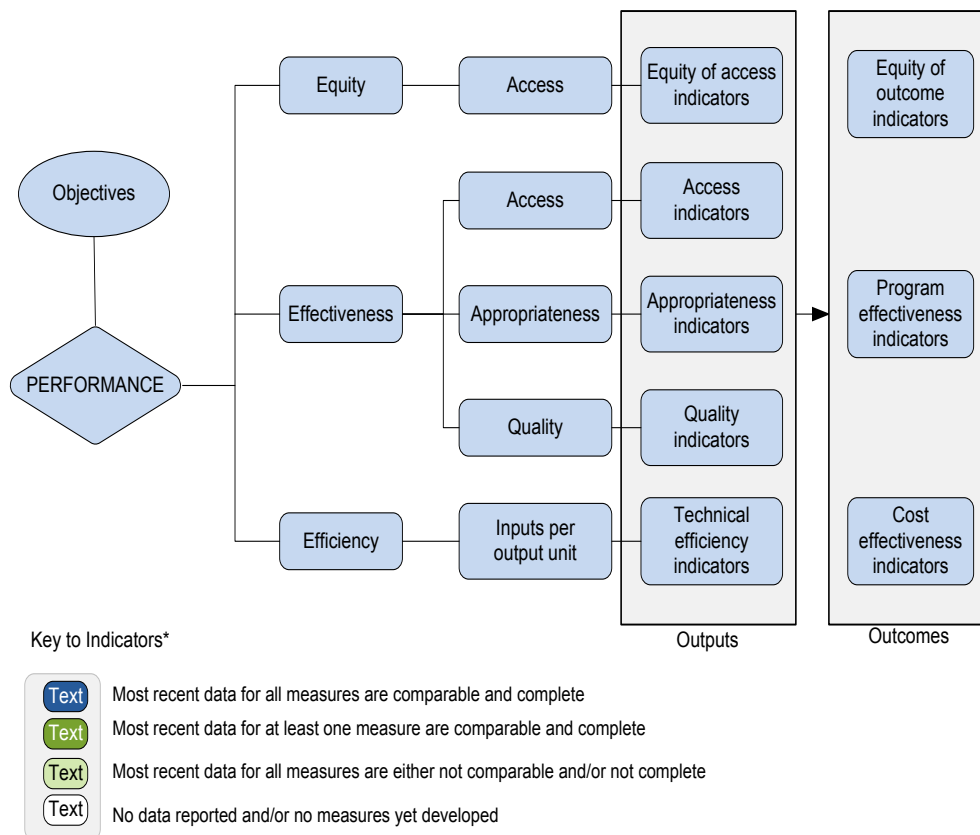
tasks that turn inputs and outputs into outcomes); and (3) setting best practice standards (establishing goals and standards to which organisations can aspire).

The terms ‘comparative performance reporting’ and ‘benchmarking’ are sometimes used interchangeably. However, ‘benchmarking’ can have a particular connotation of measuring performance against a predetermined standard. The Report can be considered as a form of results or process benchmarking, but the Report does not generally establish best practice benchmarks. However, governments can use the information in the Report to identify appropriate benchmarks.

The general performance indicator framework

The Report’s general performance indicator framework is at figure 1.2. The framework depicts the Review’s focus on outcomes, consistent with demand by governments for outcome oriented performance information. This outcome information is supplemented by information on outputs, grouped under ‘equity’, ‘effectiveness’ and ‘efficiency’ headings.

Figure 1.2 **General framework and examples of performance indicators**



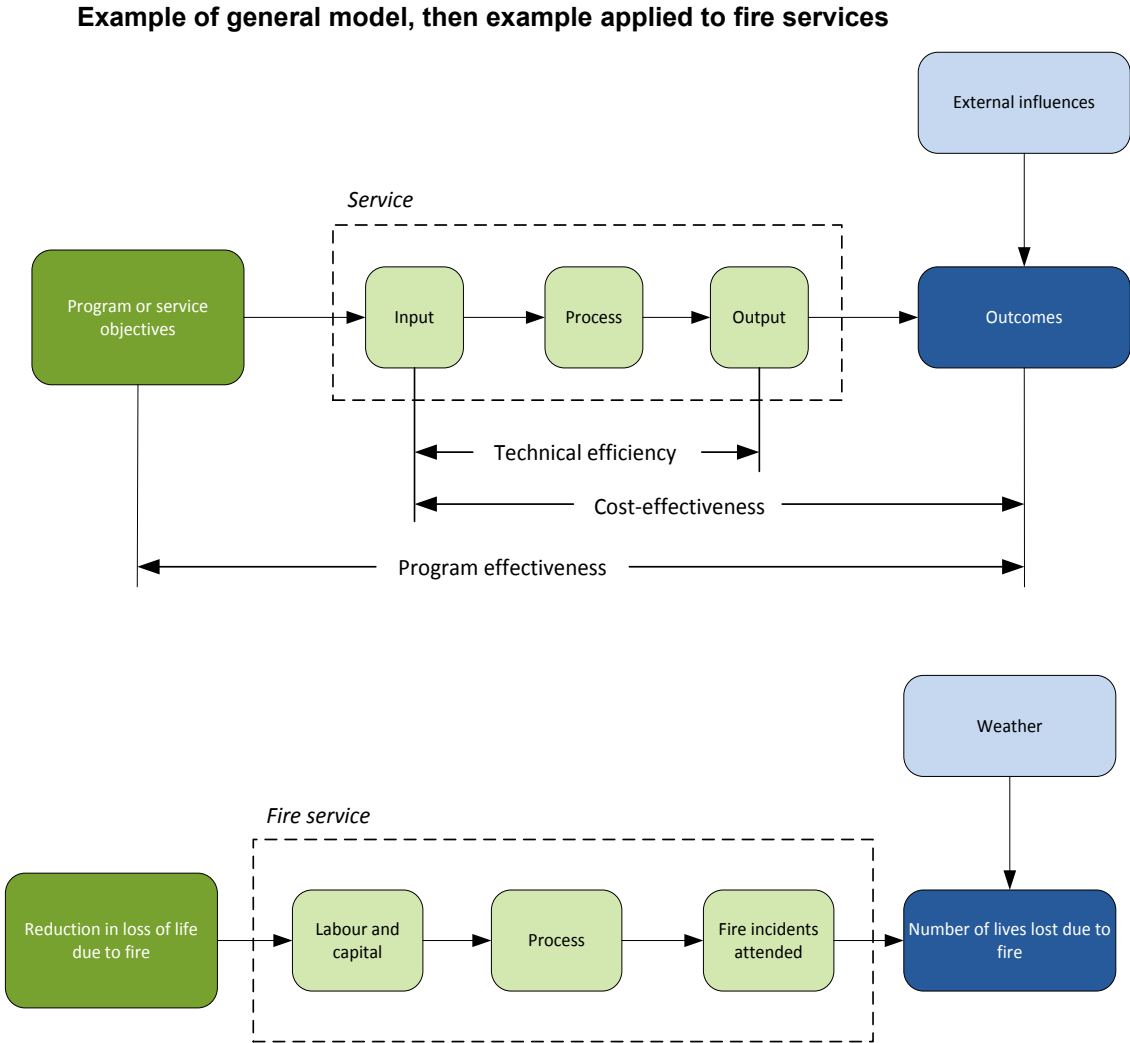
* A description of the comparability and completeness of each measure is provided in indicator interpretation boxes within the chapter

The Report’s general performance framework was reviewed by an Independent Reference Group, and the finding endorsed by the Steering Committee in September 2010 (SCRGSP 2010). An extensive literature review and case studies of other performance reporting exercises confirmed that the Report possesses a robust performance indicator framework (consistent with the findings of the COAG review of the Report) (HOT/SO WG 2009).

The service process

The general framework reflects the service process through which service providers transform inputs into outputs and outcomes in order to achieve desired objectives (figure 1.3).

Figure 1.3 Service process



For each service, governments have a number of objectives that relate to desired outcomes for the community. To achieve these objectives, governments provide services and/or fund service providers. Service providers transform resources (inputs) into services (outputs). The rate at which resources are used to make this transformation is known as ‘technical efficiency’.

The impact of these outputs on individuals, groups and the community are the outcomes of the service. In the Report, the rate at which inputs are used to generate outcomes is referred to as ‘cost effectiveness’. Often, outcomes (and to a lesser extent, outputs) are influenced by factors external to the service. Figure 1.3 distinguishes between technical efficiency (the ratio of inputs to outputs) and cost-effectiveness (the ratio of inputs to outcomes), and also recognises that other influences affect overall program effectiveness (the extent that outcomes achieve the objectives of the service).

Objectives

In each chapter, the objectives for the service are outlined, and performance indicators that measure the achievement of those objectives are reported.

The objectives (or desired outcomes) for each government funded service are similar across jurisdictions, although the priority that each jurisdiction gives to each objective may differ. The Steering Committee’s approach to performance reporting is to focus on the extent that each shared objective for a service has been met.

Distinguishing outcomes and outputs

Outcome indicators provide information on the impact of a service on the status of an individual or a group. In contrast, outputs are the services delivered.

Outcomes may be short term (intermediate) or longer term (final). The approach in the Report is to use both short term and long term outcome indicators, as appropriate. In school education, for example, learning outcomes at years 3, 5, 7 and 9 may be considered intermediate outcomes, while completion of year 12 or school leaver destinations may be considered final outcomes.

It is acknowledged that outcomes are likely to be influenced by factors outside the control of governments or entities delivering services. The approach in the Report is to explain that government provided services are often only one contributing factor and, where possible, point to data on other key contributing factors, including different geographic and demographic characteristics across jurisdictions. (Chapter 2 contains detailed statistics on each State and Territory, which may assist in interpreting the performance indicators presented in the Report.)

While the aim of the Review is to focus on outcomes, they are often difficult to measure. The Report therefore includes measures of outputs (which are often easier to measure), where there is a relationship between those outputs and desired outcomes, and that the measures of outputs are, in part, proxies for measures of outcomes. Output information is also critical for equitable, efficient and effective management of government services, and is often the level of performance information that is of most interest to individuals who access services.

The indicator framework groups output indicators according to the desired characteristics of a service — for example, accessibility, appropriateness or quality (figure 1.2). By contrast, outcome indicators are not grouped according to desired characteristics, as outcomes typically depend on a number of service characteristics and are usually influenced by other service-sectors and external factors.

Equity, effectiveness and efficiency

The Steering Committee takes a comprehensive view of performance reporting, and the Report's framework gives equal prominence to equity, effectiveness and efficiency, as the three overarching dimensions of performance. There are inherent trade-offs in allocating resources and dangers in analysing only some aspects of a service. A unit of service may have a high cost but be more effective than a lower cost service, and therefore be more cost effective. Improving outcomes for a group with special needs may lead to an increase in the average cost per unit of providing a service.

Equity

The term 'equity' has a number of interpretations, explained in box 1.5. Equity indicators in the Report measure how well a service is meeting the needs of particular groups that have special needs or difficulties in accessing government services. While effectiveness indicators are generally absolute measures of performance, equity indicators focus on any gap in performance between special needs groups and the general population. Equity indicators may reflect:

- equity of access — all Australians are expected to have appropriate access to services
- equity of outcome — all Australians are expected to achieve appropriate outcomes from service use.

Box 1.5 **Equity**

Equity is an important concept in economic literature, with two elements:

- horizontal equity — the equal treatment of equals
- vertical equity — the unequal but equitable ('fair') treatment of unequals.

In the context of this Report:

- *horizontal* equity is exhibited when services are equally accessible to everyone in the community with a similar level of need
- *vertical* equity is exhibited when services account for the special needs of particular groups in the community and may be needed where geographic, cultural or other reasons mean some members of the community have difficulty accessing a standard service.

Criteria are used to classify groups that may have special needs or difficulties in accessing government services. These include:

- language or literacy proficiency
- sex and age
- physical or mental capacity, including people with disability
- culture, race or ethnicity
- geographic location.

Identifying those service recipients who belong to groups with special needs or access difficulties poses challenges, particularly when relying on client self-identification. If members of such groups are required to identify themselves, then the accuracy of the data will depend on how members of a group perceive the advantages (or disadvantages) of identification, and whether such perceptions change over time (see for example, SCRGSP 2014). Comparability problems also arise where different data collections and different jurisdictions do not use common definitions of special needs groups.

The Report often uses the proportion of each target group in the broader community as a point of comparison when examining service delivery to special needs groups. This approach is suitable for services that are provided on a virtually universal basis (for example, school education), but must be treated with caution for other services, where service provision is based on the level of need, which may vary between groups (for example, disability services). Another option is to collect based on a profile of need (for example, the estimation of the 'potential population' of people with the potential to require specialist disability services).

Where geographic location is used to identify groups with special needs, data are usually disaggregated according to a geographical classification system. Geographical classifications are generally based on population density and/or the distance that residents need to travel to access services. All geographic classification systems are imperfect

indicators of the time and cost of reaching a service. For some services, classifications based on distance or population are not useful indicators of access to services — for example, ambulances may respond more quickly in rural areas over longer distances than in metropolitan areas over shorter distances, because of differences in traffic congestion.

Effectiveness

Effectiveness indicators measure how well the outputs of a service reflect the stated objectives of that service. The reporting framework groups effectiveness indicators according to characteristics that are considered important to the service. For most chapters, these characteristics include access, appropriateness and/or quality.

Access

Access indicators measure how easily the community can obtain a service. In the Report, access has two main dimensions:

- undue delay (timeliness) — for example, waiting times for patients in public hospitals and for older people receiving aged care services
- undue cost (affordability) — for example, the proportion of income spent on particular services, such as out-of-pocket expenses in child care and education.

Appropriateness

Appropriateness indicators measure how well services meet client needs. In primary and community health care, for example, a series of indicators measure whether patients with particular health conditions are receiving clinically endorsed treatments.

Appropriateness indicators also seek to identify the extent of any underservicing or overservicing (HWA 2012; Birrell 2013). Some services have developed measurable standards of service need, against which levels of service can be assessed (for example, the ‘overcrowding’ measure in housing measures the appropriateness of the size of the dwelling relative to the size and composition of the household). Other services have few measurable standards of service need; for example, the desirable number of medical treatments for particular populations is not known. However, data on differences in service levels can indicate where further work could identify possible under- or over- servicing.

Quality

Quality indicators reflect the extent to which a service is suited to its purpose and conforms to specifications. Information about quality is particularly important when there is a strong emphasis on increasing efficiency (as indicated by lower unit costs). There is usually more than one way in which to deliver a service, and each alternative has different implications

for both cost and quality. Information about quality is needed to ensure all relevant aspects of performance are considered.

The Steering Committee's approach is to identify and report on aspects of quality, particularly actual or implied competence:

- actual competence can be measured by the frequency of positive (or negative) events resulting from the actions of the service (for example, deaths resulting from health system errors such as an incorrect dose of drugs)
- implied competence can be measured by proxy indicators, such as the extent to which aspects of a service (such as inputs, processes and outputs) conform to specifications — for example, the level of accreditation of public hospitals and aged care facilities.

The reporting framework includes quality as one aspect of effectiveness, and distinguishes it from access and appropriateness (figure 1.2), though this distinction is somewhat artificial because these other aspects also contribute to a meaningful picture of quality.

Efficiency

The Independent Reference Group's review of the Report's performance indicator framework (SCRGSP 2010) found that the inclusion of efficiency indicators was a distinguishing aspect of the Report's framework. Very few performance reporting exercises explicitly assess the efficiency of government services, despite the key links between efficiency and the other aspects of performance.

The concept of efficiency has a number of dimensions. Overall economic efficiency requires satisfaction of technical, allocative and dynamic efficiency:

- technical efficiency requires that goods and services be produced at the lowest possible cost
- allocative efficiency requires the production of the set of goods and services that consumers value most, from a given set of resources
- dynamic efficiency means that, over time, consumers are offered new and better products, and existing products at lower cost.

The Report focuses on technical (or productive) efficiency. Technical efficiency indicators measure how well services use their resources (inputs) to produce outputs for the purpose of achieving desired outcomes. Government funding per unit of output delivered is a typical indicator of technical efficiency — for example, cost per annual curriculum hour for vocational education and training.

Comparisons of the unit cost of a service should reflect the full cost to government. Problems can occur when some costs are not included or are treated inconsistently across jurisdictions (for example, superannuation, overheads or the user cost of capital). The

Steering Committee’s approach, where full cost information is not available in the short term, is that:

- data should be calculated consistently across jurisdictions
- data treatment should be fully transparent.

Where there are shortcomings in the data, other indicators of efficiency are used (including partial productivity measures such as staff levels per student in government schools).

Many factors outside the control of governments may affect the cost of providing services. The Commonwealth Grants Commission, when calculating relativities across states and territories to distribute Australian Government general purpose grants, accounts for influences beyond a jurisdiction’s control (called ‘disabilities’) that affect the jurisdiction’s cost of providing services and capacity to raise revenue. These ‘disabilities’ may include factors such as the size of the jurisdiction, the dispersed nature of the population and the socio-demographic distribution of the population (CGC 2014). The Report does not make cost adjustments based on any of these factors, but chapter 2 provides additional contextual information which may assist readers to interpret the Report’s performance indicators.

Cost-effectiveness

Cost-effectiveness indicators (the relationship of inputs to *outcomes*) measure how efficiently the outcomes of a service were achieved. Although no explicit cost-effectiveness indicators are currently reported in the Report, a theoretical example would be government funding per life (or ‘quality adjusted life year’) saved through breast cancer screening. Implicit cost effectiveness reporting is achieved in the Report through combinations of efficiency and effectiveness indicators, and combinations of efficiency and outcomes indicators, as distinct from through separate cost effectiveness indicators.

Variations to the general framework

In the health and emergency management areas of the Report, the general framework has been adapted to align more closely with the specific objectives and functions of these services. These variations are explained in detail in the Health sector overview (sector overview E) and the Emergency management sector overview (sector overview D) and the Fire and ambulance services chapter (chapter 9).

1.6 Using the data in the Report

The Steering Committee is progressively introducing data quality information for performance indicators in the Report. The data quality information for each indicator addresses in detail many of the data issues discussed below.

Data comparability

In this Report, measures are considered comparable if the reported data (subject to caveats) can be used to inform an assessment of comparative performance. Typically, measures are considered comparable when relevant data are collected in the same way and in accordance with the same definitions. For comparable indicators or measures, significant differences in reported results allow an assessment of differences in performance, rather than being the result of anomalies in the data.

Two aspects of comparability should be distinguished:

- comparability across jurisdictions at a point in time
- comparability over time, either for a complete data set, or for specific jurisdiction(s).

For each service, the performance indicator framework and indicator interpretation boxes show which data are comparable. Where data are not directly comparable, appropriate qualifying commentary is provided in the text or footnotes. Data may not be directly comparable if:

- definitions or counting rules differ or are so broad that they result in different interpretations (for example, depreciation rules)
- the scope of measurement varies (for example, waiting times for elective surgery)
- data are drawn from samples (such as surveys) and the sample size is too small for statistical reliability.

These issues do not always lead to material differences, and even where the differences are significant, relatively simple adjustments can resolve them in many cases. For example, payroll tax exemption has a material influence on the comparability of unit cost indicators, but cost data are adjusted in most chapters to account for payroll tax (SCRCSSP 1999).

Data completeness

In this Report, measures are considered complete if all required data are available for all jurisdictions that provide the service.

For each service, the performance indicator framework and indicator interpretation boxes show which data are provided on a complete basis. Where data are not complete, appropriate qualifying commentary is provided in the text or footnotes.

Validation

Data contained in the Report vary in the extent to which they have been reviewed or validated. A large proportion of reported data are supplied and verified by data collection

agencies such as the ABS and the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW). Some data are formally audited in fora external to the Review, such as auditing of agencies' financial statements. At a minimum, all data have been endorsed by the provider and subjected to peer review by the Working Group for the relevant service area.

Timeliness and accuracy

Timeliness of data is an important consideration for policy makers. Sometimes, there is a trade-off between the precision of data and its timely availability — data that are provided in a timely manner have had less time to undergo rigorous validation.

The Steering Committee manages this trade-off between timeliness and precision by publishing available data with appropriate qualifications. Publication increases scrutiny of the data and encourages timely improvements in data quality. Improving the timeliness and accuracy of the data requires a high level of cooperation between the Steering Committee, data custodians and participating agencies from all jurisdictions.

Effects of factors beyond the control of agencies

The different environments in which service agencies operate affect the outcomes achieved by the agencies. Any comparison of performance across jurisdictions should consider the potential impact of differences in clients, geography, available inputs and input prices. Relatively high unit costs, for example, can result from inefficient performance, or from a high proportion of special needs clients, geographic dispersal, or a combination of these and other factors. Similarly, a poor result for an effectiveness indicator may have more to do with client characteristics than service performance.

The Report provides information on some of the differences that might affect service delivery, to assist readers to interpret performance indicator results. This information takes the form of profiles of each service area, footnotes to tables and figures, data quality information and a statistical context chapter (chapter 2). The statistical context chapter provides a range of general descriptive information for each jurisdiction, including the age profile, spatial distribution, income levels and education levels of the population, the tenure of dwellings and cultural heritage (such as Indigenous and ethnic status).

The Report does not attempt to adjust reported results for differences that can affect service delivery. Users of the Report will often be better placed to make the necessary judgments, perhaps with the benefit of additional information about the circumstances or priorities of specific jurisdictions.

1.7 Developments in reporting

Each year, the Steering Committee endeavours to build on the developments of previous years. Major enhancements to the Report are in four categories:

- the development of new performance indicators, measures and reporting against indicators and measures for the first time
- improvements to the concepts, meaningfulness and/or clarity of existing performance indicators and measures
- improvements to the data reported against existing performance indicators and measures, including:
 - improved comparability, timeliness and/or quality of data
 - reporting for special needs groups (such as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians)
 - improved reporting of full costs to government.
- improvements to information reported about data quality.

Improvements to specific areas of the Report are summarised in the service-specific chapters of the Report.

1.8 Key data issues

Notwithstanding ongoing improvements in reporting, there remains scope to improve, both by addressing gaps in reporting, and by improving the timeliness, comparability, completeness and other quality aspects of reported data.

Gaps in reporting

The following major gaps in reporting, across service areas, have been identified:

- There are relatively few indicators of output quality, compared to the number of indicators for other output characteristics (effectiveness, access and appropriateness).
- There are no cost-effectiveness (that is, measures of cost per outcome achieved) indicators reported. The lack of cost-effectiveness measures reflects the difficulty of collecting robust quantitative information on these types of outcomes. In the absence of explicit cost effectiveness indicators, cost effectiveness can be analysed by examining combinations of the Report's efficiency and effectiveness indicators.

Timeliness and data availability

Recent data are more useful for policy decision making, but there can be a trade-off between the accuracy of data and their timeliness. The Steering Committee's approach is, where data are fit for purpose, to publish imperfect data with caveats. This approach allows increased scrutiny of the data and reveals the gaps in critical information, providing the foundation for developing better data over time. Four particular timeliness issues are:

- Lagged data, where data are not available for the most recent year (financial or calendar). While there have been recent improvements in several collections, this remains an issue for several annual administrative collections.
- Infrequent data, where data are not available on an annual basis. This is most often an issue for data sourced from infrequent surveys or the Census. However, the Steering Committee acknowledges that the benefits of more frequent reporting must be balanced against the costs of more frequent collection.
- Inability to compare data across jurisdictions (or over time). In particular due to:
 - lack of comparability — where nationally agreed definitions have not been developed, where jurisdictional data do not comply with nationally agreed definitions or where data definitions do not accommodate different models of service delivery in different jurisdictions
 - large standard errors — where survey data have large standard errors (often an issue for jurisdictions with smaller populations, or when data are disaggregated for reporting by special needs characteristics).
- Late provision of data, or resubmitted data. Notwithstanding the Steering Committee's flexibility in negotiating data deadlines to accommodate data providers, data continue to be submitted outside agreed extended timeframes, which has the potential to compromise report production processes and report quality.

Changes to administrative data collections

The discontinuation of data sets and the establishment of new data sets have implications for performance reporting. The scope, comparability and accuracy of data can be affected, with particular consequences for time series comparisons. The establishment of new data collections can involve implementation problems that affect data quality for several years.

Data developments currently underway will improve the quality of the Report in the future. Details of these can be found in the service-specific chapters of this Report.

Costing of services

Treasury and finance accounting guidelines in most jurisdictions require government agencies to adopt accrual accounting. Accrual accounting is based on the principle that the

agency recognises revenue and expenses when they are earned and incurred, respectively. The majority of agencies and jurisdictions have adopted accrual accounting.

In addition to the Review objective that expenditure on services be measured and reported on a comparable basis, a further objective of the Review is that efficiency estimates reflect the full costs to government. The Review has identified three priority areas for improving the comparability of unit costs, and developed appropriate guidelines in each case:

- including superannuation on an accrual basis (SCRCSSP 1998)
- accounting for differences in the treatment of payroll tax (SCRCSSP 1999)
- including the full range of capital costs (SCRCSSP 2001).

Other issues influence the comparability of cost estimates. Where possible, the Review has sought to ensure consistency in:

- accounting for the goods and services tax (GST)
- apportioning applicable departmental overhead costs
- reporting non-government sourced revenue.

The Steering Committee's preference is to remove payroll tax from reported cost figures, where feasible, so cost differences between jurisdictions are not caused by differences in jurisdictions' payroll tax policies. In some chapters, however, it has not been possible to separately identify payroll tax, so a hypothetical amount is included in cost estimates for exempt services.

Capital costs

Under accrual accounting, the focus is on the capital used (or consumed) in a particular year, rather than on the cash expenditure incurred in its purchase (for example, the purchase costs of a new building). Capital costs comprise two distinct elements:

- depreciation — defined as the annual consumption of non-current physical assets used in delivering government services
- the user cost of capital — the opportunity cost of funds tied up in the capital used to deliver services (that is, the return that could have been generated if the funds were employed in their next best use).

To improve the comparability of unit costs, the Steering Committee decided that both depreciation and the user cost of capital should be included in unit cost calculations (with the user cost of capital for land to be reported separately). The Steering Committee also agreed that the user cost of capital rate should be applied to all non-current physical assets, less any capital charges and interest on borrowings already reported by the agency (to avoid double counting). The rate applied for the user cost of capital is based on a weighted average of rates nominated by jurisdictions (currently 8 per cent).

Differences in asset measurement techniques can have a major impact on reported capital costs (SCRCSSP 2001). However, the differences created by these asset measurement effects are generally relatively small in the context of total unit costs, because capital costs represent a relatively small proportion of total cost (except for housing). In housing, where the potential for asset measurement techniques to influence total unit costs is greater, the adoption under the Commonwealth/State Housing Agreement (replaced by the National Affordable Housing Agreement from 1 January 2009) of a uniform accounting framework has largely prevented this from occurring. The adoption of national uniform accounting standards across all service areas would be a desirable outcome for the Review.

Other costing issues

Other costing issues include accounting for the GST, the apportionment of costs shared across services (mainly overhead departmental costs) and the treatment of non-government sourced revenue.

- Government agencies are treated in the same manner as other businesses for GST. That is, government agencies are not exempt from GST on their purchases, and can claim input tax credits for the GST paid on inputs. Data in the Report are net of GST paid and input tax credits received, unless otherwise specified. The GST appears to have little quantifiable impact on the performance indicators in the Report.
- Full apportionment of departmental overheads is consistent with the concept of full cost recovery. The practice of apportioning overhead costs varies across the services in the Report.
- The treatment of non-government sourced revenue varies across services in the Report. Some services deduct such revenue from their estimates of unit costs. This is usually in cases where the amounts concerned are relatively small (for example, in police services and courts). The costs reported are therefore an estimate of net cost to government. However, where revenue from non-government sources is significant (such as with public hospitals, fire services and ambulance services), both the gross cost and the net cost to government are reported, in order to provide an adequate understanding of efficiency.

Reporting for special needs groups

Some chapters of the Report focus on the performance of agencies in providing services to specific groups in society — for example, the chapters on aged care services and services to people with disability. Across the Report, the Steering Committee also seeks to report on the performance of agencies providing services for three identified special needs groups: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians; people living in communities outside the capital cities (that is, people living in other metropolitan areas, or rural and remote communities); and people from a non-English speaking background. However, for many services, there is a paucity of data on outcomes for these groups.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

While the Steering Committee acknowledges the diversity of Australia's Aboriginal people and Torres Strait Islander people, most of the available data on Aboriginal Australians and on Torres Strait Islander people, are for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population combined.

Many administrative data collections do not have accurate or complete identification of the Indigenous status of their clients. In some instances, the method and level of identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians appear to vary across jurisdictions. Further, while many surveys now include an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identifier, many do not include a sufficiently large sample to provide reliable results for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population.

National work on improving Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification is ongoing. Under Schedule F of the *National Indigenous Reform Agreement* (NIRA), the ABS and AIHW have undertaken work on improving Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification across a range of data collections (COAG 2012, AIHW and ABS 2012). Activities by the ABS and AIHW (both under the NIRA and independently) include:

- an ongoing program to improve the identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status of clients in Australian, State and Territory governments' administrative systems
- work with other agencies to develop and support national Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander information plans, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander performance indicators and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander taskforces on a number of topics
- improving Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander enumeration in the five-yearly Census of Population and Housing, including data for small geographic areas
- producing publications related to improving methods for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander statistics.

People living in rural and remote areas

Some chapters of the Report include data on the performance of governments in providing services to people in communities outside the capital cities. Reporting data on rural and remote communities is complicated by the number of classification systems that exist:

- the Rural, Remote and Metropolitan Areas (RRMA) classification system developed in 1994 by the Department of Primary Industries and Energy, and the then Department of Human Services and Health (now Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing), or a variant of RRMA
 - selected data in the chapters on public hospitals, primary and community health and child protection use the RRMA classification or a variant

-
- the ABS' Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) which replaced the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) of remoteness areas from July 2011
 - the chapters on early childhood education and care, VET, fire and ambulance services, aged care services, disability services and housing use the ASGS/ASGC
 - the MCEECDYA (now Education Council) Geographic Location Classification, which draws on the RRMA classification and ABS's Accessibility and Remoteness Index of Australia
 - National Assessment Program–Literacy and Numeracy data in the school education chapter use the Education Council classification.

People from a non-English speaking background

Some chapters of the Report include data on the performance of governments in providing services to people from a non-English speaking background. Reporting data on people from a non-English speaking background is complicated by:

- undercounting. The ABS' Post Enumeration Survey conducted after the 2011 Census found that net undercount rates for country of birth were very high (around 1 million) for people born in non-English speaking countries (ABS 2012b). Problems with self-identification are likely to be apparent with collecting data on language background, which will adversely affect the quality of data even if all collections were to adopt an ABS' standard definition as an identifier
- the number of classification systems that exist. Various chapters of the Report use different classification systems based on: people speaking a language other than English at home (reported for early childhood education and care, VET and breast cancer detection); people with a language background other than English (reported for school education); people born in a non-English speaking country (reported for aged care services, and services for people with disability); and people born in non-main English speaking countries (reported for homelessness services).

1.9 'Cross-cutting' issues

There is growing emphasis on the management of policy issues that cover more than one service-sector, service area or ministerial portfolio — for example, government policies aimed at specific client groups such as older people, females, children, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, people in rural and remote areas and people from non-English speaking backgrounds. Improving the management of these issues can contribute to more effective and efficient service provision. Greater efficiency can come from more clearly defined priorities and from the elimination of duplicated or inconsistent programs. Improved outcomes can also result from a more holistic and client centred approach to service delivery.

Cross-cutting issues arise in several areas of the Report. The frameworks in the sector overviews are one means of reporting outcomes for a range of different services working in combination. In other cases, the breadth of services covered by the Report allows relevant information to be drawn from across the report (although current data limitations constrain the ability to disaggregate information for particular target groups in some services).

For example, the mental health management chapter focuses on the performance of specialised mental health services, but people with a mental illness also access: primary and community health services (such as general practitioners, and drug and alcohol services) (chapter 10); aged care services (chapter 13); services for people with disability (chapter 14); housing (chapter 17); and, some people with a mental illness also enter corrective services (chapter 8). Other references in this Report to cross-cutting issues can be found in the sector overviews.

1.10 References

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2 Statistical context

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Attachment tables

Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this chapter by an '2A' prefix (for example, table 2A.1). A full list of attachment tables is provided at the end of this chapter, and the attachment tables are available from the website at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2016.

2.1 Introduction

This chapter contains contextual information to assist the interpretation of the performance indicators presented in this Report. The following key factors in interpreting the performance data are addressed:

- Australia's population
- family and household
- income, education and employment
- general economic indicators
- statistical concepts.

All abbreviations used in this Report are available in a complete list in volume A: Approach to performance reporting.

2.2 Population

The Australian people are the principal recipients of the government services covered by this Report. The size, trends and characteristics of the population can have significant influences on the demand for government services and the cost of service delivery. This section provides a description of the Australian population, to support the interpretation of performance data provided in the Report.

In this chapter and associated attachment tables, population totals for the same year can vary, because they are drawn from different ABS' sources depending on the information required. For example, some data are from the *2011 Census of Population and Housing* (ABS 2012) and others are from *Australian Demographic Statistics* (ABS 2015a and previous issues).

Most of the service areas covered by the Report use estimated resident population (ERP) data from tables 2A.1–2 for descriptive information (such as expenditure per person in the population) and as denominators for performance indicators (such as calculating participation rates for school education).

Population size and trends

More than three-quarters of Australia's 23.5 million people lived in the eastern mainland states as at 30 June 2014, with NSW, Victoria and Queensland accounting for 32.0 per cent, 24.9 per cent and 20.1 per cent, respectively, of the nation's population. WA and SA accounted for a further 11.0 per cent and 7.2 per cent, respectively, while Tasmania, the ACT and the NT accounted for the remaining 2.2 per cent, 1.6 per cent and 1.0 per cent, respectively (table 2A.1). As the majority of Australia's population lives in the eastern mainland states, data for these jurisdictions generally have a large influence on national averages.

Nationally, the average annual growth rate of the population between 2010 and 2014 was approximately 1.6 per cent. The growth across jurisdictions ranged from 3.0 per cent in WA to 0.3 per cent in Tasmania (table 2A.1). Population data as at December 2014 and earlier years are in table 2A.2.

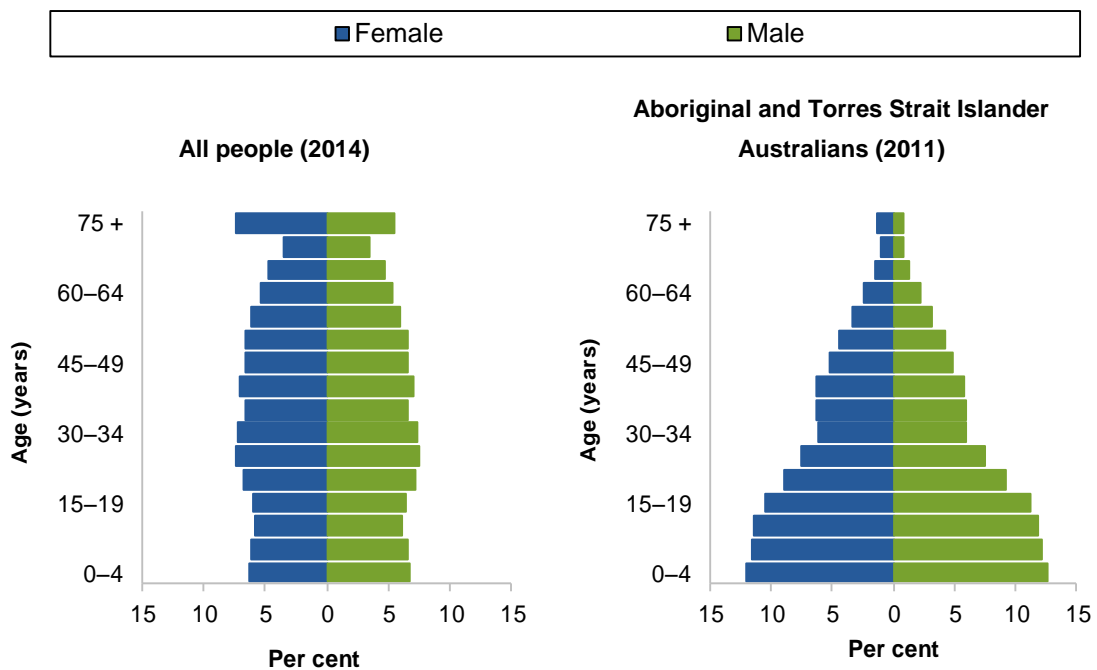
Population, by age and sex

As in most other developed economies, greater life expectancy and declining fertility have contributed to an 'ageing' of Australia's population. However, the age distribution of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people is markedly different to that of all Australians (figure 2.1). At 30 June 2014, 9.9 per cent of Australia's population was aged 70 years or over, compared with just 1.9 per cent of Australia's Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population as at 30 June 2011 (tables 2A.1 and 2A.13). Across jurisdictions, the proportion

of all people aged 70 years or over ranged from 11.9 per cent in Tasmania to 3.5 per cent in the NT (table 2A.1).

Half of the population at June 2014 was female (50.2 per cent nationally), though this proportion varies noticeably by age. Nationally, approximately 55.0 per cent of people aged 70 years or over were female, compared with 48.7 per cent of people aged 14 years or under (table 2A.1).

Figure 2.1 **Population distribution, Australia, by age and sex, 30 June^a**



^a See tables 2A.1 and 2A.13 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

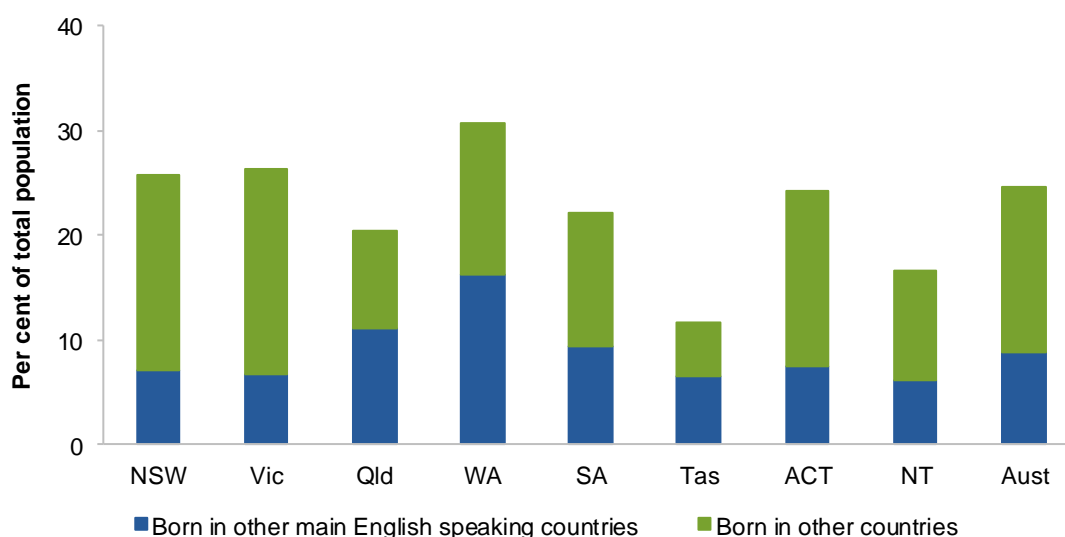
Source: ABS (2014) *Australian Demographic Statistics, June 2014*, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2013) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0; tables 2A.1 and 2A.13.

Population, by ethnicity and proficiency in English

New Australians face specific problems when accessing government services. Language and cultural differences can be formidable barriers for otherwise capable people. Cultural backgrounds can also have a significant influence on the support networks offered by extended families. People born outside Australia accounted for 24.6 per cent of the population in August 2011 (8.9 per cent from the main English speaking countries and 15.7 per cent from other countries). Across jurisdictions, the proportion of people born outside Australia ranged from 30.7 per cent in WA to 11.6 per cent in Tasmania. The

proportion from countries other than the main English speaking countries ranged from 19.6 per cent in Victoria to 5.1 per cent in Tasmania (figure 2.2). Data for 2001 and 2006 are available in tables 2A.6 and 2A.7 respectively.

Figure 2.2 **People born outside Australia, by country of birth, 2011^a**



^a See table 2A.8 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Basic Community Profile, Table B09 — Country of birth of person by sex*, Cat. no. 2001.0, Canberra; table 2A.8.

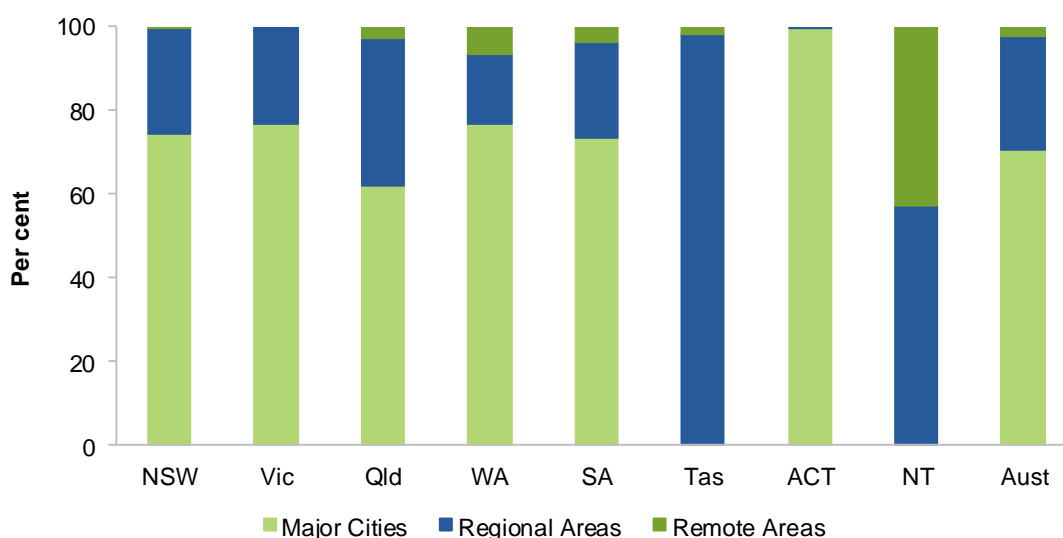
Of the population born outside Australia, in August 2011, 89.3 per cent spoke only English, or spoke another language as well as speaking English very well or well. For the 9.7 per cent that did not speak English well or at all, this ranged from 12.3 per cent in NSW to 4.1 per cent in Tasmania (table 2A.5). Data are also available for the subset of those born overseas and who spoke another language, and show a similar pattern across jurisdictions (table 2A.5). Data for 2001 and 2006 are available in tables 2A.3 and 2A.4 respectively.

Approximately 18.2 per cent of Australians spoke a language other than English at home in August 2011. Across jurisdictions, this proportion ranged from 26.7 per cent in the NT to 4.5 per cent in Tasmania (table 2A.11). Apart from English, nationally the most common languages spoken were Chinese languages, Italian and Indo-Aryan languages. In the NT, 16.3 per cent of people spoke an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language at home (table 2A.11). Data for 2001 and 2006 are available in tables 2A.9 and 2A.10 respectively.

Population, by geographic location

The Australian population is highly urbanised, with 70.7 per cent of the population located in major cities as at 30 June 2014 (figure 2.3). Across jurisdictions, this proportion ranged from 99.6 per cent in the ACT to 62.2 per cent in Queensland (Tasmania and the NT have no major cities using the ABS classification for remoteness areas (ABS 2015b). In Tasmania, 98.0 per cent of the population live in regional areas. Nationally, 2.3 per cent of people live in remote or very remote areas. The NT was markedly above this average, with 42.7 per cent of people living in remote or very remote areas. Historical data are available in table 2A.12.

Figure 2.3 Population, by remoteness area, June 2014^a



^a See table 2A.12 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Source: ABS (2015) *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2014*, Cat. no. 3218.0, Canberra (April release); table 2A.12.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population profile

There were an estimated 669 881 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (50.2 per cent female, the same as for the total population) in Australia at 30 June 2011, accounting for approximately 3.0 per cent of the total Australian population in 2011 (tables 2A.1 and 2A.13). The proportion of people who identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians was significantly higher in the NT (29.8 per cent) than in any other jurisdiction, which ranged from 4.7 per cent in Tasmania to 0.9 per cent in Victoria (figure 2.4). Nationally, the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population is projected to grow to 924 953 people in 2026 (table 2A.14).

The majority of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (82.8 per cent) at August 2011 spoke only English at home, while a further 9.0 per cent spoke an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and also spoke English very well or well. However, 1.8 per cent did not speak English well or at all (up to 12.1 per cent in the NT) (table 2A.17). Data for 2001 and 2006 are available in tables 2A.15 and 2A.16 respectively.

Figure 2.4 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as a proportion of the population, 30 June 2011^a



^a See tables 2A.1 and 2A.13 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Source: ABS (2014) *Australian Demographic Statistics, June 2014*, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2013) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0; tables 2A.1 and 2A.13.

2.3 Family and household

Family structure

For this Report, the most recent available data on family structure was for 2012.

There were 6.4 million families in Australia in 2012.¹ Across jurisdictions, the number of families ranged from 2.1 million in NSW to 63 000 in the NT. The average family size

¹ The ABS *Census Dictionary* (ABS 2011) defines a family as two or more persons, one of whom is aged 15 years or over, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering; and who are usually resident in the same household. The basis of a family is formed by identifying the

across Australia was 3.0 people, ranging from 3.1 people in the NT to 2.9 people in SA and Tasmania. Nationally, 37.2 per cent of families had at least one child aged under 15 years, and 17.5 per cent of families had at least one child aged under 5 years (table 2A.18).

Lone parent families might have a greater need for government support and particular types of government services (such as child care for respite reasons). Nationally, 18.6 per cent of all children aged under 15 years lived in lone parent families in 2012 (ranging from 16.5 per cent in Victoria to 25.7 per cent in the NT). Lone mother families made up 17.4 per cent of all families with children aged under 15 years, compared to 3.0 per cent for lone father families (table 2A.19).

Employment status also has implications for the financial independence of families. Nationally in 2011-12, 13.9 per cent of all children aged under 15 years lived in families where no resident parent was employed, this was 45.1 per cent for lone parent families with children under 15 years (table 2A.20).

Household profile

There were 9.1 million households in Australia in 2015 (some households may contain more than one family) (table 2A.24). Of these, 24.7 per cent were lone person households. Across jurisdictions, the proportion of lone person households ranged from 21.4 per cent in the NT to 28.6 per cent in Tasmania.

As at 30 June 2015, the proportion of people aged 65 years or over who lived alone (24.6 per cent) was around three times higher than that for people aged 15–64 years (8.6 per cent). Across jurisdictions, the proportion of people aged 65 years or over who lived alone ranged from 21.7 per cent in the NT to 27.5 per cent in Tasmania. Times series data for household structure for earlier years are available in table 2A.24.

Approximately 16.6 million people in families lived in private dwellings in August 2011 (table 2A.23).² The majority of these families comprised couples with children (59.0 per cent). Data are available by Indigenous status (table 2A.23) and for 2006 and 2001 (tables 2A.22 and 2A.21 respectively).

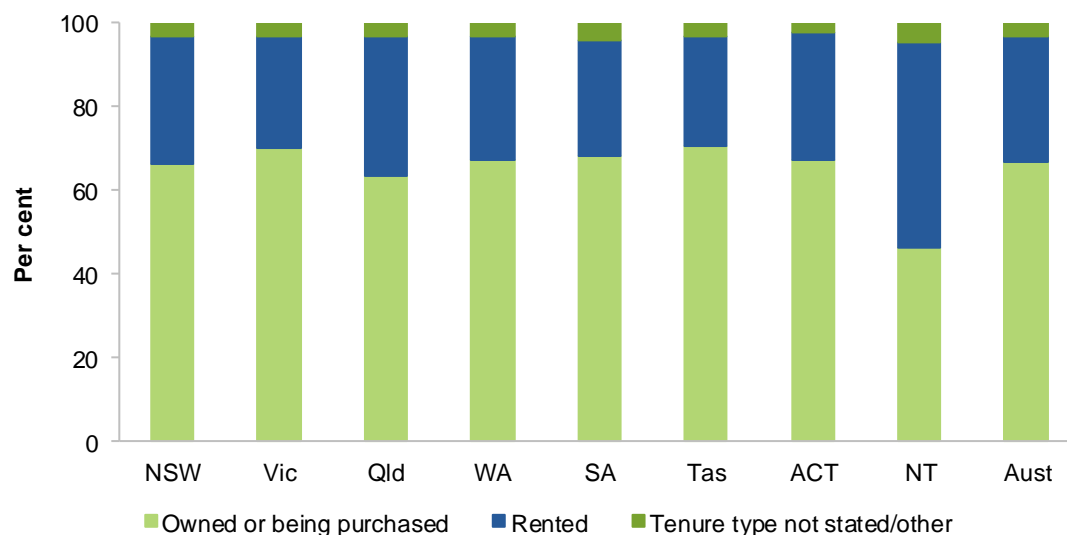
Nationally, the majority of occupied private dwellings in August 2011 (67.0 per cent, or 5.2 million dwellings) were owned or were being purchased. Home ownership rates ranged from 46.2 per cent in the NT to 70.4 per cent in Tasmania. Australians rented 2.3 million dwellings, or 29.6 per cent of dwellings (of these, 54.3 per cent were from real estate

presence of a couple relationship, lone parent-child relationship or other blood relationship. Some households contain more than one family.

² The ABS *Census Dictionary* (ABS 2011) defines a dwelling as structure which is intended to have people live in it, and which is habitable on Census Night. Some examples of dwellings are houses, motels, flats, caravans, prisons, tents, humpies and houseboats. Private dwellings are enumerated using household forms, which obtain family and relationship data as well as information on the dwelling itself, such as rent or mortgage payments and ownership.

agents and 13.7 per cent from State or Territory housing authorities) (table 2A.27). Across jurisdictions, the proportion of dwellings that were rented ranged from 26.4 per cent in Tasmania to 49.1 per cent in the NT (figure 2.5). Data for 2006 and 2001 are available in tables 2A.26 and 2A.25 respectively.

Figure 2.5 Occupied private dwellings, by tenure type, 2011^a



^a See table 2A.27 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

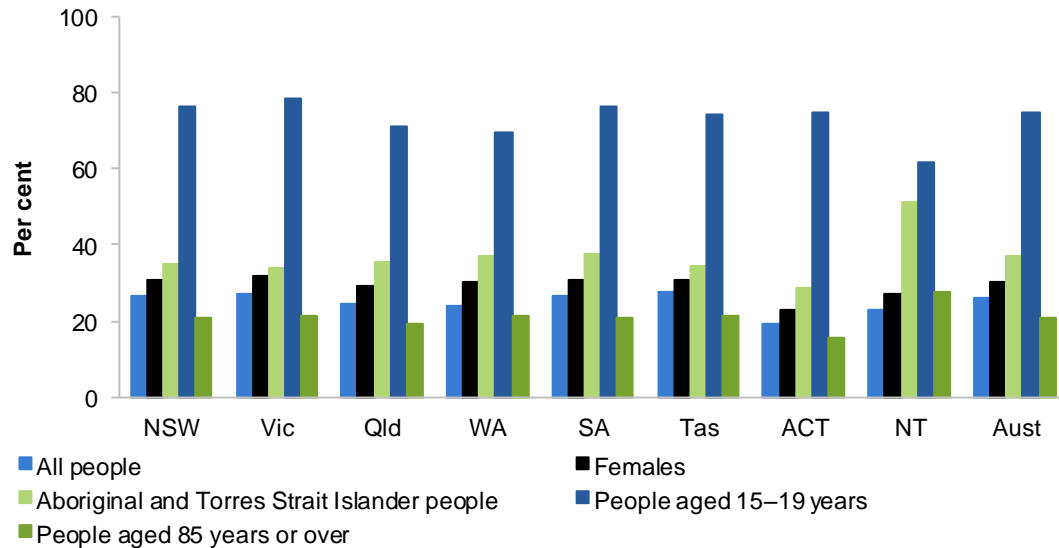
Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Indigenous) Profile, Table 110c — Tenure and landlord type by dwelling structure by Indigenous status of household*, Canberra; table 2A.27.

2.4 Income, education and employment

Income

Nationally in August 2011, 25.9 per cent of people aged 15 years or over had a relatively low weekly individual income of \$299 or less (table 2A.30). The proportion was around three times higher for younger people (74.8 per cent for people aged 15–19 years), higher for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians (37.2 per cent), similar for females (30.4 per cent) and lower for older people (20.7 per cent for people aged 85 years or over) (figure 2.6). Data for 2006 and 2001 are available in tables 2A.28–36.

Figure 2.6 **Weekly individual income of \$299 or less, by sex, Indigenous status and age, 2011^a**

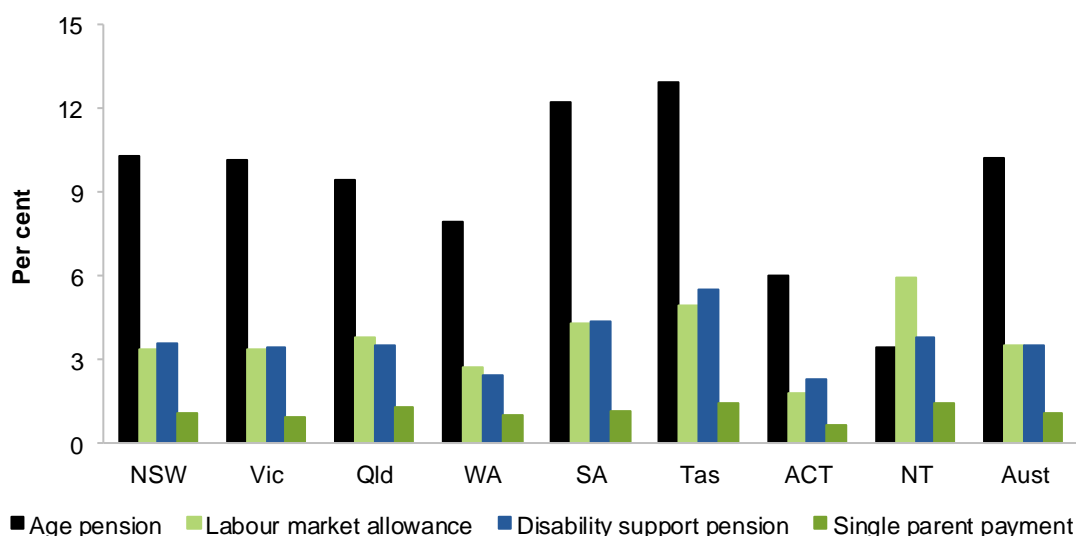


^a See tables 2A.30, 2A.33 and 2A.36 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Basic Community Profile, Table B17*, Cat. no. 2001.0, Canberra; ABS (unpublished) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, table generated in 2012 using ABS TableBuilder; tables 2A.30, 2A.33 and 2A.36.

Nationally, 18.4 per cent of the total population was receiving income support in 2014. The age pension was received by 10.2 per cent of the population, while 3.5 per cent received a disability support pension and 1.1 per cent received a single parent payment. A further 3.5 per cent of the population received some form of labour market allowance in 2014 (figure 2.7). Annual data back to 2005 are available in table 2A.37.

Figure 2.7 Proportion of total population on income support, June 2014^a



^a See table 2A.37 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Source: FaHCSIA (2015) *Payment Type by State and Territory — June 2014 Quarter — DSS Basic Dataset and DEEWR Blue Book Dataset*, table 2A.37.

Education attainment

Employment outcomes and income are closely linked to the education and skill levels of individuals. Tables 2A.38–45 and sector overview B Child care, education and training contain reporting on education and skill levels including highest level of school completed and tertiary education attendance and attainment.

Employment and workforce participation

There were 12.5 million people aged 15 years or over in the labour force in Australia as at 30 June 2015 — 94.2 per cent were employed and 5.8 per cent were unemployed. The majority of employed people (68.9 per cent) were in full time employment (table 2A.46).

Across jurisdictions, the unemployment rate ranged from 3.5 per cent in the ACT to 7.9 per cent in SA (table 2A.46). The unemployment rate needs to be interpreted within the context of labour force participation rates (the proportion of the working age population either in employment or actively looking for work). Nationally in June 2015, the labour force participation rate was 64.8 per cent. Labour force participation rates ranged from 60.7 per cent in Tasmania to 76.6 per cent in the NT (figure 2.8).

Data on labour force participation rates and unemployment rates for all people of working age, disaggregated by sex and reported back to 2006, are available in table 2A.46.

Figure 2.8 **Labour force outcomes for people aged 15 years or over, 30 June 2015**



Source: ABS (2015) *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed — Electronic Delivery, June 2015*, Cat. no. 6291.0.55.001, Canberra; table 2A.46.

2.5 General economic indicators

General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) is current expenditure (ie, outlays which do not result in the creation of capital assets, or in the acquisition of land and existing buildings or second-hand capital goods) by general government bodies on services to the community such as defence, education, and public order and safety. Transfer payments (for example, interest payments on government debt securities and social assistance benefits) are not included.

Nationally, the GGFCE was \$276.4 billion in 2013-14. The GGFCE for NSW accounted for 26.9 per cent of national GGFCE, compared with 2.2 per cent for the Tasmania. Growth from the previous year's GGFCE (in 2013-14 dollars) was highest for the ACT (3.1 per cent) and lowest for Tasmania (-1.0 per cent) (table 2A.47).

2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report

General Government Final Consumption Expenditure

The GGFCE deflator is used to convert raw financial data into constant (real) dollars (box 2.1).

Box 2.1 **GGFCE deflator formulas**

GGFCE deflator re-base

The general formula used to re-base GGFCE deflators is:

$$N_t = 100 \times \frac{O_t}{B}$$

Where:

N_t is the new index based in year t ; O_t is the current index for year t

B is the current index for the year that will be the new base.

GGFCE deflator application

The general formula for applying the deflator to convert nominal dollars to real dollars is:

$$R_t = \frac{D_t}{N_t} \times 100$$

Where, for year t :

R_t is real dollars; D_t is nominal dollars; N_t is the new index

Raw or ‘nominal’ financial data are converted to ‘real’ dollars so that comparisons over time are not affected by inflation. (Not all financial data in the Report are deflated using the GGFCE deflator. The exceptions include some health chapters and the Vocational education and training chapter, which use service-specific deflators to calculate real dollars.)

The calculations to achieve constant (real) dollars are in two steps:

Step 1. Re-referencing of the GGFCE deflator.

The Report re-references the period where the GGFCE (published by the ABS) is at 100, as this Report requires a current year deflator (2014-15 = 100). The ABS publishes the GGFCE to the third most current year only (for example, if the current year is 2014-15, the available deflator is 2012-13 = 100). Table 2.1 shows how the GGFCE deflator is re-based.

Table 2.1 Re-basing the GGFCE deflator^a

<i>Financial year</i>	<i>ABS index value (2012-13 = 100)</i>	<i>Calculation</i>	<i>Re-based GGFCE deflator (2014-15 = 100)</i>
2010-11	97.1	97.1/103.1*100.0	94.2
2011-12	98.7	98.7/103.1*100.0	95.7
2012-13	100.0	100.0/103.1*100.0	97.0
2013-14	101.3	101.3/103.1*100.0	98.3
2014-15	103.1	103.1/103.1*100.0	100.0

^a Index values from ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, table 36, Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Chain volume measures and current prices, Annual (Series ID. A2304687R).

Source: ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, Canberra; table 2A.48.

Table 2A.48 in the attachment contains GGFCE deflators for 2001-02 to 2014-15. Five GGFCE deflator series are published, from 2010-11 = 100 through to the latest year, where 2014-15 = 100.

Step 2. Transforming nominal dollars into constant dollars.

Nominal dollars are transformed into real dollars by dividing the nominal dollars with the GGFCE deflator for the applicable financial year and multiplying by 100. The deflator used may vary according to the most current year for which the particular financial data are available. For example, if the most current year for the data is 2013-14 then the data are deflated using the deflator series for 2013-14 = 100. If the most current year is 2014-15 then the data are deflated using the deflator series for 2014-15 = 100. Table 2.2 shows how the GGFCE deflator for 2014-15 = 100 is applied.

Table 2.2 Applying the GGFCE deflator to derive constant (real) dollars^a

<i>Financial year</i>	<i>Nominal data</i>	<i>GGFCE deflator (2014-15 = 100)</i>	<i>Calculation</i>	<i>Real data</i>
2010-11	6 200	94.2	(6 200/94.2)*100	6 582
2011-12	6 300	95.7	(6 300/95.7)*100	6 583
2012-13	6 350	97.0	(6 350/97.0)*100	6 546
2013-14	6 485	98.3	6 485/98.3*100	6 597
2014-15	7 020	100.0	(7 020/100.0)*100	7 020

^a Index values from ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, table 36, Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Chain volume measures and current prices, Annual (Series ID. A2304687R).

Source: ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, Canberra; table 2A.48.

Reliability of estimates

Data for some indicators in this Report are based on samples, either from surveys or from a selection of observations from, for example, administrative data sets. The potential for sampling error — that is, the error that occurs by chance because the data are obtained from a sample and not the entire population — means that the reported estimates might not accurately reflect the true value.

This Report indicates the reliability of estimates based on samples, generally by reporting either relative standard errors (RSEs) or confidence intervals (CIs). RSEs and CIs are calculated based on the standard error (SE). The larger the SE, RSE or CI, the less reliable is the estimate as an indicator for the whole population (ABS 2013).

Standard error

The SE measures the sampling error of an estimate (box 2.2). (There can also be non-sampling error, or systematic biases, in data.) There are several types of SE. A commonly used type of SE in this Report is the SE of the mean (average), which measures how much the estimated mean value might differ from the true population mean value.

Box 2.2 Standard error

The SE of a method of measurement or estimation is the estimated standard deviation of the error in that method. Specifically, it estimates the standard deviation of the difference between the measured or estimated values and the true values. Standard deviation is a measure of how spread out the data are, that is, a measure of variability.

The SE of the mean (SEM), an unbiased estimate of expected error in the sample estimate of a population mean, is the sample estimate of the population standard deviation (sample standard deviation) divided by the square root of the sample size (assuming statistical independence of the values in the sample):

$$SE_x = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Where:

SE_x is the SE of the sample estimate of a population mean, s is the sample's standard deviation (the sample based estimate of the standard deviation of the population), and n is the size (number of items) of the sample.

Decreasing the uncertainty of a mean value estimate by a factor of two requires the sample size to increase fourfold. Decreasing SE by a factor of ten requires the sample size to increase hundredfold.

Relative standard error

The RSE is used to indicate the reliability of an estimate (box 2.3). The RSE shows the size of the error relative to the estimate, and is derived by dividing the SE of the estimate by the estimate. As with the SE, the higher the RSE, the less confidence there is that the sample estimate is close to the true value of the population mean. A rule of thumb adopted in this Report is that estimates with an RSE between 25 and 50 per cent are to be used with caution and estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are unreliable for general use.

Box 2.3 Relative standard error

The SE can be expressed as a proportion of the estimate — known as the RSE. The formula for the RSE of an estimate is:

$$SE(x) = \frac{SE(x)}{x}$$

Where:

x is the estimate and $SE(x)$ is the SE of the estimate.

The resultant RSEs are generally multiplied by 100 and expressed as a percentage.

Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. One method for calculating the RSE of a proportion is expressed through the following formula:

$$RSE\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$$

Where:

x is the numerator, and y is the denominator, of the estimated proportion.

Confidence intervals

Confidence intervals are used to indicate the reliability of an estimate. A CI is a specified interval, with the sample statistic at the centre, within which the corresponding population value can be said to lie with a given level of confidence (ABS 2013). Increasing the desired confidence level will widen the CIs (figure 2.9). CIs are useful because a range, rather than a single estimate, is more likely to encompass the real figure for the population value being estimated.

Confidence intervals are calculated from the population estimate and its associated SE. The most commonly used CI is calculated for 95 per cent levels of probability. For example, if

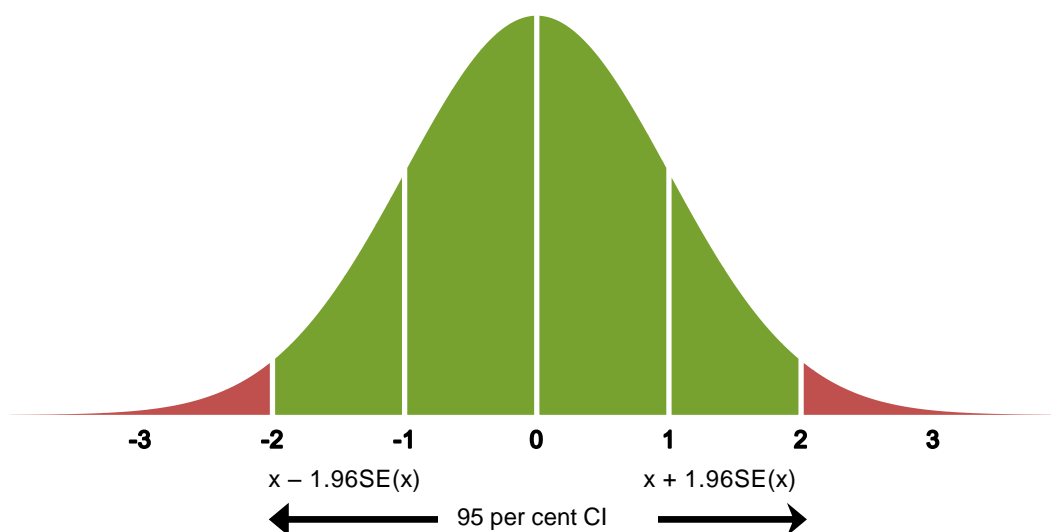
the estimate from a survey was that 628 300 people report having their needs fully met by a government service, and the associated SE of the estimate was 10 600 people, then the 95 per cent CI would be calculated by:

- lower confidence limit = $628\,300 - (2 \times 10\,600) = 628\,300 - 21\,200 = 607\,100$
- upper confidence limit = $628\,300 + (2 \times 10\,600) = 628\,300 + 21\,200 = 649\,500$.

This indicates that, at the 95 per cent confidence level, the true number of people who perceive that their needs are met by a government service is between 607 100 and 649 500.

The smaller the SE of the estimate, the narrower the CIs and the closer the estimate can be expected to be to the true value.

Figure 2.9 **Normal distribution with 95 per cent confidence intervals**



■ It can be said with 95 per cent confidence that the population lies within the green area

Confidence intervals also test for statistical differences between sample results (box 2.4).

Box 2.4 Using confidence intervals to test for statistical significance

The CIs — the value ranges within which estimates are likely to fall — can be used to test whether the results reported for two estimated proportions are statistically different. If the CIs for the results do not overlap, then there can be confidence that the estimated proportions differ from each other. To test whether the 95 per cent CIs of two estimates overlap, a range is derived using the following formulas.

$$R_1 = \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} - \frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) - 1.96 \sqrt{\left(RSE \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} \right) \times \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} \right) \right)^2 + \left(RSE \left(\frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) \times \left(\frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) \right)^2}$$

and

$$R_2 = \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} - \frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) + 1.96 \sqrt{\left(RSE \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} \right) \times \left(\frac{x_2}{y_2} \right) \right)^2 + \left(RSE \left(\frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) \times \left(\frac{x_1}{y_1} \right) \right)^2}$$

If none of the values in this range is zero, then the difference between the two estimated proportions is statistically significant.

For example, assume survey data estimated that 50 per cent of people for jurisdiction A perceived that their needs were met by government services, with a 95 per cent CI of ± 5 per cent, and 25 per cent of people for jurisdiction B, with a 95 per cent CI of ± 10 per cent. These results imply that we can be 95 per cent sure the true result for jurisdiction A lies between 55 and 45 per cent, and the true result for jurisdiction B lies between 15 and 35 per cent. As these two ranges do not overlap, it can be said that the results for jurisdiction A and jurisdiction B are statistically significantly different.

Variability bands

Rates derived from administrative data counts are not subject to sampling error but might be subject to natural random variation, especially for small counts. For mortality data, variability bands are used to account for this variation (box 2.5).

Box 2.5 **Variability bands**

The variability bands to be calculated using the standard method for estimating 95 per cent confidence intervals are:

Crude rate (CR)

$$CI(CR)_{95\%} = CR \pm 1.96 \frac{CR}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^I d}}$$

Where:

d is the numerator of the estimated proportion

Age-standardised rate (ASR)

$$CI(ASR)_{95\%} = ASR \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^I \frac{w_i^2 d_i}{n_i^2}}$$

Where:

w_i is the proportion of the standard population in age group i

d_i is the number of deaths in age group i

n_i is the number of people in the population in age group i .

Infant mortality rate (IMR)

$$CI(IMR)_{95\%} = IMR \pm 1.96 \frac{IMR}{\sqrt{d_0}}$$

Where:

d_0 is the number of deaths in infants aged less than 1 year.

Variability bands accompanying mortality data should be used for the purpose of within jurisdiction analysis at a point in time and over time. They should not be used for comparing mortality rates at a single point in time or over time between jurisdictions as they do not take into account differences in under-identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's deaths between jurisdictions.

Typically in this standard method, the observed rate is assumed to have natural variability in the numerator count (for example, deaths) but not in the population denominator count. Variations in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's death rates may arise from uncertainty in the recording of Indigenous status on the death registration forms (in particular, under-identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's deaths) and in the ABS population census, from which population estimates are derived. These variations are not considered in this method. Also, the rate is assumed to have been

generated from a normal distribution (figure 2.9). Random variation in the numerator count is assumed to be centred around the true value — that is, there is no systematic bias.

Population measures

Data are frequently expressed relative to population in this Report. For example, expenditure per person, or proportion of people who utilise a service or who benefit from a service. This enables comparison of data across populations of different sizes using relative numbers — standardised by population size — as distinct from absolute numbers.

ERP data are available quarterly — that is, at end March, June, September and December of each year. The mid-point ERP is typically used for the calculation of population rates in this Report — for example, the 30 June ERP for calendar year data (table 2A.1) and the 31 December ERP for financial year data (table 2A.2). As this Report presents annual data where available and appropriate, the mid-point ERP was adopted from a number of options predominately due to availability of ERP data.

This Report uses first preliminary ERP data wherever possible and replaces these with final rebased data when available.

Estimated resident population rebasing and recasting

Where ERP data are reported they are based on the 2011 Census, backcast over the reported time series. Details of changes to ERP data are explained in the 2014 Report (SCRGSP 2014, pp. 2.26–27).

Some tables contain population data estimates and projections (tables 2A.13–14). Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population data up to 2011 are estimates and from 2012 are projections. Population data for all Australians for all years are estimates.

Growth rates

This Report presents growth rates to facilitate meaningful comparisons of data movements over time (box 2.6). Two methods are generally used: *Average annual growth rate* (AAGR) is the uniform growth rate that would need to have applied each year for the value in the first year to grow to the value in the final year of the period of analysis; *Total growth rate* (TGR) is the growth rate between two periods/years, most commonly calculated by subtracting the value in the first period from the value in the last period, dividing the result by the value in the first period and multiplying by 100.

Box 2.6 Growth rates

Average annual growth rate

The formula for calculating a compound AAGR is:

$$AAGR_{(t_0,t_n)} = \left[\left(\frac{P_{(t_n)}}{P_{(t_0)}} \right)^{\left(\frac{1}{t_n-t_0} \right)} - 1 \right] \times 100$$

Where:

$P_{(t_0)}$ is the value in the initial period, $P_{(t_n)}$ is the value in the last period and

t_n-t_0 is the number of periods (which will be one less than the total number of years).

Total growth rate

The formula for calculating the TGR is:

$$TGR = \frac{P_{(t_n)} - P_{(t_0)}}{P_{(t_0)}} \times 100$$

Where: $P_{(t_0)}$ is the value in the initial period and $P_{(t_n)}$ is the value in the last period.

The formula for calculating the TGR using a composite of growth rates between sub-periods within the overall period of analysis is:

$$TGR = \left(\prod_t (1 + r_t) - 1 \right) \times 100$$

That is, the TGR over the period is found by taking the product (\prod_t) of each $(1 + r_t)$ and deducting 1. This is multiplied by 100 so the growth rate is expressed as a percentage. If, for example, the sample ranges of growth rates are: 6 per cent in 2010-11 to 2011-12; 6 per cent in 2011-12 to 2012-13; 8 per cent in 2012-13 to 2013-14; then the total growth over the period 2010-11 to 2013-14 can be calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned} TGR &= [(1.06) \times (1.06) \times (1.08) - 1] \times 100 \\ &= (1.213488 - 1) \times 100 \\ &= 21.3 \text{ per cent.} \end{aligned}$$

Age standardisation of data

Rationale for age standardisation of data

The age profile of Australians varies across jurisdictions, periods of time, geographic areas and/or population sub-groups (for example, between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous populations). Variations in age profiles are important because they can

affect the likelihood of using a particular service (such as a public hospital) or particular ‘events’ occurring (such as death, incidence of disease or incarceration). Age standardisation adjusts for the effect of variations in age profiles when comparing service usage, or rates, of particular events across different populations.

Calculating age standardised rates

Age standardisation adjusts each of the comparison/study populations (for example, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous populations) against a standard population (box 2.7). The latest standard population used is the final 30 June ERP for the 2001 (AIHW 2015).³ The result is a standardised estimate for each of the comparison/study populations.

The Review generally reports age standardised rates that have been calculated using either one of two methods, as appropriate. The direct method is generally used for comparisons between study groups, and is recommended by AIHW (2011b) for the purposes of comparing health and welfare outcome measures (for example, mortality rates, life expectancy, hospital separation rates and disease incidence rates) of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population and non-Indigenous population. The indirect method is recommended when the age-specific rates for the population being studied are not known (or are unreliable), but the total number of events is known (AIHW 2015).

The *direct method* has three steps:

- Step 1: Calculate the age-specific rate for each age group for the study/comparison group.
- Step 2: Calculate the expected number of ‘events’ in each age group by multiplying the age-specific rates by the corresponding standard population.
- Step 3: Sum the expected number of cases in each age group and divide by the total of the standard population.

The *indirect method* has four steps:

- Step 1: Calculate the age-specific rates for each age group in the standard population.
- Step 2: Apply the age-specific rates resulting from step 1 to the number in each age group of the study population and sum to derive the total ‘expected’ number of cases for the study population.
- Step 3: Divide the observed number of events in the study population by the ‘expected’ number of cases for the study population derived in step 2.
- Step 4: Multiply the result of step 3 by the crude rate in the standard population.

³ See page 2.27 in the 2015 Report for the background on choice of year for the standard population and timeline for revision.

Box 2.7 Direct and indirect age standardisation

The formula for deriving the age standardised rate using the *direct method* is:

$$SR = \frac{\sum (r_i P_i)}{\sum P_i}$$

The formula for deriving the age standardised rate using the *indirect method* is:

$$SR = \frac{C}{\sum (R_i p_i)} \times R$$

The formula for deriving the age standardised ratio using the *indirect method* is:

$$SR_a = \frac{C}{\sum (R_i p_i)}$$

Where:

SR is the age-standardised rate for the population being studied

SR_a is the standardised ratio for the population being studied

r_i is the age-group specific rate for age group i in the population being studied

P_i is the population of age group i in the standard population

C is the observed number of events in the population being studied

$\sum (R_i p_i)$ is the expected number of events in the population being studied

R_i is the age-group specific rate for age group i in the standard population

p_i is the population for age group i in the population being studied

R is the crude rate in the standard population.

Source: AIHW (2015).

Tables 2A.49–50 in the attachment contain examples of the application of direct and indirect age standardisation, respectively. Standardised rates are generally multiplied by 1000 or 100 000 to avoid small decimal fractions. They are then reported as age standardised rates per 1000 or 100 000 population (AIHW 2015).

Calculating age standardised ratios

A variation of the *indirect method* is used to calculate age standardised ratios (box 2.7). These ratios express the overall experience of a study population in terms of a standard population, where the standard population is the population to which the study population is being compared.

Application of age standardised ratios

Standardised Mortality Ratios (SMRs) have been used to compare death rates between the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous populations (table 2.3). The SMR is the ratio between the observed number of deaths in the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population and the expected number of deaths that would have occurred if the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population experienced the same age-specific death rates as the non-Indigenous population. Where the number of observed deaths is higher than the number of expected deaths, the SMR is greater than 1 and the difference in deaths is the excess number of deaths of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians (AIHW 2011a).

Table 2.3 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians' deaths, main causes and standardised mortality ratios, 2004–2008^{a, b, c}

	Male			Female		
	Observed deaths	Expected deaths	SMR	Observed deaths	Expected deaths	SMR
Diseases of circulatory system	321	107	3.0	260	148	1.8
Neoplasms	200	120	1.7	191	150	1.3
External causes	225	61	3.7	98	64	1.5
Endocrine, metabolic and nutritional disorders	86	12	7.2	96	15	6.4
Diseases of the respiratory system	94	24	3.9	96	33	2.3
Diseases of the digestive system	70	11	6.4	76	14	4.2
Diseases of the nervous system	33	13	2.5	59	16	1.3
Conditions originating in the perinatal period	31	14	2.2	21	14	1.6
Certain infectious and parasitic diseases	27	6	4.5	22	7	3.1
All causes	1 211	397	3.1	957	497	1.9

SMR = Standardised Mortality Ratio. ^a Data for Queensland, WA, SA and the NT combined. ^b Observed and expected deaths are reported as average number of annual deaths from 2004–2008. Expected deaths are based on non-Indigenous death rates. ^c Standardised mortality ratio is the observed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians deaths divided by expected Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians deaths, based on the age, sex and cause-specific rates for non-Indigenous Australians.

Source: AIHW (2011) *Life expectancy and mortality of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people*, Cat. no. IHW 51, Canberra.

2.7 List of attachment tables

Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this chapter by a '2A' prefix (for example, table 2A.1). Attachment tables are provided on the Review website (www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2016).

Population

Table 2A.1	Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June
Table 2A.2	Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December
Table 2A.3	Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2001
Table 2A.4	Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2006
Table 2A.5	Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2011
Table 2A.6	People by country of birth, 2001
Table 2A.7	People by country of birth, 2006
Table 2A.8	People by country of birth, 2011
Table 2A.9	People by language spoken at home, 2001 ('000)
Table 2A.10	People by language spoken at home, 2006 ('000)
Table 2A.11	People by language spoken at home, 2011 ('000)
Table 2A.12	Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area
Table 2A.13	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June
Table 2A.14	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June
Table 2A.15	Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2001 (number)
Table 2A.16	Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2006 (number)
Table 2A.17	Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2011 (number)

Family and household

Table 2A.18	Family structure, 2003–2012
Table 2A.19	Family structure, lone parents, 2003–2012 (per cent)
Table 2A.20	Families and work, 2003–2012 (per cent)
Table 2A.21	Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2001
Table 2A.22	Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2006
Table 2A.23	Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2011
Table 2A.24	Household structure, 2011–2015
Table 2A.25	Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, 2001 ('000)

Table 2A.26	Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, 2006 ('000)
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2A Statistical context — attachment

Data reported in the attachment tables are the most accurate available at the time of data collection. Historical data may have been updated since the last edition of RoGS.

This file is available in Adobe PDF format on the Review web page (www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2016).

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Population

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
30 June 2005										
Females										
0–4 years	000	207.9	150.2	125.5	61.4	43.4	14.4	10.0	8.6	621.5
5–9 years	000	213.6	154.3	130.0	64.9	46.5	15.8	10.3	8.1	643.6
10–14 years	000	221.0	162.0	137.2	68.8	49.1	16.8	10.7	8.1	673.8
15–19 years	000	218.9	165.8	132.7	70.1	50.4	16.4	12.0	7.3	673.6
20–24 years	000	225.8	173.7	137.5	69.2	50.9	15.2	14.3	8.1	694.8
25–29 years	000	226.2	169.9	128.8	65.5	46.0	13.6	13.2	8.6	671.9
30–34 years	000	254.6	192.3	145.9	72.7	51.6	16.0	13.4	9.0	755.5
35–39 years	000	241.1	189.0	142.7	74.1	54.0	16.6	12.5	8.4	738.5
40–44 years	000	254.3	190.0	150.2	77.5	58.1	18.5	12.8	7.8	769.4
45–49 years	000	240.7	179.9	141.0	74.6	57.2	18.4	12.6	7.1	731.6
50–54 years	000	218.0	163.2	128.8	68.2	53.2	17.1	11.7	6.2	666.5
55–59 years	000	200.0	150.3	119.4	59.8	50.2	16.2	10.2	4.7	610.8
60–64 years	000	155.7	114.3	90.9	44.2	38.3	12.6	6.8	2.9	465.8
65–69 years	000	129.8	96.2	70.7	35.8	32.4	10.4	5.0	1.6	381.9
70–74 years	000	111.4	82.7	57.0	29.2	28.1	8.7	3.9	1.0	322.1
75–79 years	000	103.6	77.0	51.2	25.5	27.4	7.8	3.4	0.7	296.6
80–84 years	000	82.1	60.5	39.8	19.4	22.3	6.3	2.7	0.4	233.6
85 or over	000	71.8	53.2	35.1	17.8	19.7	5.6	2.2	0.3	205.7
Total females	000	3 376.7	2 524.7	1 964.3	998.4	778.9	246.5	167.6	99.0	10 157.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.6	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.7	50.6	48.1	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	220.3	157.9	132.4	65.4	45.2	15.4	10.4	9.0	656.0
5–9 years	000	223.8	162.9	136.7	69.4	48.7	16.5	10.5	8.8	677.4
10–14 years	000	232.6	171.0	144.6	73.2	51.7	17.8	11.3	8.7	711.0
15–19 years	000	229.4	172.7	138.4	74.7	53.0	17.2	12.6	7.8	705.9

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	232.9	178.6	142.0	74.1	53.2	15.4	15.0	8.5	719.9
25–29 years	000	226.3	172.5	130.2	68.1	48.2	13.5	13.2	8.8	680.7
30–34 years	000	249.8	186.9	143.9	74.3	52.4	15.1	13.3	9.3	745.0
35–39 years	000	238.1	184.9	139.9	75.4	54.5	16.0	12.2	8.8	729.9
40–44 years	000	251.9	186.1	146.0	77.9	57.6	17.8	12.2	8.6	758.2
45–49 years	000	236.9	176.3	138.2	74.9	55.9	18.0	11.6	7.6	719.5
50–54 years	000	215.6	159.3	128.6	68.8	51.8	16.8	11.0	6.9	658.9
55–59 years	000	201.9	147.6	122.3	62.8	49.0	16.0	10.1	5.8	615.6
60–64 years	000	155.9	113.2	94.0	46.3	37.1	12.7	6.6	3.8	469.5
65–69 years	000	125.5	91.7	72.3	36.0	30.2	10.2	4.7	2.3	372.9
70–74 years	000	101.6	74.8	55.0	27.6	25.2	8.1	3.5	1.1	297.0
75–79 years	000	85.4	63.2	44.1	22.0	22.5	6.5	2.8	0.8	247.2
80–84 years	000	55.1	40.4	28.2	13.6	14.7	4.2	1.8	0.3	158.3
85 or over	000	33.3	24.6	17.6	8.3	9.1	2.5	1.0	0.2	96.5
Total males	000	3 316.5	2 464.6	1 954.2	1 012.8	759.9	239.7	163.8	106.9	10 019.6
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.4	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.3	49.4	51.9	49.7
All people										
0–4 years	000	428.2	308.1	257.9	126.7	88.6	29.8	20.4	17.6	1 277.5
5–9 years	000	437.5	317.3	266.7	134.3	95.2	32.3	20.7	16.8	1 321.0
10–14 years	000	453.6	333.0	281.8	142.0	100.7	34.6	22.0	16.8	1 384.8
15–19 years	000	448.3	338.5	271.1	144.8	103.4	33.6	24.6	15.1	1 379.5
20–24 years	000	458.7	352.3	279.5	143.4	104.1	30.6	29.4	16.6	1 414.6
25–29 years	000	452.4	342.4	259.0	133.6	94.2	27.1	26.4	17.4	1 352.6
30–34 years	000	504.4	379.2	289.8	147.0	104.0	31.1	26.6	18.3	1 500.5
35–39 years	000	479.2	373.9	282.5	149.4	108.5	32.6	24.8	17.1	1 468.4
40–44 years	000	506.3	376.1	296.2	155.5	115.6	36.4	25.0	16.4	1 527.6
45–49 years	000	477.6	356.2	279.2	149.4	113.1	36.4	24.2	14.8	1 451.1

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	433.6	322.5	257.3	137.0	105.0	34.0	22.7	13.1	1 325.5
55–59 years	000	402.0	297.9	241.7	122.6	99.2	32.3	20.2	10.5	1 226.4
60–64 years	000	311.6	227.4	184.9	90.4	75.5	25.3	13.4	6.6	935.3
65–69 years	000	255.3	188.0	143.0	71.8	62.6	20.5	9.7	3.9	754.9
70–74 years	000	213.1	157.6	112.0	56.8	53.3	16.7	7.4	2.1	619.1
75–79 years	000	189.1	140.2	95.2	47.5	49.9	14.3	6.1	1.5	543.8
80–84 years	000	137.2	100.9	68.0	33.0	37.0	10.5	4.5	0.8	391.9
85 or over	000	105.1	77.8	52.7	26.0	28.8	8.1	3.2	0.5	302.2
Total people	000	6 693.2	4 989.2	3 918.5	2 011.2	1 538.8	486.2	331.4	205.9	20 176.8
Proportion of the population	%	33.2	24.7	19.4	10.0	7.6	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2006										
Females										
0–4 years	000	209.9	152.5	127.9	62.9	43.5	14.6	10.2	8.6	630.1
5–9 years	000	213.1	154.3	131.9	65.5	46.4	15.6	10.2	8.2	645.4
10–14 years	000	219.8	161.6	138.4	68.8	49.2	16.6	10.6	8.1	673.2
15–19 years	000	219.9	166.9	135.1	70.4	50.2	16.4	11.9	7.3	678.1
20–24 years	000	229.4	178.6	142.1	71.4	52.4	15.4	14.5	8.2	712.0
25–29 years	000	229.5	173.5	132.6	66.8	46.8	13.8	13.7	8.8	685.4
30–34 years	000	248.4	187.6	144.4	71.9	50.4	15.4	13.2	8.9	740.2
35–39 years	000	246.8	194.4	148.3	76.1	54.8	17.1	12.8	8.5	758.9
40–44 years	000	250.2	189.7	150.2	77.5	57.4	17.9	12.7	7.7	763.5
45–49 years	000	244.9	183.3	145.4	75.8	58.0	18.7	12.7	7.3	746.1
50–54 years	000	221.0	166.0	131.6	69.7	53.9	17.4	11.7	6.4	677.7
55–59 years	000	204.4	155.0	123.5	62.5	51.5	16.6	10.5	4.9	629.1
60–64 years	000	162.1	119.8	96.1	46.0	40.4	13.2	7.2	3.1	487.9
65–69 years	000	132.0	98.0	73.5	36.9	32.9	10.7	5.2	1.9	391.1
70–74 years	000	111.3	83.3	57.7	29.7	28.0	8.7	4.0	1.1	323.8

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	103.3	76.8	51.7	25.8	27.2	7.8	3.3	0.8	296.7
80–84 years	000	82.9	61.5	40.5	19.7	22.7	6.4	2.8	0.5	237.0
85 or over	000	74.8	55.8	37.1	18.6	20.6	5.8	2.3	0.3	215.4
Total females	000	3 403.7	2 558.6	2 008.1	1 016.0	786.1	248.1	169.4	100.6	10 291.5
Proportion of the population	%	50.5	50.6	50.1	49.5	50.6	50.7	50.5	48.1	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	221.6	160.1	135.1	66.8	45.5	15.6	10.6	9.0	664.5
5–9 years	000	223.5	163.1	138.5	69.9	48.2	16.4	10.4	8.8	678.9
10–14 years	000	231.0	170.5	145.9	74.0	51.7	17.6	11.0	8.6	710.4
15–19 years	000	231.0	175.5	141.5	75.3	53.2	17.4	12.6	8.0	714.6
20–24 years	000	235.7	183.9	145.8	76.8	54.5	15.6	15.2	8.7	736.4
25–29 years	000	230.3	176.5	134.9	70.0	48.7	13.4	13.6	8.8	696.2
30–34 years	000	244.3	184.5	143.3	73.7	51.1	14.7	13.2	9.1	733.9
35–39 years	000	242.1	190.0	146.0	78.3	55.4	16.4	12.7	9.0	750.0
40–44 years	000	247.7	185.6	146.2	78.4	56.9	17.4	12.2	8.5	753.0
45–49 years	000	239.8	178.9	142.1	76.2	56.8	18.1	11.8	7.9	731.6
50–54 years	000	217.8	163.1	131.3	70.3	52.5	17.1	10.9	7.0	670.2
55–59 years	000	204.6	150.5	125.8	65.3	49.9	16.5	10.2	6.1	628.9
60–64 years	000	162.0	118.3	99.0	48.5	38.8	13.2	7.1	4.0	490.9
65–69 years	000	127.4	94.1	75.0	37.2	30.6	10.4	4.9	2.5	382.0
70–74 years	000	102.2	75.5	56.3	28.1	25.3	8.1	3.6	1.3	300.3
75–79 years	000	85.8	64.1	45.0	22.6	22.3	6.6	2.8	0.8	250.0
80–84 years	000	56.8	42.2	29.3	14.3	15.2	4.3	1.9	0.4	164.4
85 or over	000	35.4	26.5	18.9	8.8	9.7	2.6	1.1	0.2	103.3
Total males	000	3 339.0	2 502.7	1 999.9	1 034.6	766.4	241.2	165.8	108.5	10 159.4
Proportion of the population	%	49.5	49.4	49.9	50.5	49.4	49.3	49.5	51.9	49.7

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
All people										
0–4 years	000	431.5	312.6	263.0	129.8	89.0	30.1	20.8	17.6	1 294.5
5–9 years	000	436.7	317.4	270.5	135.4	94.6	32.0	20.6	16.9	1 324.3
10–14 years	000	450.8	332.1	284.4	142.8	100.9	34.2	21.6	16.7	1 383.5
15–19 years	000	450.9	342.3	276.7	145.7	103.3	33.8	24.5	15.4	1 392.7
20–24 years	000	465.2	362.5	287.9	148.2	106.9	31.0	29.7	16.9	1 448.4
25–29 years	000	459.8	350.0	267.4	136.8	95.0	27.1	27.3	18.0	1 381.6
30–34 years	000	492.7	372.1	287.7	145.6	101.5	30.1	26.3	18.0	1 474.1
35–39 years	000	488.9	384.4	294.3	154.4	110.2	33.4	25.5	17.5	1 508.8
40–44 years	000	497.9	375.3	296.4	156.0	114.3	35.3	24.8	16.3	1 516.4
45–49 years	000	484.6	362.2	287.5	152.0	114.8	36.8	24.5	15.2	1 477.7
50–54 years	000	438.8	329.0	263.0	140.0	106.4	34.5	22.6	13.4	1 347.8
55–59 years	000	409.0	305.5	249.3	127.7	101.4	33.1	20.7	11.0	1 258.0
60–64 years	000	324.1	238.1	195.1	94.5	79.2	26.4	14.3	7.1	978.8
65–69 years	000	259.4	192.1	148.5	74.1	63.6	21.1	10.1	4.3	773.1
70–74 years	000	213.6	158.8	114.0	57.7	53.3	16.8	7.6	2.4	624.1
75–79 years	000	189.1	140.8	96.7	48.4	49.5	14.3	6.2	1.6	546.7
80–84 years	000	139.7	103.7	69.8	34.0	37.8	10.8	4.8	0.8	401.4
85 or over	000	110.2	82.3	56.0	27.4	30.4	8.5	3.4	0.5	318.7
Total people	000	6 742.7	5 061.3	4 008.0	2 050.6	1 552.5	489.3	335.2	209.1	20 451.0
Proportion of the population	%	33.0	24.7	19.6	10.0	7.6	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2007										
Females										
0–4 years	000	215.2	157.0	133.0	66.2	44.5	14.9	10.6	8.7	650.2
5–9 years	000	212.5	154.5	133.6	66.4	46.3	15.4	10.2	8.4	647.3
10–14 years	000	218.7	161.7	139.2	69.3	48.9	16.5	10.6	7.9	672.9
15–19 years	000	222.3	169.7	139.6	72.3	50.9	16.5	12.2	7.6	691.1

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	232.2	182.0	145.5	74.1	53.0	15.3	14.7	8.4	725.5
25–29 years	000	235.1	179.6	138.2	70.0	48.0	14.1	14.3	9.1	708.5
30–34 years	000	243.8	184.7	143.7	72.3	49.6	14.8	13.2	8.8	730.8
35–39 years	000	253.7	200.1	154.8	79.3	55.9	17.2	13.3	8.8	783.2
40–44 years	000	246.0	189.2	149.9	78.0	56.6	17.4	12.5	7.7	757.4
45–49 years	000	249.4	187.0	150.2	77.7	58.5	18.9	12.8	7.4	762.2
50–54 years	000	225.1	169.5	134.7	71.2	54.5	17.7	11.7	6.6	691.2
55–59 years	000	204.0	154.5	123.8	63.0	51.1	16.5	10.5	5.1	628.5
60–64 years	000	174.0	129.3	103.9	50.0	43.7	14.2	7.9	3.4	526.4
65–69 years	000	135.4	100.9	76.9	38.4	33.6	10.9	5.4	2.0	403.5
70–74 years	000	113.9	85.1	59.7	30.6	28.5	8.9	4.2	1.2	331.9
75–79 years	000	103.1	76.5	52.0	26.1	26.6	7.8	3.4	0.8	296.4
80–84 years	000	83.9	62.7	41.0	20.2	23.0	6.4	2.9	0.5	240.7
85 or over	000	78.7	58.4	39.1	19.5	21.7	6.0	2.4	0.4	226.2
Total females	000	3 447.0	2 602.4	2 058.7	1 044.4	795.1	249.6	173.0	102.7	10 474.0
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.6	50.5	48.0	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	227.7	165.1	141.0	69.7	46.4	15.9	11.2	9.2	686.3
5–9 years	000	222.9	163.0	140.6	70.3	48.1	16.2	10.3	8.8	680.3
10–14 years	000	229.9	170.4	146.7	74.3	51.4	17.6	11.0	8.6	709.9
15–19 years	000	235.6	179.3	145.6	76.6	54.0	17.4	12.8	8.3	729.6
20–24 years	000	239.8	192.0	149.6	79.8	56.0	15.8	15.7	9.2	757.6
25–29 years	000	237.2	182.9	141.5	74.1	49.8	13.6	14.2	9.1	722.5
30–34 years	000	239.7	182.7	143.0	73.9	50.2	14.2	13.2	9.2	726.3
35–39 years	000	248.4	194.8	152.3	81.7	56.2	16.6	13.2	9.2	772.5
40–44 years	000	242.8	184.5	146.6	79.1	56.3	16.7	12.2	8.5	746.8
45–49 years	000	244.3	182.6	146.7	78.1	57.4	18.5	12.1	8.0	747.7

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	222.2	165.8	133.6	71.7	53.2	17.3	11.0	7.1	681.9
55–59 years	000	203.2	149.7	125.5	65.2	49.3	16.4	10.1	6.1	625.7
60–64 years	000	174.0	126.9	106.9	52.5	42.0	14.4	7.7	4.3	528.7
65–69 years	000	131.5	97.7	78.7	38.8	31.6	10.8	5.2	2.7	397.1
70–74 years	000	104.9	77.4	58.0	28.8	25.8	8.3	3.7	1.3	308.3
75–79 years	000	86.3	64.2	45.6	22.8	22.1	6.6	2.9	0.9	251.3
80–84 years	000	58.8	43.7	30.2	14.9	15.7	4.5	2.0	0.4	170.2
85 or over	000	38.1	28.5	20.2	9.4	10.4	2.9	1.2	0.2	110.9
Total males	000	3 387.1	2 551.1	2 052.3	1 061.7	775.6	243.7	169.6	111.1	10 353.6
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.4	49.5	52.0	49.7
All people										
0–4 years	000	442.8	322.1	274.0	136.0	91.0	30.8	21.8	17.9	1 336.5
5–9 years	000	435.3	317.5	274.2	136.7	94.4	31.6	20.6	17.1	1 327.6
10–14 years	000	448.6	332.2	285.8	143.6	100.3	34.0	21.6	16.5	1 382.8
15–19 years	000	457.9	349.0	285.2	148.8	104.9	33.9	25.0	15.9	1 420.7
20–24 years	000	472.0	374.0	295.1	153.9	109.0	31.1	30.4	17.6	1 483.1
25–29 years	000	472.3	362.5	279.7	144.0	97.8	27.7	28.5	18.2	1 431.0
30–34 years	000	483.5	367.4	286.7	146.2	99.8	29.0	26.4	18.0	1 457.1
35–39 years	000	502.1	394.9	307.1	160.9	112.1	33.8	26.5	18.0	1 555.7
40–44 years	000	488.8	373.7	296.4	157.1	112.9	34.2	24.7	16.2	1 504.2
45–49 years	000	493.7	369.5	296.9	155.8	115.9	37.4	24.9	15.5	1 509.9
50–54 years	000	447.3	335.3	268.3	142.9	107.7	35.0	22.7	13.7	1 373.1
55–59 years	000	407.2	304.2	249.3	128.2	100.4	32.9	20.6	11.2	1 254.2
60–64 years	000	348.0	256.2	210.9	102.4	85.7	28.6	15.7	7.7	1 055.2
65–69 years	000	266.8	198.6	155.6	77.3	65.2	21.7	10.6	4.7	800.6
70–74 years	000	218.8	162.5	117.7	59.4	54.3	17.2	7.9	2.5	640.2
75–79 years	000	189.4	140.7	97.6	49.0	48.7	14.5	6.2	1.6	547.7

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	142.7	106.5	71.2	35.1	38.7	10.9	4.9	0.9	410.9
85 or over	000	116.8	86.9	59.3	28.9	32.1	8.9	3.7	0.6	337.1
Total people	000	6 834.2	5 153.5	4 111.0	2 106.1	1 570.6	493.3	342.6	213.7	20 827.6
Proportion of the population	%	32.8	24.7	19.7	10.1	7.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2008										
Females										
0–4 years	000	220.8	162.0	139.6	69.7	45.7	15.3	10.9	8.8	672.8
5–9 years	000	212.4	155.8	135.0	67.7	46.1	15.3	10.2	8.5	651.0
10–14 years	000	217.8	160.8	140.7	70.1	48.7	16.2	10.4	7.8	672.8
15–19 years	000	225.3	172.5	143.6	74.0	51.6	16.5	12.5	7.8	703.9
20–24 years	000	235.9	187.9	149.1	77.6	53.9	15.5	14.8	8.6	743.4
25–29 years	000	244.1	187.7	145.4	74.6	49.8	14.3	14.8	9.6	740.4
30–34 years	000	241.9	184.9	144.2	73.6	49.0	14.5	13.2	8.9	730.3
35–39 years	000	259.5	203.4	160.0	81.7	56.1	17.4	13.7	9.0	800.8
40–44 years	000	242.6	189.5	150.3	78.7	56.1	17.2	12.6	7.8	754.8
45–49 years	000	252.8	190.3	154.2	79.8	59.0	19.1	12.8	7.6	775.8
50–54 years	000	229.7	172.5	138.1	72.8	55.0	17.9	11.7	6.8	704.5
55–59 years	000	206.5	156.2	125.8	64.7	51.5	16.7	10.5	5.3	637.3
60–64 years	000	183.6	137.5	110.2	53.3	45.9	15.1	8.5	3.6	557.7
65–69 years	000	139.2	103.6	80.4	39.5	34.4	11.2	5.6	2.1	416.3
70–74 years	000	116.4	87.0	61.4	31.6	29.0	9.2	4.4	1.3	340.2
75–79 years	000	102.3	76.4	52.0	26.4	26.3	7.8	3.4	0.8	295.4
80–84 years	000	85.2	63.8	41.9	20.8	23.1	6.3	2.9	0.5	244.6
85 or over	000	82.1	60.7	40.4	20.1	22.6	6.2	2.6	0.4	235.2
Total females	000	3 498.4	2 652.5	2 112.2	1 076.8	803.8	251.6	175.7	105.1	10 677.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.5	50.4	47.8	50.2

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	233.5	170.6	147.9	73.3	47.7	16.4	11.5	9.3	710.3
5–9 years	000	223.7	163.3	142.3	70.9	47.9	16.1	10.4	8.9	683.7
10–14 years	000	228.9	170.6	147.9	74.7	51.1	17.4	10.9	8.7	710.3
15–19 years	000	239.6	182.4	149.9	78.0	54.6	17.6	13.0	8.5	743.8
20–24 years	000	246.9	200.4	153.7	83.5	56.4	16.0	15.9	9.8	782.9
25–29 years	000	247.3	191.6	149.9	80.1	51.9	14.1	14.8	9.9	759.6
30–34 years	000	238.6	183.8	143.2	75.8	49.7	14.0	13.5	9.3	728.0
35–39 years	000	253.4	197.5	157.7	84.4	56.1	16.6	13.5	9.5	788.7
40–44 years	000	238.9	184.6	147.6	80.3	55.9	16.5	12.2	8.4	744.6
45–49 years	000	248.1	185.7	150.7	80.6	57.9	18.5	12.2	8.3	762.0
50–54 years	000	226.1	168.4	136.0	73.2	53.8	17.6	11.0	7.3	693.4
55–59 years	000	204.7	151.1	126.8	65.8	49.8	16.6	10.1	6.3	631.3
60–64 years	000	184.1	134.1	113.5	56.0	44.2	15.2	8.2	4.6	559.9
65–69 years	000	136.1	100.6	81.8	40.0	32.7	11.4	5.4	2.8	410.9
70–74 years	000	107.7	79.5	60.3	30.0	26.2	8.6	3.8	1.5	317.7
75–79 years	000	86.3	64.2	45.9	22.9	21.8	6.7	2.9	0.8	251.5
80–84 years	000	60.7	45.4	31.2	15.4	16.2	4.6	2.0	0.4	176.1
85 or over	000	40.4	30.2	21.2	10.1	10.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	117.3
Total males	000	3 445.1	2 603.9	2 107.3	1 094.9	784.8	246.9	172.7	114.8	10 572.0
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.5	49.6	52.2	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	454.3	332.6	287.5	143.0	93.4	31.7	22.3	18.2	1 383.1
5–9 years	000	436.1	319.1	277.3	138.6	94.0	31.4	20.6	17.4	1 334.7
10–14 years	000	446.8	331.4	288.6	144.8	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 383.1
15–19 years	000	464.9	355.0	293.4	152.0	106.2	34.1	25.5	16.3	1 447.6
20–24 years	000	482.8	388.3	302.8	161.2	110.3	31.5	30.8	18.4	1 526.4

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	491.4	379.2	295.3	154.6	101.6	28.3	29.6	19.6	1 500.0
30–34 years	000	480.5	368.7	287.4	149.5	98.7	28.5	26.7	18.2	1 458.3
35–39 years	000	513.0	400.8	317.7	166.1	112.2	34.0	27.2	18.4	1 589.6
40–44 years	000	481.5	374.1	297.9	159.1	112.0	33.7	24.7	16.3	1 499.4
45–49 years	000	500.9	376.0	304.9	160.4	116.9	37.5	25.0	15.9	1 537.8
50–54 years	000	455.7	340.9	274.1	146.1	108.7	35.4	22.7	14.0	1 397.8
55–59 years	000	411.2	307.2	252.5	130.5	101.2	33.3	20.6	11.7	1 268.6
60–64 years	000	367.7	271.6	223.7	109.2	90.1	30.3	16.7	8.2	1 117.6
65–69 years	000	275.3	204.2	162.2	79.5	67.1	22.6	11.1	4.9	827.2
70–74 years	000	224.1	166.5	121.7	61.6	55.3	17.7	8.2	2.8	657.9
75–79 years	000	188.6	140.7	97.8	49.3	48.1	14.5	6.3	1.6	546.9
80–84 years	000	146.0	109.2	73.1	36.2	39.3	11.0	4.9	0.9	420.6
85 or over	000	122.5	90.9	61.6	30.1	33.6	9.3	4.0	0.6	352.6
Total people	000	6 943.5	5 256.4	4 219.5	2 171.7	1 588.7	498.6	348.4	219.9	21 249.2
Proportion of the population	%	32.7	24.7	19.9	10.2	7.5	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2009										
Females										
0–4 years	000	226.7	166.5	144.9	72.9	46.9	15.7	11.0	9.0	693.7
5–9 years	000	213.0	157.2	137.4	68.9	45.7	15.0	10.2	8.6	656.1
10–14 years	000	217.1	160.8	142.0	71.4	48.7	16.3	10.4	7.8	674.7
15–19 years	000	226.2	174.5	146.5	74.9	52.0	16.5	12.5	7.9	711.0
20–24 years	000	241.6	195.8	154.2	81.4	54.9	15.7	15.3	8.8	767.8
25–29 years	000	252.7	197.6	153.3	79.8	52.3	14.6	15.4	10.1	776.0
30–34 years	000	242.9	187.1	146.1	76.2	49.1	14.4	13.3	9.0	738.1
35–39 years	000	261.6	204.7	162.6	83.2	55.6	17.2	14.0	9.1	808.0
40–44 years	000	242.5	192.5	152.4	80.4	56.0	17.1	12.6	8.0	761.6
45–49 years	000	254.8	192.3	156.9	81.4	59.0	19.1	12.7	7.7	784.0

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	234.5	176.8	141.9	74.9	55.8	18.1	11.9	7.0	721.0
55–59 years	000	210.0	158.8	127.8	66.2	52.0	17.0	10.6	5.6	647.9
60–64 years	000	189.2	142.4	114.6	56.1	47.5	15.6	8.8	3.8	578.0
65–69 years	000	145.5	108.1	84.8	41.4	35.6	11.8	6.0	2.3	435.5
70–74 years	000	119.5	89.3	64.1	32.9	29.8	9.3	4.5	1.3	350.7
75–79 years	000	101.7	76.7	52.0	26.7	25.9	7.9	3.5	0.8	295.0
80–84 years	000	86.1	64.4	42.8	21.3	23.2	6.4	3.0	0.5	247.6
85 or over	000	85.4	63.2	41.9	20.8	23.4	6.4	2.8	0.4	244.2
Total females	000	3 550.8	2 708.6	2 166.0	1 110.8	813.2	254.1	178.5	107.7	10 890.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.4	50.0	49.6	50.5	50.4	50.3	47.7	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	239.2	175.2	154.1	76.4	48.7	16.8	12.0	9.6	732.0
5–9 years	000	224.9	164.8	144.8	71.9	47.9	16.0	10.6	8.9	690.0
10–14 years	000	228.8	170.4	148.7	75.5	51.1	17.3	10.8	8.8	711.6
15–19 years	000	240.2	184.6	153.5	79.0	54.6	17.7	13.1	8.7	751.4
20–24 years	000	254.4	210.6	159.1	88.2	58.0	16.4	16.4	10.3	813.6
25–29 years	000	257.1	203.4	158.9	86.6	54.4	14.6	15.5	10.7	801.3
30–34 years	000	240.7	186.8	144.8	78.7	50.0	14.0	13.8	9.5	738.3
35–39 years	000	255.8	198.5	160.7	85.6	55.6	16.4	13.7	9.7	796.3
40–44 years	000	237.9	187.4	149.5	82.1	55.9	16.5	12.3	8.6	750.5
45–49 years	000	250.2	187.0	153.5	82.3	58.1	18.6	12.2	8.4	770.4
50–54 years	000	230.5	172.5	139.6	75.2	54.7	18.0	11.1	7.5	709.1
55–59 years	000	207.4	153.3	127.9	66.9	50.0	16.9	10.1	6.5	639.2
60–64 years	000	189.8	138.8	117.7	58.3	45.8	15.6	8.7	4.9	579.5
65–69 years	000	143.0	104.5	86.4	41.8	33.9	12.0	5.7	3.0	430.4
70–74 years	000	111.3	82.1	63.2	31.4	27.0	9.0	4.1	1.6	329.6
75–79 years	000	86.6	64.6	46.1	23.0	21.7	6.8	2.9	0.9	252.5

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	62.5	46.7	32.0	15.9	16.6	4.7	2.1	0.5	181.0
85 or over	000	42.8	32.0	22.2	10.7	11.5	3.2	1.4	0.2	124.0
Total males	000	3 502.9	2 663.3	2 162.7	1 129.4	795.7	250.3	176.3	118.3	10 800.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.6	50.0	50.4	49.5	49.6	49.7	52.3	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	466.0	341.7	299.1	149.2	95.6	32.5	23.0	18.6	1 425.7
5–9 years	000	437.9	322.0	282.2	140.8	93.6	31.0	20.8	17.5	1 346.1
10–14 years	000	445.9	331.2	290.7	146.9	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 386.3
15–19 years	000	466.4	359.0	300.0	154.0	106.7	34.2	25.6	16.5	1 462.4
20–24 years	000	496.0	406.4	313.4	169.5	112.9	32.1	31.7	19.2	1 581.4
25–29 years	000	509.8	401.0	312.1	166.4	106.7	29.2	30.9	20.9	1 577.3
30–34 years	000	483.6	373.9	290.8	154.8	99.0	28.4	27.1	18.5	1 476.4
35–39 years	000	517.4	403.2	323.3	168.8	111.3	33.6	27.7	18.8	1 604.3
40–44 years	000	480.4	380.0	301.9	162.6	112.0	33.6	24.9	16.6	1 512.1
45–49 years	000	505.0	379.3	310.3	163.7	117.1	37.7	25.0	16.1	1 554.4
50–54 years	000	465.0	349.3	281.5	150.1	110.5	36.1	23.0	14.4	1 430.1
55–59 years	000	417.4	312.1	255.8	133.1	102.0	33.9	20.7	12.1	1 287.2
60–64 years	000	378.9	281.2	232.3	114.4	93.3	31.1	17.5	8.7	1 157.5
65–69 years	000	288.5	212.6	171.2	83.3	69.5	23.7	11.6	5.3	865.9
70–74 years	000	230.8	171.4	127.3	64.3	56.8	18.3	8.5	2.9	680.3
75–79 years	000	188.2	141.3	98.1	49.7	47.6	14.7	6.4	1.7	547.6
80–84 years	000	148.6	111.1	74.8	37.2	39.8	11.1	5.0	1.0	428.6
85 or over	000	128.1	95.2	64.1	31.5	34.9	9.5	4.2	0.6	368.2
Total people	000	7 053.8	5 371.9	4 328.8	2 240.3	1 608.9	504.4	354.8	226.0	21 691.7
Proportion of the population	%	32.5	24.8	20.0	10.3	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
30 June 2010										
Females										
0–4 years	000	231.0	170.4	147.5	75.0	47.5	15.7	11.5	9.1	707.7
5–9 years	000	214.1	158.6	139.7	70.1	45.9	14.9	10.3	8.6	662.3
10–14 years	000	216.8	160.7	142.2	72.0	48.5	16.1	10.4	7.8	674.5
15–19 years	000	225.3	174.1	147.8	75.0	51.8	16.5	12.4	7.8	710.7
20–24 years	000	244.4	200.0	156.8	83.3	56.0	15.7	15.9	8.9	781.0
25–29 years	000	257.9	205.1	158.3	83.8	54.3	15.1	15.9	10.5	800.9
30–34 years	000	245.1	190.5	148.1	78.0	49.7	14.3	13.8	9.2	748.6
35–39 years	000	261.3	204.0	162.4	83.7	54.8	17.0	14.0	9.0	806.2
40–44 years	000	245.3	196.5	155.4	82.2	56.3	17.2	12.8	8.3	774.2
45–49 years	000	253.8	193.0	157.5	82.2	58.6	18.7	12.7	7.7	784.2
50–54 years	000	239.4	180.9	145.4	76.8	56.8	18.6	12.1	7.0	736.8
55–59 years	000	214.1	161.8	129.8	68.0	52.3	17.2	10.6	5.8	659.6
60–64 years	000	194.9	147.4	118.3	58.8	48.7	16.0	9.2	4.0	597.3
65–69 years	000	152.4	113.0	90.0	43.3	37.3	12.4	6.3	2.4	457.2
70–74 years	000	122.4	91.6	66.7	34.0	30.5	9.6	4.6	1.4	360.9
75–79 years	000	101.8	76.6	52.6	27.1	25.7	7.9	3.5	0.9	296.0
80–84 years	000	87.0	65.5	43.4	21.8	23.1	6.4	3.0	0.5	250.7
85 or over	000	89.5	66.0	43.6	21.7	24.3	6.6	3.0	0.4	255.0
Total females	000	3 596.2	2 755.5	2 205.3	1 136.8	822.0	255.9	181.9	109.3	11 063.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.5	50.3	50.3	47.6	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	243.3	179.2	156.7	78.5	49.7	16.8	12.4	9.7	746.3
5–9 years	000	227.0	166.7	147.4	73.0	47.9	16.0	10.8	9.0	697.9
10–14 years	000	228.7	169.5	149.0	75.6	50.7	17.1	10.7	8.6	710.0
15–19 years	000	238.4	183.3	154.3	79.0	54.5	17.7	13.2	8.7	749.3

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	255.9	213.0	161.7	90.0	59.0	16.7	16.8	10.8	824.1
25–29 years	000	261.8	210.7	163.4	91.1	56.4	15.0	16.2	11.3	826.4
30–34 years	000	243.8	190.5	146.2	80.9	50.6	14.0	14.0	9.6	749.6
35–39 years	000	256.0	197.8	160.3	85.6	54.9	16.0	13.9	9.7	794.3
40–44 years	000	240.0	191.3	152.7	84.2	56.4	16.7	12.6	8.8	762.9
45–49 years	000	249.3	187.5	153.7	83.1	57.9	18.3	12.2	8.4	770.6
50–54 years	000	235.1	175.8	142.8	77.2	55.4	18.4	11.4	7.6	723.8
55–59 years	000	210.7	156.1	129.4	68.2	50.5	17.1	10.0	6.6	648.8
60–64 years	000	195.1	142.9	120.8	60.5	47.2	16.1	9.0	5.2	597.0
65–69 years	000	150.1	108.9	91.3	43.8	35.5	12.5	5.9	3.1	451.2
70–74 years	000	116.0	85.4	66.7	32.6	27.9	9.4	4.3	1.8	344.0
75–79 years	000	87.0	64.7	46.6	23.3	21.5	6.8	3.0	0.9	253.8
80–84 years	000	64.3	48.3	33.0	16.4	17.0	4.9	2.1	0.5	186.3
85 or over	000	45.6	34.1	23.4	11.2	12.2	3.4	1.5	0.2	131.6
Total males	000	3 548.1	2 705.6	2 199.4	1 154.1	805.4	253.0	179.9	120.5	10 967.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.5	49.7	49.7	52.4	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	474.2	349.6	304.2	153.5	97.3	32.5	23.8	18.8	1 454.0
5–9 years	000	441.1	325.3	287.1	143.1	93.8	30.9	21.1	17.6	1 360.2
10–14 years	000	445.5	330.1	291.2	147.6	99.2	33.3	21.0	16.4	1 384.5
15–19 years	000	463.7	357.4	302.1	154.0	106.4	34.2	25.5	16.5	1 460.0
20–24 years	000	500.3	413.0	318.5	173.3	115.0	32.4	32.7	19.6	1 605.1
25–29 years	000	519.7	415.9	321.7	174.9	110.7	30.2	32.1	21.8	1 627.3
30–34 years	000	488.9	380.9	294.3	158.8	100.3	28.3	27.7	18.7	1 498.2
35–39 years	000	517.3	401.8	322.7	169.3	109.7	33.0	27.9	18.7	1 600.5
40–44 years	000	485.3	387.8	308.1	166.5	112.7	34.0	25.4	17.1	1 537.1
45–49 years	000	503.1	380.4	311.1	165.3	116.5	37.0	24.9	16.2	1 554.8

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	474.5	356.7	288.2	153.9	112.1	36.9	23.4	14.6	1 460.6
55–59 years	000	424.8	317.8	259.2	136.2	102.8	34.3	20.7	12.5	1 308.4
60–64 years	000	390.0	290.4	239.1	119.3	95.9	32.1	18.2	9.2	1 194.4
65–69 years	000	302.5	221.9	181.3	87.1	72.8	24.9	12.2	5.5	908.4
70–74 years	000	238.3	177.0	133.4	66.6	58.4	19.0	8.9	3.2	704.9
75–79 years	000	188.7	141.3	99.2	50.4	47.2	14.7	6.5	1.7	549.8
80–84 years	000	151.3	113.8	76.4	38.2	40.0	11.2	5.1	1.1	437.0
85 or over	000	135.1	100.0	66.9	32.9	36.5	9.9	4.5	0.6	386.6
Total people	000	7 144.3	5 461.1	4 404.7	2 290.8	1 627.3	508.8	361.8	229.8	22 031.8
Proportion of the population	%	32.4	24.8	20.0	10.4	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2011										
Females										
0–4 years	000	230.4	171.1	147.9	76.5	47.8	15.3	11.6	8.9	709.6
5–9 years	000	217.3	162.2	142.8	72.6	46.3	15.0	10.5	8.6	675.4
10–14 years	000	216.7	160.7	143.5	73.0	48.1	16.0	10.4	7.9	676.3
15–19 years	000	223.3	172.9	147.9	75.2	51.5	16.2	12.1	7.5	706.9
20–24 years	000	245.2	201.4	158.9	85.5	55.9	15.8	16.4	8.9	788.2
25–29 years	000	259.7	210.2	161.6	88.5	55.4	15.2	16.2	10.4	817.1
30–34 years	000	249.7	196.1	151.0	81.4	50.5	14.5	14.4	9.3	767.0
35–39 years	000	256.3	200.0	160.0	83.3	53.1	16.3	13.8	8.8	791.7
40–44 years	000	253.1	203.5	161.5	85.7	57.2	17.7	13.2	8.6	800.5
45–49 years	000	249.9	192.6	156.6	82.4	57.7	18.1	12.7	7.7	777.7
50–54 years	000	245.1	184.8	149.6	78.7	57.7	19.0	12.2	7.2	754.4
55–59 years	000	218.8	165.5	132.4	70.3	52.8	17.5	10.7	5.9	673.9
60–64 years	000	199.6	151.8	121.8	61.6	49.9	16.4	9.5	4.3	614.8
65–69 years	000	159.5	118.7	95.0	45.3	39.3	12.9	6.7	2.5	480.0
70–74 years	000	125.2	93.4	69.5	35.1	31.0	9.9	4.8	1.5	370.4

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	103.0	77.5	53.4	28.0	25.6	7.9	3.7	0.9	299.9
80–84 years	000	88.0	66.1	44.2	22.4	23.0	6.4	2.9	0.6	253.5
85 or over	000	92.6	68.5	45.3	22.7	25.2	6.7	3.1	0.4	264.5
Total females	000	3 633.4	2 796.9	2 242.8	1 168.4	827.8	256.7	185.0	109.8	11 221.8
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.5	50.2	50.3	47.5	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	243.0	180.8	156.4	79.9	49.6	16.5	12.5	9.6	748.5
5–9 years	000	230.6	170.5	150.9	75.1	48.7	16.1	11.2	9.0	712.2
10–14 years	000	229.2	169.4	150.3	76.0	50.1	17.0	10.7	8.6	711.5
15–19 years	000	237.4	181.7	154.9	79.2	54.3	17.6	12.8	8.6	746.6
20–24 years	000	254.2	211.0	162.8	91.8	59.1	16.6	17.1	10.5	823.5
25–29 years	000	262.9	214.6	165.4	96.9	57.4	15.3	16.8	11.5	841.1
30–34 years	000	248.7	195.8	150.0	84.8	51.4	14.0	14.4	9.8	769.2
35–39 years	000	251.9	195.3	157.5	85.4	53.2	15.5	13.7	9.5	782.2
40–44 years	000	246.4	196.9	158.7	87.8	57.4	17.1	13.2	9.1	786.7
45–49 years	000	245.6	186.6	152.8	83.7	57.1	17.7	12.1	8.3	764.1
50–54 years	000	240.4	179.0	146.6	79.1	56.5	18.6	11.6	7.8	739.6
55–59 years	000	214.7	160.2	131.7	70.0	51.1	17.4	10.1	6.7	662.1
60–64 years	000	199.4	145.8	123.6	62.8	48.3	16.7	9.1	5.5	611.2
65–69 years	000	157.8	114.2	96.2	45.9	37.3	13.1	6.4	3.2	474.3
70–74 years	000	120.1	88.4	69.9	33.9	28.6	9.9	4.4	2.0	357.3
75–79 years	000	88.5	65.6	47.9	23.7	21.7	6.9	3.1	0.9	258.4
80–84 years	000	65.9	49.3	33.8	16.9	17.0	4.9	2.2	0.6	190.6
85 or over	000	48.3	35.9	24.6	11.9	12.9	3.6	1.6	0.2	139.1
Total males	000	3 585.1	2 741.0	2 234.0	1 185.1	811.8	254.8	183.0	121.5	11 118.2
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.5	49.8	49.7	52.5	49.8

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
All people										
0–4 years	000	473.4	352.0	304.3	156.4	97.4	31.8	24.1	18.5	1 458.1
5–9 years	000	448.0	332.7	293.7	147.7	95.0	31.1	21.7	17.6	1 387.6
10–14 years	000	445.9	330.1	293.8	149.0	98.3	33.0	21.1	16.6	1 387.9
15–19 years	000	460.7	354.6	302.9	154.4	105.8	33.9	25.0	16.1	1 453.5
20–24 years	000	499.5	412.4	321.8	177.3	115.1	32.4	33.5	19.4	1 611.7
25–29 years	000	522.6	424.8	326.9	185.3	112.7	30.5	32.9	21.9	1 658.2
30–34 years	000	498.4	391.8	301.0	166.2	101.9	28.5	28.8	19.2	1 536.2
35–39 years	000	508.3	395.3	317.4	168.7	106.4	31.8	27.5	18.3	1 573.9
40–44 years	000	499.5	400.4	320.2	173.5	114.6	34.8	26.4	17.7	1 587.2
45–49 years	000	495.5	379.3	309.3	166.1	114.8	35.8	24.8	16.0	1 541.8
50–54 years	000	485.5	363.8	296.2	157.9	114.1	37.6	23.8	15.0	1 494.1
55–59 years	000	433.5	325.6	264.1	140.3	103.9	34.9	20.8	12.6	1 336.0
60–64 years	000	399.0	297.6	245.4	124.5	98.1	33.0	18.6	9.7	1 226.0
65–69 years	000	317.3	232.9	191.2	91.3	76.6	26.1	13.0	5.8	954.3
70–74 years	000	245.3	181.8	139.4	69.1	59.6	19.8	9.2	3.5	727.7
75–79 years	000	191.5	143.1	101.3	51.7	47.3	14.8	6.7	1.8	558.3
80–84 years	000	153.9	115.3	78.0	39.3	39.9	11.3	5.1	1.1	444.0
85 or over	000	140.9	104.4	69.9	34.6	38.1	10.3	4.8	0.6	403.6
Total people	000	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
Proportion of the population	%	32.3	24.8	20.0	10.5	7.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
30 June 2012										
Females										
0–4 years	000	231.4	175.0	150.8	79.3	48.5	15.3	12.1	9.1	721.5
5–9 years	000	218.6	163.9	144.6	74.8	46.6	14.8	10.8	8.5	682.7
10–14 years	000	214.9	160.0	143.7	73.6	47.6	15.6	10.3	8.0	673.8
15–19 years	000	225.0	173.8	149.3	76.5	51.4	16.2	11.7	7.6	711.5

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	246.3	202.3	162.7	87.5	56.0	15.4	16.3	8.6	795.3
25–29 years	000	261.5	214.7	165.0	93.7	55.9	14.9	16.6	10.6	832.9
30–34 years	000	255.0	202.6	154.9	86.2	51.7	14.7	15.1	9.6	789.8
35–39 years	000	251.6	197.1	157.7	83.6	52.0	15.5	13.8	8.8	780.1
40–44 years	000	259.7	208.9	166.9	89.0	58.0	17.9	13.7	8.7	823.1
45–49 years	000	247.4	192.9	156.4	83.3	57.1	17.7	12.6	7.7	775.2
50–54 years	000	249.7	188.9	154.2	81.0	58.5	19.1	12.5	7.4	771.3
55–59 years	000	223.5	169.1	135.3	72.2	53.6	17.8	10.7	6.1	688.5
60–64 years	000	202.8	154.1	123.8	63.6	50.3	16.6	9.6	4.5	625.5
65–69 years	000	170.5	127.4	102.5	49.1	42.4	13.9	7.3	2.8	515.9
70–74 years	000	128.4	96.7	72.9	36.7	31.7	10.3	5.0	1.7	383.4
75–79 years	000	104.3	78.8	55.0	28.5	25.9	8.1	3.8	0.9	305.2
80–84 years	000	87.3	65.5	44.3	22.7	22.5	6.4	3.0	0.6	252.3
85 or over	000	96.0	71.3	46.9	23.7	26.1	6.8	3.3	0.4	274.8
Total females	000	3 673.7	2 843.1	2 287.0	1 205.2	835.9	257.0	188.3	111.6	11 402.8
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.6	50.2	49.6	50.5	50.2	50.3	47.5	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	243.7	184.4	159.0	83.0	50.8	16.5	12.9	9.7	760.3
5–9 years	000	232.2	172.8	153.2	77.7	48.8	15.9	11.4	9.0	721.1
10–14 years	000	227.2	168.4	151.1	76.5	49.7	16.7	10.6	8.6	708.8
15–19 years	000	237.8	181.8	156.2	80.4	53.8	17.6	12.4	8.6	748.7
20–24 years	000	254.9	209.9	165.3	93.9	59.0	16.4	17.2	10.5	827.2
25–29 years	000	262.9	218.4	167.9	103.1	58.2	15.2	17.1	11.6	854.9
30–34 years	000	254.2	202.6	154.9	91.0	52.5	14.2	15.2	10.2	795.2
35–39 years	000	248.1	194.0	155.6	86.2	52.2	15.0	13.8	9.4	774.4
40–44 years	000	252.4	201.4	163.2	91.7	58.0	17.3	13.5	9.3	806.9
45–49 years	000	242.9	186.9	153.3	85.3	56.9	17.1	12.2	8.3	763.0

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	244.6	183.1	150.7	81.5	57.3	18.8	12.0	8.0	756.0
55–59 years	000	218.5	162.7	133.3	71.6	51.6	17.5	10.2	6.8	672.3
60–64 years	000	199.0	146.3	124.0	63.6	48.0	16.7	9.1	5.6	612.5
65–69 years	000	168.7	122.6	103.3	49.8	40.4	14.2	6.9	3.6	509.4
70–74 years	000	121.3	90.1	72.1	35.1	28.9	10.2	4.6	2.1	364.4
75–79 years	000	90.3	67.1	49.5	24.6	22.2	7.0	3.2	1.0	264.7
80–84 years	000	66.4	49.4	34.4	17.2	16.9	5.0	2.3	0.6	192.0
85 or over	000	51.6	38.7	26.2	12.9	13.8	3.8	1.8	0.3	149.0
Total males	000	3 616.6	2 780.4	2 273.1	1 225.0	818.9	255.1	186.4	123.3	11 280.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.4	49.8	50.4	49.5	49.8	49.7	52.5	49.7
All people										
0–4 years	000	475.1	359.5	309.9	162.3	99.3	31.8	25.0	18.8	1 481.8
5–9 years	000	450.8	336.7	297.8	152.5	95.4	30.8	22.2	17.5	1 403.8
10–14 years	000	442.0	328.4	294.7	150.1	97.2	32.3	21.0	16.6	1 382.6
15–19 years	000	462.7	355.6	305.4	156.9	105.2	33.8	24.2	16.2	1 460.2
20–24 years	000	501.1	412.2	328.0	181.4	115.0	31.8	33.5	19.1	1 622.4
25–29 years	000	524.3	433.1	333.0	196.8	114.2	30.2	33.7	22.2	1 687.8
30–34 years	000	509.2	405.2	309.8	177.2	104.3	28.9	30.3	19.8	1 585.0
35–39 years	000	499.7	391.1	313.4	169.8	104.3	30.4	27.6	18.2	1 554.6
40–44 years	000	512.1	410.3	330.1	180.7	116.0	35.1	27.3	18.0	1 629.9
45–49 years	000	490.3	379.8	309.7	168.6	114.0	34.8	24.8	16.0	1 538.2
50–54 years	000	494.3	372.0	304.9	162.5	115.7	37.9	24.5	15.3	1 527.3
55–59 years	000	442.0	331.8	268.5	143.9	105.2	35.3	20.9	13.0	1 360.7
60–64 years	000	401.9	300.3	247.9	127.3	98.4	33.3	18.7	10.0	1 238.0
65–69 years	000	339.1	250.0	205.8	98.9	82.8	28.0	14.2	6.4	1 025.3
70–74 years	000	249.7	186.7	145.0	71.8	60.6	20.4	9.6	3.8	747.8
75–79 years	000	194.5	145.9	104.4	53.0	48.1	15.1	6.9	1.9	569.9

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 **Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	153.7	114.9	78.7	39.9	39.3	11.4	5.2	1.2	444.4
85 or over	000	147.7	110.0	73.1	36.6	39.9	10.6	5.1	0.7	423.7
Total people	000	7 290.3	5 623.5	4 560.1	2 430.3	1 654.8	512.0	374.7	234.8	22 683.6
Proportion of the population	%	32.1	24.8	20.1	10.7	7.3	2.3	1.7	1.0	100.0
30 June 2013										
Females										
0–4 years	000	236.9	179.2	154.1	82.1	48.6	15.2	12.5	9.2	738.0
5–9 years	000	225.4	170.3	150.5	78.7	47.8	15.2	11.3	8.6	707.8
10–14 years	000	217.0	162.5	145.2	75.3	47.6	15.5	10.6	8.2	682.0
15–19 years	000	225.5	173.0	150.5	77.5	51.0	16.1	11.6	7.5	712.6
20–24 years	000	248.4	203.7	165.7	89.8	56.1	15.2	16.1	8.7	803.9
25–29 years	000	265.2	220.8	169.1	100.3	56.6	14.8	17.1	10.8	854.8
30–34 years	000	264.1	212.0	161.5	92.8	53.3	14.8	15.9	10.0	824.4
35–39 years	000	249.6	197.3	156.8	85.2	51.2	15.0	13.9	8.8	777.9
40–44 years	000	265.4	211.9	171.3	91.2	58.1	17.8	14.2	8.8	838.9
45–49 years	000	243.5	193.2	155.6	83.9	56.5	17.3	12.7	7.7	770.5
50–54 years	000	252.4	191.7	157.4	83.1	58.9	19.1	12.5	7.4	782.7
55–59 years	000	229.1	173.5	138.9	73.9	54.5	18.1	10.9	6.3	705.2
60–64 years	000	203.0	154.2	124.0	63.9	50.1	16.6	9.6	4.6	626.2
65–69 years	000	179.1	135.0	108.0	52.2	44.6	14.6	7.9	3.0	544.5
70–74 years	000	132.8	99.8	76.9	38.1	32.8	10.6	5.3	1.8	397.9
75–79 years	000	106.4	80.4	56.4	29.4	26.5	8.2	4.0	1.0	312.3
80–84 years	000	86.8	65.7	44.4	22.9	22.1	6.4	3.0	0.6	251.9
85 or over	000	99.0	73.6	48.5	24.6	26.6	6.9	3.4	0.5	283.1
Total females	000	3 729.7	2 898.0	2 334.8	1 244.9	842.9	257.3	192.4	113.6	11 614.6
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.5	50.1	49.5	50.4	50.1	50.2	47.4	50.2

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	250.6	189.6	162.1	86.4	51.5	16.2	13.5	9.8	779.8
5–9 years	000	239.2	179.3	159.6	82.1	50.1	16.4	12.0	9.1	747.9
10–14 years	000	229.5	170.2	153.2	77.7	49.7	16.5	10.8	8.7	716.4
15–19 years	000	238.6	182.8	157.6	82.3	53.5	17.6	12.1	8.8	753.4
20–24 years	000	258.7	210.7	168.8	96.2	59.1	16.4	17.2	10.5	837.8
25–29 years	000	266.1	222.7	171.5	110.5	58.7	14.9	17.4	12.0	874.1
30–34 years	000	262.8	212.0	162.1	99.5	54.4	14.4	16.1	11.1	832.7
35–39 years	000	246.2	195.1	154.2	88.3	51.5	14.6	14.1	9.4	773.4
40–44 years	000	258.1	205.1	168.0	95.0	58.0	17.2	14.0	9.5	825.1
45–49 years	000	238.6	187.2	152.8	86.0	56.2	16.7	12.3	8.3	758.3
50–54 years	000	247.3	186.1	153.5	83.5	57.4	18.6	12.1	8.1	766.7
55–59 years	000	223.8	166.9	136.2	73.8	52.6	17.7	10.4	6.9	688.4
60–64 years	000	199.1	147.4	124.2	64.0	48.2	16.7	9.1	5.6	614.6
65–69 years	000	177.3	129.3	109.1	53.1	42.3	14.8	7.4	3.9	537.3
70–74 years	000	127.4	94.2	76.4	36.9	30.4	10.7	4.9	2.2	383.2
75–79 years	000	94.0	70.1	52.1	25.9	23.0	7.4	3.4	1.1	277.1
80–84 years	000	66.6	50.0	35.0	17.5	16.8	5.0	2.3	0.6	193.8
85 or over	000	54.1	40.8	27.4	13.6	14.4	3.8	1.9	0.3	156.5
Total males	000	3 678.0	2 839.6	2 323.8	1 272.3	828.0	255.7	190.9	125.9	11 516.3
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.5	49.9	50.5	49.6	49.9	49.8	52.6	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	487.5	368.8	316.2	168.5	100.1	31.4	26.1	19.0	1 517.8
5–9 years	000	464.6	349.6	310.1	160.8	97.9	31.6	23.3	17.7	1 455.7
10–14 years	000	446.5	332.7	298.4	152.9	97.3	32.0	21.4	16.9	1 398.4
15–19 years	000	464.1	355.9	308.1	159.7	104.4	33.6	23.7	16.3	1 466.0
20–24 years	000	507.1	414.4	334.5	186.0	115.2	31.6	33.3	19.3	1 641.7

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	531.3	443.5	340.6	210.8	115.3	29.7	34.5	22.8	1 728.9
30–34 years	000	526.9	424.1	323.6	192.3	107.7	29.2	32.0	21.1	1 657.1
35–39 years	000	495.8	392.5	311.0	173.4	102.7	29.5	28.0	18.2	1 551.4
40–44 years	000	523.5	417.0	339.4	186.1	116.2	35.0	28.2	18.4	1 664.0
45–49 years	000	482.1	380.4	308.5	169.9	112.7	34.0	25.0	15.9	1 528.8
50–54 years	000	499.7	377.8	310.9	166.7	116.3	37.7	24.6	15.5	1 549.4
55–59 years	000	452.9	340.4	275.0	147.7	107.1	35.8	21.3	13.2	1 393.6
60–64 years	000	402.1	301.7	248.2	128.0	98.4	33.3	18.7	10.2	1 240.7
65–69 years	000	356.5	264.3	217.0	105.4	86.9	29.4	15.3	6.9	1 081.8
70–74 years	000	260.2	194.0	153.2	75.0	63.2	21.3	10.1	4.0	781.1
75–79 years	000	200.4	150.5	108.5	55.3	49.5	15.6	7.3	2.1	589.4
80–84 years	000	153.4	115.6	79.4	40.4	38.9	11.5	5.3	1.2	445.8
85 or over	000	153.1	114.5	75.9	38.3	41.0	10.7	5.3	0.8	439.6
Total people	000	7 407.7	5 737.6	4 658.6	2 517.2	1 670.8	513.0	383.4	239.5	23 130.9
Proportion of the population	%	32.0	24.8	20.1	10.9	7.2	2.2	1.7	1.0	100.0
30 June 2014										
Females										
0–4 years	000	235.9	182.4	154.5	83.8	48.9	15.0	13.1	9.3	743.0
5–9 years	000	230.4	174.3	153.7	81.0	48.6	15.5	11.4	8.7	723.7
10–14 years	000	218.0	164.1	146.4	75.8	47.2	15.2	10.6	8.3	685.7
15–19 years	000	226.9	174.0	151.4	78.2	51.2	16.3	11.2	7.6	716.9
20–24 years	000	251.1	205.6	165.7	89.4	55.7	14.9	15.7	8.8	806.8
25–29 years	000	269.4	225.5	170.7	103.1	56.6	14.7	17.0	11.0	868.0
30–34 years	000	271.5	220.5	166.3	97.3	55.1	14.9	16.2	10.4	852.3
35–39 years	000	250.8	198.8	156.4	87.1	51.2	14.7	14.0	8.9	782.0
40–44 years	000	266.9	212.6	171.9	91.5	57.4	17.4	14.2	8.8	840.9
45–49 years	000	244.4	196.4	157.2	85.3	56.6	17.3	12.8	7.8	777.8

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	254.6	193.9	159.2	84.1	58.8	19.1	12.5	7.4	789.7
55–59 years	000	234.9	177.8	142.5	75.6	55.4	18.3	11.2	6.4	722.3
60–64 years	000	208.1	157.7	126.6	65.5	51.0	16.9	9.7	4.8	640.3
65–69 years	000	185.5	139.6	112.0	54.8	46.2	15.1	8.2	3.2	564.7
70–74 years	000	139.6	104.3	81.5	39.8	34.0	11.1	5.6	2.0	417.8
75–79 years	000	109.7	82.4	58.9	30.7	27.3	8.4	4.1	1.0	322.4
80–84 years	000	86.6	65.9	44.5	23.2	21.8	6.5	3.0	0.6	252.3
85 or over	000	102.3	75.3	50.3	25.6	27.2	6.9	3.6	0.5	291.6
Total females	000	3 786.6	2 951.1	2 369.5	1 271.8	850.2	258.3	194.1	115.5	11 798.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.2	49.4	50.4	50.2	50.3	47.1	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	249.9	192.7	162.5	87.9	52.0	15.9	13.8	9.8	784.5
5–9 years	000	243.8	183.7	163.2	84.5	50.8	16.7	12.4	9.2	764.4
10–14 years	000	230.8	172.0	154.6	78.3	49.8	16.2	10.9	8.7	721.5
15–19 years	000	240.4	183.9	158.5	83.6	53.6	17.5	11.7	8.9	758.3
20–24 years	000	262.3	214.3	170.2	96.0	58.8	16.5	16.6	10.7	845.4
25–29 years	000	270.4	225.3	170.7	113.0	58.9	14.8	17.0	12.9	883.4
30–34 years	000	270.1	219.8	165.5	105.5	56.0	14.3	16.4	11.9	859.8
35–39 years	000	247.3	197.0	153.0	91.1	51.5	14.3	14.2	9.7	778.3
40–44 years	000	259.8	205.4	168.6	95.3	57.0	16.8	14.1	9.8	826.9
45–49 years	000	238.3	190.6	153.8	87.5	56.2	16.6	12.3	8.4	763.7
50–54 years	000	248.3	187.2	155.1	84.8	57.4	18.6	12.1	8.1	771.7
55–59 years	000	228.4	171.1	139.3	75.4	53.5	18.1	10.5	7.0	703.5
60–64 years	000	202.7	150.0	125.4	65.2	48.6	16.8	9.2	5.7	623.7
65–69 years	000	182.9	133.6	112.6	55.2	43.9	15.2	7.8	4.2	555.4
70–74 years	000	134.1	97.8	80.5	38.7	31.6	11.2	5.1	2.4	401.4
75–79 years	000	98.1	72.7	55.1	27.5	23.8	7.7	3.6	1.2	289.6

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	67.3	50.5	35.6	17.7	16.9	5.2	2.3	0.6	196.0
85 or over	000	57.0	43.1	29.0	14.4	15.0	4.0	2.0	0.4	164.9
Total males	000	3 731.8	2 890.5	2 352.9	1 301.6	835.5	256.5	191.9	129.6	11 692.5
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.8	50.6	49.6	49.8	49.7	52.9	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	485.8	375.1	317.0	171.7	100.8	31.0	26.9	19.1	1 527.5
5–9 years	000	474.3	358.0	316.9	165.5	99.4	32.2	23.8	17.9	1 488.2
10–14 years	000	448.8	336.2	301.0	154.0	97.1	31.5	21.5	17.0	1 407.2
15–19 years	000	467.3	357.9	309.9	161.8	104.8	33.8	23.0	16.5	1 475.1
20–24 years	000	513.4	419.9	335.9	185.4	114.5	31.4	32.2	19.4	1 652.2
25–29 years	000	539.7	450.8	341.4	216.1	115.5	29.5	34.0	23.9	1 751.3
30–34 years	000	541.6	440.3	331.8	202.8	111.1	29.2	32.6	22.3	1 712.1
35–39 years	000	498.2	395.7	309.4	178.3	102.7	29.0	28.2	18.6	1 560.3
40–44 years	000	526.7	418.0	340.5	186.9	114.4	34.2	28.3	18.6	1 667.8
45–49 years	000	482.6	386.9	311.0	172.8	112.8	33.9	25.1	16.2	1 541.5
50–54 years	000	502.9	381.2	314.3	168.9	116.2	37.6	24.6	15.5	1 561.5
55–59 years	000	463.3	348.9	281.7	151.1	109.0	36.4	21.7	13.5	1 425.8
60–64 years	000	410.7	307.7	252.0	130.7	99.7	33.8	18.8	10.5	1 264.0
65–69 years	000	368.5	273.2	224.6	109.9	90.1	30.4	16.0	7.4	1 120.1
70–74 years	000	273.7	202.0	161.9	78.5	65.6	22.4	10.7	4.3	819.2
75–79 years	000	207.7	155.1	114.0	58.1	51.1	16.1	7.7	2.2	612.0
80–84 years	000	153.9	116.4	80.1	40.9	38.7	11.7	5.4	1.2	448.3
85 or over	000	159.3	118.3	79.3	40.0	42.1	11.0	5.6	0.9	456.5
Total people	000	7 518.5	5 841.7	4 722.4	2 573.4	1 685.7	514.8	386.0	245.1	23 490.7
Proportion of the population	%	32.0	24.9	20.1	11.0	7.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	100.0
AAGR (d)	%	1.3	1.7	1.8	3.0	0.9	0.3	1.6	1.6	1.6

(a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

TABLE 2A.1

Table 2A.1 **Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(b) Historical rates in this table have been revised from previous Reports. Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data for 2005 to 2011 are final, based on the *2011 Census of Population and Housing*. Estimates for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary.

(c) Include Other Territories, comprising Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

(d) Average annual growth rate (AAGR) over 4 years. For 30 June estimates this is the AAGR for the period June 2010–2014. See section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for details of the estimation method.

Source: ABS (Australian Bureau of Statistics) (2014) *Australian Demographic Statistics, June 2014*, Cat. no. 3101.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
31 December 2005										
Females										
0–4 years	000	209.8	151.5	126.7	62.1	43.4	14.6	10.1	8.6	626.8
5–9 years	000	213.3	154.2	131.0	65.2	46.5	15.6	10.3	8.1	644.3
10–14 years	000	220.3	161.6	137.8	68.7	49.1	16.7	10.7	8.1	673.2
15–19 years	000	219.2	166.2	134.0	70.2	50.3	16.4	11.9	7.3	675.5
20–24 years	000	227.4	175.7	139.5	70.2	51.4	15.3	14.4	8.1	702.1
25–29 years	000	228.0	171.8	130.8	66.3	46.4	13.7	13.5	8.7	679.2
30–34 years	000	251.5	190.0	145.2	72.3	51.0	15.7	13.3	8.9	748.1
35–39 years	000	244.1	191.7	145.6	75.1	54.4	16.8	12.6	8.5	749.0
40–44 years	000	252.2	189.8	150.3	77.5	57.7	18.2	12.7	7.7	766.3
45–49 years	000	242.9	181.5	143.3	75.2	57.6	18.5	12.6	7.2	739.0
50–54 years	000	219.5	164.6	130.3	68.9	53.6	17.3	11.7	6.3	672.1
55–59 years	000	202.3	152.8	121.5	61.2	50.9	16.4	10.4	4.8	620.3
60–64 years	000	158.9	117.1	93.5	45.1	39.4	12.9	7.0	3.0	477.0
65–69 years	000	130.9	97.2	72.0	36.4	32.7	10.5	5.1	1.7	386.4
70–74 years	000	111.4	83.0	57.4	29.4	28.0	8.7	3.9	1.0	322.9
75–79 years	000	103.4	76.9	51.4	25.7	27.3	7.8	3.4	0.7	296.5
80–84 years	000	82.4	60.9	40.1	19.5	22.5	6.4	2.8	0.5	235.0
85 or over	000	73.3	54.5	36.1	18.1	20.2	5.7	2.2	0.3	210.5
Total females	000	3 390.6	2 541.2	1 986.4	1 007.0	782.2	247.5	168.7	99.5	10 224.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.5	50.6	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.7	50.6	48.0	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	221.6	159.0	133.8	66.0	45.4	15.5	10.5	9.0	660.8
5–9 years	000	223.6	162.8	137.7	69.6	48.4	16.5	10.4	8.8	677.9
10–14 years	000	231.7	170.6	145.3	73.5	51.6	17.7	11.1	8.6	710.4
15–19 years	000	230.0	173.9	140.1	74.8	53.0	17.3	12.6	7.9	709.7

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	233.9	179.9	143.9	75.2	53.7	15.5	15.1	8.7	726.0
25–29 years	000	228.1	174.4	132.5	69.1	48.4	13.5	13.4	8.8	688.3
30–34 years	000	247.0	185.6	143.7	74.1	51.7	14.9	13.2	9.2	739.6
35–39 years	000	240.2	187.5	143.0	76.8	55.0	16.2	12.5	8.9	740.2
40–44 years	000	249.9	185.8	146.1	78.1	57.2	17.6	12.2	8.6	755.6
45–49 years	000	238.4	177.7	140.2	75.5	56.3	18.1	11.7	7.8	725.7
50–54 years	000	216.8	161.1	130.0	69.6	52.2	17.0	11.0	6.9	664.7
55–59 years	000	203.3	149.2	124.1	64.0	49.5	16.3	10.1	5.9	622.5
60–64 years	000	158.9	115.8	96.5	47.4	38.0	12.9	6.8	3.9	480.2
65–69 years	000	126.4	93.0	73.7	36.6	30.4	10.3	4.8	2.4	377.6
70–74 years	000	101.8	75.2	55.6	27.8	25.3	8.1	3.6	1.2	298.6
75–79 years	000	85.5	63.6	44.5	22.3	22.4	6.6	2.8	0.8	248.4
80–84 years	000	55.9	41.3	28.7	14.0	14.8	4.3	1.9	0.3	161.2
85 or over	000	34.4	25.6	18.3	8.5	9.4	2.6	1.1	0.2	100.1
Total males	000	3 327.5	2 482.0	1 977.8	1 022.9	762.7	240.6	164.9	107.8	10 087.4
Proportion of the population	%	49.5	49.4	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.3	49.4	52.0	49.7
All people										
0–4 years	000	431.4	310.5	260.5	128.1	88.8	30.1	20.6	17.6	1 287.6
5–9 years	000	436.9	317.0	268.8	134.8	94.9	32.1	20.7	16.9	1 322.2
10–14 years	000	452.0	332.3	283.1	142.2	100.7	34.4	21.8	16.7	1 383.5
15–19 years	000	449.1	340.1	274.1	145.0	103.3	33.7	24.6	15.2	1 385.2
20–24 years	000	461.3	355.6	283.4	145.4	105.1	30.8	29.5	16.7	1 428.1
25–29 years	000	456.1	346.2	263.3	135.4	94.9	27.2	26.9	17.4	1 367.5
30–34 years	000	498.5	375.6	288.9	146.4	102.7	30.6	26.6	18.2	1 487.6
35–39 years	000	484.4	379.2	288.6	151.9	109.3	33.1	25.1	17.3	1 489.1
40–44 years	000	502.1	375.6	296.4	155.6	114.9	35.9	24.9	16.3	1 521.9
45–49 years	000	481.3	359.2	283.5	150.6	113.9	36.6	24.3	15.0	1 464.7

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	436.2	325.7	260.3	138.5	105.7	34.3	22.7	13.2	1 336.8
55–59 years	000	405.6	302.0	245.6	125.2	100.4	32.7	20.5	10.7	1 242.8
60–64 years	000	317.8	232.9	190.0	92.5	77.3	25.8	13.9	6.9	957.2
65–69 years	000	257.3	190.1	145.7	73.0	63.0	20.8	9.9	4.1	764.0
70–74 years	000	213.1	158.2	113.0	57.3	53.3	16.8	7.5	2.2	621.5
75–79 years	000	188.9	140.5	95.9	47.9	49.7	14.4	6.2	1.5	544.9
80–84 years	000	138.3	102.3	68.8	33.4	37.3	10.6	4.7	0.8	396.2
85 or over	000	107.7	80.1	54.4	26.7	29.6	8.3	3.3	0.5	310.6
Total people	000	6 718.0	5 023.2	3 964.2	2 029.9	1 544.9	488.1	333.5	207.4	20 311.5
Proportion of the population	%	33.1	24.7	19.5	10.0	7.6	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2006										
Females										
0–4 years	000	212.1	154.7	130.1	64.6	44.0	14.8	10.3	8.6	639.3
5–9 years	000	212.7	154.4	132.7	66.0	46.4	15.5	10.2	8.3	646.2
10–14 years	000	219.2	161.6	138.6	69.0	49.1	16.5	10.6	8.0	672.8
15–19 years	000	221.2	167.9	137.2	71.2	50.5	16.4	12.0	7.5	684.0
20–24 years	000	230.8	179.6	143.4	72.6	52.7	15.4	14.5	8.3	717.3
25–29 years	000	232.4	176.5	135.3	68.3	47.4	14.0	13.9	8.9	696.8
30–34 years	000	246.2	186.0	144.0	72.2	50.0	15.1	13.2	8.8	735.5
35–39 years	000	250.3	197.3	151.4	77.7	55.4	17.2	13.1	8.6	770.9
40–44 years	000	248.1	189.5	150.0	77.7	57.0	17.7	12.6	7.7	760.4
45–49 years	000	247.2	185.1	147.7	76.7	58.2	18.8	12.7	7.4	754.1
50–54 years	000	223.1	167.6	133.2	70.4	54.2	17.5	11.7	6.5	684.3
55–59 years	000	204.2	154.8	123.7	62.8	51.3	16.5	10.5	5.0	628.9
60–64 years	000	168.1	124.6	100.0	48.0	42.0	13.7	7.6	3.2	507.4
65–69 years	000	133.6	99.5	75.2	37.7	33.3	10.8	5.3	1.9	397.2
70–74 years	000	112.6	84.2	58.7	30.1	28.2	8.8	4.1	1.1	327.9

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	103.1	76.6	51.8	26.0	26.9	7.8	3.4	0.8	296.3
80–84 years	000	83.3	62.0	40.7	19.9	22.8	6.4	2.9	0.5	238.5
85 or over	000	76.7	57.1	38.1	19.1	21.1	5.9	2.4	0.4	220.7
Total females	000	3 424.9	2 579.1	2 031.9	1 029.8	790.5	249.0	171.0	101.4	10 378.6
Proportion of the population	%	50.5	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.7	50.5	48.1	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	224.7	162.8	137.6	68.1	46.0	15.8	10.9	9.0	674.9
5–9 years	000	223.1	163.0	139.5	70.1	48.1	16.3	10.3	8.8	679.4
10–14 years	000	230.4	170.5	146.2	74.1	51.6	17.6	11.0	8.6	709.9
15–19 years	000	232.8	176.8	143.3	75.8	53.5	17.3	12.7	8.2	720.6
20–24 years	000	237.0	186.6	147.1	77.8	54.9	15.7	15.3	8.9	743.6
25–29 years	000	233.5	179.4	138.0	72.0	49.3	13.5	13.8	8.9	708.6
30–34 years	000	241.9	183.6	143.1	73.8	50.6	14.5	13.2	9.1	729.7
35–39 years	000	245.2	192.3	149.0	79.9	55.8	16.5	13.0	9.1	760.8
40–44 years	000	245.3	185.0	146.3	78.8	56.6	17.0	12.2	8.5	749.9
45–49 years	000	242.1	180.8	144.3	77.1	57.1	18.3	11.9	7.9	739.6
50–54 years	000	220.0	164.5	132.4	71.0	52.8	17.2	11.0	7.0	676.0
55–59 years	000	203.9	150.1	125.7	65.2	49.7	16.5	10.1	6.1	627.3
60–64 years	000	168.0	122.6	103.0	50.5	40.4	13.8	7.4	4.2	509.9
65–69 years	000	129.4	95.9	76.8	38.0	31.1	10.6	5.1	2.6	389.6
70–74 years	000	103.5	76.5	57.1	28.5	25.5	8.2	3.6	1.3	304.1
75–79 years	000	86.0	64.1	45.2	22.7	22.2	6.6	2.9	0.9	250.6
80–84 years	000	57.7	42.9	29.8	14.6	15.5	4.4	1.9	0.4	167.1
85 or over	000	36.8	27.5	19.6	9.1	10.1	2.8	1.2	0.2	107.2
Total males	000	3 361.3	2 524.9	2 023.9	1 047.1	770.8	242.5	167.4	109.6	10 248.9
Proportion of the population	%	49.5	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.3	49.5	51.9	49.7

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
All people										
0–4 years	000	436.8	317.5	267.7	132.6	89.9	30.6	21.2	17.6	1 314.2
5–9 years	000	435.9	317.4	272.2	136.1	94.5	31.8	20.6	17.0	1 325.6
10–14 years	000	449.6	332.1	284.8	143.1	100.6	34.1	21.6	16.6	1 382.7
15–19 years	000	454.0	344.8	280.5	147.0	104.0	33.7	24.7	15.7	1 404.6
20–24 years	000	467.8	366.2	290.5	150.4	107.6	31.1	29.8	17.2	1 460.9
25–29 years	000	465.9	356.0	273.4	140.3	97.0	27.5	27.7	18.0	1 405.4
30–34 years	000	488.1	369.6	287.1	145.9	100.7	29.6	26.3	17.9	1 465.3
35–39 years	000	495.4	389.6	300.4	157.6	111.2	33.7	26.0	17.7	1 531.8
40–44 years	000	493.4	374.6	296.4	156.4	113.6	34.7	24.8	16.2	1 510.3
45–49 years	000	489.4	365.9	292.0	153.9	115.4	37.1	24.6	15.3	1 493.7
50–54 years	000	443.1	332.1	265.5	141.4	106.9	34.8	22.7	13.5	1 360.3
55–59 years	000	408.2	304.9	249.4	127.9	101.0	33.0	20.7	11.1	1 256.3
60–64 years	000	336.2	247.1	203.0	98.5	82.5	27.5	15.0	7.4	1 017.3
65–69 years	000	263.0	195.4	152.0	75.7	64.4	21.4	10.4	4.5	786.9
70–74 years	000	216.1	160.7	115.8	58.6	53.7	17.0	7.7	2.4	632.0
75–79 years	000	189.1	140.7	97.1	48.7	49.1	14.4	6.2	1.6	546.9
80–84 years	000	141.0	105.0	70.5	34.5	38.3	10.8	4.8	0.9	405.7
85 or over	000	113.4	84.5	57.7	28.2	31.2	8.7	3.6	0.6	327.8
Total people	000	6 786.2	5 104.0	4 055.8	2 076.9	1 561.3	491.5	338.4	211.0	20 627.5
Proportion of the population	%	32.9	24.7	19.7	10.1	7.6	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2007										
Females										
0–4 years	000	218.0	159.7	136.3	67.7	45.2	15.1	10.7	8.8	661.5
5–9 years	000	212.3	155.0	134.2	67.0	46.1	15.3	10.2	8.4	648.7
10–14 years	000	218.1	161.2	139.8	69.6	48.8	16.3	10.5	7.9	672.4
15–19 years	000	223.7	170.8	141.5	73.1	51.2	16.5	12.3	7.7	696.9

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	233.4	184.0	146.8	75.6	53.0	15.4	14.6	8.5	731.9
25–29 years	000	239.6	183.1	141.5	72.1	48.8	14.2	14.5	9.3	723.2
30–34 years	000	242.7	184.5	143.9	72.8	49.2	14.7	13.1	8.8	729.7
35–39 years	000	256.5	201.6	157.4	80.4	56.0	17.3	13.5	8.9	791.6
40–44 years	000	244.2	189.2	150.0	78.3	56.3	17.3	12.5	7.8	755.7
45–49 years	000	251.2	188.6	152.1	78.7	58.8	19.0	12.8	7.5	768.8
50–54 years	000	227.3	171.0	136.4	71.9	54.7	17.8	11.7	6.7	697.5
55–59 years	000	205.2	155.3	124.8	63.9	51.3	16.6	10.5	5.2	632.8
60–64 years	000	178.7	133.4	107.1	51.6	44.9	14.7	8.2	3.4	542.1
65–69 years	000	137.1	102.2	78.6	39.0	34.0	11.1	5.5	2.1	409.6
70–74 years	000	115.0	86.1	60.5	31.1	28.8	9.0	4.3	1.2	335.9
75–79 years	000	102.6	76.4	51.9	26.2	26.4	7.8	3.4	0.8	295.5
80–84 years	000	84.4	63.2	41.4	20.5	23.0	6.3	2.9	0.5	242.3
85 or over	000	80.1	59.5	39.6	19.7	22.2	6.1	2.6	0.4	230.2
Total females	000	3 470.2	2 624.9	2 083.9	1 059.0	799.1	250.5	173.8	103.8	10 566.3
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.6	50.5	50.5	47.9	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	230.8	168.0	144.1	71.5	47.2	16.2	11.3	9.2	698.5
5–9 years	000	223.1	163.0	141.4	70.5	48.0	16.2	10.4	8.8	681.5
10–14 years	000	229.2	170.5	147.2	74.4	51.3	17.5	10.9	8.7	709.6
15–19 years	000	237.6	180.6	147.4	77.2	54.2	17.5	12.8	8.4	735.9
20–24 years	000	242.8	195.0	150.4	81.1	56.0	15.9	15.7	9.5	766.4
25–29 years	000	241.8	186.5	144.9	76.6	50.6	13.9	14.4	9.5	738.3
30–34 years	000	238.9	182.9	142.9	74.6	49.9	14.1	13.2	9.3	725.8
35–39 years	000	250.9	195.9	154.9	82.8	56.1	16.6	13.3	9.3	779.9
40–44 years	000	240.7	184.4	147.0	79.6	56.1	16.6	12.1	8.4	745.1
45–49 years	000	246.2	184.1	148.7	79.2	57.6	18.5	12.1	8.1	754.6

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	224.0	167.0	134.7	72.4	53.5	17.4	10.9	7.2	687.2
55–59 years	000	204.0	150.4	126.0	65.5	49.6	16.5	10.1	6.2	628.4
60–64 years	000	179.0	130.5	110.2	54.2	43.1	14.8	8.0	4.4	544.3
65–69 years	000	133.7	99.1	80.2	39.4	32.1	11.1	5.3	2.8	403.8
70–74 years	000	106.1	78.4	59.2	29.4	26.0	8.4	3.8	1.4	312.7
75–79 years	000	86.1	64.2	45.7	22.9	21.9	6.6	2.9	0.9	251.1
80–84 years	000	59.6	44.5	30.6	15.1	16.0	4.5	2.0	0.4	172.8
85 or over	000	39.2	29.4	20.7	9.7	10.6	3.0	1.3	0.2	114.1
Total males	000	3 413.7	2 574.6	2 076.1	1 076.0	779.4	245.3	170.4	112.8	10 449.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.4	49.5	49.5	52.1	49.7
All people										
0–4 years	000	448.8	327.8	280.4	139.2	92.3	31.3	22.0	18.0	1 360.0
5–9 years	000	435.5	318.0	275.6	137.4	94.1	31.5	20.5	17.2	1 330.1
10–14 years	000	447.3	331.7	287.0	144.0	100.1	33.8	21.4	16.6	1 382.0
15–19 years	000	461.4	351.4	289.0	150.2	105.4	34.0	25.1	16.1	1 432.7
20–24 years	000	476.2	379.0	297.2	156.6	109.0	31.3	30.4	18.0	1 498.3
25–29 years	000	481.3	369.6	286.5	148.7	99.4	28.0	28.9	18.8	1 461.5
30–34 years	000	481.6	367.3	286.7	147.4	99.1	28.8	26.4	18.1	1 455.5
35–39 years	000	507.5	397.5	312.2	163.2	112.1	33.9	26.8	18.2	1 571.5
40–44 years	000	484.9	373.6	297.0	157.9	112.4	33.9	24.6	16.2	1 500.8
45–49 years	000	497.4	372.7	300.8	157.9	116.4	37.5	24.9	15.7	1 523.4
50–54 years	000	451.3	338.0	271.1	144.2	108.2	35.2	22.6	13.9	1 384.7
55–59 years	000	409.2	305.7	250.8	129.3	100.8	33.2	20.6	11.4	1 261.2
60–64 years	000	357.7	263.9	217.3	105.8	88.0	29.5	16.2	7.9	1 086.3
65–69 years	000	270.8	201.3	158.8	78.4	66.2	22.2	10.9	4.8	813.5
70–74 years	000	221.1	164.5	119.6	60.5	54.7	17.5	8.0	2.6	648.6
75–79 years	000	188.7	140.5	97.6	49.1	48.4	14.4	6.3	1.6	546.6

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	144.0	107.7	72.0	35.6	39.0	10.9	4.9	0.9	415.0
85 or over	000	119.3	88.9	60.3	29.5	32.8	9.0	3.9	0.6	344.3
Total people	000	6 883.9	5 199.5	4 160.0	2 135.0	1 578.5	495.9	344.2	216.6	21 016.1
Proportion of the population	%	32.8	24.7	19.8	10.2	7.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2008										
Females										
0–4 years	000	224.2	164.4	142.4	71.4	46.3	15.6	10.9	8.9	684.2
5–9 years	000	212.6	156.5	136.3	68.4	45.8	15.2	10.2	8.5	653.6
10–14 years	000	217.4	160.9	141.4	70.8	48.7	16.3	10.4	7.8	673.8
15–19 years	000	225.7	173.4	145.1	74.5	51.8	16.5	12.5	7.8	707.4
20–24 years	000	238.9	191.4	151.5	79.7	54.3	15.6	15.0	8.6	755.0
25–29 years	000	248.8	192.4	149.5	77.5	51.0	14.5	15.1	9.8	758.7
30–34 years	000	242.8	186.0	145.2	75.2	49.0	14.5	13.2	8.9	734.8
35–39 years	000	260.6	204.1	161.6	82.6	55.9	17.3	13.8	9.0	805.1
40–44 years	000	242.5	191.0	151.4	79.7	56.0	17.2	12.6	7.9	758.3
45–49 years	000	253.9	191.3	155.6	80.7	59.0	19.1	12.8	7.7	780.2
50–54 years	000	232.2	174.7	140.0	73.9	55.3	18.0	11.8	6.9	712.9
55–59 years	000	208.4	157.5	126.8	65.5	51.7	16.9	10.6	5.4	642.8
60–64 years	000	186.6	140.0	112.4	54.7	46.7	15.3	8.7	3.7	568.3
65–69 years	000	142.4	105.9	82.6	40.5	35.0	11.5	5.8	2.2	425.9
70–74 years	000	117.9	88.2	62.7	32.3	29.4	9.3	4.4	1.3	345.5
75–79 years	000	101.9	76.5	51.9	26.5	26.1	7.8	3.4	0.8	294.9
80–84 years	000	85.5	64.0	42.3	21.0	23.1	6.3	2.9	0.5	245.6
85 or over	000	83.4	61.9	41.0	20.4	22.9	6.3	2.7	0.4	238.9
Total females	000	3 525.6	2 680.0	2 139.6	1 095.3	808.2	253.1	176.9	106.3	10 785.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.4	50.0	49.6	50.6	50.4	50.4	47.8	50.2

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	236.9	173.3	151.3	74.9	48.2	16.6	11.7	9.4	722.4
5–9 years	000	224.3	163.9	143.6	71.5	47.9	16.1	10.5	8.9	686.8
10–14 years	000	228.8	170.5	148.2	75.2	51.1	17.4	10.8	8.7	710.9
15–19 years	000	240.0	183.4	151.8	78.6	54.5	17.6	13.1	8.6	747.7
20–24 years	000	251.0	204.9	156.3	85.8	57.1	16.2	16.0	10.0	797.4
25–29 years	000	252.8	197.3	154.5	83.5	53.0	14.4	15.1	10.2	781.0
30–34 years	000	239.9	185.3	144.2	77.5	49.8	14.0	13.6	9.4	733.8
35–39 years	000	254.8	198.1	159.5	85.2	55.9	16.5	13.6	9.6	793.4
40–44 years	000	238.5	186.1	148.8	81.4	55.9	16.5	12.2	8.5	748.0
45–49 years	000	249.3	186.5	152.2	81.6	58.0	18.5	12.2	8.3	766.8
50–54 years	000	228.3	170.4	137.8	74.3	54.2	17.8	11.0	7.4	701.3
55–59 years	000	206.1	152.2	127.3	66.4	49.9	16.8	10.1	6.4	635.3
60–64 years	000	187.1	136.5	115.6	57.2	45.0	15.4	8.5	4.7	570.0
65–69 years	000	139.7	102.7	84.1	40.9	33.3	11.7	5.5	2.9	420.8
70–74 years	000	109.5	80.8	61.8	30.7	26.6	8.8	4.0	1.6	323.6
75–79 years	000	86.4	64.4	45.9	22.9	21.7	6.7	2.9	0.8	251.8
80–84 years	000	61.5	46.0	31.5	15.6	16.4	4.7	2.0	0.4	178.2
85 or over	000	41.5	31.1	21.7	10.3	11.2	3.1	1.4	0.2	120.5
Total males	000	3 476.2	2 633.3	2 136.0	1 113.6	789.7	248.7	174.2	116.2	10 689.7
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.6	50.0	50.4	49.4	49.6	49.6	52.2	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	461.2	337.7	293.6	146.3	94.5	32.2	22.7	18.3	1 406.7
5–9 years	000	436.9	320.4	279.9	140.0	93.7	31.2	20.7	17.4	1 340.4
10–14 years	000	446.2	331.4	289.6	146.0	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 384.7
15–19 years	000	465.6	356.8	296.9	153.1	106.3	34.1	25.6	16.5	1 455.1
20–24 years	000	489.8	396.3	307.8	165.5	111.3	31.8	31.0	18.6	1 552.5

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	501.5	389.7	304.0	161.0	104.1	28.8	30.2	20.1	1 539.7
30–34 years	000	482.6	371.2	289.4	152.7	98.7	28.5	26.8	18.4	1 468.6
35–39 years	000	515.4	402.2	321.0	167.9	111.8	33.8	27.5	18.6	1 598.4
40–44 years	000	481.0	377.1	300.2	161.0	111.9	33.7	24.7	16.4	1 506.3
45–49 years	000	503.2	377.8	307.8	162.3	117.0	37.7	25.0	16.0	1 547.0
50–54 years	000	460.5	345.1	277.9	148.2	109.5	35.8	22.8	14.2	1 414.1
55–59 years	000	414.5	309.7	254.1	131.9	101.6	33.7	20.6	11.9	1 278.1
60–64 years	000	373.7	276.6	228.0	111.9	91.7	30.7	17.1	8.4	1 138.3
65–69 years	000	282.1	208.5	166.7	81.4	68.3	23.2	11.3	5.1	846.7
70–74 years	000	227.4	169.0	124.5	62.9	56.0	18.0	8.4	2.8	669.1
75–79 years	000	188.3	140.9	97.8	49.4	47.8	14.6	6.3	1.6	546.7
80–84 years	000	147.0	110.0	73.8	36.6	39.5	11.0	5.0	1.0	423.8
85 or over	000	124.8	93.0	62.7	30.7	34.1	9.3	4.1	0.6	359.4
Total people	000	7 001.8	5 313.3	4 275.6	2 208.9	1 597.9	501.8	351.1	222.5	21 475.6
Proportion of the population	%	32.6	24.7	19.9	10.3	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2009										
Females										
0–4 years	000	229.0	168.8	145.9	73.9	47.2	15.8	11.2	9.0	700.9
5–9 years	000	213.4	157.9	138.6	69.4	45.8	15.0	10.3	8.6	658.9
10–14 years	000	216.9	160.8	142.1	71.6	48.6	16.2	10.4	7.8	674.5
15–19 years	000	226.0	174.5	147.3	74.9	51.9	16.5	12.5	7.8	711.4
20–24 years	000	243.5	198.2	155.3	82.4	55.5	15.7	15.5	8.8	775.0
25–29 years	000	255.8	201.6	156.2	81.8	53.4	14.9	15.7	10.3	789.6
30–34 years	000	244.2	188.9	147.1	77.0	49.4	14.3	13.6	9.1	743.7
35–39 years	000	261.5	204.5	162.6	83.4	55.2	17.1	14.0	9.1	807.5
40–44 years	000	244.0	194.5	153.9	81.2	56.2	17.2	12.7	8.2	768.0
45–49 years	000	254.3	192.7	157.2	81.8	58.7	18.9	12.7	7.7	784.0

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	237.0	178.8	143.6	75.8	56.3	18.3	12.0	7.0	729.0
55–59 years	000	212.0	160.2	128.8	67.0	52.1	17.1	10.6	5.7	653.6
60–64 years	000	192.1	145.0	116.5	57.5	48.1	15.8	9.0	3.9	587.9
65–69 years	000	148.9	110.6	87.3	42.4	36.4	12.1	6.1	2.4	446.2
70–74 years	000	120.9	90.5	65.4	33.5	30.2	9.5	4.5	1.3	355.8
75–79 years	000	101.7	76.6	52.2	26.9	25.8	7.9	3.5	0.8	295.4
80–84 years	000	86.4	64.9	43.1	21.5	23.1	6.4	2.9	0.5	248.8
85 or over	000	87.3	64.5	42.8	21.3	23.9	6.5	2.9	0.4	249.4
Total females	000	3 574.9	2 733.2	2 186.0	1 123.3	817.7	255.0	180.0	108.5	10 979.6
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.4	50.1	49.6	50.5	50.4	50.3	47.6	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	241.5	177.5	155.3	77.3	49.3	16.7	12.2	9.6	739.7
5–9 years	000	225.9	165.8	146.1	72.4	47.9	16.0	10.7	9.0	693.8
10–14 years	000	228.8	170.0	148.9	75.5	50.9	17.2	10.7	8.7	710.8
15–19 years	000	239.4	184.2	154.0	78.9	54.6	17.7	13.1	8.8	750.8
20–24 years	000	255.7	212.1	160.5	89.1	58.6	16.5	16.5	10.5	819.6
25–29 years	000	259.8	207.5	161.3	88.7	55.5	14.8	15.7	11.0	814.7
30–34 years	000	242.4	188.7	145.6	79.6	50.3	14.0	13.8	9.5	744.1
35–39 years	000	256.0	198.3	160.6	85.4	55.3	16.2	13.7	9.7	795.3
40–44 years	000	238.9	189.4	151.2	83.1	56.2	16.6	12.4	8.7	756.6
45–49 years	000	249.9	187.3	153.6	82.6	58.1	18.4	12.2	8.4	770.5
50–54 years	000	232.7	174.2	141.3	76.1	55.1	18.2	11.2	7.5	716.3
55–59 years	000	209.0	154.7	128.6	67.5	50.3	17.0	10.1	6.6	643.9
60–64 years	000	192.5	140.9	119.2	59.4	46.5	15.8	8.9	5.0	588.3
65–69 years	000	146.5	106.7	88.9	42.8	34.7	12.2	5.8	3.1	440.8
70–74 years	000	113.6	83.8	64.9	32.0	27.4	9.2	4.2	1.7	336.7
75–79 years	000	86.7	64.6	46.3	23.1	21.6	6.8	2.9	0.9	252.8

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	63.3	47.5	32.5	16.1	16.8	4.8	2.1	0.5	183.5
85 or over	000	44.1	33.0	22.8	11.0	11.9	3.3	1.5	0.2	127.8
Total males	000	3 526.6	2 686.0	2 181.5	1 140.5	800.9	251.4	177.8	119.3	10 886.0
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.6	49.9	50.4	49.5	49.6	49.7	52.4	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	470.5	346.3	301.3	151.2	96.5	32.5	23.4	18.6	1 440.5
5–9 years	000	439.3	323.6	284.6	141.8	93.7	31.0	21.0	17.6	1 352.7
10–14 years	000	445.7	330.8	291.0	147.1	99.5	33.4	21.2	16.5	1 385.4
15–19 years	000	465.4	358.7	301.3	153.8	106.5	34.2	25.6	16.6	1 462.2
20–24 years	000	499.2	410.2	315.8	171.5	114.1	32.3	31.9	19.3	1 594.6
25–29 years	000	515.6	409.0	317.5	170.5	108.9	29.8	31.4	21.3	1 604.3
30–34 years	000	486.6	377.6	292.7	156.6	99.7	28.3	27.4	18.6	1 487.8
35–39 years	000	517.5	402.8	323.2	168.9	110.6	33.3	27.7	18.7	1 602.8
40–44 years	000	482.9	383.9	305.1	164.3	112.3	33.8	25.1	16.9	1 524.6
45–49 years	000	504.1	379.9	310.8	164.4	116.8	37.3	24.9	16.1	1 554.5
50–54 years	000	469.7	353.0	284.9	151.9	111.3	36.5	23.2	14.6	1 445.3
55–59 years	000	421.0	314.9	257.4	134.5	102.4	34.1	20.7	12.3	1 297.5
60–64 years	000	384.5	285.9	235.7	116.9	94.6	31.6	17.9	8.9	1 176.2
65–69 years	000	295.4	217.3	176.2	85.2	71.1	24.3	12.0	5.4	887.0
70–74 years	000	234.5	174.2	130.3	65.5	57.6	18.6	8.7	3.0	692.5
75–79 years	000	188.3	141.2	98.5	50.0	47.4	14.7	6.4	1.7	548.2
80–84 years	000	149.7	112.3	75.5	37.6	39.9	11.2	5.0	1.0	432.3
85 or over	000	131.4	97.6	65.6	32.2	35.7	9.7	4.4	0.6	377.2
Total people	000	7 101.5	5 419.2	4 367.5	2 263.7	1 618.6	506.5	357.9	227.8	21 865.6
Proportion of the population	%	32.5	24.8	20.0	10.4	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
31 December 2010										
Females										
0–4 years	000	230.6	170.8	147.2	75.5	47.7	15.6	11.5	8.9	707.9
5–9 years	000	215.7	160.3	141.2	71.2	46.1	15.0	10.4	8.6	668.4
10–14 years	000	216.6	160.7	142.7	72.5	48.3	16.1	10.4	7.8	675.2
15–19 years	000	224.2	173.4	147.8	75.1	51.6	16.3	12.3	7.6	708.4
20–24 years	000	244.6	200.1	157.5	84.1	55.8	15.8	16.1	8.8	782.9
25–29 years	000	258.8	207.2	159.8	85.8	54.8	15.2	16.0	10.4	808.1
30–34 years	000	247.4	193.1	149.4	79.5	50.1	14.4	14.1	9.2	757.4
35–39 years	000	259.1	202.0	161.1	83.5	54.0	16.6	13.9	8.9	799.1
40–44 years	000	249.1	200.0	158.4	83.9	56.6	17.4	13.0	8.4	786.9
45–49 years	000	251.8	192.8	157.0	82.3	58.1	18.4	12.7	7.7	780.9
50–54 years	000	242.2	182.8	147.5	77.7	57.2	18.8	12.1	7.1	745.5
55–59 years	000	216.4	163.6	131.1	69.2	52.5	17.3	10.6	5.9	666.7
60–64 years	000	197.3	149.6	120.1	60.3	49.3	16.2	9.4	4.1	606.3
65–69 years	000	156.0	115.9	92.5	44.3	38.3	12.7	6.5	2.5	468.6
70–74 years	000	123.8	92.5	68.0	34.6	30.7	9.8	4.7	1.5	365.6
75–79 years	000	102.4	77.0	53.0	27.6	25.6	7.9	3.6	0.9	297.9
80–84 years	000	87.4	65.6	43.7	22.1	22.9	6.4	3.0	0.6	251.7
85 or over	000	91.1	67.1	44.5	22.2	24.7	6.6	3.1	0.4	259.8
Total females	000	3 614.3	2 774.8	2 222.5	1 151.2	824.4	256.4	183.5	109.3	11 137.5
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.5	50.3	50.3	47.5	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	243.0	180.1	156.0	78.8	49.7	16.6	12.4	9.6	746.3
5–9 years	000	228.8	168.4	149.0	73.9	48.3	16.1	11.0	9.0	704.5
10–14 years	000	228.9	169.5	149.6	75.7	50.4	17.1	10.7	8.6	710.5
15–19 years	000	237.7	182.2	154.5	78.9	54.4	17.6	13.0	8.7	747.3

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	254.4	210.9	161.7	90.6	58.8	16.6	16.9	10.8	821.0
25–29 years	000	262.3	212.3	164.0	93.6	56.8	15.2	16.4	11.4	832.3
30–34 years	000	246.2	192.9	148.0	82.7	51.0	14.0	14.2	9.6	758.9
35–39 years	000	254.1	196.5	158.8	85.5	54.1	15.8	13.8	9.6	788.3
40–44 years	000	243.2	194.0	155.6	85.9	56.9	16.9	12.9	8.9	774.4
45–49 years	000	247.5	187.1	153.2	83.4	57.5	18.0	12.2	8.4	767.3
50–54 years	000	237.7	177.4	144.6	78.1	55.9	18.5	11.5	7.7	731.5
55–59 years	000	212.8	158.1	130.5	69.1	50.8	17.3	10.1	6.7	655.5
60–64 years	000	197.3	144.4	122.3	61.7	47.8	16.4	9.1	5.3	604.3
65–69 years	000	154.0	111.6	93.7	44.9	36.4	12.8	6.1	3.2	462.8
70–74 years	000	118.0	86.8	68.3	33.3	28.2	9.7	4.3	1.9	350.6
75–79 years	000	87.7	65.1	47.2	23.5	21.6	6.9	3.0	0.9	256.0
80–84 years	000	65.0	48.7	33.4	16.6	16.9	4.9	2.1	0.5	188.3
85 or over	000	47.0	35.0	24.0	11.6	12.5	3.5	1.6	0.2	135.4
Total males	000	3 565.6	2 721.0	2 214.4	1 167.9	808.0	253.8	181.3	121.0	11 035.0
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.5	49.7	49.7	52.5	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	473.7	350.9	303.3	154.4	97.3	32.1	23.9	18.5	1 454.2
5–9 years	000	444.5	328.7	290.1	145.1	94.3	31.0	21.4	17.6	1 372.9
10–14 years	000	445.5	330.2	292.3	148.1	98.7	33.1	21.1	16.4	1 385.7
15–19 years	000	462.0	355.6	302.3	154.0	105.9	34.0	25.3	16.3	1 455.6
20–24 years	000	499.0	411.0	319.2	174.7	114.6	32.4	33.1	19.6	1 603.9
25–29 years	000	521.1	419.6	323.7	179.4	111.6	30.4	32.4	21.8	1 640.4
30–34 years	000	493.6	386.1	297.4	162.2	101.0	28.5	28.3	18.9	1 516.3
35–39 years	000	513.2	398.4	319.9	168.9	108.1	32.4	27.7	18.5	1 587.4
40–44 years	000	492.2	393.9	314.0	169.8	113.5	34.4	25.9	17.3	1 561.3
45–49 years	000	499.3	379.9	310.2	165.7	115.6	36.4	24.9	16.1	1 548.2

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	479.9	360.2	292.1	155.8	113.1	37.3	23.6	14.8	1 477.0
55–59 years	000	429.1	321.7	261.6	138.3	103.4	34.7	20.7	12.5	1 322.2
60–64 years	000	394.6	294.0	242.3	121.9	97.1	32.6	18.4	9.5	1 210.6
65–69 years	000	309.9	227.4	186.2	89.2	74.8	25.5	12.7	5.7	931.4
70–74 years	000	241.8	179.3	136.3	67.9	59.0	19.4	9.1	3.3	716.2
75–79 years	000	190.1	142.2	100.2	51.1	47.2	14.8	6.6	1.8	554.0
80–84 years	000	152.4	114.4	77.1	38.8	39.9	11.3	5.1	1.1	440.0
85 or over	000	138.1	102.2	68.6	33.8	37.3	10.1	4.7	0.6	395.2
Total people	000	7 179.9	5 495.7	4 436.9	2 319.1	1 632.5	510.2	364.8	230.3	22 172.5
Proportion of the population	%	32.4	24.8	20.0	10.5	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2011										
Females										
0–4 years	000	230.7	172.3	149.2	77.6	48.1	15.4	11.8	8.9	714.0
5–9 years	000	216.6	162.2	142.9	73.1	46.2	14.8	10.6	8.5	675.0
10–14 years	000	215.3	160.0	143.3	73.1	47.7	15.8	10.3	7.9	673.5
15–19 years	000	224.3	173.6	148.9	76.0	51.5	16.2	11.9	7.6	710.0
20–24 years	000	245.5	201.3	160.1	86.2	55.8	15.6	16.3	8.7	789.6
25–29 years	000	260.3	212.0	162.9	90.7	55.5	15.1	16.3	10.4	823.2
30–34 years	000	252.3	199.1	152.7	83.6	51.0	14.6	14.7	9.4	777.6
35–39 years	000	254.0	198.6	158.8	83.4	52.5	15.9	13.8	8.8	785.9
40–44 years	000	256.1	206.1	164.1	87.2	57.6	17.7	13.5	8.6	811.1
45–49 years	000	249.2	193.3	156.8	83.1	57.5	17.9	12.7	7.7	778.4
50–54 years	000	247.4	186.9	151.9	79.9	58.1	19.1	12.4	7.3	762.9
55–59 years	000	221.1	167.2	133.8	71.4	53.2	17.7	10.7	6.0	681.3
60–64 years	000	202.7	154.2	123.8	63.2	50.5	16.6	9.6	4.4	625.1
65–69 years	000	164.8	122.9	98.7	47.2	40.8	13.4	7.0	2.6	497.4
70–74 years	000	126.6	95.0	71.2	36.0	31.3	10.1	4.9	1.6	376.6

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	103.4	78.1	54.2	28.2	25.7	8.0	3.7	0.9	302.2
80–84 years	000	87.4	65.7	44.2	22.6	22.7	6.4	3.0	0.6	252.5
85 or over	000	93.9	69.9	46.1	23.2	25.6	6.8	3.2	0.4	269.2
Total females	000	3 651.6	2 818.5	2 263.6	1 185.5	831.2	257.0	186.4	110.5	11 305.3
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.6	50.2	49.7	50.5	50.2	50.3	47.5	50.3
Males										
0–4 years	000	243.1	181.9	157.9	81.2	50.1	16.5	12.6	9.6	752.9
5–9 years	000	230.1	170.6	151.1	75.9	48.4	15.9	11.3	8.9	712.4
10–14 years	000	227.6	168.6	150.4	76.1	49.8	16.8	10.7	8.6	708.7
15–19 years	000	237.5	181.5	155.5	79.7	54.0	17.6	12.6	8.6	747.1
20–24 years	000	253.9	209.5	163.3	92.3	58.9	16.5	17.1	10.5	822.2
25–29 years	000	262.5	216.0	165.7	99.1	57.6	15.3	16.8	11.5	845.0
30–34 years	000	251.3	199.0	152.2	87.5	51.9	14.1	14.7	10.0	781.0
35–39 years	000	250.2	194.5	156.4	85.7	52.7	15.3	13.8	9.4	778.1
40–44 years	000	248.8	198.6	160.4	89.4	57.6	17.2	13.3	9.1	794.5
45–49 years	000	245.2	187.5	153.5	84.7	57.2	17.5	12.2	8.4	766.4
50–54 years	000	242.4	181.0	148.6	80.3	56.8	18.7	11.8	7.9	747.5
55–59 years	000	216.3	161.0	132.1	70.7	51.3	17.4	10.1	6.7	665.8
60–64 years	000	199.9	146.6	124.2	63.5	48.3	16.8	9.1	5.5	614.0
65–69 years	000	163.0	118.4	99.7	47.9	38.8	13.7	6.6	3.4	491.5
70–74 years	000	119.3	88.3	70.2	34.2	28.4	10.0	4.5	2.0	357.0
75–79 years	000	89.2	66.3	48.6	24.1	21.9	6.9	3.1	1.0	261.2
80–84 years	000	65.9	49.3	34.1	17.0	16.9	5.0	2.2	0.6	191.0
85 or over	000	49.8	37.3	25.4	12.4	13.3	3.7	1.7	0.2	143.9
Total males	000	3 596.1	2 756.0	2 249.4	1 201.7	813.9	254.7	184.3	121.9	11 180.0
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.4	49.8	50.3	49.5	49.8	49.7	52.5	49.7

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
All people										
0–4 years	000	473.8	354.2	307.2	158.7	98.1	31.9	24.4	18.5	1 466.9
5–9 years	000	446.7	332.8	294.0	149.0	94.6	30.7	21.9	17.4	1 387.4
10–14 years	000	442.9	328.7	293.7	149.2	97.5	32.6	21.0	16.5	1 382.2
15–19 years	000	461.8	355.1	304.3	155.7	105.4	33.8	24.6	16.2	1 457.0
20–24 years	000	499.4	410.8	323.5	178.5	114.7	32.1	33.5	19.2	1 611.8
25–29 years	000	522.8	428.0	328.6	189.8	113.1	30.3	33.1	22.0	1 668.2
30–34 years	000	503.6	398.1	304.9	171.1	102.9	28.8	29.5	19.4	1 558.6
35–39 years	000	504.2	393.2	315.2	169.1	105.2	31.1	27.6	18.2	1 564.0
40–44 years	000	504.9	404.7	324.5	176.6	115.1	34.9	26.8	17.7	1 605.6
45–49 years	000	494.4	380.8	310.3	167.8	114.7	35.4	24.9	16.1	1 544.7
50–54 years	000	489.8	367.9	300.4	160.2	114.9	37.8	24.1	15.1	1 510.4
55–59 years	000	437.4	328.2	266.0	142.0	104.5	35.1	20.8	12.8	1 347.0
60–64 years	000	402.7	300.8	248.0	126.7	98.8	33.4	18.7	9.9	1 239.1
65–69 years	000	327.8	241.3	198.4	95.1	79.6	27.1	13.6	6.1	988.9
70–74 years	000	245.9	183.4	141.4	70.2	59.7	20.0	9.3	3.6	733.6
75–79 years	000	192.6	144.4	102.8	52.3	47.6	14.9	6.8	1.9	563.4
80–84 years	000	153.3	114.9	78.3	39.6	39.6	11.4	5.2	1.2	443.5
85 or over	000	143.6	107.2	71.5	35.6	38.9	10.5	4.9	0.7	413.0
Total people	000	7 247.7	5 574.5	4 513.0	2 387.2	1 645.0	511.7	370.7	232.4	22 485.3
Proportion of the population	%	32.2	24.8	20.1	10.6	7.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2012										
Females										
0–4 years	000	232.3	177.1	151.8	80.5	48.5	15.2	12.3	9.0	726.8
5–9 years	000	223.1	167.9	148.4	77.0	47.4	15.0	11.1	8.6	698.7
10–14 years	000	216.6	161.7	145.0	74.7	47.7	15.6	10.5	8.1	680.0
15–19 years	000	224.9	173.0	149.7	76.9	51.1	16.1	11.7	7.5	710.9

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	247.2	202.5	164.3	88.8	55.9	15.3	16.2	8.7	799.0
25–29 years	000	263.4	217.3	166.9	97.1	56.2	14.9	16.8	10.7	843.4
30–34 years	000	259.7	207.2	158.3	89.4	52.5	14.7	15.5	9.8	807.3
35–39 years	000	250.6	197.1	157.3	84.3	51.6	15.2	13.9	8.8	778.9
40–44 years	000	262.9	210.4	169.3	90.1	58.1	17.8	14.0	8.8	831.5
45–49 years	000	244.8	192.5	155.7	83.3	56.7	17.5	12.7	7.6	770.9
50–54 years	000	250.9	190.2	155.7	82.0	58.6	19.1	12.5	7.4	776.4
55–59 years	000	226.6	171.5	137.2	73.1	54.1	17.9	10.8	6.3	697.5
60–64 years	000	201.5	153.0	123.0	63.2	49.8	16.4	9.6	4.5	621.1
65–69 years	000	175.0	131.3	105.2	50.7	43.5	14.3	7.6	2.9	530.5
70–74 years	000	131.1	98.4	75.0	37.5	32.3	10.4	5.1	1.7	391.6
75–79 years	000	105.3	79.5	55.6	28.9	26.2	8.1	3.9	1.0	308.5
80–84 years	000	86.8	65.4	44.2	22.7	22.2	6.4	3.0	0.6	251.4
85 or over	000	97.8	72.8	47.8	24.3	26.4	6.9	3.4	0.5	279.9
Total females	000	3 700.4	2 869.1	2 310.5	1 224.4	838.8	256.9	190.6	112.3	11 504.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.5	50.5	50.1	50.2	47.4	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	244.6	187.0	160.3	84.6	51.0	16.3	13.3	9.7	766.8
5–9 years	000	236.9	176.9	157.2	80.2	49.6	16.2	11.8	9.1	738.1
10–14 years	000	229.0	169.7	152.6	77.2	49.9	16.6	10.8	8.7	714.5
15–19 years	000	238.4	182.2	156.9	81.2	53.6	17.6	12.3	8.7	750.9
20–24 years	000	256.4	209.4	167.0	94.9	58.8	16.4	17.2	10.5	830.8
25–29 years	000	264.4	220.0	169.6	106.7	58.4	15.1	17.2	11.8	863.5
30–34 years	000	258.7	207.1	158.5	95.2	53.4	14.3	15.6	10.6	813.7
35–39 years	000	247.0	194.4	155.0	87.1	51.8	14.7	14.0	9.3	773.5
40–44 years	000	255.9	203.8	166.1	93.4	58.2	17.3	13.8	9.4	818.2
45–49 years	000	240.1	186.5	152.6	85.4	56.4	16.9	12.2	8.3	758.4

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	245.7	184.5	152.0	82.4	57.3	18.7	12.0	8.0	760.7
55–59 years	000	221.7	165.2	135.1	72.9	52.3	17.6	10.3	6.9	682.0
60–64 years	000	198.6	146.4	123.8	63.6	47.9	16.7	9.0	5.6	611.6
65–69 years	000	173.2	125.9	106.3	51.5	41.3	14.5	7.2	3.7	523.7
70–74 years	000	125.7	92.9	75.0	36.3	29.9	10.5	4.8	2.2	377.4
75–79 years	000	92.5	68.8	51.0	25.3	22.6	7.2	3.3	1.1	271.8
80–84 years	000	66.3	49.5	34.6	17.3	16.7	5.0	2.2	0.6	192.3
85 or over	000	53.5	40.3	27.0	13.3	14.2	3.9	1.8	0.3	154.2
Total males	000	3 648.5	2 810.5	2 300.5	1 248.3	823.4	255.5	188.9	124.5	11 402.2
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.5	49.5	49.9	49.8	52.6	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	476.8	364.1	312.0	165.1	99.5	31.5	25.6	18.7	1 493.5
5–9 years	000	460.0	344.8	305.6	157.2	97.1	31.3	22.9	17.7	1 436.7
10–14 years	000	445.6	331.4	297.5	151.9	97.6	32.2	21.3	16.8	1 394.5
15–19 years	000	463.3	355.2	306.6	158.0	104.7	33.6	24.0	16.2	1 461.8
20–24 years	000	503.5	411.9	331.3	183.7	114.7	31.7	33.5	19.2	1 629.8
25–29 years	000	527.8	437.3	336.5	203.7	114.6	30.0	34.1	22.4	1 706.9
30–34 years	000	518.5	414.4	316.8	184.6	105.8	29.0	31.1	20.4	1 621.0
35–39 years	000	497.6	391.6	312.4	171.4	103.5	29.9	27.8	18.1	1 552.5
40–44 years	000	518.8	414.2	335.4	183.5	116.3	35.1	27.8	18.2	1 649.7
45–49 years	000	484.9	379.0	308.3	168.7	113.0	34.3	24.9	15.9	1 529.3
50–54 years	000	496.6	374.7	307.6	164.3	115.9	37.8	24.5	15.4	1 537.0
55–59 years	000	448.2	336.7	272.3	145.9	106.4	35.5	21.2	13.1	1 379.6
60–64 years	000	400.1	299.4	246.8	126.8	97.7	33.1	18.6	10.1	1 232.8
65–69 years	000	348.2	257.3	211.5	102.2	84.8	28.7	14.8	6.6	1 054.2
70–74 years	000	256.8	191.3	150.1	73.8	62.2	21.0	9.9	3.9	769.0
75–79 years	000	197.8	148.3	106.6	54.2	48.8	15.4	7.1	2.0	580.3

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	153.1	114.9	78.8	40.0	38.9	11.4	5.2	1.2	443.7
85 or over	000	151.2	113.1	74.8	37.6	40.6	10.8	5.3	0.7	434.1
Total people	000	7 348.9	5 679.6	4 610.9	2 472.7	1 662.2	512.4	379.6	236.9	22 906.4
Proportion of the population	%	32.1	24.8	20.1	10.8	7.3	2.2	1.7	1.0	100.0
31 December 2013										
Females										
0–4 years	000	238.0	180.1	154.4	82.9	48.6	15.1	12.7	9.2	741.1
5–9 years	000	227.9	172.3	152.0	80.0	48.2	15.3	11.4	8.7	715.8
10–14 years	000	217.5	163.3	145.9	75.6	47.4	15.4	10.6	8.3	684.1
15–19 years	000	226.3	173.5	151.2	78.0	51.0	16.2	11.3	7.6	715.1
20–24 years	000	249.6	204.8	165.5	90.2	55.7	15.0	16.0	8.7	805.7
25–29 years	000	267.6	223.2	170.1	102.5	56.5	14.8	16.9	11.0	862.7
30–34 years	000	267.9	216.4	164.1	95.5	54.2	14.9	16.0	10.2	839.2
35–39 years	000	250.3	198.3	156.6	86.4	51.2	14.8	14.0	8.9	780.5
40–44 years	000	266.2	212.4	171.6	91.5	57.8	17.6	14.2	8.9	840.3
45–49 years	000	243.9	194.9	156.5	84.7	56.5	17.3	12.7	7.7	774.4
50–54 years	000	253.6	192.9	158.4	83.7	58.8	19.1	12.5	7.4	786.5
55–59 years	000	231.9	175.8	140.7	74.8	55.0	18.2	11.0	6.4	713.9
60–64 years	000	205.3	156.1	125.4	64.7	50.6	16.7	9.7	4.7	633.2
65–69 years	000	182.3	137.4	109.9	53.6	45.5	14.9	8.1	3.1	554.7
70–74 years	000	136.0	102.1	79.2	38.9	33.4	10.9	5.4	1.8	407.8
75–79 years	000	107.9	81.4	57.7	30.0	26.9	8.3	4.0	1.0	317.2
80–84 years	000	86.3	65.7	44.4	23.0	21.9	6.5	3.0	0.6	251.5
85 or over	000	100.7	74.9	49.4	25.1	26.9	6.9	3.5	0.5	288.0
Total females	000	3 759.3	2 925.6	2 352.9	1 261.2	845.9	257.9	193.1	114.7	11 711.6
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.2	49.4	50.4	50.2	50.3	47.3	50.2

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	251.4	190.6	162.1	86.9	51.6	16.1	13.7	9.9	782.4
5–9 years	000	241.4	181.6	161.3	83.4	50.4	16.5	12.2	9.2	756.1
10–14 years	000	230.2	171.2	153.9	78.0	49.8	16.4	10.9	8.7	719.1
15–19 years	000	239.6	183.2	158.3	83.1	53.5	17.5	11.8	8.8	756.0
20–24 years	000	260.1	212.4	169.4	96.6	58.9	16.4	16.8	10.6	841.1
25–29 years	000	268.6	223.9	170.9	112.4	58.8	14.9	17.1	12.5	879.5
30–34 years	000	266.6	216.1	163.5	103.2	55.1	14.4	16.1	11.5	846.9
35–39 years	000	247.0	196.2	153.6	90.0	51.5	14.4	14.2	9.5	776.7
40–44 years	000	259.1	205.4	168.4	95.4	57.5	17.0	14.0	9.6	826.6
45–49 years	000	238.5	188.9	153.4	86.9	56.2	16.7	12.3	8.3	761.3
50–54 years	000	247.9	186.7	154.4	84.2	57.4	18.6	12.1	8.1	769.6
55–59 years	000	226.0	169.0	137.8	74.6	53.0	17.9	10.5	7.0	695.9
60–64 years	000	200.8	148.7	124.7	64.6	48.4	16.8	9.1	5.7	618.9
65–69 years	000	180.1	131.6	110.8	54.2	43.1	15.0	7.6	4.0	546.5
70–74 years	000	130.6	96.1	78.5	37.8	31.0	11.0	5.0	2.3	392.3
75–79 years	000	95.8	71.4	53.6	26.7	23.4	7.6	3.5	1.2	283.2
80–84 years	000	66.7	50.2	35.2	17.5	16.8	5.1	2.3	0.6	194.3
85 or over	000	55.8	42.2	28.4	14.1	14.8	4.0	2.0	0.3	161.6
Total males	000	3 706.2	2 865.4	2 338.0	1 289.7	831.4	256.1	191.0	127.9	11 607.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.8	50.6	49.6	49.8	49.7	52.7	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	489.4	370.8	316.4	169.9	100.2	31.2	26.4	19.0	1 523.4
5–9 years	000	469.3	353.9	313.3	163.3	98.6	31.9	23.5	17.9	1 471.9
10–14 years	000	447.7	334.5	299.8	153.6	97.2	31.7	21.5	17.0	1 403.2
15–19 years	000	465.9	356.7	309.4	161.1	104.5	33.7	23.1	16.4	1 471.0
20–24 years	000	509.7	417.2	334.9	186.8	114.5	31.4	32.8	19.3	1 646.9

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	536.2	447.1	341.0	215.0	115.2	29.7	34.1	23.5	1 742.2
30–34 years	000	534.5	432.5	327.6	198.6	109.3	29.2	32.1	21.8	1 686.0
35–39 years	000	497.4	394.4	310.2	176.4	102.7	29.2	28.2	18.4	1 557.1
40–44 years	000	525.3	417.8	339.9	187.0	115.4	34.6	28.2	18.5	1 666.9
45–49 years	000	482.4	383.8	309.9	171.6	112.8	34.0	25.0	16.0	1 535.7
50–54 years	000	501.5	379.6	312.8	167.9	116.2	37.7	24.6	15.5	1 556.0
55–59 years	000	458.0	344.8	278.5	149.4	108.0	36.1	21.5	13.4	1 409.8
60–64 years	000	406.1	304.8	250.1	129.3	99.0	33.5	18.8	10.3	1 252.1
65–69 years	000	362.3	269.0	220.8	107.7	88.6	29.9	15.6	7.1	1 101.2
70–74 years	000	266.7	198.2	157.6	76.8	64.4	21.8	10.4	4.1	800.1
75–79 years	000	203.7	152.8	111.3	56.7	50.2	15.9	7.5	2.2	600.4
80–84 years	000	153.0	115.9	79.6	40.6	38.6	11.5	5.3	1.2	445.8
85 or over	000	156.5	117.2	77.8	39.2	41.7	10.9	5.5	0.8	449.6
Total people	000	7 465.5	5 791.0	4 690.9	2 550.9	1 677.3	514.0	384.1	242.6	23 319.4
Proportion of the population	%	32.0	24.8	20.1	10.9	7.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	100.0
31 December 2014										
Females										
0–4 years	000	235.6	182.2	154.8	84.1	49.0	15.0	13.2	9.3	743.2
5–9 years	000	232.7	176.3	154.7	81.7	48.8	15.5	11.7	8.7	730.3
10–14 years	000	218.8	165.0	147.4	75.9	47.2	15.1	10.6	8.2	688.3
15–19 years	000	227.4	174.8	151.3	77.9	51.0	16.1	11.3	7.5	717.3
20–24 years	000	252.3	206.1	165.3	87.9	55.5	14.9	15.4	8.5	805.8
25–29 years	000	271.4	226.9	170.8	102.3	56.7	14.6	17.0	10.8	870.5
30–34 years	000	275.2	224.0	168.2	98.3	55.9	15.0	16.3	10.4	863.3
35–39 years	000	252.3	200.5	156.8	87.6	51.4	14.6	14.1	8.9	786.1
40–44 years	000	266.5	212.2	171.3	91.1	56.8	17.3	14.2	8.7	838.2
45–49 years	000	245.9	198.5	158.5	85.8	56.8	17.3	12.9	7.9	783.5

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	254.2	194.4	159.1	84.1	58.6	18.9	12.5	7.4	789.2
55–59 years	000	237.1	179.7	144.2	76.4	56.0	18.5	11.3	6.5	729.6
60–64 years	000	210.5	159.5	127.8	66.4	51.3	17.0	9.8	4.9	647.2
65–69 years	000	188.2	142.2	113.9	56.0	46.8	15.4	8.4	3.3	574.2
70–74 years	000	142.9	106.7	84.0	40.7	34.9	11.4	5.8	2.0	428.4
75–79 years	000	111.0	83.5	60.2	31.2	27.6	8.5	4.2	1.1	327.2
80–84 years	000	86.4	65.7	44.8	23.3	21.7	6.5	3.1	0.7	252.1
85 or over	000	103.4	76.3	51.1	26.1	27.3	7.0	3.6	0.5	295.4
Total females	000	3 811.5	2 974.3	2 384.3	1 276.6	853.2	258.5	195.1	115.2	11 869.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.4	50.5	50.2	49.5	50.4	50.2	50.3	47.2	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	249.4	192.9	162.8	88.3	52.0	15.8	13.9	9.8	785.0
5–9 years	000	245.9	185.9	164.3	85.4	51.2	16.7	12.5	9.3	771.2
10–14 years	000	232.0	173.4	155.6	78.7	49.7	16.2	11.0	8.7	725.3
15–19 years	000	240.8	184.2	158.4	83.0	53.4	17.4	11.6	8.7	757.7
20–24 years	000	264.0	215.3	171.0	94.7	58.7	16.5	16.2	10.3	846.7
25–29 years	000	271.3	226.6	170.9	110.9	59.0	14.8	16.9	12.6	883.2
30–34 years	000	272.9	222.4	166.6	106.3	56.7	14.4	16.5	11.9	868.1
35–39 years	000	248.9	198.5	153.1	91.5	51.6	14.2	14.2	9.8	782.1
40–44 years	000	259.6	204.8	167.8	94.6	56.3	16.5	14.1	9.7	823.4
45–49 years	000	239.4	192.4	155.0	88.1	56.4	16.6	12.5	8.5	769.0
50–54 years	000	247.4	187.6	154.9	84.7	57.3	18.4	12.0	8.1	770.5
55–59 years	000	230.2	172.5	140.5	76.1	53.9	18.2	10.6	7.0	709.1
60–64 years	000	204.1	151.4	126.0	65.8	48.9	16.9	9.2	5.8	628.3
65–69 years	000	185.2	135.5	114.2	56.2	44.6	15.4	8.0	4.2	563.4
70–74 years	000	137.2	99.7	82.7	39.6	32.4	11.4	5.2	2.5	410.7
75–79 years	000	100.0	74.1	56.8	28.1	24.2	8.0	3.7	1.3	296.1

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	67.2	50.5	35.9	17.9	16.8	5.2	2.4	0.6	196.4
85 or over	000	58.4	44.4	29.8	15.0	15.3	4.2	2.1	0.4	169.5
Total males	000	3 754.0	2 912.2	2 366.2	1 304.6	838.3	256.7	192.5	129.1	11 755.7
Proportion of the population	%	49.6	49.5	49.8	50.5	49.6	49.8	49.7	52.8	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	485.0	375.1	317.6	172.4	101.0	30.8	27.0	19.0	1 528.1
5–9 years	000	478.5	362.3	319.0	167.1	100.0	32.2	24.2	18.0	1 501.5
10–14 years	000	450.8	338.4	303.0	154.6	96.9	31.3	21.5	16.9	1 413.6
15–19 years	000	468.2	359.0	309.7	160.8	104.5	33.5	22.9	16.2	1 475.0
20–24 years	000	516.3	421.4	336.2	182.5	114.2	31.4	31.6	18.8	1 652.6
25–29 years	000	542.7	453.5	341.6	213.2	115.7	29.3	33.8	23.5	1 753.8
30–34 years	000	548.1	446.3	334.9	204.5	112.6	29.4	32.8	22.3	1 731.4
35–39 years	000	501.2	399.0	309.9	179.2	103.0	28.8	28.3	18.7	1 568.2
40–44 years	000	526.1	417.0	339.1	185.7	113.0	33.7	28.3	18.4	1 661.6
45–49 years	000	485.3	390.9	313.5	173.9	113.1	33.9	25.3	16.3	1 552.5
50–54 years	000	501.5	382.0	314.0	168.8	115.9	37.3	24.5	15.4	1 559.6
55–59 years	000	467.2	352.2	284.6	152.6	109.8	36.6	21.9	13.5	1 438.6
60–64 years	000	414.6	310.9	253.8	132.2	100.2	33.9	19.0	10.7	1 275.5
65–69 years	000	373.4	277.7	228.1	112.2	91.4	30.8	16.4	7.5	1 137.6
70–74 years	000	280.1	206.3	166.7	80.3	67.3	22.9	11.0	4.5	839.1
75–79 years	000	211.0	157.6	117.0	59.2	51.8	16.4	7.9	2.3	623.3
80–84 years	000	153.6	116.2	80.6	41.2	38.5	11.7	5.5	1.3	448.5
85 or over	000	161.8	120.7	81.0	41.0	42.6	11.1	5.7	0.9	465.0
Total people	000	7 565.5	5 886.4	4 750.5	2 581.3	1 691.5	515.2	387.6	244.3	23 625.6
Proportion of the population	%	32.0	24.9	20.1	10.9	7.2	2.2	1.6	1.0	100.0
AAGR (d)	%	1.3	1.7	1.7	2.7	0.9	0.2	1.5	1.5	1.6

(a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

TABLE 2A.2

Table 2A.2 **Estimated resident population (ERP) by age and sex, 31 December (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(b) Historical rates in this table have revised from previous Reports. Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data for 2003 to 2011 are final, based on the *2011 Census of Population and Housing*. Estimates for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary.

(c) Include Other Territories, comprising Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

(d) Average annual growth rate (AAGR) over 4 years. For 31 December estimates this is the AAGR for the period December 2010–2014. See section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for details of the estimation method.

Source: ABS (2013) table generated 30 July 2015 using *Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age*, Cat. no. 1407.0, ABS.Stat Beta; ABS (unpublished) *Australian Demographic Statistics*, Cat. no. 3101.0 [data available on request].

TABLE 2A.3

Table 2A.3 Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2001 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
<i>Number of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	000	619.6	449.1	430.0	345.8	181.6	35.1	36.5	19.0	2 116.8
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	000	649.5	471.9	150.5	119.0	86.2	8.7	25.4	8.1	1 519.6
Not well or not at all	000	189.8	147.0	30.5	25.4	24.9	1.3	4.3	1.8	425.4
Not stated (d)	000	9.8	7.8	2.0	1.5	1.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	23.0
Total	000	849.1	626.7	183.0	145.9	112.5	10.1	30.1	10.1	1 968.0
Not stated (e)	000	6.4	4.6	3.2	3.5	2.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	20.8
Total	000	1 475.1	1 080.4	616.2	495.3	296.5	45.4	66.7	29.4	4 105.6
<i>Proportion of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	%	42.0	41.6	69.8	69.8	61.2	77.3	54.7	64.6	51.6
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	%	76.5	75.3	82.2	81.6	76.6	85.8	84.5	80.7	77.2
Not well or not at all	%	22.4	23.5	16.7	17.4	22.2	13.0	14.4	17.9	21.6
Not stated (d)	%	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not stated (e)	%	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.2	1.0	0.5

(a) Data for proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes overseas visitors and people who did not state their birthplace.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

(d) Includes cases where language spoken at home was stated but proficiency in English was not stated.

(e) Includes cases where both language spoken at home and proficiency in English were not stated.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.4

Table 2A.4 Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2006 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
<i>Number of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	000	626.4	477.0	476.8	366.0	182.6	38.1	36.2	16.1	2 219.4
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	000	718.3	532.7	180.9	134.6	95.8	10.5	29.2	8.4	1 710.7
Not well or not at all	000	194.8	151.5	35.7	26.8	26.5	1.6	4.4	1.8	443.2
Proficiency in English not stated	000	8.8	7.2	2.3	1.6	1.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	21.8
Total	000	921.9	691.4	219.0	163.0	123.6	12.2	33.9	10.2	2 175.7
Language and proficiency in English not stated	000	7.6	4.8	3.7	2.7	1.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	21.0
Total	000	1 555.8	1 173.2	699.4	531.7	307.7	50.5	70.4	26.5	4 416.0
<i>Proportion of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	%	40.3	40.7	68.2	68.8	59.3	75.3	51.5	60.7	50.3
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	%	77.9	77.0	82.6	82.6	77.5	86.0	86.2	81.5	78.6
Not well or not at all	%	21.1	21.9	16.3	16.5	21.4	12.8	12.9	17.1	20.4
Proficiency in English not stated	%	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Language and proficiency in English not stated	%	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.5

(a) Data for proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes people who did not state their country of birth.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (2007) 2006 Census of Population and Housing, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.5

Table 2A.5 Proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas, 2011 (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>Number of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	000	667.4	525.0	565.5	432.9	188.1	40.7	38.3	17.5	2 475.7
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	000	876.1	695.6	269.8	209.2	129.7	14.3	41.7	14.3	2 251.0
Not well or not at all	000	218.1	171.6	45.9	35.5	31.8	2.4	5.7	2.3	513.6
Proficiency in English not stated	000	7.6	5.3	4.2	8.2	1.8	0.2	0.3	0.9	29.0
Total	000	1 101.9	872.4	319.9	253.0	163.3	16.8	47.6	17.5	2 793.6
Language and proficiency in English not stated	000	9.2	7.9	3.1	2.3	1.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	24.9
Total	000	1 778.6	1 405.3	888.6	688.2	353.0	57.7	86.3	35.2	5 294.2
<i>Proportion of people born overseas by proficiency in spoken English</i>										
Speaks English only	%	37.5	37.4	63.6	62.9	53.3	70.6	44.3	49.8	46.8
Speaks other language and speaks English										
Very well or well	%	79.5	79.7	84.3	82.7	79.5	84.7	87.4	81.6	80.6
Not well or not at all	%	19.8	19.7	14.4	14.0	19.4	14.0	12.1	13.4	18.4
Proficiency in English not stated	%	0.7	0.6	1.3	3.3	1.1	1.2	0.5	5.0	1.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Language and proficiency in English not stated	%	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5

(a) Data for proficiency in spoken English of people born overseas 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes people born in Australia and people who did not state their country of birth.

(c) The year 2011 is the period 1 January 2011 to 9 August 2011.

Source: ABS (2012) 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Expanded Community Profile, Table X04c — Proficiency in spoken English/language by year of arrival in Australia by age, Cat. no. 2005.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.6

Table 2A.6 **People by country of birth, 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Born in Australia										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Aboriginal	000	112.2	22.3	87.3	56.3	22.1	13.6	3.3	49.1	366.4
Torres Strait Islander	000	4.2	1.7	16.4	0.9	0.8	1.3	0.2	0.6	26.0
Both (b)	000	3.5	1.0	9.0	1.3	0.6	0.9	0.1	1.1	17.5
Total	000	119.9	25.1	112.8	58.5	23.4	15.8	3.6	50.8	410.0
Non-Indigenous	000	4 330.9	3 252.0	2 673.6	1 183.3	1 076.2	370.3	224.8	107.2	13 219.7
Total born in Australia	000	4 450.8	3 277.1	2 786.4	1 241.8	1 099.6	386.0	228.4	158.0	13 629.7
Proportion born in Australia	%	70.5	71.1	77.7	67.8	75.4	84.9	73.9	77.9	72.6
Born overseas (c)										
Other main English speaking countries										
Canada	000	9.2	5.3	6.1	3.5	1.6	0.5	0.8	0.3	27.3
Ireland	000	17.7	11.5	7.2	8.9	3.3	0.6	0.7	0.4	50.2
New Zealand	000	105.7	55.2	127.6	45.0	11.0	3.6	4.0	3.7	355.8
South Africa	000	28.6	15.6	14.6	15.4	3.1	0.9	0.9	0.4	79.4
United Kingdom (d)	000	275.1	205.5	183.7	201.5	124.0	21.3	17.0	7.9	1 036.2
United States	000	19.2	11.2	10.2	6.1	3.0	0.9	1.9	1.2	53.7
Total	000	455.6	304.4	349.3	280.3	145.9	27.9	25.2	13.8	1 602.7
Proportion of other main English speaking countries	%	7.2	6.6	9.7	15.3	10.0	6.1	8.2	6.8	8.5
Other countries										
China (e)	000	85.4	36.8	8.9	5.2	3.6	0.5	2.0	0.4	142.8
Croatia	000	18.4	18.9	3.7	5.2	3.6	0.3	1.7	0.1	51.9
Egypt	000	17.3	11.5	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	33.4
Fiji	000	27.1	7.1	7.6	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.2	44.3
France	000	6.4	3.9	3.3	1.7	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	17.3
Germany	000	31.6	28.7	19.8	10.0	12.7	1.9	2.4	1.1	108.2
Greece	000	36.9	57.6	4.1	3.2	11.7	0.6	1.3	1.1	116.4

TABLE 2A.6

Table 2A.6 **People by country of birth, 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Hong Kong (f)	000	37.5	16.0	6.7	3.6	1.8	0.3	1.0	0.3	67.1
India	000	37.9	30.6	7.3	13.1	3.7	0.5	1.8	0.5	95.5
Indonesia	000	21.0	11.0	4.7	7.7	1.3	0.2	0.6	0.7	47.2
Italy	000	60.7	90.1	15.9	23.1	25.0	1.1	2.3	0.6	218.7
Korea, Rep. of (South)	000	27.9	3.5	4.1	1.4	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.1	38.9
Lebanon	000	53.2	14.2	1.2	0.9	1.5	–	0.4	–	71.3
Macedonia (g)	000	19.1	19.5	0.8	3.2	0.4	–	0.4	–	43.5
Malaysia	000	21.1	24.7	8.1	17.4	4.2	0.7	1.6	0.6	78.9
Malta	000	18.4	22.3	3.0	1.0	1.8	0.1	0.3	0.1	47.0
Netherlands	000	20.3	23.5	16.2	10.5	8.3	2.5	1.3	0.7	83.3
Philippines	000	52.2	22.5	15.4	5.4	4.5	0.8	1.4	1.7	103.9
Poland	000	16.9	20.0	5.7	6.4	6.9	0.9	1.2	0.2	58.1
Singapore	000	8.5	7.6	4.6	10.2	1.4	0.3	0.7	0.2	33.5
Sri Lanka	000	16.9	26.6	4.0	3.0	1.1	0.2	1.4	0.3	53.5
Turkey	000	12.1	15.2	1.0	0.7	0.6	–	0.1	–	29.8
Viet Nam	000	63.0	56.6	11.8	10.1	10.4	0.2	2.2	0.6	154.8
Yugoslavia (h)	000	19.7	19.6	5.5	4.6	4.3	0.3	1.2	0.1	55.4
Other overseas (i)	000	289.9	187.9	101.8	65.3	37.9	5.4	14.1	5.7	708.1
Total other countries	000	1 019.4	775.9	266.8	214.9	150.5	17.5	41.5	15.5	2 502.8
Proportion of other countries	%	16.2	16.8	7.4	11.7	10.3	3.9	13.4	7.6	13.3
Total born overseas	000	1 475.0	1 080.3	616.2	495.2	296.5	45.4	66.7	29.4	4 105.4
Proportion born overseas	%	23.4	23.4	17.2	27.0	20.3	10.0	21.6	14.5	21.9
Not stated	000	385.4	254.7	183.1	95.0	62.9	23.4	14.1	15.4	1 034.1
Total	000	6 311.2	4 612.1	3 585.6	1 832.0	1 458.9	454.8	309.2	202.7	18 769.2

(a) Data for people by country of birth 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Applicable to persons who are of both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin.

(c) Excludes overseas visitors.

TABLE 2A.6

Table 2A.6 **People by country of birth, 2001**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(d) Includes England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, Channel Islands, Isle of Man, and United Kingdom not further defined.

(e) Excludes Hong Kong and Macau.

(f) Includes Macau.

(g) Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

(h) Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

(i) Includes inadequately described, at sea and not elsewhere classified.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.7

Table 2A.7 **People by country of birth, 2006 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Born in Australia										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Aboriginal	000	124.4	25.6	94.6	53.9	22.9	14.3	3.5	50.8	390.2
Torres Strait Islander	000	4.0	1.8	17.5	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.2	0.6	27.1
Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	000	2.8	0.8	10.1	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.1	1.3	17.1
Total	000	131.2	28.1	122.3	55.8	24.3	16.1	3.7	52.7	434.4
Non-Indigenous	000	4 328.9	3 360.1	2 777.5	1 207.2	1 081.9	374.4	230.6	94.0	13 456.0
Indigenous status not stated	000	61.1	46.3	35.5	16.2	13.9	6.2	2.1	1.5	182.6
Total born in Australia	000	4 521.2	3 434.5	2 935.3	1 279.2	1 120.1	396.7	236.5	148.2	14 072.9
Proportion born in Australia	%	69.0	69.6	75.2	65.3	74.0	83.2	73.0	76.8	70.9
Born overseas										
Other main English speaking countries										
Canada	000	10.2	6.2	7.4	4.1	1.9	0.6	0.9	0.3	31.6
Ireland	000	17.3	11.5	7.7	9.0	3.2	0.6	0.7	0.3	50.3
New Zealand	000	106.6	64.0	148.8	47.3	11.4	4.2	3.9	3.3	389.5
South Africa	000	32.9	19.3	22.7	22.0	4.5	1.1	1.1	0.5	104.1
United Kingdom (c)	000	265.9	204.8	193.1	208.4	121.0	22.6	16.1	6.2	1 038.2
United States of America	000	21.8	13.3	12.2	6.7	3.4	1.2	2.0	1.1	61.7
Total other main English speaking countries	000	454.6	319.2	391.8	297.6	145.4	30.2	24.7	11.6	1 675.3
Proportion of other main English speaking countries	%	6.9	6.5	10.0	15.2	9.6	6.3	7.6	6.0	8.4
Other countries										
China (excludes SARs and Taiwan Province) (d)	000	114.0	56.6	15.1	8.0	8.1	1.0	3.5	0.3	206.6
Croatia	000	18.5	18.2	3.9	5.2	3.5	0.3	1.5	–	51.0
Egypt	000	17.2	11.6	1.8	1.5	1.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	33.5
Fiji	000	28.6	7.9	8.9	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.7	0.2	48.1
Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (FYROM)	000	17.7	18.3	0.9	3.0	0.4	–	0.4	–	40.7
France	000	7.0	4.4	3.9	1.9	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	19.2

TABLE 2A.7

Table 2A.7 People by country of birth, 2006 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Germany	000	31.1	28.1	20.1	9.9	12.0	2.1	2.4	0.9	106.5
Greece	000	35.1	54.3	4.1	3.0	10.8	0.6	1.2	0.9	110.0
Hong Kong (SAR of China) (d)	000	38.3	17.4	7.8	4.1	2.4	0.3	1.2	0.2	71.8
India	000	57.2	52.9	11.0	15.2	6.8	0.8	2.7	0.6	147.1
Indonesia	000	21.9	12.6	5.3	7.9	1.5	0.2	0.8	0.8	51.0
Italy	000	55.2	82.9	14.0	20.9	22.5	1.0	2.2	0.4	199.1
Korea, Republic of (South)	000	33.2	6.3	7.6	2.2	2.0	0.4	0.9	0.1	52.8
Lebanon	000	55.8	14.9	1.3	0.9	1.5	0.1	0.4	–	74.9
Macau (SAR of China) (d)	000	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.1	–	–	–	–	2.0
Malaysia	000	23.4	30.5	9.6	19.7	5.3	1.0	1.8	0.6	92.3
Malta	000	17.0	20.8	2.8	1.0	1.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	43.7
Netherlands	000	18.8	22.8	15.3	10.1	7.8	2.4	1.2	0.5	78.9
Philippines	000	57.7	27.3	18.7	6.8	5.4	1.0	1.7	1.9	120.5
Poland	000	15.2	18.1	5.1	5.7	6.2	0.7	1.1	0.1	52.3
Singapore	000	9.7	10.5	4.9	11.8	1.8	0.3	0.7	0.3	40.0
Sri Lanka	000	19.1	31.5	4.8	3.3	1.5	0.2	1.6	0.3	62.3
Turkey	000	12.5	15.3	1.1	0.8	0.6	–	0.2	–	30.5
Viet Nam	000	63.8	58.9	13.1	10.5	10.5	0.1	2.4	0.6	159.9
Montenegro	000	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.8
Serbia (e)	000	6.1	6.7	1.4	1.2	1.4	0.1	0.5	–	17.3
South Eastern Europe, nfd (f)	000	11.8	11.2	3.9	2.9	2.7	0.2	0.5	0.1	33.4
Other Overseas (g)	000	314.1	213.1	120.9	75.8	42.8	6.7	15.2	5.9	794.4
Total other countries	000	1 101.1	854.0	307.5	234.1	162.2	20.3	45.7	14.9	2 740.5
Proportion of other countries	%	16.8	17.3	7.9	12.0	10.7	4.3	14.1	7.7	13.8
Total born overseas	000	1 555.8	1 173.2	699.4	531.7	307.7	50.5	70.4	26.5	4 415.8
Australian External Territories (h)	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	–	–	–	0.2
Proportion born overseas	%	23.8	23.8	17.9	27.1	20.3	10.6	21.7	13.8	22.2

TABLE 2A.7

Table 2A.7 **People by country of birth, 2006 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not stated	000	472.2	324.7	269.8	148.1	86.6	29.3	17.2	18.2	1 366.3
Total	000	6 549.2	4 932.4	3 904.5	1 959.1	1 514.3	476.5	324.0	192.9	19 855.3

nfd Not further defined; **SAR** Special Administrative Region.

(a) Data for people by country of birth 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) United Kingdom comprises United Kingdom nfd, Channel Islands, England, Isle of Man, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

(d) SARs comprise Hong Kong (SAR of China) and Macau (SAR of China).

(e) There is an issue regarding Serbian Census data which relates to changes in the official country name and regional alliances. This affects 2006 Census data and has clouded a meaningful picture of the Serbian country of birth data (see ABS, *Census Dictionary*, 2006, Cat. no. 2901.0 [Reissue]).

(f) Includes people who stated their birthplace as Yugoslavia.

(g) Includes countries not identified individually, inadequately described, at sea and not elsewhere classified (nec).

(h) Includes Australia (includes External Territories) nfd, Australian External Territories nec and Norfolk Island.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0.

TABLE 2A.8

Table 2A.8 **People by country of birth, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Born in Australia										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Aboriginal	000	158.2	33.5	118.9	64.0	27.7	17.2	4.7	53.7	478.2
Torres Strait Islander	000	4.1	1.8	19.2	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.2	0.6	29.1
Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	000	3.1	0.8	12.4	1.3	0.5	0.7	0.1	1.5	20.4
Total	000	165.4	36.1	150.5	66.5	29.2	19.0	5.0	55.8	527.8
Non-Indigenous	000	4 529.8	3 594.6	3 010.1	1 330.8	1 129.5	390.3	248.3	100.7	14 335.3
Indigenous status not stated	000	52.2	40.2	31.6	14.3	12.1	4.9	1.8	1.6	158.7
Total born in Australia	000	4 747.4	3 670.9	3 192.1	1 407.8	1 170.8	414.3	255.1	158.0	15 017.8
Proportion born in Australia	%	68.6	68.6	73.7	62.9	73.3	83.6	71.4	74.6	69.8
Born overseas										
Other main English speaking countries										
Canada	000	11.9	7.8	9.7	5.2	2.2	0.7	1.1	0.3	38.9
Ireland	000	21.9	14.6	10.9	14.3	3.5	0.7	0.8	0.6	67.3
New Zealand	000	114.2	80.2	192.0	70.7	12.9	4.9	4.4	4.0	483.4
South Africa	000	40.2	24.5	35.5	35.3	6.2	1.5	1.6	0.8	145.7
United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man (c)	000	274.8	213.4	214.3	230.4	122.3	23.3	16.1	6.4	1 101.1
United States of America	000	26.5	16.8	15.8	8.9	4.0	1.5	2.4	1.1	77.0
Total other main English speaking countries	000	489.7	357.3	478.3	364.8	151.0	32.6	26.5	13.2	1 913.4
Proportion of other main English speaking countries	%	7.1	6.7	11.0	16.3	9.5	6.6	7.4	6.2	8.9
Other countries										
Bosnia and Herzegovina	000	7.7	9.2	3.3	2.8	2.2	0.1	0.4	–	25.7
Cambodia	000	11.1	11.4	1.5	1.0	2.8	–	0.3	0.1	28.3
China (excludes SARs and Taiwan Province) (d)	000	156.0	93.9	27.0	16.7	15.9	1.9	6.6	0.9	319.0
Croatia	000	17.7	17.2	3.8	5.1	3.1	0.3	1.5	0.1	48.8
Egypt	000	18.4	12.5	2.1	1.9	1.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	36.5
Fiji	000	32.3	9.7	11.4	1.0	1.2	0.3	0.8	0.3	57.0

TABLE 2A.8

Table 2A.8 **People by country of birth, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (FYROM)	000	17.2	18.3	0.9	3.0	0.4	–	0.4	–	40.2
Germany	000	31.1	28.0	21.0	11.0	11.4	2.2	2.3	1.0	108.0
Greece	000	31.5	50.0	3.4	2.7	9.8	0.5	1.1	1.0	99.9
Hong Kong (SAR of China) (d)	000	38.6	18.2	8.7	4.8	2.7	0.3	1.4	0.2	75.0
India	000	95.4	111.8	30.3	29.9	18.7	1.5	5.9	1.9	295.4
Indonesia	000	26.8	15.4	6.6	10.1	1.9	0.2	1.0	1.0	63.2
Iraq	000	29.3	12.8	1.5	2.6	1.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	48.2
Italy	000	51.6	76.9	13.2	19.5	20.7	1.0	2.0	0.4	185.4
Japan	000	12.1	6.8	10.3	3.6	1.4	0.3	0.7	0.2	35.4
Korea, Republic of (South)	000	41.8	10.2	12.6	4.1	3.4	0.6	1.6	0.3	74.5
Lebanon	000	56.3	15.9	1.3	1.0	1.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	76.5
Malaysia	000	27.3	39.8	12.8	25.0	7.0	1.2	2.2	0.6	116.2
Malta	000	15.9	19.7	2.7	1.0	1.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	41.3
Netherlands	000	18.2	21.6	15.0	10.0	7.3	2.4	1.1	0.4	76.0
Philippines	000	70.4	38.0	29.5	17.2	8.9	1.3	2.4	3.6	171.2
Poland	000	14.3	16.4	5.1	5.6	5.5	0.7	1.0	0.1	48.7
Singapore	000	11.2	13.7	6.0	14.0	2.1	0.4	0.9	0.2	48.6
South Eastern Europe, nfd (f)	000	8.4	8.8	3.1	2.0	2.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	25.1
Sri Lanka	000	23.7	44.0	7.7	5.3	2.7	0.3	2.3	0.4	86.4
Thailand	000	17.5	10.8	7.0	5.7	2.2	0.5	1.0	0.7	45.5
Turkey	000	13.0	16.5	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.2	–	32.8
Viet Nam	000	71.8	68.3	16.3	12.7	12.0	0.3	3.0	0.7	185.0
Born elsewhere (g)	000	322.0	232.3	144.9	103.2	50.4	8.2	18.1	7.4	887.0
Total other countries (h)	000	1 288.9	1 048.1	410.3	323.4	202.0	25.1	59.9	22.0	3 380.8
Proportion of other countries	%	18.6	19.6	9.5	14.4	12.7	5.1	16.8	10.4	15.7
Total born overseas	000	1 778.6	1 405.3	888.6	688.2	353.0	57.7	86.3	35.2	5 294.1
Proportion born overseas	%	25.7	26.2	20.5	30.7	22.1	11.6	24.2	16.6	24.6

TABLE 2A.8

Table 2A.8 **People by country of birth, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not stated	000	391.7	277.8	252.0	143.1	72.8	23.4	15.8	18.7	1 195.7
Total	000	6 917.7	5 354.0	4 332.7	2 239.2	1 596.6	495.4	357.2	211.9	21 507.7

nfd Not further defined; **SAR** Special Administrative Region.

(a) Data for people by country of birth 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) United Kingdom comprises United Kingdom, Channel Islands, the Isle of Man, nfd, England, Isle of Man, Northern Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Guernsey and Jersey.

(d) SARs comprise Hong Kong (SAR of China) and Macau (SAR of China).

(f) Includes people who stated their birthplace as Yugoslavia.

(g) Includes countries not identified individually, inadequately described, at sea and not elsewhere classified (nec).

(h) Includes countries not identified individually, Australian External Territories, Inadequately described and At sea.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Basic Community Profile, Table B09 — Country of birth of person by sex*, Cat. no. 2001.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.9

Table 2A.9 People by language spoken at home, 2001 (000) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speaks English only	4 777.5	3 474.1	3 173.4	1 539.1	1 233.1	421.0	254.8	139.7	15 014.0
Speaks other language									
Arabic (including Lebanese)	145.6	47.2	4.8	5.5	4.5	0.4	1.3	0.1	209.4
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages	0.9	0.3	5.9	8.7	3.8	–	0.1	31.3	51.0
Chinese languages	201.7	113.1	35.9	29.8	11.9	1.3	4.9	2.0	401.4
Croatian	26.0	25.6	4.4	6.7	4.0	0.3	2.8	0.1	69.9
French	14.4	11.1	6.5	4.4	1.6	0.4	1.0	0.3	39.6
German	22.2	20.3	14.4	7.1	8.7	1.4	1.8	0.8	76.4
Greek	90.2	122.4	11.5	5.4	27.4	1.3	2.8	2.8	263.7
Hindi	28.2	10.7	5.6	1.1	1.0	0.2	0.9	0.1	47.8
Hungarian	8.7	8.9	3.1	1.2	1.9	0.1	0.4	0.1	24.5
Indonesian	18.1	9.1	2.6	6.7	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.7	38.7
Italian	96.8	149.2	24.7	36.5	40.2	1.5	3.7	1.0	353.6
Japanese	11.1	5.2	7.6	2.6	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.1	28.3
Khmer	8.2	8.5	1.1	0.9	2.8	–	0.2	0.1	22.0
Korean	30.1	3.2	3.8	1.2	0.5	0.2	0.6	–	39.5
Macedonian	30.7	32.6	1.1	6.2	0.8	–	0.5	–	72.0
Maltese	16.3	21.5	1.8	0.4	1.2	–	0.2	–	41.4
Netherlandic	9.7	10.6	8.4	5.6	3.6	1.2	0.7	0.3	40.2
Persian	12.3	5.9	1.6	2.9	2.0	0.1	0.4	–	25.2
Polish	17.0	19.6	5.4	6.9	7.8	0.9	1.3	0.1	59.1
Portuguese	13.1	3.9	1.5	3.6	0.7	–	0.4	0.5	23.7
Russian	13.8	13.9	2.9	1.0	2.4	0.2	0.5	–	34.8
Samoan	11.0	4.1	7.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.2	–	22.7
Serbian	20.5	16.0	3.4	3.8	4.0	0.1	1.2	0.1	49.2
Sinhalese	5.4	11.6	1.5	1.1	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.1	20.7
South Slavic nfd	4.7	4.6	2.0	1.9	1.2	0.1	0.2	–	14.6

TABLE 2A.9

Table 2A.9 **People by language spoken at home, 2001 (000) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Spanish	49.3	22.9	9.5	5.3	3.2	0.6	2.5	0.3	93.6
Tagalog (Filipino)	42.8	18.0	9.3	3.1	3.1	0.4	1.0	1.2	78.9
Tamil	12.1	8.0	1.1	1.4	0.5	0.1	0.8	0.1	24.1
Turkish	19.1	28.4	1.3	1.0	0.6	–	0.2	–	50.7
Vietnamese	67.9	63.8	14.4	12.1	12.6	0.1	2.7	0.7	174.2
Other (c)	148.6	100.6	49.4	32.5	18.4	2.6	7.4	3.0	363.1
Total	1 196.2	920.8	253.7	206.8	172.5	14.1	42.2	46.3	2 853.9
Not stated	337.5	217.2	158.6	86.1	53.3	19.7	12.2	16.8	901.4
Total	6 311.2	4 612.1	3 585.6	1 832.0	1 458.9	454.8	309.2	202.7	18 769.2

nfd Not further defined.

(a) Data for people by language spoken at home 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes overseas visitors.

(c) Includes inadequately described and nonverbal so described.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.10

Table 2A.10 People by language spoken at home, 2006 (000) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Speaks English only	4 846.7	3 668.3	3 371.7	1 603.0	1 262.8	438.2	262.5	127.3	15 581.3
Speaks other language									
Arabic	165.0	55.9	7.3	7.7	5.4	0.7	1.4	0.3	243.7
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages	1.9	1.1	12.0	8.0	3.2	0.1	0.1	29.2	55.7
Chinese languages (d)	243.6	144.8	46.6	35.7	18.4	2.1	6.9	2.0	500.5
Croatian	23.6	23.0	4.4	6.1	3.8	0.3	2.5	–	63.6
Dutch	8.7	9.6	7.7	5.3	3.1	1.0	0.6	0.2	36.2
Filipino (excludes Tagalog) (e)	18.3	10.7	5.0	2.0	1.7	0.2	0.5	0.7	39.1
French	15.2	11.9	7.5	5.0	1.8	0.5	1.0	0.3	43.2
German	22.1	19.6	14.7	7.2	8.0	1.6	1.8	0.7	75.6
Greek	86.2	117.9	11.0	5.0	25.9	1.2	2.6	2.5	252.2
Hindi	38.1	18.2	8.0	1.9	1.9	0.3	1.4	0.2	70.0
Hungarian	7.5	7.9	2.9	1.1	1.6	0.1	0.4	0.1	21.6
Indonesian	19.1	10.4	3.2	6.6	1.1	0.1	0.7	0.8	42.0
Iranic languages (f)	20.3	11.5	3.0	4.5	3.7	0.2	0.7	–	43.8
Italian	87.3	133.3	22.0	32.9	35.8	1.4	3.4	0.7	316.9
Japanese	12.5	6.5	10.2	3.4	1.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	35.1
Khmer	8.8	10.0	1.5	1.0	3.2	–	0.2	0.1	24.7
Korean	36.7	6.0	7.4	1.9	1.5	0.3	0.8	0.1	54.6
Macedonian	28.9	30.8	1.1	5.7	0.7	–	0.6	–	67.8
Maltese	14.3	19.0	1.5	0.4	1.0	–	0.1	–	36.5
Polish	15.5	17.8	5.0	6.1	6.9	0.8	1.2	0.1	53.4
Portuguese	13.5	4.2	2.7	3.7	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.5	25.8
Russian	14.1	14.3	3.3	1.3	2.7	0.2	0.5	–	36.5
Samoan	12.9	5.6	9.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	–	28.5
Serbian	21.6	16.9	4.0	4.4	4.3	0.1	1.1	–	52.5
Sinhalese	6.7	16.9	2.2	1.5	0.7	0.1	0.8	0.1	29.1

TABLE 2A.10

Table 2A.10 **People by language spoken at home, 2006 (000) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Spanish	49.6	24.5	11.3	5.7	3.4	0.7	2.5	0.3	98.0
Tagalog (excludes Filipino) (e)	29.2	11.3	6.8	2.3	2.0	0.3	0.7	0.7	53.3
Tamil	15.7	11.1	1.7	1.9	1.1	0.1	0.9	0.2	32.7
Turkish	20.6	29.7	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.2	–	53.9
Vietnamese	74.6	72.2	17.1	13.2	13.8	0.1	3.1	0.8	194.9
Other (g)	182.4	134.9	61.0	44.1	25.0	3.6	9.2	4.0	464.9
Total	1 314.6	1 007.4	303.1	226.8	184.5	16.7	47.2	44.7	3 146.2
Not stated	388.0	256.7	229.8	129.2	67.0	21.6	14.4	20.9	1 127.8
Total	6 549.2	4 932.4	3 904.5	1 959.1	1 514.3	476.5	324.0	192.9	19 855.3

(a) Data for people by language spoken at home 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) This list of languages consists of the most common Language Spoken at Home responses as reported in the 2001 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

(d) Chinese languages comprise Cantonese, Mandarin, Chinese not further defined (nfd), Hakka, Hokkien, Teochew, Wu and Chinese not elsewhere classified (nec).

(e) In 2006 Tagalog and Filipino have been identified individually; in 2001 they were classed as one language.

(f) Iranic languages comprise Persian (excluding Dari), Dari, Iranic nfd, Kurdish, Pashto, Balochi and Iranic nec.

(g) Comprises languages not identified individually, inadequately described and nonverbal so described.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2007) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.11

Table 2A.11 People by language spoken at home, 2011 (000) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speaks English only	5 013.3	3 874.9	3 676.0	1 775.9	1 303.1	454.1	278.0	133.0	16 509.3
Speaks other language									
Arabic	184.3	68.4	11.4	12.0	7.5	0.9	2.4	0.3	287.2
Assyrian	21.0	9.9	0.2	0.1	–	–	–	–	31.3
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages	1.3	0.5	12.2	9.6	3.6	0.1	0.1	34.4	61.8
Chinese languages:									
Cantonese	136.4	72.9	22.3	18.0	9.0	0.8	3.5	0.7	263.7
Mandarin	139.8	103.7	38.1	28.0	16.5	2.1	6.7	1.2	336.4
Other (c)	19.3	18.5	4.3	4.5	2.6	0.3	0.8	0.8	51.2
Total	295.5	195.1	64.7	50.6	28.1	3.3	11.0	2.7	651.3
Croatian	22.9	22.2	4.4	5.9	3.4	0.3	2.4	0.1	61.6
Dutch	9.3	9.5	7.8	5.6	3.1	1.1	0.6	0.2	37.2
French	19.0	16.3	9.9	7.7	2.1	0.7	1.6	0.4	57.7
German	23.4	20.1	16.4	8.7	7.5	1.7	1.9	0.8	80.4
Greek	86.6	116.8	11.4	5.3	25.3	1.2	2.8	2.9	252.2
Hungarian	7.0	7.4	3.3	1.1	1.5	0.2	0.4	0.1	20.9
Indo-Aryan languages:									
Bengali	21.5	6.9	2.2	1.9	1.5	0.1	1.4	0.2	35.6
Hindi	52.8	32.7	13.2	5.0	4.4	0.5	2.3	0.4	111.4
Punjabi	21.5	31.1	7.9	4.8	4.4	0.2	1.0	0.3	71.2
Sinhalese	9.4	28.2	4.3	2.9	1.7	0.2	1.3	0.2	48.2
Urdu	17.7	11.1	2.7	2.4	1.3	0.1	1.3	0.2	36.8
Other (d)	36.4	18.3	9.1	6.9	6.4	0.8	1.2	0.6	79.6
Total	159.4	128.2	39.4	23.9	19.8	1.9	8.5	1.9	382.8
Iranic languages:									
Dari	6.7	7.8	1.0	2.1	2.2	–	0.3	–	20.2
Persian (excluding Dari)	17.0	10.8	4.3	5.0	4.1	0.2	0.7	–	42.2

TABLE 2A.11

Table 2A.11 People by language spoken at home, 2011 (000) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Other (e)	3.8	3.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	–	0.1	–	9.6
Total	27.5	21.9	5.9	8.0	7.2	0.2	1.1	0.1	71.9
Italian	83.2	124.9	21.7	31.4	33.3	1.3	3.3	0.8	299.8
Japanese	14.4	8.5	13.1	4.4	1.8	0.4	0.9	0.2	43.7
Khmer	10.3	11.8	1.9	1.3	3.7	–	0.3	0.2	29.5
Korean	47.4	10.3	12.7	3.9	3.1	0.5	1.5	0.3	79.8
Macedonian	29.5	30.9	1.2	5.9	0.7	–	0.6	–	68.8
Maltese	13.3	18.2	1.4	0.4	0.9	–	0.2	–	34.4
Polish	14.9	16.5	5.1	6.0	6.2	0.8	1.1	0.1	50.7
Portuguese	16.3	5.1	4.8	5.0	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	33.4
Russian	16.5	16.5	4.8	2.1	3.1	0.3	0.7	0.1	44.1
Samoan	14.9	7.6	12.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	36.6
Serbian	22.2	17.6	4.6	5.1	4.3	0.1	1.1	–	55.1
Southeast Asian Austronesian languages:									
Filipino	21.1	14.5	8.7	5.7	3.0	0.3	0.8	1.3	55.4
Indonesian	24.8	13.9	4.4	9.1	1.5	0.2	1.0	1.0	55.9
Tagalog	37.1	16.5	12.4	8.3	3.8	0.5	1.0	1.8	81.5
Other (f)	4.5	6.1	3.0	6.5	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	23.5
Total	87.5	51.1	28.6	29.5	9.8	1.2	3.3	4.5	216.2
Spanish	55.6	29.0	15.6	8.2	4.9	0.8	2.9	0.4	117.5
Tamil	21.5	17.5	3.5	4.1	1.7	0.2	1.4	0.3	50.2
Thai	15.7	7.6	5.5	4.6	1.4	0.4	0.8	0.7	36.7
Turkish	22.3	32.9	1.9	1.5	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.1	59.6
Vietnamese	87.5	86.6	21.9	16.5	16.0	0.3	3.8	0.9	233.4
Other (g)	124.3	126.6	75.6	56.0	27.7	4.2	8.8	3.9	427.1
Total	1 554.3	1 235.4	423.8	325.1	229.6	22.1	64.7	56.7	3 912.9
Language spoken at home not stated	350.0	243.7	232.9	138.2	64.0	19.1	14.5	22.2	1 085.5

TABLE 2A.11

Table 2A.11 **People by language spoken at home, 2011 (000) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	6 917.7	5 354.0	4 332.7	2 239.2	1 596.6	495.4	357.2	211.9	21 507.7

(a) Data for people by language spoken at home 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) This list of languages consists of the most common Language Spoken at Home responses reported in the 2006 Census.

(c) Comprises Chinese, nfd, Hakka, Wu, Min Nan and Chinese, nec.

(d) Comprises Indo-Aryan, nfd, Gujarati, Konkani, Marathi, Nepali, Sindhi, Assamese, Dhivehi, Kashmiri, Oriya, Fijian Hindustani and Indo-Aryan, nec.

(e) Comprises Iranic, nfd, Kurdish, Pashto, Balochi, Hazaraghi and Iranic, nec.

(f) Comprises Bikol, Bisaya, Cebuano, Ilokano, Ilonggo (Hiligaynon), Pampangan, Malay, Tetum, Timorese, Acehnese, Balinese, Iban, Javanese, Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages, nec and Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages, nfd.

(g) Comprises languages not identified individually, inadequately described and nonverbal so described.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Expanded Community Profile, Table X05 — Language spoken at home by proficiency in spoken English/language by sex*, Cat. no. 2005.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
30 June 2005										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	4 893.8	3 741.5	2 397.1	1 517.1	1 119.7	..	330.9	..	14 000.1
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 320.3	999.2	805.6	179.1	160.3	317.1	0.5	..	3 782.5
Outer regional	000	438.3	243.4	585.2	172.3	200.4	157.8	..	111.4	1 908.9
Total regional	000	1 758.7	1 242.6	1 390.8	351.4	360.7	475.0	0.5	111.4	5 691.4
Remote areas										
Remote	000	31.8	5.1	75.2	93.2	43.8	8.6	..	44.8	302.7
Very remote	000	8.9	..	55.4	49.5	14.5	2.6	..	49.8	182.6
Total remote	000	40.7	5.1	130.6	142.7	58.4	11.3	..	94.5	485.3
Total	000	6 693.2	4 989.2	3 918.5	2 011.2	1 538.8	486.2	331.4	205.9	20 176.8
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.1	75.0	61.2	75.4	72.8	..	99.8	..	69.4
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.7	20.0	20.6	8.9	10.4	65.2	0.2	..	18.7
Outer regional	%	6.5	4.9	14.9	8.6	13.0	32.5	..	54.1	9.5
Total regional	%	26.3	24.9	35.5	17.5	23.4	97.7	0.2	54.1	28.2
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.5	0.1	1.9	4.6	2.8	1.8	..	21.7	1.5
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.4	2.5	0.9	0.5	..	24.2	0.9
Total remote	%	0.6	0.1	3.3	7.1	3.8	2.3	..	45.9	2.4
30 June 2006										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	4 936.0	3 804.5	2 454.9	1 548.2	1 130.7	..	334.7	..	14 209.1
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 329.1	1 007.4	825.1	184.0	162.6	319.0	0.5	..	3 828.0

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Outer regional	000	437.8	244.3	598.0	173.6	200.9	159.1	..	113.5	1 927.1
Total regional	000	1 766.9	1 251.7	1 423.0	357.6	363.4	478.1	0.5	113.5	5 755.1
Remote areas										
Remote	000	31.2	5.0	75.3	94.1	44.1	8.6	..	45.1	303.5
Very remote	000	8.6	..	54.8	50.6	14.2	2.6	..	50.5	183.3
Total remote	000	39.8	5.0	130.1	144.7	58.3	11.2	..	95.6	486.8
Total	000	6 742.7	5 061.3	4 008.0	2 050.6	1 552.5	489.3	335.2	209.1	20 451.0
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.2	75.2	61.2	75.5	72.8	..	99.9	..	69.5
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.7	19.9	20.6	9.0	10.5	65.2	0.1	..	18.7
Outer regional	%	6.5	4.8	14.9	8.5	12.9	32.5	..	54.3	9.4
Total regional	%	26.2	24.7	35.5	17.4	23.4	97.7	0.1	54.3	28.1
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.5	0.1	1.9	4.6	2.8	1.8	..	21.6	1.5
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.4	2.5	0.9	0.5	..	24.2	0.9
Total remote	%	0.6	0.1	3.2	7.1	3.8	2.3	..	45.7	2.4
30 June 2007										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 013.9	3 886.4	2 525.5	1 598.9	1 144.7	..	342.2	..	14 511.6
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 343.7	1 017.8	843.3	187.0	165.7	321.8	0.5	..	3 880.1
Outer regional	000	437.2	244.4	611.0	173.8	201.5	160.2	..	116.9	1 944.9
Total regional	000	1 780.8	1 262.2	1 454.3	360.8	367.2	482.0	0.5	116.9	5 825.0
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.9	4.9	75.8	93.9	44.4	8.7	..	45.7	304.4
Very remote	000	8.5	..	55.4	52.5	14.4	2.6	..	51.1	186.6

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 **Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Total remote	000	39.4	4.9	131.2	146.5	58.8	11.2	..	96.8	491.0
Total	000	6 834.2	5 153.5	4 111.0	2 106.1	1 570.6	493.3	342.6	213.7	20 827.6
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.4	75.4	61.4	75.9	72.9	..	99.9	..	69.7
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.7	19.7	20.5	8.9	10.5	65.2	0.1	..	18.6
Outer regional	%	6.4	4.7	14.9	8.3	12.8	32.5	..	54.7	9.3
Total regional	%	26.1	24.5	35.4	17.1	23.4	97.7	0.1	54.7	28.0
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.5	0.1	1.8	4.5	2.8	1.8	..	21.4	1.5
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.5	0.9	0.5	..	23.9	0.9
Total remote	%	0.6	0.1	3.2	7.0	3.7	2.3	..	45.3	2.4
30 June 2008										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 107.9	3 976.6	2 596.8	1 651.8	1 159.0	..	347.9	..	14 840.0
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 358.4	1 029.9	863.1	193.4	168.9	325.5	0.5	..	3 940.1
Outer regional	000	438.1	244.9	626.6	176.2	201.6	161.8	..	121.2	1 970.5
Total regional	000	1 796.5	1 274.8	1 489.8	369.6	370.5	487.3	0.5	121.2	5 910.6
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.7	4.9	76.8	94.8	44.7	8.7	..	46.7	307.3
Very remote	000	8.5	..	56.2	55.4	14.5	2.6	..	51.9	191.3
Total remote	000	39.1	4.9	133.0	150.2	59.2	11.3	..	98.7	498.6
Total	000	6 943.5	5 256.4	4 219.5	2 171.7	1 588.7	498.6	348.4	219.9	21 249.2
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.6	75.7	61.5	76.1	73.0	..	99.9	..	69.8
Regional areas										

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Inner regional	%	19.6	19.6	20.5	8.9	10.6	65.3	0.1	..	18.5
Outer regional	%	6.3	4.7	14.9	8.1	12.7	32.5	..	55.1	9.3
Total regional	%	25.9	24.3	35.3	17.0	23.3	97.7	0.1	55.1	27.8
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.8	4.4	2.8	1.7	..	21.3	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.5	0.9	0.5	..	23.6	0.9
Total remote	%	0.6	0.1	3.2	6.9	3.7	2.3	..	44.9	2.3
30 June 2009										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 199.9	4 077.3	2 669.1	1 707.0	1 175.6	..	354.3	..	15 183.2
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 374.5	1 044.3	884.3	200.1	172.0	329.6	0.5	..	4 005.6
Outer regional	000	440.2	245.6	641.3	178.8	201.8	163.6	..	125.3	1 996.6
Total regional	000	1 814.7	1 289.8	1 525.6	378.9	373.8	493.2	0.5	125.3	6 002.2
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.7	4.9	77.2	96.1	44.9	8.7	..	47.9	310.3
Very remote	000	8.4	..	56.9	58.2	14.6	2.5	..	52.9	196.0
Total remote	000	39.2	4.9	134.1	154.4	59.5	11.2	..	100.7	506.3
Total	000	7 053.8	5 371.9	4 328.8	2 240.3	1 608.9	504.4	354.8	226.0	21 691.7
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.7	75.9	61.7	76.2	73.1	..	99.9	..	70.0
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.5	19.4	20.4	8.9	10.7	65.3	0.1	..	18.5
Outer regional	%	6.2	4.6	14.8	8.0	12.5	32.4	..	55.4	9.2
Total regional	%	25.7	24.0	35.2	16.9	23.2	97.8	0.1	55.4	27.7
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.8	4.3	2.8	1.7	..	21.2	1.4

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.6	0.9	0.5	..	23.4	0.9
Total remote	%	0.6	0.1	3.1	6.9	3.7	2.2	..	44.6	2.3
30 June 2010										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 272.0	4 151.4	2 720.6	1 747.5	1 190.2	..	361.2	..	15 442.9
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 390.7	1 059.3	898.0	205.6	175.2	332.9	0.6	..	4 062.6
Outer regional	000	442.4	245.6	651.0	180.0	202.1	164.8	..	127.8	2 013.8
Total regional	000	1 833.1	1 304.9	1 549.0	385.6	377.3	497.7	0.6	127.8	6 076.4
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.7	4.8	77.5	97.2	45.1	8.6	..	48.5	312.6
Very remote	000	8.4	..	57.6	60.5	14.8	2.5	..	53.4	199.9
Total remote	000	39.2	4.8	135.2	157.7	59.8	11.1	..	101.9	512.5
Total	000	7 144.3	5 461.1	4 404.7	2 290.8	1 627.3	508.8	361.8	229.8	22 031.8
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.8	76.0	61.8	76.3	73.1	..	99.8	..	70.1
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.5	19.4	20.4	9.0	10.8	65.4	0.2	..	18.4
Outer regional	%	6.2	4.5	14.8	7.9	12.4	32.4	..	55.6	9.1
Total regional	%	25.7	23.9	35.2	16.8	23.2	97.8	0.2	55.6	27.6
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.8	4.2	2.8	1.7	..	21.1	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.6	0.9	0.5	..	23.3	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.1	6.9	3.7	2.2	..	44.4	2.3
30 June 2011										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 333.1	4 215.0	2 769.9	1 798.7	1 200.5	..	367.4	..	15 684.6

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 403.3	1 072.9	910.3	210.9	177.4	335.1	0.6	..	4 111.0
Outer regional	000	443.2	245.1	660.0	181.9	201.8	165.4	..	129.1	2 026.5
Total regional	000	1 846.4	1 318.0	1 570.3	392.8	379.2	500.6	0.6	129.1	6 137.5
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.5	4.8	78.1	98.9	45.2	8.5	..	48.7	314.6
Very remote	000	8.5	..	58.4	63.0	14.8	2.4	..	53.5	203.3
Total remote	000	39.0	4.8	136.5	161.9	60.0	10.9	..	102.2	518.0
Total	000	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.9	76.1	61.9	76.4	73.2	..	99.8	..	70.2
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.4	19.4	20.3	9.0	10.8	65.5	0.2	..	18.4
Outer regional	%	6.1	4.4	14.7	7.7	12.3	32.3	..	55.8	9.1
Total regional	%	25.6	23.8	35.1	16.7	23.1	97.9	0.2	55.8	27.5
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.2	2.8	1.7	..	21.1	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.7	0.9	0.5	..	23.1	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.0	6.9	3.7	2.1	..	44.2	2.3
30 June 2012										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 395.2	4 291.7	2 824.1	1 860.3	1 212.8	..	374.0	..	15 958.1
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 411.5	1 081.5	923.9	217.3	179.3	335.7	0.7	..	4 150.3
Outer regional	000	444.2	245.6	672.6	184.6	202.2	165.5	..	131.7	2 046.4
Total regional	000	1 855.8	1 327.1	1 596.5	402.0	381.4	501.2	0.7	131.7	6 196.7
Remote areas										

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Remote	000	30.8	4.7	79.9	101.7	45.5	8.4	..	48.9	319.9
Very remote	000	8.6	..	59.6	66.2	15.1	2.4	..	54.3	208.9
Total remote	000	39.4	4.7	139.5	167.9	60.6	10.8	..	103.2	528.8
Total	000	7 290.3	5 623.5	4 560.1	2 430.3	1 654.8	512.0	374.7	234.8	22 683.6
Share of population										
Major cities	%	74.0	76.3	61.9	76.5	73.3	..	99.8	..	70.4
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.4	19.2	20.3	8.9	10.8	65.6	0.2	..	18.3
Outer regional	%	6.1	4.4	14.7	7.6	12.2	32.3	..	56.1	9.0
Total regional	%	25.5	23.6	35.0	16.5	23.1	97.9	0.2	56.1	27.3
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.8	4.2	2.7	1.6	..	20.8	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.7	0.9	0.5	..	23.1	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.1	6.9	3.7	2.1	..	43.9	2.3
30 June 2013			—			—				
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 496.6	4 393.3	2 889.0	1 932.8	1 226.8	..	380.7	..	16 319.1
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 429.6	1 096.1	944.2	227.9	181.3	336.9	0.8	..	4 217.1
Outer regional	000	444.9	245.4	684.6	188.0	202.2	165.7	..	136.2	2 067.0
Total regional	000	1 874.5	1 341.4	1 628.8	415.9	383.5	502.6	0.8	136.2	6 284.0
Remote areas										
Remote	000	30.8	4.6	79.8	103.9	45.7	8.2	..	49.7	322.7
Very remote	000	8.5	..	59.2	66.8	14.9	2.4	..	54.8	209.3
Total remote	000	39.3	4.6	139.0	170.7	60.6	10.6	..	104.5	532.1
Total	000	7 410.4	5 739.3	4 656.8	2 519.3	1 670.8	513.2	381.5	240.8	23 135.3
Share of population										

TABLE 2A.12

Table 2A.12 Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Major cities	%	74.2	76.5	62.0	76.7	73.4	..	99.8	..	70.5
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.3	19.1	20.3	9.0	10.8	65.6	0.2	..	18.2
Outer regional	%	6.0	4.3	14.7	7.5	12.1	32.3	..	56.6	8.9
Total regional	%	25.3	23.4	35.0	16.5	23.0	97.9	0.2	56.6	27.2
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.1	2.7	1.6	..	20.6	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.7	0.9	0.5	..	22.8	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.0	6.8	3.6	2.1	..	43.4	2.3
30 June 2014										
Number of people										
Major cities	000	5 587.5	4 486.4	2 935.0	1 979.1	1 238.9	..	384.3	..	16 611.2
Regional areas										
Inner regional	000	1 444.1	1 106.1	956.7	235.1	183.3	338.3	1.7	..	4 265.8
Outer regional	000	447.4	244.6	691.8	188.8	202.7	166.0	..	140.4	2 081.7
Total regional	000	1 891.5	1 350.8	1 648.5	423.9	386.0	504.3	1.7	140.4	6 347.5
Remote areas										
Remote	000	31.0	4.5	79.5	104.9	45.8	8.1	..	49.9	323.7
Very remote	000	8.5	..	59.4	65.5	14.9	2.4	..	54.8	208.3
Total remote	000	39.5	4.5	139.0	170.4	60.8	10.5	..	104.7	532.1
Total	000	7 518.5	5 841.7	4 722.4	2 573.4	1 685.7	514.8	386.0	245.1	23 490.7
Share of population										
Major cities	%	74.3	76.8	62.2	76.9	73.5	..	99.6	..	70.7
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.2	18.9	20.3	9.1	10.9	65.7	0.4	..	18.2
Outer regional	%	6.0	4.2	14.6	7.3	12.0	32.2	..	57.3	8.9
Total regional	%	25.2	23.1	34.9	16.5	22.9	98.0	0.4	57.3	27.0

Table 2A.12 **Estimated resident population (ERP) by remoteness area (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.1	2.7	1.6	..	20.4	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1	..	1.3	2.5	0.9	0.5	..	22.4	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	2.9	6.6	3.6	2.0	..	42.7	2.3

(a) Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data of Remoteness Areas of Australia for 30 June of each year from 2005 to 2014 are based to the 2011 edition of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).

(b) Population data in this table have been revised from previous Report editions. Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data for 2005 to 2011 are final, based on the 2011 Census of Population and Housing. Population data for 2012 onwards are projections.

(c) There are no very remote areas in Victoria; no major cities in Tasmania; no outer regional or remote areas in the ACT; and no inner regional or major cities in the NT (*Australian Statistical Geography Standard 2011 [ASGS 2011]*).

(d) Includes Other Territories.

.. Not applicable.

Source: ABS (2015) *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2014*, Cat. no. 3218.0, Canberra (March release).

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
30 June 2002										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.2	2.7	10.8	5.2	2.0	1.3	0.4	3.7	38.4
5–9 years	000	12.2	2.5	10.0	4.7	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.4	36.4
10–14 years	000	9.7	2.3	8.4	4.1	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.5	31.2
15–19 years	000	8.2	1.5	6.9	3.8	1.5	1.0	0.2	3.4	26.5
20–24 years	000	6.4	1.4	6.0	2.9	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.9	21.6
25–29 years	000	6.4	1.4	5.9	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.6	21.0
30–34 years	000	7.0	1.6	6.1	3.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	2.5	22.5
35–39 years	000	6.3	1.2	4.9	2.6	1.1	0.7	0.1	2.0	19.0
40–44 years	000	5.2	1.0	4.4	2.1	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.8	16.4
45–49 years	000	4.1	0.9	3.3	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.6
50–54 years	000	3.1	0.7	2.5	1.3	0.5	0.3	–	1.0	9.5
55–59 years	000	2.2	0.5	1.7	0.8	0.4	0.2	–	0.7	6.5
60–64 years	000	1.6	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.6
65–69 years	000	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	3.4
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	2.7
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.7
80–84 years	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.7
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.3
Total females	000	87.6	18.7	74.1	37.0	15.0	9.8	2.1	30.4	274.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.8	50.0	50.2	50.2	49.7	47.9	49.9	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.0	2.6	11.3	5.2	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.9	40.0
5–9 years	000	12.8	2.6	10.7	5.0	2.0	1.4	0.5	3.7	38.7
10–14 years	000	10.5	2.2	8.6	4.6	1.8	1.1	0.3	3.7	32.8
15–19 years	000	8.1	1.5	7.1	3.6	1.6	1.0	0.2	3.4	26.6

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	6.0	1.2	6.1	3.0	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.9	21.1
25–29 years	000	5.8	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.6	20.1
30–34 years	000	6.3	1.5	5.8	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.1	2.4	21.0
35–39 years	000	5.5	1.3	4.8	2.5	1.0	0.6	0.1	2.0	17.8
40–44 years	000	5.3	1.0	4.1	2.1	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.8	15.8
45–49 years	000	4.1	0.9	3.2	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.5
50–54 years	000	3.2	0.6	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.4	–	0.9	9.1
55–59 years	000	2.2	0.4	1.6	0.8	0.3	0.3	–	0.6	6.3
60–64 years	000	1.6	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.1
65–69 years	000	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.9
70–74 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.1
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.3
Total males	000	86.7	18.1	74.0	36.6	14.8	10.0	2.3	30.5	273.1
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.2	50.0	49.8	49.8	50.3	52.1	50.1	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	25.2	5.3	22.1	10.4	4.1	2.9	0.7	7.6	78.4
5–9 years	000	25.0	5.2	20.7	9.8	3.7	2.8	0.8	7.2	75.1
10–14 years	000	20.2	4.6	17.0	8.7	3.5	2.3	0.6	7.2	64.0
15–19 years	000	16.4	3.0	13.9	7.4	3.1	2.1	0.5	6.8	53.1
20–24 years	000	12.4	2.6	12.1	6.0	2.2	1.3	0.3	5.8	42.7
25–29 years	000	12.2	2.7	11.5	5.7	2.1	1.2	0.3	5.3	41.1
30–34 years	000	13.3	3.0	11.9	6.2	2.4	1.5	0.2	4.9	43.4
35–39 years	000	11.8	2.6	9.7	5.1	2.1	1.3	0.3	4.0	36.8
40–44 years	000	10.6	2.0	8.5	4.2	1.8	1.2	0.3	3.6	32.2
45–49 years	000	8.2	1.7	6.5	3.4	1.5	0.9	0.2	2.7	25.1

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	6.3	1.3	4.8	2.4	1.0	0.7	0.1	1.9	18.6
55–59 years	000	4.4	0.9	3.3	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.8
60–64 years	000	3.2	0.6	2.1	1.1	0.6	0.3	–	0.9	8.8
65–69 years	000	2.1	0.5	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	–	0.7	6.3
70–74 years	000	1.5	0.4	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.2	–	0.5	4.8
75–79 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	2.8
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.3
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.6
Total people	000	174.3	36.8	148.1	73.6	29.8	19.8	4.4	60.9	547.9
Proportion of the population	%	31.8	6.7	27.0	13.4	5.4	3.6	0.8	11.1	100.0
30 June 2003										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.1	2.6	10.9	5.3	2.0	1.3	0.3	3.8	38.4
5–9 years	000	12.3	2.6	10.4	4.7	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.5	37.0
10–14 years	000	10.2	2.4	8.8	4.2	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.5	32.4
15–19 years	000	8.4	1.6	7.0	3.9	1.6	1.1	0.3	3.4	27.3
20–24 years	000	6.6	1.5	6.2	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.2	3.0	22.4
25–29 years	000	6.1	1.3	5.8	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.6	20.5
30–34 years	000	7.0	1.5	6.3	3.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	2.6	22.7
35–39 years	000	6.3	1.3	5.0	2.6	1.1	0.7	0.1	2.1	19.4
40–44 years	000	5.5	1.1	4.7	2.3	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.8	17.1
45–49 years	000	4.2	0.9	3.5	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.2
50–54 years	000	3.3	0.7	2.7	1.3	0.5	0.4	–	1.1	10.0
55–59 years	000	2.3	0.5	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.2	–	0.7	6.9
60–64 years	000	1.7	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.9
65–69 years	000	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	–	0.4	3.5
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	2.8

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.7
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.8
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total females	000	89.3	19.2	76.4	37.8	15.4	10.0	2.2	31.0	281.4
Proportion of the population	%	50.3	50.7	50.0	50.3	50.2	49.7	48.2	49.9	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	12.7	2.7	11.4	5.2	2.1	1.5	0.3	4.0	39.9
5–9 years	000	13.1	2.6	10.9	5.1	2.0	1.5	0.4	3.7	39.3
10–14 years	000	11.0	2.4	9.2	4.6	1.9	1.2	0.4	3.7	34.4
15–19 years	000	8.4	1.7	7.2	3.8	1.6	1.1	0.3	3.5	27.5
20–24 years	000	6.3	1.2	6.3	3.2	1.2	0.7	0.2	3.0	22.2
25–29 years	000	5.6	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.7	19.6
30–34 years	000	6.4	1.5	5.8	3.1	1.2	0.7	0.1	2.4	21.3
35–39 years	000	5.6	1.3	5.0	2.5	1.0	0.6	0.1	2.1	18.3
40–44 years	000	5.4	1.1	4.2	2.1	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.8	16.1
45–49 years	000	4.3	0.9	3.5	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.2
50–54 years	000	3.3	0.7	2.4	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0	9.6
55–59 years	000	2.3	0.4	1.8	0.8	0.3	0.3	–	0.7	6.6
60–64 years	000	1.6	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.4
65–69 years	000	1.1	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.0
70–74 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.1
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.3
Total males	000	88.4	18.6	76.2	37.4	15.2	10.2	2.4	31.1	279.6

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Proportion of the population	%	49.7	49.3	50.0	49.7	49.8	50.3	51.8	50.1	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	24.9	5.3	22.3	10.5	4.1	2.8	0.7	7.8	78.3
5–9 years	000	25.4	5.2	21.3	9.9	3.9	2.8	0.7	7.2	76.4
10–14 years	000	21.2	4.8	18.0	8.8	3.6	2.4	0.7	7.2	66.7
15–19 years	000	16.8	3.3	14.2	7.7	3.2	2.1	0.5	6.9	54.8
20–24 years	000	13.0	2.7	12.5	6.2	2.4	1.5	0.3	5.9	44.6
25–29 years	000	11.7	3.0	11.4	5.6	2.0	1.2	0.4	5.0	40.2
30–34 years	000	13.4	3.1	12.1	6.3	2.4	1.5	0.3	5.0	44.0
35–39 years	000	11.9	2.6	10.0	5.2	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.2	37.6
40–44 years	000	10.9	2.1	8.9	4.4	1.9	1.2	0.3	3.6	33.2
45–49 years	000	8.5	1.7	6.9	3.5	1.5	1.0	0.2	2.9	26.3
50–54 years	000	6.7	1.4	5.1	2.5	1.1	0.8	0.1	2.0	19.7
55–59 years	000	4.6	0.9	3.6	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.5
60–64 years	000	3.3	0.7	2.2	1.1	0.6	0.4	–	0.9	9.3
65–69 years	000	2.3	0.5	1.5	0.8	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	6.4
70–74 years	000	1.6	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	–	0.5	5.0
75–79 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	2.9
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.4
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.7
Total people	000	177.7	37.8	152.6	75.2	30.6	20.2	4.6	62.0	561.0
Proportion of the population	%	31.7	6.7	27.2	13.4	5.5	3.6	0.8	11.1	100.0
30 June 2004										
Females										
0–4 years	000	11.9	2.5	11.0	5.3	2.0	1.3	0.4	3.9	38.3
5–9 years	000	12.4	2.8	10.6	4.8	2.0	1.3	0.3	3.5	37.7
10–14 years	000	10.8	2.4	9.2	4.3	1.7	1.3	0.3	3.5	33.4

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
15–19 years	000	8.7	1.8	7.3	4.0	1.6	1.1	0.3	3.4	28.2
20–24 years	000	6.9	1.0	6.4	3.1	1.0	0.8	0.2	3.1	23.2
25–29 years	000	6.0	1.4	5.8	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.7	20.5
30–34 years	000	7.0	1.4	6.3	3.2	1.2	0.7	0.1	2.6	22.6
35–39 years	000	6.4	1.4	5.3	2.7	1.1	0.7	0.1	2.3	20.0
40–44 years	000	5.7	1.1	4.8	2.4	1.0	0.7	0.1	1.8	17.6
45–49 years	000	4.5	0.9	3.7	1.8	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.5	13.9
50–54 years	000	3.4	0.8	2.8	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.1	10.5
55–59 years	000	2.5	0.5	2.0	1.0	0.4	0.3	–	0.8	7.5
60–64 years	000	1.8	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.1
65–69 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	3.6
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	2.7
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.8
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total females	000	91.0	19.6	78.6	38.7	15.8	10.3	2.3	31.6	287.9
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.6	50.1	50.3	50.3	49.7	48.5	49.9	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	12.6	2.7	11.6	5.1	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.1	40.0
5–9 years	000	13.3	2.6	11.0	5.1	2.1	1.5	0.4	3.7	39.7
10–14 years	000	11.4	2.5	9.7	4.8	1.9	1.2	0.4	3.7	35.6
15–19 years	000	8.6	1.9	7.5	4.0	1.7	1.1	0.3	3.5	28.5
20–24 years	000	6.8	1.0	6.6	3.3	1.0	0.8	0.2	3.1	23.3
25–29 years	000	5.5	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.6	19.6
30–34 years	000	6.3	1.5	5.9	3.1	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.5	21.3
35–39 years	000	5.6	1.3	5.1	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.1	2.1	18.5
40–44 years	000	5.4	1.1	4.5	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.8	16.5

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
45–49 years	000	4.5	0.9	3.6	1.8	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.5	13.8
50–54 years	000	3.5	0.7	2.5	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.0	10.2
55–59 years	000	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.8	0.3	0.3	–	0.7	7.0
60–64 years	000	1.7	0.3	1.1	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.6
65–69 years	000	1.2	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.1
70–74 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.2
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	–	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	90.1	19.1	78.4	38.2	15.6	10.4	2.5	31.6	286.1
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.4	49.9	49.7	49.7	50.3	51.5	50.1	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	24.5	5.2	22.7	10.4	4.1	2.7	0.7	8.0	78.3
5–9 years	000	25.7	5.4	21.7	9.9	4.0	2.8	0.7	7.2	77.4
10–14 years	000	22.2	4.8	18.8	9.1	3.6	2.5	0.7	7.2	69.0
15–19 years	000	17.3	3.7	14.8	7.9	3.3	2.2	0.6	7.0	56.6
20–24 years	000	13.7	3.0	13.0	6.4	3.0	1.6	0.4	6.1	46.5
25–29 years	000	11.5	2.7	11.4	5.6	2.1	1.2	0.4	5.3	40.1
30–34 years	000	13.3	2.9	12.1	6.2	2.4	1.4	0.3	5.0	43.8
35–39 years	000	11.9	2.7	10.3	5.3	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.4	38.5
40–44 years	000	11.1	2.3	9.2	4.5	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.6	34.2
45–49 years	000	9.0	1.8	7.3	3.6	1.6	1.1	0.2	3.0	27.7
50–54 years	000	6.9	1.5	5.4	2.7	1.1	0.8	0.1	2.1	20.7
55–59 years	000	4.9	1.0	3.9	1.8	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.5	14.5
60–64 years	000	3.5	0.7	2.4	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.9	9.8
65–69 years	000	2.4	0.5	1.6	0.7	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	6.7
70–74 years	000	1.6	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.2	–	0.5	4.9

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	3.0
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.4
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.8
Total people	000	181.1	38.7	157.0	76.8	31.4	20.7	4.8	63.2	574.0
Proportion of the population	%	31.5	6.7	27.4	13.4	5.5	3.6	0.8	11.0	100.0
30 June 2005										
Females										
0–4 years	000	11.9	2.5	11.3	5.2	2.0	1.2	0.3	3.9	38.5
5–9 years	000	12.3	2.8	10.8	4.9	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.5	38.1
10–14 years	000	11.2	2.4	9.5	4.4	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.5	34.3
15–19 years	000	9.0	2.0	7.7	4.0	1.7	1.1	0.3	3.4	29.3
20–24 years	000	7.2	1.5	6.6	3.3	1.4	0.9	0.2	3.1	24.2
25–29 years	000	6.0	1.4	5.8	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.7	20.7
30–34 years	000	6.8	1.4	6.2	3.1	1.2	0.7	0.1	2.6	22.1
35–39 years	000	6.4	1.4	5.6	2.8	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.4	20.7
40–44 years	000	5.9	1.2	4.8	2.4	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.8	17.9
45–49 years	000	4.7	0.9	3.9	2.0	0.9	0.5	0.1	1.6	14.6
50–54 years	000	3.5	0.8	3.0	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.1	11.1
55–59 years	000	2.7	0.6	2.1	1.1	0.4	0.3	–	0.8	8.0
60–64 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.4
65–69 years	000	1.3	0.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.1	–	0.4	3.8
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.7
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.9
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.5
Total females	000	92.7	20.1	81.0	39.4	16.2	10.5	2.4	32.2	294.7
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.6	50.1	50.3	50.4	49.7	48.8	50.0	50.2

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	12.7	2.7	11.7	5.1	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.2	40.3
5–9 years	000	13.0	2.6	11.2	5.2	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.8	39.7
10–14 years	000	11.9	2.5	10.1	4.8	2.0	1.3	0.5	3.7	36.8
15–19 years	000	9.1	2.0	7.8	4.1	1.7	1.1	0.3	3.6	29.7
20–24 years	000	7.2	1.4	6.9	3.5	1.5	0.8	0.2	3.2	24.7
25–29 years	000	5.5	1.3	5.7	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.6	19.7
30–34 years	000	6.2	1.4	5.8	3.1	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.5	21.0
35–39 years	000	5.7	1.4	5.3	2.7	1.0	0.7	0.1	2.2	19.1
40–44 years	000	5.3	1.2	4.7	2.2	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.8	16.9
45–49 years	000	4.7	0.9	3.7	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.6	14.2
50–54 years	000	3.6	0.8	2.7	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1	10.7
55–59 years	000	2.6	0.5	2.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	–	0.8	7.5
60–64 years	000	1.8	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.9
65–69 years	000	1.2	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.2
70–74 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.3
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	–	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	92.0	19.6	80.7	39.0	16.0	10.6	2.5	32.2	292.8
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.4	49.9	49.7	49.6	50.3	51.2	50.0	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	24.6	5.2	23.1	10.3	4.0	2.7	0.6	8.1	78.7
5–9 years	000	25.4	5.4	22.0	10.1	4.2	2.8	0.7	7.3	77.9
10–14 years	000	23.0	4.9	19.6	9.2	3.7	2.6	0.8	7.2	71.1
15–19 years	000	18.1	4.0	15.5	8.2	3.4	2.3	0.6	7.0	59.0
20–24 years	000	14.4	2.9	13.5	6.7	2.9	1.8	0.4	6.3	48.9

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	11.5	2.6	11.5	5.7	2.1	1.2	0.3	5.3	40.4
30–34 years	000	13.0	2.8	12.0	6.1	2.4	1.4	0.3	5.1	43.1
35–39 years	000	12.1	2.8	10.9	5.5	2.2	1.4	0.3	4.6	39.8
40–44 years	000	11.2	2.4	9.5	4.6	2.0	1.3	0.3	3.6	34.8
45–49 years	000	9.4	1.8	7.6	3.8	1.6	1.1	0.2	3.2	28.8
50–54 years	000	7.2	1.6	5.8	2.8	1.2	0.9	0.2	2.2	21.9
55–59 years	000	5.3	1.1	4.1	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.6	15.5
60–64 years	000	3.6	0.8	2.5	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.0	10.3
65–69 years	000	2.5	0.5	1.7	0.8	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	7.0
70–74 years	000	1.6	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.9
75–79 years	000	1.0	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	3.2
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.5
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.8
Total people	000	184.7	39.7	161.7	78.4	32.3	21.1	4.9	64.4	587.5
Proportion of the population	%	31.4	6.8	27.5	13.3	5.5	3.6	0.8	11.0	100.0
30 June 2006										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.1	2.6	11.4	5.3	2.0	1.2	0.3	4.0	39.0
5–9 years	000	12.1	2.8	11.0	5.0	2.1	1.4	0.4	3.6	38.4
10–14 years	000	11.6	2.4	9.8	4.5	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.5	35.2
15–19 years	000	9.2	2.2	8.0	4.1	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.4	30.3
20–24 years	000	7.5	1.5	6.9	3.5	1.5	1.0	0.2	3.2	25.3
25–29 years	000	6.0	1.4	5.9	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.7	21.0
30–34 years	000	6.6	1.4	6.0	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.6	21.5
35–39 years	000	6.6	1.5	5.9	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.5	21.6
40–44 years	000	5.9	1.2	4.9	2.5	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.9	18.2
45–49 years	000	4.9	0.9	4.1	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.7	15.3

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	3.8	0.8	3.1	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.2	11.6
55–59 years	000	2.8	0.6	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.3	–	0.9	8.6
60–64 years	000	2.0	0.4	1.5	0.7	0.3	0.2	–	0.6	5.7
65–69 years	000	1.4	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.0
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.8
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.0
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.0
85 or over	000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.5
Total females	000	94.6	20.6	83.4	40.4	16.7	10.7	2.5	32.8	301.8
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.6	50.2	50.4	50.3	49.6	49.2	50.0	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.0	2.7	11.7	5.2	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.2	40.7
5–9 years	000	12.8	2.6	11.4	5.2	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.8	39.8
10–14 years	000	12.2	2.6	10.6	4.9	2.0	1.3	0.5	3.7	37.8
15–19 years	000	9.7	2.1	8.3	4.3	1.8	1.1	0.3	3.6	31.2
20–24 years	000	7.5	1.5	7.0	3.5	1.5	0.9	0.3	3.2	25.5
25–29 years	000	5.7	1.3	5.9	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.7	20.1
30–34 years	000	6.0	1.3	5.7	3.0	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.6	20.5
35–39 years	000	5.9	1.4	5.5	2.8	1.1	0.7	0.1	2.3	19.8
40–44 years	000	5.3	1.2	4.7	2.3	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.8	17.1
45–49 years	000	4.9	0.9	3.9	2.0	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.6	14.7
50–54 years	000	3.7	0.8	2.9	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2	11.3
55–59 years	000	2.8	0.6	2.1	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8	8.0
60–64 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.3
65–69 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.3
70–74 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.4

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	–	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	94.0	20.1	82.9	39.8	16.5	10.9	2.6	32.8	299.6
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.4	49.8	49.6	49.7	50.4	50.8	50.0	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	25.1	5.3	23.1	10.5	4.1	2.7	0.7	8.2	79.6
5–9 years	000	25.0	5.4	22.4	10.2	4.3	2.8	0.7	7.5	78.2
10–14 years	000	23.8	5.0	20.4	9.4	3.8	2.6	0.8	7.2	73.0
15–19 years	000	19.0	4.3	16.3	8.4	3.6	2.3	0.6	7.0	61.5
20–24 years	000	15.0	3.1	13.9	7.0	3.0	1.9	0.4	6.4	50.8
25–29 years	000	11.7	2.6	11.8	5.8	2.1	1.2	0.3	5.4	41.1
30–34 years	000	12.5	2.7	11.7	6.0	2.3	1.3	0.4	5.1	42.0
35–39 years	000	12.5	2.9	11.5	5.7	2.3	1.5	0.3	4.7	41.4
40–44 years	000	11.2	2.4	9.6	4.8	2.0	1.2	0.3	3.7	35.2
45–49 years	000	9.8	1.9	8.0	4.0	1.7	1.1	0.2	3.3	30.1
50–54 years	000	7.5	1.6	6.0	3.0	1.3	0.9	0.2	2.3	22.9
55–59 years	000	5.6	1.2	4.3	2.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	1.7	16.5
60–64 years	000	3.8	0.8	2.8	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1	11.0
65–69 years	000	2.6	0.6	1.8	0.9	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	7.3
70–74 years	000	1.7	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.0
75–79 years	000	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.4	3.4
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.6
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.9
Total people	000	188.6	40.7	166.3	80.2	33.2	21.6	5.1	65.6	601.5
Proportion of the population	%	31.4	6.8	27.7	13.3	5.5	3.6	0.8	10.9	100.0

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
30 June 2007										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.4	2.7	11.6	5.3	2.0	1.3	0.3	4.0	39.5
5–9 years	000	12.0	2.7	11.0	5.1	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.7	38.3
10–14 years	000	12.0	2.5	10.2	4.7	1.9	1.4	0.3	3.4	36.4
15–19 years	000	9.6	2.3	8.5	4.0	1.8	1.2	0.3	3.4	31.1
20–24 years	000	7.8	1.6	7.1	3.7	1.6	1.0	0.3	3.2	26.4
25–29 years	000	6.2	1.4	6.0	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.8	21.5
30–34 years	000	6.2	1.3	5.9	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.6	20.9
35–39 years	000	6.8	1.5	6.2	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.5	22.2
40–44 years	000	6.1	1.2	4.9	2.5	1.1	0.7	0.1	1.9	18.6
45–49 years	000	5.1	1.0	4.4	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.7	16.0
50–54 years	000	4.0	0.9	3.2	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2	12.2
55–59 years	000	3.0	0.7	2.4	1.2	0.5	0.3	–	0.9	9.0
60–64 years	000	2.1	0.4	1.6	0.8	0.3	0.2	–	0.6	6.1
65–69 years	000	1.4	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.1	–	0.4	4.2
70–74 years	000	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.9
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.0
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.1
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
Total females	000	96.7	21.2	85.7	41.3	17.1	11.0	2.6	33.1	308.8
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.5	50.2	50.4	50.3	49.8	48.8	50.0	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.1	2.7	11.8	5.2	2.2	1.4	0.3	4.2	41.0
5–9 years	000	12.7	2.7	11.5	5.2	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.9	39.9
10–14 years	000	12.6	2.6	11.0	4.9	2.1	1.4	0.4	3.7	38.7
15–19 years	000	10.2	2.3	8.8	4.4	1.9	1.2	0.3	3.6	32.7

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	7.8	1.7	7.1	3.6	1.6	1.0	0.3	3.3	26.4
25–29 years	000	5.8	1.3	6.0	3.1	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.7	20.9
30–34 years	000	5.6	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.5	19.8
35–39 years	000	6.2	1.4	5.7	2.9	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.3	20.5
40–44 years	000	5.2	1.3	4.8	2.4	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.9	17.3
45–49 years	000	5.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.6	15.2
50–54 years	000	3.9	0.8	3.1	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2	11.8
55–59 years	000	2.9	0.6	2.2	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8	8.4
60–64 years	000	2.0	0.4	1.4	0.7	0.3	0.3	–	0.6	5.6
65–69 years	000	1.3	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.5
70–74 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.2
75–79 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.5
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	–	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	96.1	20.8	85.0	40.6	16.9	11.1	2.7	33.2	306.5
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.5	49.8	49.6	49.7	50.2	51.2	50.0	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	25.5	5.4	23.4	10.6	4.2	2.7	0.7	8.2	80.5
5–9 years	000	24.8	5.4	22.5	10.3	4.2	2.8	0.7	7.5	78.3
10–14 years	000	24.6	5.1	21.2	9.6	3.9	2.8	0.7	7.1	75.1
15–19 years	000	19.8	4.6	17.3	8.4	3.6	2.4	0.6	7.0	63.8
20–24 years	000	15.6	3.3	14.2	7.3	3.2	2.0	0.5	6.5	52.7
25–29 years	000	12.0	2.8	12.0	6.0	2.3	1.3	0.4	5.5	42.4
30–34 years	000	11.8	2.6	11.5	5.7	2.2	1.2	0.4	5.1	40.6
35–39 years	000	12.9	3.0	11.9	5.9	2.4	1.5	0.3	4.8	42.7
40–44 years	000	11.3	2.5	9.8	4.9	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.8	35.9
45–49 years	000	10.1	2.0	8.4	4.1	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.4	31.2

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	7.9	1.7	6.3	3.2	1.4	0.9	0.2	2.5	24.0
55–59 years	000	5.9	1.3	4.6	2.2	0.9	0.7	0.1	1.8	17.4
60–64 years	000	4.1	0.8	3.0	1.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.2	11.7
65–69 years	000	2.7	0.6	1.9	0.9	0.5	0.3	–	0.7	7.7
70–74 years	000	1.8	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.1
75–79 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	0.4	3.5
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.7
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	1.0
Total people	000	192.8	42.0	170.7	81.9	33.9	22.1	5.3	66.3	615.3
Proportion of the population	%	31.3	6.8	27.7	13.3	5.5	3.6	0.9	10.8	100.0
30 June 2008										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.5	2.8	11.8	5.4	2.1	1.4	0.3	3.9	40.1
5–9 years	000	11.9	2.7	11.1	5.2	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.7	38.4
10–14 years	000	12.1	2.6	10.6	4.7	2.0	1.4	0.3	3.4	37.0
15–19 years	000	10.1	2.4	8.9	4.1	1.8	1.2	0.3	3.4	32.3
20–24 years	000	8.0	1.8	7.3	3.8	1.7	1.0	0.3	3.3	27.2
25–29 years	000	6.4	1.5	6.2	3.1	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.9	22.3
30–34 years	000	6.0	1.3	5.8	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.5	20.4
35–39 years	000	6.9	1.5	6.3	3.1	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.5	22.5
40–44 years	000	6.1	1.3	5.1	2.5	1.1	0.7	0.1	2.1	19.0
45–49 years	000	5.4	1.1	4.6	2.2	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.7	16.7
50–54 years	000	4.1	0.9	3.4	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.7
55–59 years	000	3.1	0.7	2.6	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.1	1.0	9.6
60–64 years	000	2.2	0.5	1.7	0.8	0.4	0.2	–	0.7	6.5
65–69 years	000	1.5	0.3	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.4
70–74 years	000	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.9

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.1
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.1
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.6
Total females	000	98.7	21.9	88.0	42.2	17.5	11.3	2.7	33.5	315.8
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.4	50.2	50.4	50.2	49.8	48.5	50.0	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.2	2.8	12.1	5.3	2.2	1.5	0.4	4.2	41.6
5–9 years	000	12.6	2.7	11.5	5.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	3.9	39.8
10–14 years	000	12.9	2.6	11.2	5.0	2.1	1.5	0.4	3.7	39.3
15–19 years	000	10.8	2.5	9.4	4.5	1.9	1.2	0.4	3.6	34.2
20–24 years	000	8.1	1.8	7.3	3.8	1.6	1.0	0.3	3.3	27.2
25–29 years	000	6.2	1.4	6.2	3.2	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.8	21.9
30–34 years	000	5.4	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.5	19.4
35–39 years	000	6.2	1.5	5.8	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.3	20.8
40–44 years	000	5.3	1.3	5.0	2.4	1.0	0.6	0.1	2.0	17.7
45–49 years	000	5.1	1.1	4.1	2.0	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.7	15.5
50–54 years	000	4.1	0.8	3.3	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.4
55–59 years	000	3.1	0.6	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	8.9
60–64 years	000	2.1	0.4	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.3	–	0.6	5.9
65–69 years	000	1.4	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	0.3	3.8
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.3
75–79 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.5
80–84 years	000	0.2	–	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.6
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	–	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	98.0	21.5	87.3	41.4	17.3	11.4	2.8	33.5	313.4
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.6	49.8	49.6	49.8	50.2	51.5	50.0	49.8

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
All people										
0–4 years	000	25.7	5.5	23.8	10.7	4.3	2.9	0.6	8.1	81.7
5–9 years	000	24.5	5.4	22.6	10.4	4.2	2.7	0.6	7.6	78.2
10–14 years	000	25.0	5.2	21.8	9.7	4.0	2.8	0.7	7.1	76.4
15–19 years	000	20.9	4.9	18.3	8.6	3.7	2.4	0.7	7.0	66.5
20–24 years	000	16.1	3.6	14.5	7.6	3.3	2.0	0.6	6.6	54.4
25–29 years	000	12.6	2.9	12.5	6.3	2.4	1.5	0.4	5.7	44.2
30–34 years	000	11.4	2.6	11.3	5.6	2.1	1.2	0.4	5.0	39.8
35–39 years	000	13.1	3.0	12.1	6.0	2.4	1.5	0.3	4.9	43.3
40–44 years	000	11.5	2.6	10.0	5.0	2.1	1.3	0.3	4.0	36.7
45–49 years	000	10.5	2.1	8.7	4.2	1.8	1.2	0.3	3.4	32.2
50–54 years	000	8.2	1.7	6.7	3.4	1.4	1.0	0.2	2.6	25.2
55–59 years	000	6.2	1.3	4.9	2.3	1.0	0.8	0.1	1.8	18.5
60–64 years	000	4.3	0.9	3.3	1.5	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.2	12.4
65–69 years	000	2.9	0.6	2.0	1.0	0.5	0.3	–	0.8	8.2
70–74 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.2
75–79 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	3.6
80–84 years	000	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.7
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	1.1
Total people	000	196.7	43.3	175.3	83.6	34.8	22.7	5.5	67.0	629.2
Proportion of the population	%	31.3	6.9	27.9	13.3	5.5	3.6	0.9	10.7	100.0
30 June 2009										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.8	2.8	12.0	5.4	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.8	40.7
5–9 years	000	11.8	2.6	11.2	5.2	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.8	38.3
10–14 years	000	12.2	2.7	10.8	4.8	2.0	1.4	0.3	3.5	37.7
15–19 years	000	10.6	2.4	9.2	4.2	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.4	33.4

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
20–24 years	000	8.3	2.0	7.5	3.9	1.7	1.0	0.3	3.3	28.1
25–29 years	000	6.6	1.5	6.4	3.2	1.3	0.8	0.2	2.9	23.1
30–34 years	000	5.9	1.4	5.8	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.5	20.4
35–39 years	000	6.8	1.4	6.3	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.5	22.3
40–44 years	000	6.2	1.4	5.3	2.6	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.2	19.6
45–49 years	000	5.6	1.1	4.7	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.7	17.2
50–54 years	000	4.4	0.9	3.6	1.8	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.5
55–59 years	000	3.3	0.7	2.8	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0	10.0
60–64 years	000	2.3	0.5	1.9	0.9	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	7.0
65–69 years	000	1.6	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.6
70–74 years	000	1.0	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.0
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	np	np	0.2	2.1
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.2
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.7
Total females	000	100.7	22.5	90.3	43.0	17.9	11.6	2.8	33.8	322.7
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.4	50.2	50.4	50.3	49.8	48.3	50.0	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.3	2.8	12.4	5.4	2.3	1.5	0.4	4.1	42.2
5–9 years	000	12.4	2.8	11.7	5.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	4.0	39.9
10–14 years	000	13.1	2.7	11.2	5.0	2.1	1.5	0.4	3.7	39.7
15–19 years	000	11.3	2.5	9.8	4.6	2.0	1.3	0.4	3.6	35.5
20–24 years	000	8.3	2.0	7.5	3.9	1.7	1.0	0.4	3.3	28.2
25–29 years	000	6.6	1.4	6.5	3.3	1.3	0.7	0.2	2.9	23.1
30–34 years	000	5.4	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.5	19.3
35–39 years	000	6.2	1.5	5.8	2.9	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.4	20.8
40–44 years	000	5.4	1.3	5.0	2.5	1.0	0.6	0.1	2.0	18.0
45–49 years	000	5.1	1.1	4.3	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.2	1.7	15.9

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	4.3	0.9	3.4	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	13.1
55–59 years	000	3.2	0.7	2.4	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	9.4
60–64 years	000	2.2	0.4	1.7	0.7	0.3	0.3	–	0.6	6.3
65–69 years	000	1.4	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.2	–	0.4	4.0
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.4
75–79 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.5
80–84 years	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.7
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	100.0	22.1	89.6	42.2	17.8	11.6	2.9	33.9	320.3
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.6	49.8	49.6	49.7	50.2	51.7	50.0	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.1	5.7	24.4	10.7	4.4	3.0	0.6	7.9	82.9
5–9 years	000	24.2	5.4	22.9	10.3	4.2	2.7	0.7	7.7	78.2
10–14 years	000	25.3	5.4	22.0	9.8	4.1	2.9	0.7	7.2	77.4
15–19 years	000	21.9	5.0	19.1	8.9	3.8	2.6	0.7	6.9	68.8
20–24 years	000	16.6	4.0	15.1	7.9	3.4	2.1	0.7	6.7	56.3
25–29 years	000	13.2	3.0	12.9	6.5	2.6	1.6	0.5	5.9	46.2
30–34 years	000	11.2	2.7	11.3	5.7	2.1	1.2	0.4	5.0	39.7
35–39 years	000	13.0	2.9	12.1	6.0	2.4	1.4	0.4	4.9	43.1
40–44 years	000	11.6	2.6	10.2	5.1	2.1	1.3	0.3	4.2	37.6
45–49 years	000	10.7	2.2	9.0	4.3	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.4	33.1
50–54 years	000	8.7	1.8	7.0	3.5	1.5	1.0	0.2	2.8	26.5
55–59 years	000	6.5	1.4	5.2	2.5	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.9	19.5
60–64 years	000	4.6	0.9	3.5	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	13.3
65–69 years	000	3.0	0.7	2.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	–	0.8	8.6
70–74 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.4
75–79 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.3	3.6

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	1.9
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	1.1
Total people	000	200.7	44.6	180.0	85.2	35.7	23.2	5.7	67.7	643.0
Proportion of the population	%	31.2	6.9	28.0	13.3	5.5	3.6	0.9	10.5	100.0
30 June 2010										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.8	2.9	12.1	5.4	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.7	40.9
5–9 years	000	11.8	2.6	11.4	5.2	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.8	38.4
10–14 years	000	12.2	2.8	10.9	4.9	2.1	1.4	0.3	3.5	38.1
15–19 years	000	11.1	2.5	9.5	4.3	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.3	34.2
20–24 years	000	8.6	2.2	7.9	4.0	1.7	1.1	0.3	3.3	29.2
25–29 years	000	6.9	1.6	6.6	3.3	1.4	0.9	0.3	3.0	24.1
30–34 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.8	3.0	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.5	20.5
35–39 years	000	6.7	1.4	6.2	2.9	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.5	21.9
40–44 years	000	6.3	1.4	5.6	2.7	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.3	20.4
45–49 years	000	5.8	1.2	4.7	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.7	17.5
50–54 years	000	4.6	0.9	3.8	1.9	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.5	14.1
55–59 years	000	3.4	0.8	3.0	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.0	10.6
60–64 years	000	2.5	0.5	2.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	–	0.8	7.5
65–69 years	000	1.6	0.4	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	4.8
70–74 years	000	1.1	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.2
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	2.1
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.2
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.8
Total females	000	102.6	23.1	92.6	43.8	18.4	11.8	2.9	34.1	329.5
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.3	50.2	50.4	50.3	49.9	48.3	49.9	50.2

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.4	2.9	12.6	5.4	2.3	1.6	0.4	4.0	42.5
5–9 years	000	12.6	2.8	11.9	5.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	4.0	40.2
10–14 years	000	12.9	2.7	11.4	5.1	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.7	39.7
15–19 years	000	11.8	2.6	10.2	4.7	2.1	1.3	0.5	3.5	36.7
20–24 years	000	8.7	2.1	7.9	4.1	1.7	1.1	0.4	3.4	29.4
25–29 years	000	7.0	1.6	6.8	3.5	1.5	0.8	0.3	3.0	24.4
30–34 years	000	5.5	1.3	5.6	2.8	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.5	19.4
35–39 years	000	6.0	1.4	5.8	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.5
40–44 years	000	5.6	1.4	5.1	2.6	1.0	0.7	0.1	2.1	18.6
45–49 years	000	5.1	1.2	4.5	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.7	16.2
50–54 years	000	4.5	0.9	3.5	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.5
55–59 years	000	3.4	0.7	2.6	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.0	10.0
60–64 years	000	2.4	0.5	1.8	0.8	0.4	0.3	–	0.6	6.7
65–69 years	000	1.5	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.2
70–74 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.5
75–79 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.5
80–84 years	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.8
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	102.0	22.8	91.9	43.0	18.2	11.9	3.1	34.2	327.2
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.7	49.8	49.6	49.7	50.1	51.7	50.1	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.2	5.8	24.7	10.8	4.5	3.1	0.7	7.7	83.4
5–9 years	000	24.4	5.4	23.3	10.2	4.2	2.7	0.6	7.8	78.6
10–14 years	000	25.1	5.5	22.3	10.0	4.2	2.9	0.7	7.2	77.9
15–19 years	000	22.8	5.1	19.8	9.0	3.9	2.6	0.8	6.9	70.9
20–24 years	000	17.3	4.3	15.8	8.1	3.5	2.1	0.7	6.7	58.6

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
25–29 years	000	13.9	3.2	13.4	6.9	2.9	1.7	0.5	6.0	48.5
30–34 years	000	11.3	2.7	11.4	5.7	2.2	1.2	0.4	5.0	39.9
35–39 years	000	12.7	2.9	12.0	5.8	2.4	1.4	0.4	4.9	42.4
40–44 years	000	11.9	2.7	10.7	5.3	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.4	38.9
45–49 years	000	10.8	2.3	9.3	4.4	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.4	33.8
50–54 years	000	9.1	1.8	7.3	3.7	1.5	1.1	0.2	2.9	27.6
55–59 years	000	6.8	1.5	5.5	2.6	1.1	0.8	0.2	2.0	20.6
60–64 years	000	4.9	1.0	3.7	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.4	14.2
65–69 years	000	3.2	0.7	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.8	9.1
70–74 years	000	2.0	0.4	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.7
75–79 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	0.3	3.5
80–84 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.0
85 or over	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	1.2
Total people	000	204.6	46.0	184.6	86.8	36.6	23.7	5.9	68.3	656.7
Proportion of the population	%	31.2	7.0	28.1	13.2	5.6	3.6	0.9	10.4	100.0
30 June 2011										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.8	3.0	12.1	5.2	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.5	40.6
5–9 years	000	12.0	2.7	11.5	5.3	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.8	38.9
10–14 years	000	12.1	2.8	11.2	5.0	2.2	1.4	0.3	3.5	38.4
15–19 years	000	11.5	2.5	9.9	4.5	1.9	1.3	0.3	3.3	35.2
20–24 years	000	8.9	2.4	8.2	4.1	1.8	1.1	0.4	3.3	30.2
25–29 years	000	7.2	1.7	6.9	3.5	1.5	0.9	0.3	3.1	25.2
30–34 years	000	5.9	1.5	5.9	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.6	20.8
35–39 years	000	6.5	1.4	6.0	2.8	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.5	21.2
40–44 years	000	6.6	1.5	5.8	2.9	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.4	21.2
45–49 years	000	5.8	1.2	4.8	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.8	17.8

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
50–54 years	000	4.9	1.0	4.0	1.9	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.5	14.8
55–59 years	000	3.6	0.8	3.0	1.5	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.1	11.1
60–64 years	000	2.6	0.6	2.2	1.0	0.4	0.3	–	0.8	8.0
65–69 years	000	1.7	0.4	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	–	0.5	5.1
70–74 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	3.3
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	2.1
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.3
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
Total females	000	104.6	23.8	94.9	44.5	18.9	12.1	3.0	34.4	336.2
Proportion of the population	%	50.2	50.3	50.2	50.5	50.4	50.0	48.4	49.9	50.2
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.2	3.0	12.7	5.2	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.9	42.2
5–9 years	000	12.8	2.8	11.9	5.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	4.1	40.6
10–14 years	000	12.8	2.8	11.4	5.1	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.8	39.8
15–19 years	000	12.1	2.7	10.6	4.7	2.1	1.4	0.4	3.5	37.6
20–24 years	000	9.3	2.3	8.4	4.3	1.8	1.1	0.4	3.4	31.0
25–29 years	000	7.2	1.7	6.9	3.6	1.5	0.9	0.3	3.1	25.2
30–34 years	000	5.6	1.3	5.7	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.5	19.9
35–39 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.7	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.1
40–44 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.4	2.6	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.2	19.3
45–49 years	000	5.0	1.2	4.6	2.2	1.0	0.6	0.2	1.7	16.4
50–54 years	000	4.7	0.9	3.7	1.8	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.4	14.0
55–59 years	000	3.5	0.8	2.8	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1	10.5
60–64 years	000	2.5	0.5	1.9	0.9	0.4	0.3	–	0.7	7.2
65–69 years	000	1.6	0.3	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	–	0.4	4.5
70–74 years	000	1.0	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.6
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.5

TABLE 2A.13

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.8
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	–	0.5
Total males	000	103.9	23.5	94.1	43.7	18.6	12.1	3.2	34.5	333.7
Proportion of the population	%	49.8	49.7	49.8	49.5	49.6	50.0	51.6	50.1	49.8
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.0	6.0	24.8	10.4	4.5	3.0	0.7	7.4	82.8
5–9 years	000	24.8	5.4	23.4	10.4	4.3	2.7	0.7	7.8	79.5
10–14 years	000	24.9	5.5	22.6	10.1	4.3	2.9	0.7	7.3	78.2
15–19 years	000	23.6	5.2	20.5	9.2	4.0	2.7	0.7	6.9	72.8
20–24 years	000	18.2	4.7	16.6	8.4	3.6	2.2	0.8	6.7	61.2
25–29 years	000	14.4	3.4	13.9	7.1	3.0	1.8	0.6	6.2	50.4
30–34 years	000	11.5	2.8	11.6	5.8	2.2	1.3	0.4	5.0	40.7
35–39 years	000	12.3	2.8	11.7	5.7	2.3	1.3	0.4	4.8	41.3
40–44 years	000	12.3	2.9	11.2	5.5	2.2	1.5	0.3	4.5	40.5
45–49 years	000	10.8	2.4	9.4	4.5	2.0	1.2	0.3	3.5	34.2
50–54 years	000	9.5	1.9	7.7	3.8	1.6	1.1	0.2	3.0	28.8
55–59 years	000	7.1	1.5	5.7	2.8	1.2	0.9	0.2	2.1	21.6
60–64 years	000	5.2	1.1	4.0	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.5	15.2
65–69 years	000	3.4	0.7	2.6	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	9.7
70–74 years	000	2.1	0.5	1.5	0.7	0.4	0.3	–	0.6	6.0
75–79 years	000	1.3	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	0.4	3.6
80–84 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	2.1
85 or over	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	1.3
Total people	000	208.5	47.3	189.0	88.3	37.4	24.2	6.2	68.9	669.9
Proportion of the population	%	31.1	7.1	28.2	13.2	5.6	3.6	0.9	10.3	100.0
AAGR (d)	%	2.5	3.9	3.2	2.4	3.1	2.8	5.0	1.2	2.7

(a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

Table 2A.13 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(b) Population data in this table have been revised from previous Report editions. Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data for 2002 to 2011 are final, based on the *2011 Census of Population and Housing*.

(c) Include Other Territories, comprising Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

(d) Average annual growth rate (AAGR) over 4 years. For 30 June estimates this is the AAGR for the period June 2006–2011. See section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for details of the estimation method.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published but included in totals.

Source: ABS (2013) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
30 June 2012										
Females										
0–4 years	000	12.7	3.0	12.2	5.1	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.5	40.6
5–9 years	000	12.3	2.7	11.7	5.3	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.8	39.5
10–14 years	000	12.0	2.7	11.2	5.1	2.1	1.4	0.3	3.6	38.3
15–19 years	000	11.8	2.6	10.3	4.6	2.0	1.4	0.3	3.3	36.3
20–24 years	000	9.2	2.5	8.6	4.1	1.8	1.1	0.4	3.4	31.0
25–29 years	000	7.5	1.8	7.2	3.8	1.6	1.0	0.3	3.1	26.2
30–34 years	000	6.0	1.5	6.0	3.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.6	21.4
35–39 years	000	6.2	1.4	5.9	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.6
40–44 years	000	6.7	1.5	6.1	2.9	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.4	21.8
45–49 years	000	6.0	1.2	4.9	2.4	1.1	0.7	0.2	1.8	18.2
50–54 years	000	5.0	1.0	4.2	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.6	15.5
55–59 years	000	3.8	0.8	3.1	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.2	11.6
60–64 years	000	2.8	0.6	2.3	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.8	8.4
65–69 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.5	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.5	5.5
70–74 years	000	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	3.5
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	2.2
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.3
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
Total females	000	106.4	24.3	97.1	45.4	19.3	12.4	3.1	34.9	342.9
30 June 2013										
0–4 years	000	12.8	3.0	12.4	5.1	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.5	40.8
5–9 years	000	12.4	2.8	11.9	5.3	2.1	1.4	0.3	3.7	40.0
10–14 years	000	11.9	2.7	11.2	5.2	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.6	38.4
15–19 years	000	12.0	2.7	10.6	4.6	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.4	37.0
20–24 years	000	9.7	2.6	9.0	4.2	1.8	1.2	0.4	3.4	32.2

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
25–29 years	000	7.7	1.9	7.3	3.9	1.7	1.0	0.3	3.2	27.0
30–34 years	000	6.3	1.6	6.3	3.1	1.3	0.8	0.2	2.7	22.2
35–39 years	000	5.9	1.4	5.7	2.7	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.1
40–44 years	000	6.8	1.5	6.2	3.0	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.5	22.2
45–49 years	000	6.0	1.3	5.0	2.4	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.0	18.6
50–54 years	000	5.3	1.1	4.4	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.6	16.2
55–59 years	000	4.0	0.8	3.3	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2	12.2
60–64 years	000	3.0	0.6	2.5	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.9	9.0
65–69 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.6	5.8
70–74 years	000	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	3.7
75–79 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.2
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.4
85 or over	000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
Total females	000	108.4	24.8	99.5	46.2	19.7	12.6	3.1	35.4	349.9
30 June 2014										
0–4 years	000	12.9	3.1	12.6	5.1	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.5	41.2
5–9 years	000	12.7	2.9	12.1	5.4	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.7	40.6
10–14 years	000	11.7	2.6	11.3	5.2	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.6	38.2
15–19 years	000	12.1	2.8	10.8	4.7	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.4	37.7
20–24 years	000	10.1	2.6	9.4	4.3	1.9	1.2	0.4	3.4	33.3
25–29 years	000	7.9	2.0	7.6	4.0	1.7	1.0	0.4	3.2	27.9
30–34 years	000	6.5	1.6	6.5	3.2	1.3	0.8	0.2	2.8	23.0
35–39 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.7	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.1
40–44 years	000	6.8	1.4	6.2	2.9	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.4	22.0
45–49 years	000	6.1	1.3	5.1	2.5	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.1	19.1
50–54 years	000	5.5	1.1	4.5	2.2	1.0	0.7	0.1	1.6	16.7
55–59 years	000	4.2	0.8	3.5	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.9

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
60–64 years	000	3.1	0.7	2.6	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.9	9.5
65–69 years	000	2.1	0.4	1.7	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.6	6.3
70–74 years	000	1.4	0.3	1.0	0.5	0.2	np	np	0.4	4.0
75–79 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.3
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.4
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
Total females	000	110.4	25.4	101.9	47.1	20.1	12.9	3.2	35.9	357.0
30 June 2015										
0–4 years	000	13.1	3.1	12.8	5.1	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.5	41.9
5–9 years	000	12.7	2.9	12.2	5.4	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.6	40.9
10–14 years	000	11.8	2.6	11.5	5.1	2.1	1.3	0.3	3.7	38.4
15–19 years	000	12.1	2.8	10.9	4.8	2.2	1.4	0.3	3.4	38.0
20–24 years	000	10.5	2.6	9.7	4.4	1.9	1.2	0.4	3.4	34.2
25–29 years	000	8.3	2.2	8.0	4.1	1.7	1.0	0.4	3.3	29.0
30–34 years	000	6.8	1.7	6.7	3.4	1.4	0.9	0.3	2.9	24.0
35–39 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.8	2.8	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.3
40–44 years	000	6.6	1.4	6.1	2.9	1.2	0.7	0.2	2.4	21.6
45–49 years	000	6.2	1.3	5.5	2.6	1.1	0.8	0.2	2.2	19.9
50–54 years	000	5.7	1.1	4.6	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.1	1.6	17.1
55–59 years	000	4.4	0.8	3.6	1.8	0.8	0.5	0.1	1.4	13.5
60–64 years	000	3.2	0.7	2.8	1.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0	10.0
65–69 years	000	2.3	0.5	1.9	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.7	6.7
70–74 years	000	1.4	0.3	1.1	0.5	0.2	np	np	0.4	4.2
75–79 years	000	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.5
80–84 years	000	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.4
85 or over	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
Total females	000	112.4	26.0	104.4	48.0	20.6	13.2	3.3	36.4	364.4

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
30 June 2016	000	114.6	26.6	107.0	48.9	21.0	13.5	3.4	36.9	372.0
30 June 2017	000	116.8	27.2	109.6	49.8	21.5	13.8	3.5	37.4	379.8
30 June 2018	000	119.1	27.9	112.3	50.8	21.9	14.1	3.6	37.9	387.8
30 June 2019	000	121.5	28.5	115.1	51.7	22.4	14.5	3.7	38.4	396.0
30 June 2020	000	123.9	29.2	117.9	52.7	22.9	14.8	3.8	38.9	404.4
30 June 2021	000	126.4	30.0	120.8	53.8	23.4	15.2	4.0	39.4	413.0
30 June 2022	000	129.0	30.7	123.8	54.8	23.9	15.5	4.1	39.9	421.8
30 June 2023	000	131.6	31.5	126.8	55.8	24.4	15.9	4.2	40.4	430.7
30 June 2024	000	134.2	32.2	129.9	56.9	24.9	16.2	4.3	40.9	439.8
30 June 2025	000	136.9	33.0	133.0	57.9	25.5	16.6	4.4	41.4	448.9
30 June 2026	000	139.6	33.8	136.1	59.0	26.0	17.0	4.6	41.9	458.2
30 June 2012										
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.1	3.1	12.9	5.2	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.8	42.3
5–9 years	000	13.0	2.8	12.0	5.2	2.3	1.4	0.3	4.1	41.0
10–14 years	000	12.7	2.8	11.5	5.1	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.8	39.9
15–19 years	000	12.5	2.8	11.0	4.8	2.1	1.4	0.4	3.6	38.6
20–24 years	000	9.8	2.4	8.9	4.5	1.9	1.1	0.4	3.4	32.5
25–29 years	000	7.5	1.8	7.0	3.7	1.6	0.9	0.3	3.1	26.0
30–34 years	000	5.8	1.4	5.9	3.1	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.6	20.7
35–39 years	000	5.5	1.3	5.6	2.7	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.4	19.3
40–44 years	000	6.1	1.4	5.5	2.8	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.2	20.0
45–49 years	000	5.0	1.2	4.7	2.2	1.0	0.6	0.2	1.8	16.7
50–54 years	000	4.8	1.0	3.8	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.1	1.5	14.5
55–59 years	000	3.7	0.8	2.9	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.1	1.1	11.1

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
60–64 years	000	2.7	0.5	2.0	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.7	7.7
65–69 years	000	1.8	0.3	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.5	4.9
70–74 years	000	1.1	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.3	2.9
75–79 years	000	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.6
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	–	0.4
Total males	000	106.0	24.2	96.4	44.7	18.9	12.4	3.3	35.1	341.1
30 June 2013										
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.3	3.1	13.0	5.2	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.8	42.7
5–9 years	000	13.0	2.9	12.2	5.2	2.3	1.5	0.3	4.1	41.5
10–14 years	000	12.5	2.8	11.5	5.0	2.2	1.5	0.3	3.9	39.8
15–19 years	000	12.7	2.8	11.2	4.9	2.1	1.5	0.4	3.6	39.3
20–24 years	000	10.4	2.6	9.5	4.5	1.9	1.2	0.5	3.5	34.0
25–29 years	000	7.8	2.0	7.2	3.9	1.6	0.9	0.3	3.2	26.9
30–34 years	000	6.1	1.4	6.1	3.2	1.3	0.7	0.2	2.7	21.8
35–39 years	000	5.3	1.3	5.5	2.7	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.4	19.0
40–44 years	000	6.1	1.5	5.6	2.9	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.3	20.4
45–49 years	000	5.2	1.3	4.8	2.3	1.0	0.6	0.1	1.9	17.1
50–54 years	000	4.8	1.1	3.9	1.9	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.5	14.8
55–59 years	000	3.9	0.8	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.2	11.8
60–64 years	000	2.9	0.6	2.1	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.8	8.2
65–69 years	000	1.9	0.4	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.5	5.3
70–74 years	000	1.2	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	3.1
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.7
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	0.9
85 or over	000	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.4

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
Total males	000	108.3	24.9	98.7	45.7	19.3	12.6	3.4	35.8	348.7
30 June 2014										
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.5	3.2	13.2	5.3	2.3	1.5	0.4	3.8	43.1
5–9 years	000	13.2	2.9	12.4	5.3	2.4	1.6	0.3	4.0	42.1
10–14 years	000	12.4	2.9	11.8	5.0	2.1	1.5	0.3	3.9	39.9
15–19 years	000	12.9	2.8	11.3	5.0	2.1	1.5	0.4	3.6	39.6
20–24 years	000	10.8	2.7	9.9	4.7	2.0	1.2	0.5	3.5	35.3
25–29 years	000	8.0	2.1	7.5	4.1	1.7	1.0	0.4	3.3	28.0
30–34 years	000	6.5	1.5	6.4	3.4	1.3	0.7	0.2	2.8	22.9
35–39 years	000	5.3	1.3	5.5	2.7	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.4	19.0
40–44 years	000	6.1	1.5	5.6	2.9	1.1	0.7	0.2	2.3	20.4
45–49 years	000	5.2	1.3	4.8	2.4	1.0	0.6	0.1	2.0	17.5
50–54 years	000	4.9	1.1	4.2	2.0	0.8	0.6	0.2	1.6	15.3
55–59 years	000	4.1	0.8	3.3	1.6	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.4
60–64 years	000	3.0	0.6	2.2	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	8.8
65–69 years	000	2.0	0.4	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.5	5.6
70–74 years	000	1.2	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	3.3
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.8
80–84 years	000	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.0
85 or over	000	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.5
Total males	000	110.6	25.6	101.1	46.7	19.7	12.9	3.5	36.4	356.6
30 June 2015										
Males										
0–4 years	000	13.8	3.3	13.4	5.3	2.3	1.6	0.4	3.8	43.9
5–9 years	000	13.3	3.0	12.6	5.4	2.4	1.6	0.3	3.9	42.5
10–14 years	000	12.6	2.9	11.9	5.0	2.1	1.5	0.3	4.0	40.2

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
15–19 years	000	12.7	2.8	11.4	5.0	2.2	1.5	0.4	3.6	39.6
20–24 years	000	11.3	2.8	10.3	4.8	2.1	1.3	0.6	3.5	36.6
25–29 years	000	8.4	2.2	7.9	4.2	1.7	1.0	0.4	3.3	29.2
30–34 years	000	6.9	1.6	6.7	3.6	1.5	0.8	0.3	2.9	24.3
35–39 years	000	5.4	1.3	5.5	2.7	1.0	0.6	0.2	2.4	19.1
40–44 years	000	6.0	1.4	5.6	2.9	1.1	0.6	0.2	2.4	20.2
45–49 years	000	5.4	1.3	5.0	2.5	1.0	0.7	0.2	2.1	18.1
50–54 years	000	4.9	1.2	4.4	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.1	1.6	15.7
55–59 years	000	4.3	0.9	3.3	1.7	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.3	12.8
60–64 years	000	3.2	0.7	2.4	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.9	9.4
65–69 years	000	2.2	0.4	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.6	6.1
70–74 years	000	1.3	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.3	3.6
75–79 years	000	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.9
80–84 years	000	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.0
85 or over	000	0.2	–	0.1	0.1	–	np	np	0.1	0.5
Total males	000	112.9	26.3	103.6	47.7	20.1	13.2	3.6	37.0	364.7
30 June 2016	000	115.4	27.1	106.2	48.8	20.5	13.5	3.7	37.7	373.0
30 June 2017	000	117.9	27.9	108.8	49.9	20.9	13.9	3.8	38.3	381.5
30 June 2018	000	120.5	28.7	111.6	51.0	21.4	14.2	3.9	39.0	390.3
30 June 2019	000	123.1	29.5	114.4	52.1	21.8	14.5	4.0	39.6	399.2
30 June 2020	000	125.8	30.3	117.2	53.2	22.3	14.8	4.1	40.3	408.3
30 June 2021	000	128.6	31.2	120.2	54.4	22.8	15.2	4.3	40.9	417.7
30 June 2022	000	131.5	32.1	123.2	55.6	23.3	15.5	4.4	41.6	427.2
30 June 2023	000	134.4	33.0	126.2	56.8	23.8	15.9	4.5	42.2	436.8
30 June 2024	000	137.3	33.9	129.3	58.0	24.2	16.2	4.6	42.8	446.7
30 June 2025	000	140.3	34.8	132.5	59.2	24.7	16.6	4.8	43.5	456.6

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
30 June 2026	000	143.3	35.8	135.7	60.4	25.3	17.0	4.9	44.1	466.7
30 June 2012										
All people										
0–4 years	000	25.9	6.0	25.1	10.3	4.5	3.1	0.7	7.3	82.9
5–9 years	000	25.2	5.5	23.7	10.5	4.3	2.8	0.6	7.8	80.5
10–14 years	000	24.7	5.5	22.7	10.2	4.3	2.9	0.6	7.4	78.2
15–19 years	000	24.3	5.3	21.3	9.4	4.1	2.8	0.7	6.9	74.9
20–24 years	000	19.0	4.9	17.5	8.5	3.7	2.2	0.8	6.8	63.5
25–29 years	000	15.0	3.6	14.2	7.5	3.2	1.9	0.6	6.3	52.3
30–34 years	000	11.9	2.9	11.9	6.1	2.3	1.4	0.4	5.2	42.1
35–39 years	000	11.7	2.7	11.4	5.5	2.2	1.2	0.4	4.8	39.9
40–44 years	000	12.8	2.9	11.6	5.7	2.3	1.5	0.3	4.7	41.8
45–49 years	000	11.0	2.4	9.5	4.7	2.0	1.3	0.3	3.6	34.8
50–54 years	000	9.8	2.0	8.0	3.9	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.1	30.0
55–59 years	000	7.5	1.6	6.0	3.0	1.3	0.9	0.2	2.3	22.8
60–64 years	000	5.5	1.2	4.3	2.0	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.6	16.1
65–69 years	000	3.6	0.7	2.8	1.2	0.6	1.0	0.1	1.0	10.4
70–74 years	000	2.3	0.5	1.6	0.7	0.4	np	np	0.6	6.4
75–79 years	000	1.4	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.4	3.8
80–84 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.2
85 or over	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.3
Total people	000	212.5	48.5	193.5	90.1	38.2	24.7	6.3	70.0	684.0
30 June 2013										
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.1	6.1	25.4	10.3	4.5	3.0	0.8	7.2	83.5
5–9 years	000	25.4	5.7	24.0	10.6	4.4	2.9	0.6	7.8	81.5

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
10–14 years	000	24.4	5.5	22.8	10.2	4.3	2.8	0.6	7.5	78.2
15–19 years	000	24.7	5.4	21.9	9.6	4.2	2.8	0.7	6.9	76.3
20–24 years	000	20.0	5.2	18.5	8.7	3.8	2.3	0.8	6.8	66.2
25–29 years	000	15.4	3.8	14.5	7.8	3.3	1.9	0.7	6.4	53.9
30–34 years	000	12.4	3.0	12.4	6.4	2.5	1.5	0.4	5.4	44.0
35–39 years	000	11.3	2.7	11.2	5.4	2.1	1.2	0.4	4.8	39.0
40–44 years	000	13.0	3.0	11.9	5.9	2.3	1.5	0.4	4.7	42.6
45–49 years	000	11.1	2.5	9.8	4.8	2.0	1.3	0.3	3.8	35.7
50–54 years	000	10.2	2.1	8.4	4.1	1.7	1.2	0.3	3.1	31.1
55–59 years	000	7.9	1.6	6.4	3.2	1.3	0.9	0.2	2.5	23.9
60–64 years	000	5.8	1.2	4.6	2.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	1.7	17.2
65–69 years	000	3.8	0.8	3.0	1.3	0.6	1.1	0.1	1.1	11.1
70–74 years	000	2.4	0.5	1.7	0.8	0.4	np	np	0.6	6.9
75–79 years	000	1.4	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.2	np	np	0.4	3.9
80–84 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.3
85 or over	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.3
Total people	000	216.6	49.7	198.2	91.9	39.0	25.3	6.5	71.1	698.6
30 June 2014										
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.4	6.2	25.7	10.4	4.6	3.0	0.8	7.2	84.4
5–9 years	000	25.8	5.8	24.6	10.7	4.5	3.1	0.6	7.7	82.7
10–14 years	000	24.2	5.5	23.1	10.2	4.3	2.8	0.6	7.6	78.1
15–19 years	000	25.0	5.6	22.1	9.7	4.3	2.9	0.7	7.0	77.3
20–24 years	000	20.9	5.3	19.3	9.1	3.9	2.4	0.9	6.9	68.6
25–29 years	000	15.9	4.2	15.1	8.1	3.4	2.0	0.7	6.5	55.8
30–34 years	000	13.0	3.1	12.9	6.6	2.7	1.6	0.5	5.6	46.0
35–39 years	000	11.1	2.7	11.2	5.4	2.1	1.2	0.4	4.8	39.1

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
40–44 years	000	12.9	2.9	11.9	5.8	2.4	1.4	0.4	4.8	42.4
45–49 years	000	11.3	2.6	10.0	4.9	2.0	1.4	0.3	4.0	36.6
50–54 years	000	10.4	2.2	8.7	4.2	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.2	32.0
55–59 years	000	8.3	1.7	6.7	3.3	1.4	1.0	0.2	2.6	25.3
60–64 years	000	6.1	1.3	4.9	2.3	1.0	0.8	0.1	1.8	18.2
65–69 years	000	4.1	0.8	3.2	1.4	0.6	1.2	0.1	1.2	11.9
70–74 years	000	2.6	0.6	1.8	0.9	0.4	np	np	0.7	7.3
75–79 years	000	1.5	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.3	np	np	0.4	4.1
80–84 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.4
85 or over	000	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.1	1.3
Total people	000	220.9	51.0	203.0	93.8	39.8	25.8	6.7	72.3	713.6
30 June 2015										
All people										
0–4 years	000	26.8	6.4	26.2	10.5	4.7	3.1	0.8	7.3	85.8
5–9 years	000	26.0	5.9	24.8	10.7	4.6	3.1	0.6	7.5	83.3
10–14 years	000	24.3	5.5	23.4	10.1	4.2	2.8	0.6	7.7	78.6
15–19 years	000	24.8	5.6	22.3	9.9	4.4	2.9	0.7	7.0	77.6
20–24 years	000	21.7	5.4	20.0	9.2	4.0	2.5	1.0	6.9	70.8
25–29 years	000	16.7	4.4	15.8	8.4	3.4	2.0	0.8	6.6	58.2
30–34 years	000	13.7	3.3	13.4	6.9	2.9	1.7	0.5	5.8	48.3
35–39 years	000	11.2	2.8	11.3	5.5	2.1	1.2	0.4	4.8	39.4
40–44 years	000	12.6	2.8	11.7	5.7	2.3	1.4	0.4	4.8	41.8
45–49 years	000	11.6	2.7	10.4	5.1	2.1	1.4	0.3	4.3	38.0
50–54 years	000	10.6	2.3	8.9	4.3	1.8	1.3	0.3	3.3	32.9
55–59 years	000	8.7	1.7	7.0	3.5	1.4	1.0	0.2	2.8	26.3
60–64 years	000	6.4	1.4	5.2	2.4	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.9	19.4
65–69 years	000	4.4	0.9	3.5	1.5	0.7	1.2	0.2	1.2	12.8

TABLE 2A.14

Table 2A.14 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections, by age and sex, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
70–74 years	000	2.8	0.6	2.0	0.9	0.5	np	np	0.7	7.8
75–79 years	000	1.6	0.3	1.1	0.5	0.3	np	np	0.4	4.4
80–84 years	000	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	np	np	0.2	2.4
85 or over	000	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	np	np	0.2	1.4
Total people	000	225.3	52.3	208.0	95.7	40.6	26.4	6.9	73.4	729.0
30 June 2016	000	230.0	53.7	213.2	97.7	41.5	27.1	7.1	74.5	745.0
30 June 2017	000	234.7	55.1	218.4	99.7	42.4	27.7	7.3	75.7	761.3
30 June 2018	000	239.6	56.5	223.9	101.8	43.3	28.3	7.5	76.8	778.1
30 June 2019	000	244.6	58.0	229.4	103.9	44.2	29.0	7.7	78.0	795.2
30 June 2020	000	249.8	59.6	235.1	106.0	45.2	29.7	8.0	79.2	812.8
30 June 2021	000	255.0	61.2	241.0	108.2	46.2	30.3	8.2	80.3	830.7
30 June 2022	000	260.4	62.8	246.9	110.4	47.2	31.0	8.4	81.5	848.9
30 June 2023	000	265.9	64.4	253.0	112.6	48.2	31.8	8.7	82.6	867.5
30 June 2024	000	271.5	66.1	259.2	114.9	49.2	32.5	8.9	83.8	886.4
30 June 2025	000	277.2	67.9	265.5	117.1	50.2	33.2	9.2	84.9	905.6
30 June 2026	000	283.0	69.6	271.9	119.4	51.2	34.0	9.5	86.1	925.0

(a) Population data in this table have been revised from previous Report editions. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections are based on the *2011 Census of Population and Housing*.

(b) At 30 June.

(c) Total persons may not add as a result of rounding.

(d) Based on series B figures.

(e) Includes Other Territories.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published but included in totals.

Source: ABS (2014) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2011 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.15

Table 2A.15 Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2001 (number) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Females									
Speaks English only	56 769	11 636	48 807	23 286	9 262	7 592	1 657	8 062	167 181
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	364	99	2 345	3 428	1 452	16	31	10 879	18 614
Not well	13	7	309	698	327	–	–	3 321	4 675
Not at all	–	–	86	121	106	–	–	1 079	1 393
Not stated (c)	16	–	84	74	73	–	–	411	662
Total	393	106	2 824	4 321	1 958	16	31	15 690	25 344
Speaks other language (d)	634	295	3 091	350	161	46	42	244	4 869
Not stated (d), (e)	2 498	671	3 468	1 569	528	253	63	1 567	10 621
Total	60 294	12 708	58 190	29 526	11 909	7 907	1 793	25 563	208 015
Males									
Speaks English only	54 719	11 031	46 122	22 225	8 779	7 476	1 632	7 777	159 861
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	345	110	2 331	3 108	1 268	13	21	10 402	17 601
Not well	26	7	308	821	359	3	–	3 349	4 874
Not at all	–	3	68	117	79	–	–	999	1 266
Not stated (c)	24	6	68	92	73	3	–	414	679
Total	395	126	2 775	4 138	1 779	19	21	15 164	24 420
Speaks other language (d)	762	406	3 128	402	185	45	55	233	5 223
Not stated (d), (e)	3 694	805	2 557	2 205	773	328	72	2 048	12 484
Total	59 570	12 368	54 582	28 970	11 516	7 868	1 780	25 222	201 988
All people									
Speaks English only	111 488	22 667	94 929	45 511	18 041	15 068	3 289	15 839	327 042
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	709	209	4 676	6 536	2 720	29	52	21 281	36 215

TABLE 2A.15

Table 2A.15 **Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2001 (number) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not well	39	14	617	1 519	686	3	–	6 670	9 549
Not at all	–	3	154	238	185	–	–	2 078	2 659
Not stated (c)	40	6	152	166	146	3	–	825	1 341
Total	788	232	5 599	8 459	3 737	35	52	30 854	49 764
Speaks other language (d)	1 396	701	6 219	752	346	91	97	477	10 092
Not stated (d), (e)	6 192	1 476	6 025	3 774	1 301	581	135	3 615	23 105
Total people	119 864	25 076	112 772	58 496	23 425	15 775	3 573	50 785	410 003

(a) Data for language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) Includes cases where language spoken at home was stated but proficiency in English was not stated.

(d) Includes nonverbal so described and inadequately described.

(e) Includes cases where both language spoken at home and proficiency in English were not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.16

Table 2A.16 Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2006 (number) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i> (b)
Females									
Speaks English only	66 734	14 225	55 560	24 041	10 900	8 217	1 826	9 917	191 520
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	397	139	4 749	3 362	1 241	22	48	11 230	21 188
Not well	13	10	658	430	238	–	–	2 547	3 896
Not at all	–	3	193	81	46	–	–	744	1 067
Not stated (c)	18	3	120	52	35	–	3	422	653
Total	428	155	5 720	3 925	1 560	22	51	14 943	26 804
Speaks other language (d)	668	418	1 366	294	128	62	27	467	3 437
Not stated (e)	2 200	599	2 246	1 460	521	160	39	1 967	9 195
Total females	70 030	15 397	64 892	29 720	13 109	8 461	1 943	27 294	230 956
Males									
Speaks English only	63 403	13 296	52 180	22 429	10 097	8 012	1 799	9 171	180 486
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	347	116	4 543	3 139	1 118	11	29	10 357	19 660
Not well	19	8	683	417	214	–	3	2 523	3 867
Not at all	–	3	200	89	26	–	–	753	1 071
Not stated (c)	12	3	100	46	36	–	–	397	594
Total	378	130	5 526	3 691	1 394	11	32	14 030	25 192
Speaks other language (d)	820	511	1 392	327	168	59	43	496	3 828
Not stated (e)	3 877	807	3 590	2 544	789	223	57	2 672	14 566
Total males	68 478	14 744	62 688	28 991	12 448	8 305	1 931	26 369	224 072
All people									
Speaks English only	130 137	27 521	107 740	46 470	20 997	16 229	3 625	19 088	372 006
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	744	255	9 292	6 501	2 359	33	77	21 587	40 848

TABLE 2A.16

Table 2A.16 **Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2006 (number) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not well	32	18	1 341	847	452	–	3	5 070	7 763
Not at all	–	6	393	170	72	–	–	1 497	2 138
Not stated (c)	30	6	220	98	71	–	3	819	1 247
Total	806	285	11 246	7 616	2 954	33	83	28 973	51 996
Speaks other language (d)	1 488	929	2 758	621	296	121	70	963	7 265
Not stated (e)	6 077	1 406	5 836	4 004	1 310	383	96	4 639	23 761
Total people	138 508	30 141	127 580	58 711	25 557	16 766	3 874	53 663	455 028

(a) Data for language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) Language (Census code = LANP) stated, proficiency in spoken English (Census code = ENGP) not stated.

(d) Includes inadequately described and nonverbal so described.

(e) Not stated — both language spoken at home (Census code = LANP) and proficiency in spoken English (Census code = ENGP) or just language spoken at home not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing, Cat. no. 2068.0.

TABLE 2A.17

Table 2A.17 Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2011 (number) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Females									
Speaks English only	83 805	18 175	68 340	28 442	12 876	9 750	2 391	9 284	233 152
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	566	194	5 223	4 282	1 573	36	53	13 964	25 921
Not well	30	4	579	449	157	–	4	2 599	3 822
Not at all	3	5	167	85	61	–	–	770	1 091
Not stated (c)	13	4	56	76	36	–	–	343	528
Total	612	207	6 025	4 892	1 827	36	57	17 676	31 362
Speaks other language (d)	3 123	935	4 717	1 913	756	212	79	1 779	13 520
Not stated (e)	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Total females	87 543	19 317	79 082	35 247	15 459	9 998	2 527	28 739	278 037
Males									
Speaks English only	79 298	17 141	65 053	26 308	12 133	9 303	2 452	8 960	220 743
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	538	177	4 815	3 903	1 381	26	44	12 574	23 474
Not well	34	15	655	451	197	–	4	2 773	4 129
Not at all	4	–	198	95	47	–	–	735	1 079
Not stated (c)	5	3	46	83	39	–	–	327	503
Total	581	195	5 714	4 532	1 664	26	48	16 409	29 185
Speaks other language (d)	5 203	1 338	5 975	3 582	1 174	299	155	2 669	20 405
Not stated (e)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total males	85 082	18 674	76 742	34 422	14 971	9 628	2 655	28 038	270 333
All people									
Speaks English only	163 103	35 316	133 393	54 750	25 009	19 053	4 843	18 244	453 895
Speaks an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander language and speaks English									
Very well or well	1 104	371	10 038	8 185	2 954	62	97	26 538	49 395

TABLE 2A.17

Table 2A.17 **Language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex, 2011 (number) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not well	64	19	1 234	900	354	–	8	5 372	7 951
Not at all	7	5	365	180	108	–	–	1 505	2 170
Not stated (c)	18	7	102	159	75	–	–	670	1 031
Total	1 193	402	11 739	9 424	3 491	62	105	34 085	60 547
Speaks other language (d)	8 326	2 273	10 692	5 495	1 930	511	234	4 448	33 925
Not stated (e)	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Total people	172 625	37 991	155 824	69 669	30 430	19 626	5 182	56 777	548 370

(a) Data for language spoken at home by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and proficiency in spoken English, by sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) Language (Census code = LANP) stated, proficiency in spoken English (Census code = ENGP) not stated.

(d) Includes inadequately described and nonverbal so described.

(e) Not stated — both language spoken at home (Census code = LANP) and proficiency in spoken English (Census code = ENGP) or just language spoken at home not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Table generated on 4/10/2012 using ABS TableBuilder.

Family and household

TABLE 2A.18

Table 2A.18 **Family structure, 2003–2012 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total families										
2003	000	1 825.8	1 335.4	1 049.2	537.5	431.9	135.6	84.9	38.1	5 438.4
2004	000	1 836.1	1 362.4	1 081.6	555.3	426.9	137.5	86.2	38.6	5 524.7
2005	000	1 871.3	1 412.2	1 144.5	567.1	437.2	139.0	90.2	55.0	5 716.5
2006	000	1 903.9	1 432.2	1 159.5	578.8	446.9	142.9	93.3	55.8	5 813.3
2007	000	1 920.7	1 452.8	1 190.6	595.6	449.8	142.8	93.8	56.1	5 902.3
2008	000	1 952.4	1 466.4	1 229.2	611.3	454.8	144.5	94.3	57.7	6 010.5
2009	000	1 970.9	1 510.8	1 269.2	637.7	461.6	144.0	97.5	59.4	6 151.1
2010	000	2 017.9	1 533.0	1 292.2	654.5	465.4	145.2	99.7	62.8	6 270.6
2011	000	2 054.3	1 576.1	1 314.5	672.5	470.1	148.2	102.4	61.8	6 399.9
2012	000	2 050.4	1 586.6	1 332.0	686.9	477.4	149.6	102.0	63.4	6 448.3
Couple families										
2003	000	1 515.0	1 117.8	872.8	450.2	357.6	110.9	68.6	30.3	4 523.2
2004	000	1 523.6	1 119.6	887.4	458.7	344.5	114.8	70.1	29.5	4 548.3
2005	000	1 566.9	1 175.9	967.3	478.2	366.8	115.9	76.8	45.1	4 792.9
2006	000	1 595.6	1 212.0	970.8	489.8	372.7	118.0	78.1	46.0	4 882.9
2007	000	1 595.0	1 224.7	998.6	500.0	372.9	119.4	80.2	43.0	4 933.8
2008	000	1 632.9	1 239.2	1 022.0	510.6	384.2	121.0	81.0	48.0	5 039.0
2009	000	1 646.8	1 263.3	1 069.1	534.1	380.4	121.8	80.5	47.7	5 143.7
2010	000	1 657.6	1 278.6	1 087.3	550.6	390.4	120.6	85.3	51.0	5 221.4
2011	000	1 707.3	1 319.0	1 097.7	569.6	394.1	122.4	87.0	49.2	5 346.4
2012	000	1 698.7	1 330.8	1 112.4	583.3	395.5	125.0	85.8	50.9	5 382.4
Couple-only families - of all couple families										
2003	%	45.2	43.2	48.2	47.1	50.4	49.9	42.4	42.3	45.9
2004	%	45.1	44.1	47.0	48.8	51.1	48.6	46.7	46.7	46.2
2005	%	42.5	42.9	48.4	46.4	48.1	48.0	43.3	41.6	44.8
2006	%	44.3	44.2	47.5	45.3	49.8	49.5	43.3	42.1	45.5
2007	%	43.8	44.6	48.2	47.3	49.3	48.5	44.4	45.2	45.8
2008	%	44.3	45.3	49.6	47.4	50.2	50.8	42.8	38.9	46.5
2009	%	44.2	44.7	50.8	47.3	49.0	50.8	43.4	40.5	46.5
2010	%	44.7	43.4	48.3	47.8	48.1	50.4	42.3	42.4	45.8
2011	%	45.6	45.2	49.0	47.6	48.4	54.1	43.0	43.7	46.8
2012	%	44.8	44.5	50.2	47.7	49.0	50.5	45.2	43.8	46.6
Couple families with children under 15 years as a proportion of all families with children under 15 years										
2003	%	78.2	80.8	76.9	78.5	75.0	74.8	77.0	76.0	78.2
2004	%	77.6	79.8	74.6	76.1	72.5	76.3	76.1	68.8	76.9
2005	%	79.8	80.5	78.6	79.1	76.3	75.2	80.4	76.2	79.2
2006	%	79.8	82.0	78.4	81.1	76.1	76.4	80.9	78.0	79.8
2007	%	79.2	81.7	78.0	78.8	75.6	77.0	80.1	71.0	79.1
2008	%	80.4	81.8	76.9	80.3	78.5	74.2	81.9	77.5	79.7
2009	%	80.6	80.2	78.5	80.7	76.0	75.6	78.8	74.9	79.5
2010	%	78.5	81.9	78.4	80.8	78.4	75.0	83.1	78.4	79.5
2011	%	78.5	82.2	77.3	81.3	77.3	71.9	84.7	74.1	79.3

TABLE 2A.18

Table 2A.18 **Family structure, 2003–2012 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012	%	79.5	81.4	78.0	80.9	78.7	77.4	80.9	73.9	79.7
Average family size (people)										
2003	no.	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.0
2004	no.	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0
2005	no.	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0
2006	no.	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0
2007	no.	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0
2008	no.	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.0
2009	no.	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.0
2010	no.	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0
2011	no.	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0
2012	no.	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0
Families with children under 15 years										
2003	000	739.0	537.0	423.0	220.0	161.0	55.0	36.0	18.0	2 189.0
2004	000	739.0	529.0	458.0	226.0	162.0	56.0	34.0	18.0	2 221.0
2005	000	742.0	540.0	445.0	224.0	161.0	54.0	36.0	28.0	2 229.0
2006	000	744.0	542.0	456.0	226.0	165.0	54.0	36.0	28.0	2 251.0
2007	000	738.0	542.0	463.0	228.0	162.0	54.0	35.0	27.0	2 250.0
2008	000	744.0	540.0	476.0	232.0	159.0	54.0	35.0	27.0	2 269.0
2009	000	733.0	568.0	474.0	246.0	162.0	55.0	37.0	28.0	2 302.0
2010	000	750.0	560.0	493.0	249.0	164.0	55.0	37.0	28.0	2 336.0
2011	000	747.0	578.0	499.0	253.0	169.0	54.0	39.0	28.0	2 367.0
2012	000	755.8	587.8	505.3	261.0	166.1	54.8	38.9	29.1	2 398.8
Families with at least one child aged under 5 years										
2003	000	338.1	236.8	190.4	96.0	73.8	23.6	13.7	8.8	981.1
2004	000	343.1	240.7	198.6	102.2	69.5	23.4	14.2	8.3	1 000.0
2005	000	323.9	237.6	197.9	99.7	69.8	23.2	15.0	12.9	980.0
2006	000	340.6	243.0	203.0	98.2	68.9	23.7	15.6	14.2	1 007.2
2007	000	340.6	246.2	204.2	101.4	70.1	23.5	16.3	13.4	1 015.6
2008	000	342.7	246.5	214.2	104.0	69.4	24.2	16.2	13.2	1 030.4
2009	000	342.1	260.8	225.6	119.1	72.7	25.2	18.2	14.0	1 077.7
2010	000	345.4	267.9	236.3	116.7	72.3	25.6	18.4	14.4	1 097.1
2011	000	358.9	270.4	239.7	124.2	76.2	25.3	19.8	14.2	1 128.7
2012	000	350.2	276.9	238.8	127.4	77.5	26.4	19.1	14.8	1 131.2
Families with at least one child aged under 5 years as a proportion of all families with children under 15 years										
2003	%	46.1	44.5	45.3	44.2	46.2	43.1	38.3	48.5	45.2
2004	%	46.4	45.6	43.4	45.3	42.9	42.0	42.5	45.6	45.1
2005	%	43.7	44.0	44.5	44.6	43.3	43.1	42.0	46.1	44.0
2006	%	45.8	44.8	44.5	43.4	41.9	43.8	43.2	51.5	44.7
2007	%	46.2	45.4	44.1	44.5	43.2	43.4	46.0	49.0	45.1
2008	%	46.0	45.7	45.0	44.7	43.5	45.1	45.7	48.2	45.4
2009	%	46.7	45.9	47.6	48.4	45.0	45.9	48.8	49.9	46.8
2010	%	46.0	47.8	47.9	46.9	44.1	46.7	50.2	50.8	47.0
2011	%	48.0	46.8	48.0	49.1	45.0	47.1	51.2	50.9	47.7

Table 2A.18 **Family structure, 2003–2012 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012	%	46.3	47.1	47.3	48.8	46.7	48.1	49.1	51.0	47.2

(a) Data for 2001 are household estimates based on the 2001 Census. Data for 2002 to 2005 are sourced from *Household and Family Projections, Australia, 2001 to 2026 (Series II) (Cat. no. 3236.0)*. Data for 2006 onwards are sourced from *Household and Family Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2031 (Series II) (Cat. no. 3236.0)*.

(b) Family estimates from the *Labour Force Survey* from August 2004 onwards have been produced using an improved method, including an increased scope, a wider range of families included and an improved weighting method. Data prior to 2004 are not comparable with later data in this table. Caution should be taken when comparing estimates produced by the two methods, especially in smaller populations such as NT and the ACT.

(c) Couple families include opposite-sex and same-sex couple families.

Source: ABS (2013) *Labour Force, Australia: Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Jun 2012*, Cat. no. 6224.0.55.001, Canberra; ABS (2011 and previous years) *Australian Social Trends, Data Cube — Family and community*, Cat. no. 4102.0, Canberra (December release).

TABLE 2A.19

Table 2A.19 Family structure, lone parents, 2003–2012 (per cent) (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Lone father families with children under 15 years as a proportion of all families with children under 15 years										
2003	%	2.9	2.3	1.9	2.5	3.0	2.2	3.8	2.7	2.5
2004	%	2.8	1.9	3.6	2.9	3.4	2.7	3.3	5.8	2.8
2005	%	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.2	3.0	3.1	1.5	3.9	2.6
2006	%	2.2	2.4	3.4	2.7	2.8	3.7	2.3	5.4	2.7
2007	%	2.7	2.3	3.1	2.7	3.1	2.9	2.8	9.0	2.8
2008	%	2.6	2.3	2.7	3.2	2.7	3.8	3.2	3.0	2.7
2009	%	2.7	2.9	2.5	4.4	4.1	3.6	4.5	4.6	3.1
2010	%	2.5	2.2	2.8	3.0	4.3	4.5	3.1	3.7	2.7
2011	%	2.5	2.5	3.8	3.0	3.8	3.7	2.3	3.9	3.0
2012	%	2.5	2.5	4.2	2.4	3.0	3.7	4.4	5.6	3.0
Lone mother families with children under 15 years as a proportion of all families with children under 15 years										
2003	%	18.9	16.9	21.3	19.0	22.1	23.0	19.2	21.4	19.3
2004	%	19.5	18.3	21.8	21.0	24.2	21.0	20.6	25.3	20.3
2005	%	17.6	17.0	18.9	18.7	20.7	21.6	18.1	19.9	18.2
2006	%	18.0	15.6	18.1	16.2	21.1	19.9	16.7	16.7	17.5
2007	%	18.1	15.9	19.0	18.5	21.3	20.1	17.0	20.0	18.1
2008	%	17.1	15.9	20.4	16.5	18.8	22.0	14.9	19.5	17.7
2009	%	16.8	16.9	19.0	14.9	19.9	20.8	16.7	20.5	17.4
2010	%	18.9	15.9	18.8	16.3	17.2	20.5	13.8	17.9	17.7
2011	%	19.0	15.3	18.9	15.8	18.9	24.4	12.9	22.0	17.8
2012	%	17.9	16.1	17.9	16.6	18.3	18.8	14.7	20.4	17.4
Lone parent families with children under 15 years as a proportion of all families with children under 15 years										
2003	%	21.8	19.2	23.2	21.5	25.1	25.2	23.0	24.1	21.8
2004	%	22.3	20.2	25.4	23.9	27.6	23.7	23.9	31.1	23.1
2005	%	20.2	19.5	21.5	20.9	23.7	24.7	19.6	23.8	20.8
2006	%	20.2	18.0	21.5	18.9	23.9	23.6	19.0	22.1	20.2
2007	%	20.8	18.2	22.1	21.2	24.4	23.0	19.8	29.0	20.9
2008	%	19.7	18.2	23.1	19.7	21.5	25.8	18.1	22.5	20.4
2009	%	19.5	19.8	21.5	19.3	24.0	24.4	21.2	25.1	20.5
2010	%	21.4	18.1	21.6	19.3	21.5	25.0	16.9	21.6	20.4
2011	%	21.5	17.8	22.7	18.8	22.7	28.1	15.2	25.9	20.8
2012	%	20.4	18.6	22.1	19.0	21.3	22.5	19.1	26.0	20.4
Children under 15 years living in one-parent families as a proportion of all children under 15 years										
2003	%	19.9	17.7	20.3	19.9	23.6	22.0	22.1	22.3	19.8
2004	%	19.9	18.5	22.5	21.3	24.0	21.9	22.0	31.9	20.7
2005	%	17.1	18.0	19.1	18.7	21.5	21.4	17.3	23.3	18.4
2006	%	18.8	16.5	19.3	17.1	21.7	22.0	17.2	19.0	18.5
2007	%	18.7	16.0	19.7	19.0	22.3	20.5	18.5	25.6	18.7
2008	%	17.0	16.3	21.4	18.2	19.1	22.5	16.3	21.7	18.2
2009	%	18.1	17.8	19.3	17.4	24.2	22.7	20.5	24.9	18.9
2010	%	19.5	16.6	19.3	16.2	20.4	23.5	14.7	23.0	18.5
2011	%	20.5	15.5	20.4	17.9	20.3	24.5	13.2	22.7	19.0

Table 2A.19 Family structure, lone parents, 2003–2012 (per cent) (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012	%	19.1	16.5	20.6	16.7	19.2	20.7	18.4	25.7	18.6

(a) Data in italics have relative standard errors above 25 per cent and should be used with caution. See section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for more information on confidence intervals and relative standard errors.

(b) Family estimates from the *Labour Force Survey* from August 2004 onwards have been produced using an improved methodology, including an increased scope, a wider range of families included and an improved weighting method. Caution should be taken when comparing estimates produced with the old and the improved methods, especially in smaller populations such as NT and the ACT.

Source: ABS (2013) *Labour Force, Australia: Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Jun 2012*, Cat. no. 6224.0.55.001, Canberra; ABS (2011 and previous years) *Australian Social Trends, Data Cube — Family and community*, Cat. no. 4102.0, Canberra (December release).

TABLE 2A.20

Table 2A.20 Families and work, 2003–2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Couple families with children under 15 years, both parents employed as a proportion of all couple families with children under 15 years (d)										
2003	%	58.4	57.6	56.9	55.8	57.5	49.3	66.2	71.1	57.6
2004	%	57.6	57.2	56.5	54.0	59.3	58.8	68.5	71.7	57.3
2005	%	60.1	60.3	62.1	56.0	62.7	57.3	76.6	77.0	60.7
2006	%	60.4	58.7	58.8	58.1	60.8	63.6	74.0	68.5	59.8
2007	%	58.8	58.7	63.4	56.9	59.9	58.6	71.1	75.5	59.9
2008	%	59.1	60.6	63.9	63.1	64.5	60.9	76.0	68.6	61.6
2009	%	60.2	58.9	59.7	59.0	64.6	62.8	72.1	71.6	60.3
2010	%	59.0	56.8	63.9	60.0	66.1	61.8	75.4	74.6	60.6
2011	%	61.3	62.0	64.4	60.3	66.0	64.3	71.0	62.9	62.6
2012	%	61.3	62.6	60.2	60.2	63.6	58.6	73.9	71.3	61.7
Couple families with children under 15 years, neither parent employed as a proportion of all couple families with children under 15 years (d)										
2003	%	6.4	6.0	7.0	5.5	6.1	9.2	5.5	1.8	6.3
2004	%	6.8	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.8	8.6	4.0	na	6.4
2005	%	5.3	5.1	5.1	6.1	5.1	8.7	1.8	np	5.3
2006	%	6.4	5.1	5.7	3.4	5.0	5.3	1.7	np	5.4
2007	%	5.3	4.8	4.1	3.5	6.6	5.6	3.5	np	4.8
2008	%	4.7	4.5	4.1	3.0	5.1	6.1	np	2.8	4.3
2009	%	6.7	5.5	5.6	4.8	4.5	7.6	1.9	3.1	5.7
2010	%	6.7	5.2	3.9	3.9	5.1	8.6	2.6	3.6	5.3
2011	%	6.3	5.1	4.6	2.9	5.0	6.8	2.8	6.0	5.1
2012	%	4.6	4.9	5.2	3.2	7.5	9.0	1.6	2.7	4.9
Lone parent families with children under 15 years, parent employed as a proportion of all lone parent families with children under 15 years (d)										
2003	%	42.9	51.4	45.2	46.7	45.8	47.1	63.0	55.2	46.4
2004	%	42.0	52.6	47.5	51.3	52.1	51.2	57.9	60.6	48.0
2005	%	51.8	46.3	47.4	53.1	50.5	41.5	60.3	40.9	49.4
2006	%	45.4	52.6	58.4	57.7	50.9	39.8	75.5	67.9	52.0
2007	%	52.3	49.5	61.2	59.6	52.1	52.9	70.2	59.5	54.8
2008	%	57.2	57.2	59.6	64.1	57.7	58.8	75.4	63.8	58.9
2009	%	47.5	57.7	57.6	62.2	49.6	48.1	56.1	60.2	54.1
2010	%	52.3	52.7	59.4	58.4	55.7	50.3	64.3	57.6	55.0
2011	%	55.4	56.9	54.5	57.2	55.1	54.5	63.8	58.4	55.8
2012	%	50.0	56.1	55.0	62.3	60.3	52.9	68.8	54.6	54.9
Children under 15 years living in families where no resident parent is employed as a proportion of all children under 15 years (e)										
2002-03	%	16.2	14.7	19.2	15.7	12.7	21.1	13.3	14.4	16.2
2003-04	%	15.7	13.1	17.3	16.5	17.1	24.4	8.0	15.4	15.7
2004-05	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2005-06	%	14.2	18.1	15.9	11.3	18.4	20.8	6.4	np	15.5
2006-07	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2007-08	%	13.8	13.5	10.9	7.4	14.5	20.4	7.1	13.8	12.6

Table 2A.20 Families and work, 2003–2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2008-09	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2009-10	%	15.7	15.6	15.8	13.8	14.5	19.2	5.8	18.9	15.4
2010-11	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2011-12	%	15.9	13.3	13.5	9.4	13.8	20.1	7.4	17.2	13.9

- (a) Data in italics have relative standard errors above 25 per cent and should be used with caution. Data with relative standard errors greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use and are not published here. See section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for more information on confidence intervals and relative standard errors.
- (b) Family estimates from the *Labour Force Survey* from August 2004 onwards have been produced using an improved methodology, including an increased scope, a wider range of families included and an improved weighting method. Caution should be taken when comparing estimates produced with the old and the improved methods, especially in smaller populations such as NT and the ACT.
- (c) Couple families include opposite-sex and same-sex couple families.
- (d) Excludes families with labour force status not determined.
- (e) Data for this indicator are derived from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) *Survey of Income and Housing*; results are benchmarked by age for children aged 0–4 years and 5–14 years. These data are not necessarily consistent with data for attachment table 2A.19 (children under 15 living in one-parent families as a proportion of all children under 15), which are derived from the ABS *Labour Force Survey* and are not benchmarked for people aged less than 15 years.
na Not available. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (2013) *Labour Force, Australia: Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Jun 2012*, Cat. no. 6224.0.55.001, Canberra; ABS (2013) *Household Income and Income Distribution, Australia – Detailed tables, 2011–12*, Cat. no. 6523.0, Canberra; ABS (2011 and previous years) *Australian Social Trends, Data Cube – Family and community*, Cat. no. 4102.0, Canberra (December release).

TABLE 2A.21

Table 2A.21 **Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2001 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Families										
Couple with children	%	45.8	44.5	47.5	46.3	44.6	53.6	50.4	50.3	47.1
Couple without children	%	20.6	24.7	19.6	17.4	19.4	26.0	25.2	18.4	20.2
Sole parent with children	%	31.4	28.7	30.3	33.1	33.2	19.4	22.6	28.0	30.2
Other family	%	2.2	2.1	2.6	3.2	2.8	1.0	1.8	3.3	2.5
Total	000	32.2	6.9	28.0	13.4	5.7	5.0	1.0	10.8	103.1
People										
Couple with children	%	57.4	56.1	58.9	57.1	55.6	66.7	62.2	61.6	58.6
Couple without children	%	12.2	15.1	11.2	9.7	11.4	15.9	15.4	9.7	11.6
Sole parent with children	%	29.0	27.3	28.2	31.0	31.2	16.7	21.2	26.5	28.1
Other family	%	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.1	1.8	0.7	1.2	2.2	1.7
Total	000	110.0	22.6	101.3	50.3	19.9	16.4	3.3	45.2	369.2
Non-Indigenous										
Families										
Couple with children	%	47.9	48.8	44.7	46.9	44.1	43.3	48.9	48.6	47.0
Couple without children	%	35.2	34.5	38.0	36.7	39.0	38.9	34.0	35.7	36.1
Sole parent with children	%	15.1	14.7	15.6	14.7	15.4	16.4	15.5	14.4	15.1
Other family	%	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.8
Total	000	1 622.3	1 215.8	905.9	466.5	391.8	119.1	79.3	32.4	4 833.7
People										
Couple with children	%	62.3	63.3	59.2	61.5	58.6	57.9	63.4	63.0	61.5
Couple without children	%	23.2	22.6	25.6	24.4	26.6	26.6	22.4	23.4	23.9
Sole parent with children	%	13.2	12.7	14.0	12.9	13.6	14.5	13.2	12.7	13.2
Other family	%	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	1.3
Total	000	4 909.7	3 694.3	2 669.6	1 385.6	1 136.8	345.1	237.9	96.0	14 476.6

TABLE 2A.21

Table 2A.21 **Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2001 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All people (includes non response)										
Families										
Couple with children	%	47.8	48.8	44.7	46.9	44.1	43.7	49.0	49.0	47.0
Couple without children	%	34.9	34.4	37.4	36.1	38.7	38.4	33.9	31.4	35.7
Sole parent with children	%	15.5	14.8	16.0	15.2	15.6	16.5	15.6	17.8	15.4
Other family	%	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8
Total	000	1 654.6	1 222.7	933.9	479.9	397.4	124.1	80.3	43.3	4 936.8
People										
Couple with children	%	62.2	63.2	59.2	61.3	58.6	58.3	63.4	62.5	61.5
Couple without children	%	22.9	22.6	25.1	23.8	26.4	26.1	22.3	19.0	23.6
Sole parent with children	%	13.5	12.8	14.5	13.5	13.9	14.6	13.3	17.1	13.6
Other family	%	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.3
Total	000	5 019.7	3 716.8	2 770.9	1 435.9	1 156.7	361.5	241.1	141.1	14 845.8

(a) Data for families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.22

Table 2A.22 Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2006 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	42.4	41.6	45.9	44.1	40.9	49.4	47.6	48.0	44.4
Couple family without children	%	22.4	26.9	21.8	18.4	21.0	28.5	25.8	17.0	21.8
One parent family	%	32.9	29.5	29.8	34.0	35.2	20.7	25.4	31.7	31.3
Other family	%	2.2	2.1	2.5	3.3	3.0	1.4	1.7	3.2	2.5
Total	000	38.0	8.4	32.8	13.8	6.4	5.5	1.1	11.1	117.1
People (e)										
Couple family with children	%	53.9	53.4	57.6	55.1	51.7	62.8	59.4	59.1	56.0
Couple family without children	%	13.8	17.1	12.8	10.7	12.8	18.0	15.9	9.3	13.0
One parent family	%	30.9	28.0	27.9	32.0	33.4	18.2	23.7	29.4	29.3
Other family	%	1.5	1.4	1.7	2.2	2.1	0.9	1.1	2.2	1.7
Total	000	125.1	26.6	114.5	49.6	21.5	17.2	3.6	45.3	403.6
Non-Indigenous										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	46.4	47.1	43.3	45.3	42.5	41.3	47.1	46.0	45.4
Couple family without children	%	36.3	35.9	39.6	38.8	40.1	40.9	36.3	37.9	37.5
One parent family	%	15.6	15.2	15.4	14.3	15.8	16.5	15.0	14.7	15.4
Other family	%	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.7
Total	000	1 662.6	1 272.7	991.0	493.5	397.2	121.9	82.9	32.1	5 054.1
People (e)										
Couple family with children	%	60.9	61.5	57.9	59.9	57.0	55.7	61.6	60.6	60.0
Couple family without children	%	24.2	23.9	27.1	26.3	27.8	28.5	24.5	25.4	25.3
One parent family	%	13.7	13.3	13.9	12.6	14.0	14.8	12.8	13.0	13.6
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2
Total	000	4 938.5	3 790.3	2 866.5	1 429.5	1 131.4	345.1	242.1	92.4	14 837.4

TABLE 2A.22

Table 2A.22 **Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2006 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (includes Indigenous status not stated)										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	46.2	46.9	43.3	45.1	42.3	41.4	47.0	46.5	45.3
Couple family without children	%	36.0	35.9	39.1	38.3	40.0	40.5	36.2	32.6	37.2
One parent family	%	16.1	15.4	15.9	14.8	16.1	16.7	15.1	19.1	15.8
Other family	%	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.7
Total	000	1 716.2	1 294.4	1 032.0	511.9	407.5	128.7	84.5	43.4	5 219.2
People										
Couple family with children	%	60.5	61.3	57.7	59.6	56.7	55.8	61.4	60.0	59.7
Couple family without children	%	24.1	24.0	26.6	25.8	27.7	28.2	24.4	20.1	25.0
One parent family	%	14.2	13.4	14.5	13.3	14.4	15.0	13.0	18.5	14.0
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.2
Total	000	5 105.8	3 852.3	3 002.7	1 490.9	1 162.4	365.7	247.1	138.4	15 367.0

(a) Data for families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) An Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australian family is a family where either the reference person and/or spouse/partner is of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.

(c) Excludes family members who were temporarily absent on Census Night.

(d) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

(e) Includes members of an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and Other family who are of Indigenous, non-Indigenous or not stated status.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0.

TABLE 2A.23

Table 2A.23 Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2011 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	41.9	41.6	44.2	42.0	39.1	47.7	44.2	47.8	43.2
Couple family without children	%	24.4	28.2	23.2	20.3	23.7	30.3	28.7	18.1	23.6
One parent family	%	31.5	28.0	29.9	34.5	34.0	21.1	24.6	31.2	30.7
Other family	%	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.1	1.0	2.5	2.9	2.5
Total	000	47.7	10.7	40.8	16.5	7.7	6.4	1.5	12.2	143.6
People (e)										
Couple family with children	%	53.6	54.2	56.1	52.9	50.2	60.8	56.7	59.2	55.0
Couple family without children	%	15.3	18.2	13.9	11.9	14.9	19.6	18.7	10.1	14.4
One parent family	%	29.6	26.1	28.1	33.0	32.6	19.0	22.9	28.7	28.9
Other family	%	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.2	0.7	1.7	2.0	1.7
Total	000	154.8	33.5	138.9	57.8	25.0	19.8	4.8	48.3	483.0
Non-Indigenous (f)										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	45.7	46.2	42.8	45.1	41.7	39.4	46.4	45.9	44.7
Couple family without children	%	36.9	36.7	40.0	39.3	40.8	42.6	37.8	39.5	38.2
One parent family	%	15.8	15.3	15.5	13.9	15.9	16.7	14.4	13.3	15.4
Other family	%	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.7
Total	000	1 769.5	1 393.0	1 100.5	565.0	419.5	126.9	91.5	35.5	5 501.9
People (d)										
Couple family with children	%	60.0	60.6	57.4	59.7	56.1	53.8	60.8	60.6	59.2
Couple family without children	%	24.8	24.7	27.5	26.7	28.5	30.0	25.7	26.7	25.9
One parent family	%	13.9	13.4	14.0	12.3	14.2	15.2	12.4	11.7	13.7
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.2
Total	000	5 220.8	4 112.2	3 165.8	1 624.9	1 186.4	354.0	264.9	101.9	16 032.3

TABLE 2A.23

Table 2A.23 **Families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, 2011 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (includes Indigenous status not stated)										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	45.5	46.0	42.8	44.9	41.5	39.7	46.2	46.3	44.6
Couple family without children	%	36.6	36.7	39.5	38.8	40.6	42.1	37.6	34.0	37.8
One parent family	%	16.3	15.5	16.1	14.5	16.3	17.0	14.6	17.9	15.9
Other family	%	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.7
Total	000	1 829.6	1 414.6	1 148.2	585.3	430.3	134.2	93.4	48.0	5 684.1
People										
Couple family with children	%	59.7	60.4	57.2	59.3	55.8	54.0	60.7	60.0	59.0
Couple family without children	%	24.6	24.7	26.9	26.2	28.3	29.5	25.6	21.4	25.6
One parent family	%	14.5	13.6	14.6	13.1	14.7	15.5	12.6	17.2	14.2
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.2
Total	000	5 408.6	4 174.7	3 322.8	1 692.4	1 219.0	376.2	270.7	150.9	16 617.1

- (a) Data for families and people in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.
- (b) An Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australian family is a family where either the reference person and/or spouse/partner is of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
- (c) Excludes family members who were temporarily absent on Census Night.
- (d) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.
- (e) Includes members of an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and Other family who are of Indigenous, non-Indigenous or not stated status.
- (f) Table is based on same method as 2006. Non-Indigenous family includes families where reference person stated non-Indigenous and partner not stated and vice versa.

Source: ABS (2007) derived from 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Cat. no. 2068.0.

TABLE 2A.24

Table 2A.24 **Household structure, 2011–2015 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total households										
2011	000	2 689.5	2 098.8	1 679.0	874.1	660.5	207.5	139.1	70.7	8 420.0
2012	000	2 727.0	2 138.8	1 714.7	903.4	668.6	208.8	142.1	72.2	8 576.3
2013	000	2 765.4	2 180.2	1 752.1	934.3	676.7	210.1	144.8	73.6	8 738.0
2014	000	2 805.6	2 222.7	1 789.9	964.1	684.9	211.7	147.7	75.1	8 902.4
2015	000	2 847.6	2 266.6	1 829.1	993.8	693.2	213.7	150.7	76.7	9 072.2
Lone person households										
2011	%	24.3	24.7	23.0	23.7	27.8	27.7	23.9	20.7	24.4
2012	%	24.4	24.8	23.1	23.7	28.0	28.0	23.9	20.9	24.5
2013	%	24.5	24.9	23.1	23.8	28.1	28.2	24.0	21.1	24.6
2014	%	24.6	25.0	23.2	23.8	28.2	28.4	24.1	21.3	24.7
2015	%	24.7	25.1	23.3	23.8	28.3	28.6	24.1	21.4	24.7
People aged 15–64 years who live alone as a proportion of all people aged 15–64 years										
2011	%	8.2	8.6	8.0	8.3	10.3	10.3	8.9	7.2	8.5
2012	%	8.2	8.6	8.1	8.3	10.4	10.4	8.9	7.2	8.5
2013	%	8.3	8.7	8.1	8.3	10.5	10.5	8.9	7.2	8.5
2014	%	8.3	8.8	8.1	8.3	10.6	10.6	8.9	7.2	8.6
2015	%	8.4	8.9	8.1	8.3	10.6	10.7	8.9	7.3	8.6
People aged 65 years or over who live alone as a proportion of all people aged 65 years or over										
2011	%	24.9	25.4	24.8	25.5	27.3	28.3	25.6	21.5	25.3
2012	%	24.7	25.1	24.6	25.2	27.0	28.0	25.4	21.6	25.1
2013	%	24.5	24.8	24.5	25.0	26.8	27.8	25.3	21.6	24.9
2014	%	24.3	24.6	24.3	24.9	26.6	27.6	25.1	21.6	24.7
2015	%	24.1	24.4	24.2	24.7	26.4	27.5	25.0	21.7	24.6

(a) Household projections (Series II), as at 30 June.

(b) Data for household structure 2005 and 2006–2015 are not comparable.

Source: ABS (2015) *Household and Family Projections, 2011 to 2036*, Cat. no. 3236.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.25

Table 2A.25 **Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, 2001 (000) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Owned or being purchased	1 509.4	1 223.8	846.1	470.2	402.6	126.5	76.5	27.6	4 683.0
Rented									
State Housing Authority	114.1	54.8	47.3	29.4	44.7	11.6	9.9	5.2	317.2
Private	523.5	323.2	355.6	141.7	99.4	31.5	22.1	21.5	1 518.8
Not stated (b)	7.7	5.0	5.2	1.8	1.6	0.5	–	–	22.4
Total	645.3	383.0	408.1	172.9	145.7	43.7	32.2	27.0	1 858.3
Other tenure type (c)	65.1	41.7	41.0	21.5	16.4	4.5	1.8	4.0	196.0
Not stated (d)	123.9	82.8	60.4	31.1	19.3	6.5	4.3	6.4	334.8
Total	2 343.7	1 731.3	1 355.6	695.6	584.0	181.2	114.8	65.1	7 072.2

(a) Data for occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type 2001 and 2006 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Includes rented dwellings where the landlord type was not stated.

(c) Includes dwellings being occupied rent-free and dwellings being occupied under a life tenure scheme.

(d) Includes dwellings where the tenure type was not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2003) *2001 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Basic Community Profile, Table B32 — Tenure and landlord type by dwelling structure*, Cat. no. 2001.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.26

Table 2A.26 **Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, 2006 (000) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Owned or being purchased (d)	1 552.9	1 276.5	909.8	485.3	406.0	129.6	80.0	26.6	4 866.8
Rented									
Real estate agent	389.7	251.5	220.0	78.4	49.4	14.1	14.1	6.9	1 024.2
State or territory housing authority	108.8	54.5	47.9	28.6	40.2	10.4	9.2	4.6	304.4
Person not in same household (e)	129.5	98.4	113.1	59.4	45.0	15.8	8.5	4.2	474.0
Housing co-operative/community/church group	14.6	7.5	10.0	5.1	6.4	1.1	0.5	5.1	50.2
Other landlord type (f)	25.7	14.5	28.6	13.9	7.6	2.5	1.6	5.0	99.4
Landlord type not stated	19.1	12.7	12.7	6.0	4.7	1.7	0.5	0.8	58.2
Total	687.4	439.0	432.3	191.4	153.3	45.6	34.3	26.7	2 010.5
Other tenure type (g)	19.3	11.9	11.7	7.2	7.5	1.4	0.6	–	60.1
Tenure type not stated	68.7	54.3	37.8	19.3	17.1	5.4	1.9	2.2	206.7
Total	2 328.2	1 781.7	1 391.6	703.2	584.0	181.9	116.9	55.9	7 144.1

(a) Data for occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type 2001 and 2006 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes Visitors only and Other not classifiable households.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

(d) Includes dwellings being purchased under a rent/buy scheme.

(e) Comprises dwellings being rented from a parent/other relative or other person.

(f) Comprises dwellings being rented through a Residential park (includes caravan parks and marinas), Employer-government (includes Defence Housing Authority) and Employer-other employer (private).

(g) Includes dwellings Being occupied under a life tenure scheme.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2007) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.27

Table 2A.27 **Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, 2011 (000) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Owned or being purchased (c)	1 644.3	1 362.9	982.5	535.0	421.7	135.7	87.1	28.2	5 197.6
Rented									
Real estate agent	430.1	316.5	287.4	102.8	67.0	18.3	17.0	8.7	1 247.9
State or territory housing authority	108.8	54.8	53.9	31.9	38.0	10.3	9.4	7.5	314.7
Person not in same household (d)	144.1	107.8	119.9	68.5	48.4	16.7	10.3	5.2	520.9
Housing co-operative/community/church group	17.2	8.8	9.6	5.1	6.8	1.4	0.6	1.8	51.4
Other landlord type (e)	27.4	16.3	31.3	18.2	8.6	2.7	1.9	5.8	112.4
Landlord type not stated	15.4	11.4	11.3	5.4	3.9	1.4	0.5	0.9	50.3
Total	743.1	515.6	513.4	231.8	172.7	51.0	39.6	29.9	2 297.5
Other tenure type (f)	20.4	14.6	14.3	8.9	8.9	1.5	0.8	0.6	70.1
Tenure type not stated	63.5	51.5	37.1	18.5	15.7	4.7	1.9	2.3	195.2
Total	2 471.3	1 944.7	1 547.3	794.2	619.0	192.8	129.4	60.9	7 760.3

(a) Data for occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Excludes Visitors only and Other not classifiable households.

(c) Includes dwellings being purchased under a rent/buy scheme.

(d) Comprises dwellings being rented from a parent/other relative or other person.

(e) Comprises dwellings being rented through a Residential park (includes caravan parks and marinas), Employer-government (includes Defence Housing Authority) and Employer-other employer.

(f) Includes dwellings being occupied under a life tenure scheme.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Indigenous) Profile, Table I10c — Tenure and landlord type by dwelling structure by Indigenous status of household*, Cat. no. 2002.0, Canberra.

Income, education and employment

TABLE 2A.28

Table 2A.28 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2001 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Female										
Nil income	%	7.9	7.4	6.9	8.0	6.1	5.8	6.5	6.5	7.4
\$1-\$119	%	8.2	9.2	8.7	9.9	8.9	9.0	9.1	6.5	8.8
\$120-\$199	%	15.1	15.5	15.7	15.5	17.6	18.8	10.4	17.9	15.6
\$200-\$399	%	24.7	24.8	27.8	26.0	28.9	30.6	19.4	19.0	25.8
\$400-\$599	%	14.9	15.4	16.2	15.7	16.2	14.8	15.0	16.0	15.5
\$600-\$799	%	9.0	9.1	8.4	8.8	8.4	7.4	12.9	11.8	8.9
\$800-\$999	%	5.0	4.8	4.0	4.6	4.1	3.9	9.5	6.4	4.7
\$1000 or more	%	6.8	5.4	4.4	4.2	3.7	3.0	11.8	6.8	5.5
Not stated	%	8.4	8.4	7.8	7.3	6.1	6.8	5.4	9.1	7.9
Total female	000	2 555.0	1 889.1	1 442.5	728.1	600.6	184.2	125.0	72.9	7 598.2
Male										
Nil income	%	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.5	4.5	4.5	5.3	4.5	5.2
\$1-\$119	%	4.2	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.9	3.5	4.4
\$120-\$199	%	12.2	12.1	13.2	12.0	14.8	16.9	7.8	15.6	12.6
\$200-\$399	%	15.8	15.8	17.9	15.8	18.4	19.6	11.1	11.6	16.4
\$400-\$599	%	15.4	16.6	17.7	15.5	18.1	17.7	12.8	13.5	16.3
\$600-\$799	%	12.6	13.3	13.1	12.7	13.6	12.5	13.3	13.4	13.0
\$800-\$999	%	8.4	8.7	8.1	9.3	8.4	7.7	11.6	10.0	8.6
\$1000 or more	%	18.0	16.1	13.5	17.7	12.2	10.1	27.8	17.2	16.2
Not stated	%	7.9	7.6	7.1	7.0	5.5	6.2	5.2	10.7	7.4
Total male	000	2 442.8	1 779.2	1 380.6	711.2	571.1	173.1	118.7	80.7	7 258.6
All people										
Nil income	%	6.7	6.3	6.0	6.7	5.3	5.2	5.9	5.4	6.3
\$1-\$119	%	6.2	7.0	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.9	7.0	4.9	6.7
\$120-\$199	%	13.7	13.9	14.5	13.7	16.2	17.9	9.1	16.7	14.1
\$200-\$399	%	20.4	20.4	23.0	20.9	23.7	25.3	15.4	15.1	21.2

TABLE 2A.28

Table 2A.28 **People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2001 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
\$400–\$599	%	15.1	15.9	16.9	15.6	17.1	16.2	13.9	14.7	15.9
\$600–\$799	%	10.8	11.1	10.7	10.8	10.9	9.9	13.1	12.6	10.9
\$800–\$999	%	6.7	6.7	6.0	6.9	6.2	5.7	10.6	8.3	6.6
\$1000 or more	%	12.3	10.6	8.8	10.9	7.8	6.4	19.6	12.3	10.7
Not stated	%	8.2	8.0	7.5	7.1	5.8	6.5	5.3	10.0	7.6
Total people	000	4 997.8	3 668.4	2 823.1	1 439.3	1 171.7	357.3	243.6	153.6	14 856.8

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.29

Table 2A.29 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2006 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Female										
Nil income	%	9.1	8.8	7.6	8.7	6.9	6.3	6.5	6.8	8.4
\$1–\$149	%	8.6	9.6	8.7	9.6	8.9	8.8	8.2	6.6	9.0
\$150–\$249	%	16.3	16.4	15.6	15.2	18.3	19.9	10.1	16.2	16.2
\$250–\$399	%	15.6	15.7	16.7	15.8	18.2	19.8	11.4	11.6	16.1
\$400–\$599	%	14.2	14.6	16.7	14.9	15.9	16.1	12.4	12.7	15.0
\$600–\$799	%	9.1	9.5	10.3	10.0	9.9	9.1	10.0	11.5	9.6
\$800–\$999	%	6.2	6.5	6.2	6.6	6.2	5.3	10.1	8.3	6.4
\$1000–\$1299	%	5.7	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.1	4.7	11.9	7.9	5.7
\$1300–\$1599	%	3.3	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0	1.7	7.1	4.2	2.7
\$1600–\$1999	%	1.5	1.2	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.6	3.8	1.3	1.2
\$2000 or more	%	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	2.7	1.1	1.5
Not stated	%	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.8	7.0	6.9	5.7	11.7	8.4
Total female	000	2 689.4	2 049.1	1 576.5	790.1	632.3	197.5	134.0	70.4	8 140.2
Male										
Nil income	%	6.5	6.4	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.9
\$1–\$149	%	4.8	5.2	4.5	4.3	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.3	4.8
\$150–\$249	%	11.9	11.6	11.1	9.8	13.6	15.3	6.8	13.9	11.6
\$250–\$399	%	9.8	9.6	9.8	8.8	11.0	12.1	6.5	6.5	9.7
\$400–\$599	%	11.8	12.5	13.0	10.8	13.3	14.4	9.4	8.7	12.2
\$600–\$799	%	11.1	11.8	12.6	11.0	12.9	12.9	10.0	10.2	11.7
\$800–\$999	%	8.9	9.8	9.9	9.6	9.9	9.2	10.4	9.8	9.5
\$1000–\$1299	%	9.2	9.7	10.3	11.1	9.7	9.1	13.5	11.5	9.9
\$1300–\$1599	%	6.0	5.5	5.7	7.1	5.1	4.5	9.9	6.8	5.9
\$1600–\$1999	%	3.9	3.5	3.6	5.0	2.7	2.1	7.5	4.0	3.8
\$2000 or more	%	6.4	5.4	4.7	7.0	3.6	2.6	9.3	4.5	5.6
Not stated	%	9.7	9.1	9.8	10.3	7.8	7.7	6.7	14.7	9.4

TABLE 2A.29

Table 2A.29 **People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2006 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Total male	000	2 560.9	1 932.9	1 521.5	772.5	601.2	185.0	128.1	74.9	7 777.9
All people										
Nil income	%	7.8	7.6	6.4	6.9	6.2	5.7	5.9	6.0	7.2
\$1–\$149	%	6.7	7.5	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	5.4	6.9
\$150–\$249	%	14.1	14.0	13.4	12.5	16.0	17.7	8.5	15.0	13.9
\$250–\$399	%	12.8	12.7	13.3	12.3	14.7	16.1	9.0	9.0	13.0
\$400–\$599	%	13.0	13.6	14.9	12.9	14.7	15.3	10.9	10.6	13.6
\$600–\$799	%	10.1	10.6	11.4	10.5	11.3	11.0	10.0	10.9	10.6
\$800–\$999	%	7.5	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.2	10.3	9.1	7.9
\$1000–\$1299	%	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.4	7.3	6.8	12.7	9.7	7.7
\$1300–\$1599	%	4.6	3.9	3.9	4.7	3.5	3.0	8.5	5.5	4.2
\$1600–\$1999	%	2.7	2.3	2.2	3.0	1.8	1.3	5.6	2.7	2.5
\$2000 or more	%	4.1	3.3	2.9	4.1	2.2	1.6	5.9	2.9	3.5
Not stated	%	9.1	8.8	9.1	9.6	7.4	7.3	6.2	13.2	8.9
Total people	000	5 250.3	3 982.0	3 098.0	1 562.7	1 233.5	382.5	262.1	145.3	15 918.1

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (2007) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.30

Table 2A.30 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Female										
Negative income	%	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6
Nil income	%	9.4	9.4	8.1	9.8	7.3	6.3	7.3	6.8	8.9
\$1–\$199	%	8.9	9.8	9.0	9.4	9.6	9.3	8.1	8.9	9.3
\$200–\$299	%	11.8	11.8	11.3	10.4	13.1	14.5	6.9	10.7	11.6
\$300–\$399	%	12.3	12.0	12.1	10.9	14.0	15.3	7.6	7.6	12.1
\$400–\$599	%	13.4	13.7	14.8	13.1	15.3	16.6	10.1	9.3	13.9
\$600–\$799	%	10.3	10.6	11.7	10.4	11.2	11.1	9.2	10.0	10.7
\$800–\$999	%	7.0	7.4	7.7	7.5	7.5	6.9	8.0	9.1	7.4
\$1000–\$1249	%	6.3	6.6	6.6	7.1	6.2	5.6	10.4	9.2	6.6
\$1250–\$1499	%	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.7	3.8	3.4	8.9	6.2	4.3
\$1500–\$1999	%	4.8	3.9	4.1	5.0	3.5	3.4	11.1	7.2	4.5
\$2000 or more	%	3.4	2.7	2.3	3.3	1.8	1.4	6.8	3.0	2.9
Not stated	%	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.7	6.3	5.8	5.2	11.5	7.3
Total female	000	2 860.8	2 235.4	1 758.4	898.9	669.4	206.9	148.3	78.5	8 857.5
Male										
Negative income	%	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.6
Nil income	%	6.6	6.7	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.1	5.8	5.2	6.2
\$1–\$199	%	5.5	5.8	5.2	4.6	6.0	6.2	4.9	5.9	5.5
\$200–\$299	%	9.4	9.1	8.8	7.1	10.6	12.2	4.9	8.2	9.0
\$300–\$399	%	8.0	7.4	7.5	5.9	8.7	9.7	4.5	4.9	7.5
\$400–\$599	%	9.4	9.4	9.2	7.5	10.1	11.0	6.5	5.8	9.2
\$600–\$799	%	9.9	10.5	10.3	7.8	11.2	11.8	7.9	7.8	10.0
\$800–\$999	%	8.9	9.5	9.6	8.1	10.2	10.1	8.5	8.8	9.2
\$1000–\$1249	%	8.7	9.5	9.6	9.3	9.6	9.0	10.7	10.4	9.3
\$1250–\$1499	%	6.4	6.8	7.0	7.7	6.6	6.0	9.5	8.1	6.8
\$1500–\$1999	%	8.2	8.0	8.5	10.9	7.5	6.8	14.1	10.2	8.5

TABLE 2A.30

Table 2A.30 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
\$2000 or more	%	10.0	8.8	8.9	15.1	6.5	4.8	16.3	9.0	9.7
Not stated	%	8.4	8.0	9.1	9.8	7.0	6.6	6.2	15.4	8.5
Total female	000	2 724.3	2 119.8	1 698.5	900.2	640.2	194.5	142.5	84.3	8 506.2
All people										
Negative income	%	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.6
Nil income	%	8.0	8.1	6.9	7.7	6.5	5.7	6.5	6.0	7.6
\$1–\$199	%	7.3	7.8	7.2	7.0	7.8	7.8	6.5	7.3	7.4
\$200–\$299	%	10.6	10.5	10.1	8.7	11.9	13.4	6.0	9.4	10.4
\$300–\$399	%	10.2	9.8	9.8	8.4	11.4	12.6	6.0	6.2	9.9
\$400–\$599	%	11.5	11.6	12.0	10.3	12.8	13.9	8.3	7.5	11.6
\$600–\$799	%	10.1	10.6	11.0	9.1	11.2	11.4	8.5	8.9	10.4
\$800–\$999	%	7.9	8.4	8.6	7.8	8.8	8.5	8.2	9.0	8.3
\$1000–\$1249	%	7.5	8.0	8.1	8.2	7.9	7.3	10.5	9.8	7.9
\$1250–\$1499	%	5.3	5.4	5.6	6.2	5.1	4.7	9.2	7.2	5.5
\$1500–\$1999	%	6.5	5.9	6.3	7.9	5.5	5.1	12.6	8.8	6.5
\$2000 or more	%	6.6	5.7	5.5	9.2	4.1	3.0	11.5	6.1	6.2
Not stated	%	8.0	7.7	8.3	8.7	6.6	6.2	5.7	13.5	7.9
Total people	000	5 585.1	4 355.2	3 456.9	1 799.1	1 309.6	401.5	290.9	162.8	17 363.7

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and sex 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Table generated on 1/10/2012 using ABS TableBuilder.

Table 2A.31 **People aged 15 years or over by weekly individual income and Indigenous status, 2001 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Nil income	%	6.9	6.5	6.7	6.2	6.6	6.8	8.0	5.8	6.5
\$1–\$119	%	7.3	7.7	7.6	6.7	8.2	9.2	6.9	6.8	7.4
\$120–\$199	%	23.1	19.3	23.7	29.8	28.5	22.1	15.4	49.8	27.7
\$200–\$399	%	24.4	23.6	25.6	24.2	24.3	26.5	17.4	17.7	23.8
\$400–\$599	%	13.9	15.3	14.3	10.5	11.7	16.3	13.8	5.6	12.5
\$600–\$799	%	7.0	8.3	6.8	5.4	6.0	7.8	12.8	3.4	6.4
\$800–\$999	%	3.4	4.2	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.4	9.4	1.5	2.9
\$1000 or more	%	4.1	4.5	2.8	3.3	2.6	2.7	11.5	1.3	3.2
Not stated	%	9.9	10.5	9.9	11.5	9.3	5.1	4.8	8.1	9.7
Non-Indigenous										
Nil income	%	6.7	6.3	5.9	6.7	5.3	5.1	5.9	5.3	6.3
\$1–\$119	%	6.2	7.0	6.6	7.3	6.8	6.9	7.0	4.4	6.6
\$120–\$199	%	13.5	13.9	14.2	13.3	16.0	17.8	9.1	7.8	13.9
\$200–\$399	%	20.3	20.4	22.9	20.9	23.7	25.2	15.4	14.4	21.1
\$400–\$599	%	15.2	16.0	17.0	15.8	17.2	16.2	13.9	17.2	15.9
\$600–\$799	%	10.8	11.1	10.8	10.9	11.0	9.9	13.1	15.1	11.0
\$800–\$999	%	6.7	6.7	6.1	7.0	6.2	5.8	10.6	10.1	6.7
\$1000 or more	%	12.4	10.6	9.0	11.1	7.9	6.5	19.7	15.2	10.8
Not stated	%	8.2	8.0	7.4	7.0	5.8	6.5	5.3	10.5	7.6
Total (including Indigenous status not stated)										
Nil income	%	6.7	6.3	6.0	6.7	5.3	5.2	5.9	5.4	6.3
\$1–\$119	%	6.2	7.0	6.7	7.2	6.8	6.9	7.0	4.9	6.7
\$120–\$199	%	13.7	13.9	14.5	13.7	16.2	17.9	9.1	16.7	14.1
\$200–\$399	%	20.4	20.4	23.0	20.9	23.7	25.3	15.4	15.1	21.2
\$400–\$599	%	15.1	15.9	16.9	15.6	17.1	16.2	13.9	14.7	15.9
\$600–\$799	%	10.8	11.1	10.7	10.8	10.9	9.9	13.1	12.6	10.9
\$800–\$999	%	6.7	6.7	6.0	6.9	6.2	5.7	10.6	8.3	6.6
\$1000 or more	%	12.3	10.6	8.8	10.9	7.8	6.4	19.6	12.3	10.7
Not stated	%	8.2	8.0	7.5	7.1	5.8	6.5	5.3	10.0	7.6

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and Indigenous status 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs among the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

Table 2A.32 **People aged 15 years or over by weekly individual income and Indigenous status, 2006 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Nil income	%	8.1	8.9	8.4	7.9	7.5	7.4	7.9	8.2	8.2
\$1–\$149	%	9.0	9.0	7.6	7.5	9.4	9.3	8.5	8.6	8.4
\$150–\$249	%	22.2	17.9	21.5	26.7	25.6	21.7	14.0	41.2	24.8
\$250–\$399	%	15.6	15.3	15.6	14.0	15.7	17.2	11.7	13.8	15.2
\$400–\$599	%	13.7	14.5	15.4	11.0	12.1	16.3	9.7	6.4	12.9
\$600–\$799	%	7.8	9.1	8.8	6.4	7.1	9.2	9.0	3.7	7.5
\$800–\$999	%	4.6	5.6	5.0	3.9	4.3	5.8	11.2	2.5	4.5
\$1000–\$1299	%	3.8	4.2	3.8	3.4	3.3	4.1	10.6	2.0	3.6
\$1300–\$1599	%	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.5	6.1	0.8	1.6
\$1600–\$1999	%	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.5	0.6	4.1	0.4	0.8
\$2000 or more	%	0.9	1.4	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.6	2.0	0.3	0.9
Not stated	%	11.6	11.5	10.7	15.2	12.3	6.3	5.2	12.0	11.6
Non-Indigenous										
Nil income	%	8.2	7.9	6.6	7.3	6.4	5.8	6.1	5.8	7.5
\$1–\$149	%	7.0	7.8	7.0	7.3	7.3	7.2	6.7	4.9	7.2
\$150–\$249	%	14.6	14.5	13.8	12.8	16.3	18.1	8.7	7.4	14.3
\$250–\$399	%	13.4	13.2	13.9	13.0	15.1	16.6	9.3	8.3	13.5
\$400–\$599	%	13.7	14.2	15.7	13.7	15.2	15.8	11.3	13.3	14.3
\$600–\$799	%	10.7	11.2	12.1	11.2	11.9	11.5	10.4	14.7	11.3
\$800–\$999	%	8.0	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.4	7.6	10.7	12.5	8.4
\$1000–\$1299	%	7.9	8.0	8.4	9.1	7.7	7.2	13.3	13.6	8.2
\$1300–\$1599	%	4.9	4.1	4.2	5.1	3.7	3.2	8.9	7.9	4.5
\$1600–\$1999	%	2.9	2.4	2.4	3.3	1.8	1.4	5.9	3.9	2.7
\$2000 or more	%	4.3	3.5	3.1	4.5	2.3	1.7	6.2	4.1	3.7
Not stated	%	4.4	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.0	2.4	3.6	4.4
Total (including Indigenous status not stated)										
Nil income	%	7.8	7.6	6.4	6.9	6.2	5.7	5.9	6.0	7.2
\$1–\$149	%	6.7	7.5	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	5.4	6.9
\$150–\$249	%	14.1	14.0	13.4	12.5	16.0	17.7	8.5	15.0	13.9
\$250–\$399	%	12.8	12.7	13.3	12.3	14.7	16.1	9.0	9.0	13.0
\$400–\$599	%	13.0	13.6	14.9	12.9	14.7	15.3	10.9	10.6	13.6
\$600–\$799	%	10.1	10.6	11.4	10.5	11.3	11.0	10.0	10.9	10.6
\$800–\$999	%	7.5	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.2	10.3	9.1	7.9
\$1000–\$1299	%	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.4	7.3	6.8	12.7	9.7	7.7
\$1300–\$1599	%	4.6	3.9	3.9	4.7	3.5	3.0	8.5	5.5	4.2
\$1600–\$1999	%	2.7	2.3	2.2	3.0	1.8	1.3	5.6	2.7	2.5
\$2000 or more	%	4.1	3.3	2.9	4.1	2.2	1.6	5.9	2.9	3.5
Not stated	%	9.1	8.8	9.1	9.6	7.4	7.3	6.2	13.2	8.9

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and Indigenous status 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs among the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.33

Table 2A.33 **People aged 15 years or over by weekly individual income and Indigenous status, 2011 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Negative income	%	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.8
Nil income	%	8.1	8.4	8.4	8.9	7.4	7.2	7.3	7.8	8.2
\$1–\$199	%	11.0	10.4	9.7	10.0	11.3	10.8	11.2	17.5	11.2
\$200–\$299	%	15.1	13.9	16.4	17.6	18.1	15.9	9.8	25.9	17.0
\$300–\$399	%	13.2	12.3	12.0	11.2	13.4	13.4	7.7	10.5	12.2
\$400–\$599	%	12.9	12.3	13.1	9.4	11.6	15.1	8.6	7.9	11.9
\$600–\$799	%	9.9	10.8	10.6	7.0	8.9	12.1	9.2	6.1	9.4
\$800–\$999	%	6.3	6.9	6.6	4.7	5.6	7.1	8.2	3.6	5.9
\$1000–\$1249	%	5.1	5.6	5.2	4.4	4.9	5.4	10.6	3.4	4.9
\$1250–\$1499	%	3.0	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.6	3.1	6.9	1.8	3.0
\$1500–\$1999	%	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.1	2.5	2.4	8.5	1.7	3.0
\$2000 or more	%	1.7	2.0	1.9	4.1	1.3	1.4	5.5	0.9	2.0
Not stated	%	9.9	10.0	9.2	14.6	11.5	5.5	5.8	12.7	10.5
Non-Indigenous										
Negative income	%	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.6
Nil income	%	8.4	8.4	7.2	8.1	6.6	5.8	6.7	6.0	7.9
\$1–\$199	%	7.5	8.1	7.4	7.3	8.0	8.0	6.7	4.7	7.6
\$200–\$299	%	11.0	10.8	10.3	8.9	12.1	13.6	6.1	4.8	10.6
\$300–\$399	%	10.5	10.1	10.2	8.8	11.7	12.9	6.2	5.4	10.2
\$400–\$599	%	11.9	12.0	12.6	10.8	13.2	14.2	8.6	8.2	12.0
\$600–\$799	%	10.6	11.0	11.6	9.6	11.6	11.8	8.8	10.8	10.8
\$800–\$999	%	8.3	8.8	9.1	8.3	9.2	8.8	8.5	11.8	8.7
\$1000–\$1249	%	7.9	8.3	8.6	8.8	8.2	7.6	10.9	13.1	8.3
\$1250–\$1499	%	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.7	5.4	4.9	9.5	9.9	5.8
\$1500–\$1999	%	6.9	6.2	6.7	8.5	5.7	5.3	13.1	12.2	6.8
\$2000 or more	%	7.0	5.9	5.9	9.9	4.3	3.2	12.0	8.6	6.6
Not stated	%	3.9	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.4	2.3	4.1	3.9
Total (including Indigenous status not stated)										
Negative income	%	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.6
Nil income	%	8.0	8.1	6.9	7.7	6.5	5.7	6.5	6.0	7.6
\$1–\$199	%	7.3	7.8	7.2	7.0	7.8	7.8	6.5	7.3	7.4
\$200–\$299	%	10.6	10.5	10.1	8.7	11.9	13.4	6.0	9.4	10.4
\$300–\$399	%	10.2	9.8	9.8	8.4	11.4	12.6	6.0	6.2	9.9
\$400–\$599	%	11.5	11.6	12.0	10.3	12.8	13.9	8.3	7.5	11.6
\$600–\$799	%	10.1	10.6	11.0	9.1	11.2	11.4	8.5	8.9	10.4
\$800–\$999	%	7.9	8.4	8.6	7.8	8.8	8.5	8.2	9.0	8.3
\$1000–\$1249	%	7.5	8.0	8.1	8.2	7.9	7.3	10.5	9.8	7.9
\$1250–\$1499	%	5.3	5.4	5.6	6.2	5.1	4.7	9.2	7.2	5.5
\$1500–\$1999	%	6.5	5.9	6.3	7.9	5.5	5.1	12.6	8.8	6.5
\$2000 or more	%	6.6	5.7	5.5	9.2	4.1	3.0	11.5	6.1	6.2
Not stated	%	8.0	7.7	8.3	8.7	6.6	6.2	5.7	13.5	7.9

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and Indigenous status 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

Table 2A.33 People aged 15 years or over by weekly individual income and Indigenous status, 2011 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income differs among the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *2011 Census of Population and Housing*, Table generated on 3/10/2012 using ABS TableBuilder.

TABLE 2A.34

Table 2A.34 **People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2001 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
15–19 years										
Nil income	%	29.5	29.1	25.7	27.4	28.3	26.4	28.2	24.0	28.2
\$1–\$119	%	28.3	31.3	29.1	28.3	30.5	29.0	31.8	21.2	29.4
\$120–\$199	%	9.9	10.1	13.0	12.0	11.9	14.6	11.3	18.4	11.2
\$200–\$399	%	13.4	11.8	16.3	16.1	14.8	15.6	13.3	13.0	14.0
\$400–\$599	%	4.4	3.4	3.7	4.2	3.8	2.8	4.2	5.8	3.9
\$600–\$799	%	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.8	2.0	0.7
\$800–\$999	%	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1
\$1000 or more	%	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2
Not stated	%	13.2	13.5	11.2	11.0	9.9	10.8	10.1	15.0	12.3
Total	000	436.6	321.7	257.5	136.3	101.0	33.2	24.5	14.2	1 325.3
20–24 years										
Nil income	%	6.7	6.1	4.8	5.9	4.4	3.6	5.3	3.5	5.8
\$1–\$119	%	6.6	7.9	6.4	8.1	7.6	7.6	7.4	3.9	7.1
\$120–\$199	%	12.0	13.3	14.4	14.4	15.4	19.6	13.3	21.9	13.6
\$200–\$399	%	21.1	23.0	25.5	22.7	24.3	27.4	22.5	15.9	22.9
\$400–\$599	%	24.2	24.9	26.1	24.6	27.6	24.2	23.0	21.7	25.0
\$600–\$799	%	14.2	12.5	11.6	11.6	11.8	9.7	15.6	15.1	12.8
\$800–\$999	%	4.8	3.4	3.0	3.6	2.7	2.0	5.8	5.5	3.8
\$1000 or more	%	2.8	1.9	1.7	2.6	1.3	1.1	2.3	2.4	2.2
Not stated	%	7.5	6.9	6.5	6.4	4.9	5.0	4.8	10.2	6.8
Total	000	408.7	311.4	237.7	124.0	90.9	27.0	25.4	15.9	1 241.1
25–34 years										
Nil income	%	4.7	4.1	3.7	4.4	3.0	2.5	3.4	3.2	4.1
\$1–\$119	%	4.5	5.1	5.0	6.1	5.4	5.7	4.3	3.6	4.9
\$120–\$199	%	7.6	8.0	9.2	9.3	10.7	13.1	6.1	16.1	8.6
\$200–\$399	%	14.5	14.5	17.7	15.7	18.1	21.3	11.9	12.4	15.5
\$400–\$599	%	18.1	20.0	22.1	18.7	23.2	22.4	14.9	15.8	19.8
\$600–\$799	%	16.1	17.7	16.9	16.3	17.6	15.8	18.9	16.7	16.8
\$800–\$999	%	11.1	11.1	9.5	10.4	9.3	8.3	16.9	11.1	10.6
\$1000 or more	%	16.4	13.3	9.9	12.9	8.0	6.3	19.2	11.4	13.2
Not stated	%	7.0	6.3	6.2	6.2	4.7	4.7	4.4	9.6	6.3
Total	000	915.0	689.6	510.5	265.6	198.7	58.1	48.8	36.6	2 723.2
35–44 years										
Nil income	%	4.4	3.9	3.9	4.6	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.0	4.0
\$1–\$119	%	4.6	5.2	5.0	5.5	4.9	5.2	4.0	3.1	4.9
\$120–\$199	%	8.1	8.2	8.7	8.5	10.3	11.5	5.4	13.5	8.5
\$200–\$399	%	16.0	16.5	18.4	17.0	19.2	21.0	11.2	12.3	16.9
\$400–\$599	%	17.6	18.3	20.0	17.5	20.8	20.3	13.3	15.1	18.4
\$600–\$799	%	13.6	14.2	14.4	13.5	15.1	14.4	14.1	14.3	14.0
\$800–\$999	%	9.2	9.8	9.1	9.9	9.6	9.5	13.6	10.9	9.5
\$1000 or more	%	19.9	17.7	14.7	17.8	12.9	10.8	31.1	18.6	17.6

TABLE 2A.34

Table 2A.34 **People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2001 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Not stated	%	6.5	6.2	5.9	5.7	4.2	4.4	4.2	9.1	6.0
Total	000	965.3	710.4	535.6	284.4	222.2	68.6	48.6	32.7	2 868.3
45–54 years										
Nil income	%	5.3	5.0	5.4	5.7	4.5	4.6	3.4	4.0	5.2
\$1–\$119	%	3.3	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.2	2.7	2.4	3.6
\$120–\$199	%	9.8	9.9	10.3	9.4	11.5	14.4	5.2	12.0	10.1
\$200–\$399	%	15.4	16.0	17.7	16.2	17.6	19.2	10.1	12.1	16.2
\$400–\$599	%	17.3	18.3	19.3	17.8	19.4	18.4	13.0	15.2	18.1
\$600–\$799	%	13.3	13.6	13.4	13.5	14.3	13.1	13.7	13.8	13.5
\$800–\$999	%	8.9	9.3	8.6	10.1	9.9	9.1	12.8	10.6	9.2
\$1000 or more	%	20.1	17.9	15.4	18.0	14.9	12.3	35.0	21.3	18.1
Not stated	%	6.5	6.3	6.1	5.5	4.0	4.7	4.1	8.5	6.0
Total	000	851.2	626.8	490.2	257.4	205.7	64.2	45.3	27.1	2 568.3
55–64 years										
Nil income	%	5.6	5.4	5.6	5.9	4.4	4.2	4.0	5.2	5.4
\$1–\$119	%	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.1	3.7	4.4
\$120–\$199	%	20.6	21.5	21.2	20.0	23.6	26.7	11.4	18.6	21.1
\$200–\$399	%	21.4	21.9	23.9	22.1	24.6	26.5	16.6	20.1	22.4
\$400–\$599	%	14.8	15.2	15.6	15.0	15.3	13.9	15.8	14.6	15.1
\$600–\$799	%	9.7	9.5	9.0	9.8	9.2	7.8	13.4	10.4	9.5
\$800–\$999	%	5.6	5.4	4.9	6.1	5.3	4.4	9.3	6.5	5.5
\$1000 or more	%	11.0	9.4	8.6	10.4	8.1	6.2	20.8	12.6	9.9
Not stated	%	7.2	7.3	6.6	6.1	4.9	5.7	4.5	8.4	6.8
Total	000	592.4	422.9	348.5	167.0	141.9	44.9	25.4	16.4	1 759.7
65–74 years										
Nil income	%	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.6	2.0	1.7
\$1–\$119	%	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.6	3.2	3.0	4.9	3.1	3.2
\$120–\$199	%	32.1	32.6	30.8	31.2	33.3	32.4	21.7	28.4	31.9
\$200–\$399	%	36.0	36.6	39.5	38.2	40.6	41.0	30.3	34.1	37.5
\$400–\$599	%	8.7	8.8	9.2	9.3	8.9	8.8	14.7	11.0	9.0
\$600–\$799	%	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.1	2.9	8.9	4.9	3.6
\$800–\$999	%	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.2	5.0	2.0	1.6
\$1000 or more	%	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.0	1.6	6.3	3.4	2.7
Not stated	%	9.4	9.3	8.5	8.0	6.7	8.3	6.5	11.0	8.8
Total	000	445.3	311.8	245.6	113.9	109.2	32.6	14.3	7.4	1 280.2
75 years or over										
Nil income	%	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.5	1.9	2.3	1.3
\$1–\$119	%	2.1	2.4	1.9	2.6	2.2	1.9	3.9	2.6	2.2
\$120–\$199	%	24.5	24.4	23.7	23.8	25.6	23.1	18.4	25.0	24.2
\$200–\$399	%	43.7	42.2	45.6	43.2	46.3	46.2	36.7	36.3	43.8
\$400–\$599	%	7.7	8.1	7.7	8.5	7.8	8.7	11.8	8.9	8.0
\$600–\$799	%	2.8	2.9	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.5	7.7	3.4	2.8

Table 2A.34 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2001 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
\$800–\$999	%	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	4.2	1.5	1.3
\$1000 or more	%	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.3	5.7	1.9	2.0
Not stated	%	14.1	15.5	14.8	15.0	12.5	14.8	9.6	18.2	14.5
Total	000	383.2	273.8	197.6	90.7	102.1	28.7	11.4	3.2	1 090.7

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income and age differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.35

Table 2A.35 **People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2006 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
15–19 years										
Nil income	%	35.2	35.4	26.5	27.4	31.2	29.5	31.0	27.8	32.1
\$1–\$149	%	26.9	30.0	28.0	26.3	29.5	28.1	31.0	19.3	28.0
\$150–\$249	%	9.4	9.1	11.6	10.8	10.9	12.4	10.0	15.2	10.2
\$250–\$399	%	8.6	7.3	12.1	11.8	9.8	11.2	8.6	8.8	9.4
\$400–\$599	%	5.2	4.2	7.2	7.7	5.6	5.6	6.8	7.3	5.7
\$600–\$799	%	1.3	1.0	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.2	2.4	2.8	1.5
\$800–\$999	%	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.8	1.1	0.4
\$1000–\$1299	%	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2
\$1300–\$1599	%	–	–	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	0.1	0.1
\$1600–\$1999	%	–	–	–	0.1	–	–	–	0.1	–
\$2000 or more	%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Not stated	%	12.8	12.5	12.0	12.5	11.1	11.4	9.2	17.1	12.4
Total	000	439.9	335.2	270.3	140.0	100.8	32.8	23.6	14.3	1 356.9
20–24 years										
Nil income	%	9.3	9.8	6.1	7.0	7.2	5.4	6.5	4.4	8.2
\$1–\$149	%	8.0	9.4	6.0	7.3	8.3	7.6	7.4	5.3	7.8
\$150–\$249	%	12.0	13.0	10.8	10.8	13.3	15.7	11.8	17.8	12.1
\$250–\$399	%	13.4	14.1	13.7	12.5	14.9	16.9	13.5	9.7	13.7
\$400–\$599	%	20.2	20.4	24.1	20.0	23.1	24.4	18.2	15.9	21.2
\$600–\$799	%	14.3	14.1	16.0	15.8	15.4	13.9	14.8	15.3	14.8
\$800–\$999	%	7.7	6.8	8.0	8.5	7.0	6.0	13.0	9.8	7.7
\$1000–\$1299	%	3.8	2.6	3.7	4.7	2.7	2.1	6.7	5.3	3.5
\$1300–\$1599	%	0.9	0.6	1.2	1.8	0.6	0.5	1.1	1.4	1.0
\$1600–\$1999	%	0.3	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.4
\$2000 or more	%	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3
Not stated	%	9.9	8.9	9.4	9.9	7.1	7.1	6.4	14.0	9.2
Total	000	431.9	338.7	268.9	136.0	100.1	28.9	27.6	15.1	1 347.4
25–34 years										
Nil income	%	5.4	5.1	4.2	4.8	4.1	3.1	3.5	3.4	4.8
\$1–\$149	%	4.5	5.0	4.8	5.7	5.3	5.4	3.6	4.5	4.9
\$150–\$249	%	7.3	7.5	7.2	7.0	9.0	11.3	5.1	14.2	7.5
\$250–\$399	%	8.4	8.3	9.0	8.0	10.0	12.5	6.2	7.9	8.6
\$400–\$599	%	13.5	14.3	16.1	12.4	16.5	18.4	9.4	9.9	14.3
\$600–\$799	%	13.6	15.5	16.1	13.8	16.9	16.7	11.7	12.8	14.8
\$800–\$999	%	11.6	13.5	12.4	12.3	12.8	11.1	14.4	12.0	12.4
\$1000–\$1299	%	12.3	11.8	11.5	12.3	11.2	9.8	20.5	12.5	12.1
\$1300–\$1599	%	6.5	5.4	5.1	6.3	4.3	3.3	10.9	5.4	5.8
\$1600–\$1999	%	3.7	2.9	2.8	4.1	1.9	1.3	5.3	2.6	3.2
\$2000 or more	%	3.9	2.7	2.4	3.8	1.5	0.9	3.3	1.9	3.1
Not stated	%	9.3	7.9	8.4	9.4	6.5	6.3	6.1	13.0	8.5
Total	000	891.0	677.9	523.6	261.4	185.7	54.0	50.3	32.1	2 676.4

TABLE 2A.35

Table 2A.35 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2006 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
35–44 years										
Nil income	%	4.8	4.4	3.9	4.7	3.6	2.9	3.0	3.0	4.4
\$1–\$149	%	5.0	5.6	4.7	5.4	5.0	5.1	3.7	3.9	5.1
\$150–\$249	%	8.1	8.2	7.3	7.1	9.4	10.7	4.6	12.5	8.0
\$250–\$399	%	9.5	9.7	9.6	8.9	11.0	12.8	5.9	7.5	9.6
\$400–\$599	%	13.8	14.3	15.4	12.7	16.3	17.2	8.9	10.0	14.3
\$600–\$799	%	11.9	12.7	13.9	11.6	14.4	14.4	9.5	11.4	12.7
\$800–\$999	%	9.5	10.5	10.7	9.9	11.1	10.4	10.8	10.3	10.2
\$1000–\$1299	%	10.5	11.1	11.7	11.9	10.9	10.8	16.5	12.7	11.2
\$1300–\$1599	%	7.2	6.4	6.4	7.3	5.7	5.2	13.3	7.9	6.8
\$1600–\$1999	%	4.5	3.9	3.7	4.9	3.0	2.3	9.4	4.3	4.2
\$2000 or more	%	7.3	5.9	4.7	6.9	3.4	2.3	9.1	4.2	6.0
Not stated	%	7.9	7.2	7.8	8.7	6.2	5.8	5.1	12.3	7.6
Total	000	957.8	741.3	575.6	296.6	219.1	66.9	48.9	31.2	2 937.9
45–54 years										
Nil income	%	5.2	4.8	4.8	5.0	4.1	4.0	2.8	3.4	4.8
\$1–\$149	%	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.6	4.0	4.2	2.5	2.6	3.9
\$150–\$249	%	9.3	8.9	8.4	7.4	10.0	11.6	4.7	11.2	8.9
\$250–\$399	%	9.5	9.8	9.8	8.8	10.3	11.6	5.4	6.8	9.6
\$400–\$599	%	13.9	14.8	15.5	13.5	15.5	15.8	8.8	10.2	14.4
\$600–\$799	%	12.2	12.8	13.4	12.3	14.2	14.1	9.1	11.6	12.7
\$800–\$999	%	9.6	10.5	10.4	10.3	11.1	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.2
\$1000–\$1299	%	10.2	11.5	11.7	12.1	11.7	11.3	15.4	12.8	11.3
\$1300–\$1599	%	7.7	6.2	6.2	7.3	6.3	5.8	13.4	9.1	7.0
\$1600–\$1999	%	4.4	3.8	3.6	4.6	3.1	2.4	10.4	4.2	4.0
\$2000 or more	%	6.8	5.9	4.9	7.0	4.1	3.0	12.2	5.2	6.0
Not stated	%	7.3	6.8	7.6	8.0	5.7	5.7	4.9	12.5	7.1
Total	000	904.3	679.5	539.2	279.7	216.9	70.0	46.0	26.5	2 762.5
55–64 years										
Nil income	%	6.6	6.4	6.4	6.5	5.3	5.2	3.9	4.7	6.3
\$1–\$149	%	5.0	5.3	4.9	4.8	5.4	5.5	3.7	3.4	5.0
\$150–\$249	%	17.9	17.8	17.6	15.3	19.7	23.8	8.9	15.8	17.7
\$250–\$399	%	12.6	12.9	13.3	11.9	13.9	15.3	8.4	9.9	12.8
\$400–\$599	%	13.3	14.2	14.6	13.0	14.1	13.7	12.0	11.7	13.8
\$600–\$799	%	10.5	10.7	11.1	10.8	11.2	10.3	11.2	10.9	10.7
\$800–\$999	%	7.6	7.8	7.5	8.2	7.8	6.8	10.9	8.4	7.7
\$1000–\$1299	%	7.3	7.5	7.6	8.7	7.7	6.6	12.6	9.8	7.6
\$1300–\$1599	%	4.6	3.7	3.7	4.8	3.9	2.9	8.3	6.2	4.2
\$1600–\$1999	%	2.7	2.3	2.2	3.0	2.0	1.5	6.3	3.0	2.5
\$2000 or more	%	4.5	4.1	3.5	4.9	3.1	2.3	8.9	4.1	4.1
Not stated	%	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.0	5.9	6.1	5.1	12.1	7.4
Total	000	719.6	534.5	437.6	213.3	177.8	58.6	34.2	17.0	2 192.7

TABLE 2A.35

Table 2A.35 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2006 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
65–74 years										
Nil income	%	3.3	2.9	2.5	2.9	1.9	1.6	2.3	3.5	2.8
\$1–\$149	%	5.2	5.4	4.6	4.8	4.8	4.4	5.4	4.8	5.0
\$150–\$249	%	33.8	34.2	33.3	31.9	35.8	36.2	21.2	30.2	33.7
\$250–\$399	%	22.8	23.0	24.8	24.7	26.1	26.3	18.0	20.0	23.7
\$400–\$599	%	12.0	12.3	12.8	12.5	12.6	13.4	16.0	11.3	12.4
\$600–\$799	%	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.2	4.8	4.6	10.3	5.8	5.1
\$800–\$999	%	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	7.1	3.5	2.9
\$1000–\$1299	%	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.5	1.9	1.7	5.7	3.1	2.3
\$1300–\$1599	%	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.7	3.0	1.8	1.1
\$1600–\$1999	%	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	1.7	0.7	0.7
\$2000 or more	%	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.1	0.9	2.5	1.6	1.5
Not stated	%	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.2	7.2	7.5	6.7	13.6	8.7
Total	000	465.3	345.5	259.4	126.9	115.1	37.5	17.2	6.3	1 373.4
75–84 years										
Nil income	%	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.3	1.5	3.0	2.0
\$1–\$149	%	4.2	4.4	3.5	4.2	3.9	3.5	5.4	4.1	4.1
\$150–\$249	%	32.6	31.9	31.6	31.3	33.4	31.8	21.6	31.0	32.1
\$250–\$399	%	28.3	27.4	29.5	28.0	30.5	31.2	22.3	24.7	28.5
\$400–\$599	%	10.4	11.1	10.8	11.5	11.2	12.5	13.8	10.7	10.9
\$600–\$799	%	3.6	3.7	3.5	4.2	3.5	3.8	9.6	4.0	3.8
\$800–\$999	%	2.1	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.8	6.2	2.2	2.0
\$1000–\$1299	%	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.2	5.0	1.7	1.5
\$1300–\$1599	%	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	2.2	0.9	0.7
\$1600–\$1999	%	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.2	0.5
\$2000 or more	%	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	1.5	0.8	1.0
Not stated	%	12.5	13.7	14.3	13.3	11.4	11.4	9.8	16.7	13.0
Total	000	328.8	245.5	166.8	81.1	87.4	25.2	10.9	2.4	948.1
85 years or over										
Nil income	%	2.5	–	1.9	2.0	–	2.0	2.0	–	2.2
\$1–\$149	%	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.3	3.2	2.4	3.8	4.9	3.4
\$150–\$249	%	26.7	24.1	24.4	25.0	27.0	25.1	17.9	32.7	25.4
\$250–\$399	%	30.5	28.1	29.8	29.5	32.5	33.6	26.5	24.5	29.9
\$400–\$599	%	8.9	9.1	8.6	10.0	9.2	10.9	12.0	8.9	9.1
\$600–\$799	%	3.1	3.1	2.7	3.4	2.9	3.1	7.1	3.4	3.1
\$800–\$999	%	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6	4.6	1.8	1.7
\$1000–\$1299	%	1.4	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.2	1.2	3.7	2.3	1.3
\$1300–\$1599	%	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	2.5	0.5	0.6
\$1600–\$1999	%	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	1.3	0.7	0.4
\$2000 or more	%	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.7	–	0.9
Not stated	%	19.5	24.6	25.6	22.2	19.0	18.2	16.7	12.9	22.0
Total	000	111.7	83.9	56.7	27.5	30.6	8.5	3.5	0.6	322.9

Table 2A.35 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2006 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income and age differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2007) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.36

Table 2A.36 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
15–19 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	39.1	39.3	31.9	34.3	34.0	32.1	34.7	29.7	36.4
\$1–\$199	%	30.0	32.6	30.7	27.8	34.5	33.6	32.6	23.1	30.9
\$200–\$299	%	7.0	6.6	8.5	7.3	8.0	8.5	7.3	9.1	7.4
\$300–\$399	%	5.2	4.5	6.5	6.1	5.7	6.6	5.0	4.6	5.5
\$400–\$599	%	5.2	4.1	7.4	7.7	5.6	6.9	6.3	6.6	5.8
\$600–\$799	%	2.2	1.8	3.3	3.9	2.1	2.2	4.2	5.3	2.6
\$800–\$999	%	0.6	0.5	1.1	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.6	2.6	0.8
\$1000–\$1249	%	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.3
\$1250–\$1499	%	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1
\$1500–\$1999	%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
\$2000 or more	%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Not stated	%	10.2	10.1	9.9	10.1	8.8	9.0	7.5	17.2	10.0
Total	000	443.4	345.3	293.9	148.2	103.3	32.7	24.0	14.8	1 405.8
20–24 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	11.6	12.2	8.1	9.0	9.7	6.7	9.9	5.5	10.4
\$1–\$199	%	10.7	11.9	8.1	8.8	11.2	10.2	9.5	9.1	10.3
\$200–\$299	%	10.9	11.6	10.3	8.8	12.5	14.1	9.5	11.6	10.9
\$300–\$399	%	9.2	9.4	8.7	7.4	9.7	10.5	8.2	5.3	8.9
\$400–\$599	%	14.9	14.6	15.5	12.3	16.1	17.7	12.2	9.0	14.7
\$600–\$799	%	15.1	15.2	17.5	14.4	16.0	17.2	13.0	13.4	15.6
\$800–\$999	%	9.2	9.0	10.3	10.9	9.3	9.1	11.6	12.8	9.7
\$1000–\$1249	%	6.3	5.6	7.3	8.7	5.8	5.5	12.4	11.4	6.7
\$1250–\$1499	%	2.3	1.8	2.9	4.4	2.0	1.7	4.7	4.5	2.6
\$1500–\$1999	%	1.2	0.9	1.9	3.5	1.1	0.9	1.6	2.5	1.5
\$2000 or more	%	0.5	0.4	1.1	2.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.9
Not stated	%	8.1	7.4	8.3	9.2	6.2	6.0	7.0	13.9	7.9
Total	000	449.7	375.1	293.8	159.0	105.6	29.6	30.7	16.8	1 460.7
25–34 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	6.4	6.4	5.1	6.2	5.2	3.6	4.4	3.9	5.9
\$1–\$199	%	4.5	4.8	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.7	3.1	6.7	4.7
\$200–\$299	%	5.8	5.8	5.9	4.8	7.1	8.8	3.4	8.8	5.8
\$300–\$399	%	5.5	5.4	5.4	4.4	6.4	7.8	3.3	4.6	5.4
\$400–\$599	%	10.0	10.0	10.4	8.0	11.6	13.4	6.7	6.9	9.9
\$600–\$799	%	12.4	13.2	13.6	9.6	14.8	15.7	8.0	9.0	12.6
\$800–\$999	%	11.4	12.6	12.2	10.1	13.3	12.9	9.9	10.3	11.8
\$1000–\$1249	%	11.8	13.3	12.3	11.8	12.4	11.5	15.7	12.8	12.4
\$1250–\$1499	%	8.9	8.9	8.6	9.6	8.2	7.3	15.6	9.4	9.0
\$1500–\$1999	%	9.1	7.8	8.3	11.0	6.7	5.9	16.5	9.3	8.8
\$2000 or more	%	6.5	4.9	5.6	10.2	3.3	2.3	7.9	4.7	6.0
Not stated	%	7.7	7.0	7.8	9.3	5.9	5.2	5.5	13.6	7.6
Total	000	941.5	760.9	587.4	324.1	202.3	55.3	58.2	36.6	2 967.0

TABLE 2A.36

Table 2A.36 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
35–44 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	5.4	5.4	4.8	6.1	4.2	3.4	3.6	3.6	5.2
\$1–\$199	%	5.0	5.5	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.3	3.4	5.5	5.1
\$200–\$299	%	6.0	6.2	5.6	5.0	6.9	8.0	3.3	8.1	5.9
\$300–\$399	%	5.9	6.0	5.7	4.9	6.9	8.3	3.4	4.8	5.8
\$400–\$599	%	10.1	10.3	10.3	8.4	11.7	13.2	5.8	6.6	10.1
\$600–\$799	%	11.0	11.4	11.9	8.9	13.2	13.9	7.3	8.6	11.2
\$800–\$999	%	9.4	10.1	10.5	8.4	11.3	11.1	7.7	8.9	9.8
\$1000–\$1249	%	9.7	10.4	10.7	9.7	11.0	10.4	10.8	10.6	10.2
\$1250–\$1499	%	7.7	8.1	8.4	8.3	7.9	7.5	11.3	9.3	8.1
\$1500–\$1999	%	10.7	9.8	10.4	11.7	9.1	8.8	19.8	12.3	10.5
\$2000 or more	%	12.4	10.5	9.6	15.3	7.0	5.0	18.9	8.8	11.2
Not stated	%	6.8	6.4	7.3	8.2	5.6	5.0	4.7	13.0	6.9
Total	000	971.6	774.6	620.8	328.3	216.4	64.9	52.9	33.2	3 063.0
45–54 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.2	4.0	3.0	3.4	5.0
\$1–\$199	%	4.2	4.3	3.9	3.5	4.2	4.4	2.5	3.7	4.1
\$200–\$299	%	6.9	6.5	6.0	4.9	7.3	8.3	3.1	6.8	6.4
\$300–\$399	%	7.0	6.8	6.5	5.2	7.6	8.5	3.7	4.7	6.7
\$400–\$599	%	10.8	11.1	10.8	8.9	11.7	12.5	5.4	6.7	10.6
\$600–\$799	%	11.7	12.2	12.3	9.8	13.0	13.2	7.2	8.6	11.8
\$800–\$999	%	9.9	10.6	10.8	9.3	11.5	11.4	7.3	9.8	10.3
\$1000–\$1249	%	9.6	10.3	10.6	10.5	10.9	10.5	10.3	11.0	10.2
\$1250–\$1499	%	7.1	7.5	7.9	8.3	7.6	7.5	10.7	8.9	7.6
\$1500–\$1999	%	10.0	9.4	9.9	11.8	9.3	9.3	19.7	13.4	10.1
\$2000 or more	%	11.1	9.9	9.3	14.9	7.3	5.6	22.8	10.8	10.6
Not stated	%	6.5	6.2	7.1	7.4	5.3	4.9	4.2	12.2	6.5
Total	000	950.5	726.5	590.9	310.2	224.9	71.6	48.0	28.6	2 951.5
55–64 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.5	6.0	5.8	4.5	4.9	7.1
\$1–\$199	%	5.4	5.6	5.4	4.9	5.8	6.3	3.7	4.3	5.4
\$200–\$299	%	12.1	11.9	11.5	9.3	13.0	15.5	5.5	8.7	11.7
\$300–\$399	%	10.0	9.7	9.9	8.1	10.6	12.0	5.6	7.4	9.7
\$400–\$599	%	11.7	12.3	12.3	10.7	12.4	13.2	8.6	7.8	11.9
\$600–\$799	%	10.6	11.3	11.2	9.7	11.1	11.1	9.4	9.0	10.8
\$800–\$999	%	8.6	8.9	8.9	8.5	9.5	9.0	9.0	9.5	8.8
\$1000–\$1249	%	8.0	8.3	8.4	9.2	8.8	7.6	11.2	9.9	8.4
\$1250–\$1499	%	5.3	5.4	5.5	6.4	5.7	4.7	8.9	7.5	5.6
\$1500–\$1999	%	7.1	6.3	6.4	8.5	6.7	5.5	13.5	10.6	6.9
\$2000 or more	%	7.3	6.6	6.2	10.1	5.3	4.0	16.1	8.4	7.1
Not stated	%	6.6	6.5	7.1	7.1	5.3	5.3	4.1	12.0	6.6
Total	000	810.3	611.2	501.1	254.4	199.6	66.8	38.8	20.8	2 503.4

TABLE 2A.36

Table 2A.36 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
65–74 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	3.9	3.9	3.4	4.0	2.5	2.1	2.9	4.6	3.6
\$1–\$199	%	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.8	6.0	5.6
\$200–\$299	%	24.2	24.4	23.9	22.4	25.5	27.3	13.4	17.5	24.0
\$300–\$399	%	20.9	20.7	22.0	20.3	22.8	24.0	13.9	17.9	21.1
\$400–\$599	%	15.8	16.4	17.1	16.7	17.5	17.3	15.8	12.4	16.4
\$600–\$799	%	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.5	11.7	8.1	7.7
\$800–\$999	%	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.6	4.2	3.8	9.2	5.7	4.4
\$1000–\$1249	%	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.6	3.0	2.6	7.8	4.9	3.3
\$1250–\$1499	%	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.6	1.3	5.0	3.1	1.9
\$1500–\$1999	%	1.9	1.7	1.6	2.3	1.6	1.1	4.5	3.4	1.8
\$2000 or more	%	2.6	2.4	2.1	3.1	1.9	1.4	4.6	3.0	2.4
Not stated	%	7.7	7.9	8.0	7.6	6.3	6.5	5.4	13.4	7.6
Total	000	541.7	402.2	322.6	152.5	133.2	44.8	21.7	8.6	1 627.4
75–84 years										
Negative/Nil income	%	2.9	2.7	2.3	2.6	1.7	1.5	2.0	3.5	2.5
\$1–\$199	%	4.4	4.7	4.0	4.7	4.1	3.6	5.3	6.1	4.4
\$200–\$299	%	25.3	25.6	24.5	24.9	26.2	25.1	16.2	23.5	25.1
\$300–\$399	%	27.5	26.6	27.9	26.5	29.0	29.6	19.2	23.9	27.3
\$400–\$599	%	15.7	16.2	17.3	16.3	17.0	18.6	16.8	12.3	16.4
\$600–\$799	%	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.7	10.7	5.5	5.5
\$800–\$999	%	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.4	7.0	2.8	2.5
\$1000–\$1249	%	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.4	5.4	1.8	1.6
\$1250–\$1499	%	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	3.0	1.0	0.9
\$1500–\$1999	%	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	2.6	0.7	0.9
\$2000 or more	%	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.8	2.4	1.0	1.2
Not stated	%	11.6	11.9	12.4	11.9	10.2	9.9	9.6	18.0	11.7
Total	000	336.8	254.4	176.5	88.1	86.2	25.7	11.7	2.8	982.2
85 years or over										
Negative/Nil income	%	2.7	–	2.1	2.3	–	1.2	1.6	–	2.4
\$1–\$199	%	3.3	3.7	3.1	3.7	3.4	2.8	3.4	6.2	3.4
\$200–\$299	%	15.0	14.8	14.2	15.2	15.8	17.0	10.5	17.6	14.9
\$300–\$399	%	29.9	27.7	29.2	27.4	30.9	31.8	19.8	23.8	29.0
\$400–\$599	%	16.3	16.4	18.0	16.5	17.2	19.1	14.6	11.4	16.7
\$600–\$799	%	5.1	5.5	5.0	5.9	5.4	6.0	8.4	6.2	5.3
\$800–\$999	%	2.6	2.8	2.3	3.0	2.6	2.9	6.9	1.7	2.7
\$1000–\$1249	%	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.7	5.6	2.2	1.7
\$1250–\$1499	%	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	3.0	1.0	0.9
\$1500–\$1999	%	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.6	2.4	0.4	0.9
\$2000 or more	%	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	2.6	0.7	1.1
Not stated	%	20.3	21.6	22.5	21.7	18.9	14.9	21.3	24.7	20.9
Total	000	139.7	105.0	69.8	34.2	38.2	10.2	4.8	0.7	402.7

Table 2A.36 People aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age, 2011 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
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(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by weekly individual income and age 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation of weekly individual income and age differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, States and Territories, Basic Community Profile, Table B17b — Total personal income (weekly) by age by sex*, Cat. no. 2001.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.37

Table 2A.37 **Income support, June, 2005–2014 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people receiving income support										
Age pension (b)										
2005	000	624.0	486.0	336.0	164.0	177.0	53.0	18.0	6.0	1 915.0
2006	000	624.0	487.0	338.0	165.0	176.0	54.0	18.0	6.0	1 922.0
2007	000	633.0	494.0	345.0	166.0	178.0	54.0	18.0	7.0	1 953.0
2008	000	665.0	515.0	361.0	173.0	183.0	57.0	19.0	7.0	2 039.0
2009	000	692.0	534.0	379.0	181.0	189.0	59.0	20.0	7.0	2 118.0
2010	000	704.0	539.0	387.0	182.0	190.0	59.0	20.0	7.4	2 153.0
2011	000	720.0	552.0	401.0	187.0	194.0	61.0	21.0	8.0	2 220.0
2012	000	737.0	564.0	415.0	193.0	198.0	63.0	22.0	8.0	2 278.0
2013	000	759.4	581.0	432.1	199.6	203.0	65.2	22.5	8.4	2 352.1
2014	000	775.5	591.6	445.1	205.0	206.0	66.6	23.2	8.5	2 404.9
Labour market program allowance (b), (c)										
2005	000	173.3	127.4	105.6	45.2	45.0	18.8	5.2	12.6	533.2
2006	000	173.6	124.2	97.6	38.4	44.6	18.2	4.7	12.6	513.7
2007	000	170.9	118.1	88.7	32.4	42.9	17.5	3.9	11.2	486.5
2008	000	164.0	109.8	84.8	32.4	41.1	16.0	3.9	11.7	464.3
2009	000	203.7	140.4	125.9	48.9	48.8	18.3	4.8	10.3	603.1
2010	000	210.9	146.9	143.3	52.6	51.9	19.5	5.0	11.6	642.3
2011	000	197.3	139.5	138.8	49.3	52.8	19.4	4.6	11.1	613.4
2012	000	199.2	149.2	139.9	50.1	57.1	21.2	4.7	11.5	633.5
2013	000	241.6	187.1	169.4	64.0	68.0	24.7	6.2	13.5	774.5
2014	000	251.6	197.5	180.1	71.0	72.4	25.5	7.1	14.5	819.8
Disability support pension (b)										
2005	000	227.6	168.9	135.9	59.7	67.6	25.1	7.0	5.9	706.8
2006	000	228.6	170.5	136.9	60.1	68.1	24.8	7.1	6.1	712.2
2007	000	227.0	169.7	135.9	58.5	68.2	24.9	6.9	6.3	714.2
2008	000	232.8	175.3	138.8	58.6	70.1	25.3	7.1	6.9	732.4
2009	000	242.9	184.6	144.4	59.8	72.2	26.1	7.3	8.3	757.1
2010	000	256.2	192.2	152.9	62.5	74.4	27.2	7.8	9.6	792.6
2011	000	265.8	197.8	160.0	63.9	76.2	27.8	8.1	10.4	818.9
2012	000	268.6	200.7	163.0	63.8	76.2	28.0	8.3	10.3	827.5
2013	000	267.1	200.3	162.8	62.7	74.7	27.8	8.5	9.8	821.7
2014	000	270.1	203.2	165.9	62.5	74.3	28.3	8.8	9.4	830.5
Single-parent payment (b)										
2005	000	145.4	100.3	98.6	45.4	36.0	13.4	5.1	5.9	450.8
2006	000	140.3	97.5	94.8	42.9	34.6	12.7	4.6	5.9	433.4
2007	000	128.8	89.6	85.0	37.5	31.7	11.6	4.0	5.3	395.5
2008	000	118.2	81.6	77.0	34.2	28.9	10.6	3.6	4.9	360.6
2009	000	112.7	77.9	74.8	32.9	27.1	9.9	3.3	4.4	344.0
2010	000	108.7	75.2	73.8	32.2	26.1	9.5	3.3	4.1	333.5
2011	000	105.7	72.7	73.3	31.9	25.6	9.4	3.2	3.9	326.2
2012	000	102.5	70.7	73.0	31.5	25.0	9.3	3.2	4.0	319.5

TABLE 2A.37

Table 2A.37 **Income support, June, 2005–2014 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	000	80.9	54.0	61.4	25.8	19.5	7.5	2.6	3.7	255.4
2014	000	81.7	55.1	63.4	26.8	19.7	7.6	2.7	3.6	260.6
Population										
2005	000	6 693.2	4 989.2	3 918.5	2 011.2	1 538.8	486.2	331.4	205.9	20 176.8
2006	000	6 742.7	5 061.3	4 008.0	2 050.6	1 552.5	489.3	335.2	209.1	20 451.0
2007	000	6 834.2	5 153.5	4 111.0	2 106.1	1 570.6	493.3	342.6	213.7	20 827.6
2008	000	6 943.5	5 256.4	4 219.5	2 171.7	1 588.7	498.6	348.4	219.9	21 249.2
2009	000	7 053.8	5 371.9	4 328.8	2 240.3	1 608.9	504.4	354.8	226.0	21 691.7
2010	000	7 144.3	5 461.1	4 404.7	2 290.8	1 627.3	508.8	361.8	229.8	22 031.8
2011	000	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
2012	000	7 290.3	5 623.5	4 560.1	2 430.3	1 654.8	512.0	374.7	234.8	22 683.6
2013	000	7 407.7	5 737.6	4 658.6	2 517.2	1 670.8	513.0	383.4	239.5	23 130.9
2014	000	7 518.5	5 841.7	4 722.4	2 573.4	1 685.7	514.8	386.0	245.1	23 490.7
Proportion of people receiving income support										
Age pension										
2005	%	9.3	9.7	8.6	8.2	11.5	10.9	5.4	2.9	9.5
2006	%	9.3	9.6	8.4	8.0	11.3	11.0	5.4	2.9	9.4
2007	%	9.3	9.6	8.4	7.9	11.3	10.9	5.3	3.3	9.4
2008	%	9.6	9.8	8.6	8.0	11.5	11.4	5.5	3.2	9.6
2009	%	9.8	9.9	8.8	8.1	11.7	11.7	5.6	3.1	9.8
2010	%	9.9	9.9	8.8	7.9	11.7	11.6	5.5	3.2	9.8
2011	%	10.0	10.0	9.0	7.9	11.8	11.9	5.7	3.5	9.9
2012	%	10.1	10.0	9.1	7.9	12.0	12.3	5.9	3.4	10.0
2013	%	10.3	10.1	9.3	7.9	12.1	12.7	5.9	3.5	10.2
2014	%	10.3	10.1	9.4	8.0	12.2	12.9	6.0	3.5	10.2
Labour market program allowance										
2005	%	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.9	3.9	1.6	6.1	2.6
2006	%	2.6	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.9	3.7	1.4	6.0	2.5
2007	%	2.5	2.3	2.2	1.5	2.7	3.5	1.1	5.2	2.3
2008	%	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.5	2.6	3.2	1.1	5.3	2.2
2009	%	2.9	2.6	2.9	2.2	3.0	3.6	1.4	4.6	2.8
2010	%	3.0	2.7	3.3	2.3	3.2	3.8	1.4	5.0	2.9
2011	%	2.7	2.5	3.1	2.1	3.2	3.8	1.3	4.8	2.7
2012	%	2.7	2.7	3.1	2.1	3.5	4.1	1.3	4.9	2.8
2013	%	3.3	3.3	3.6	2.5	4.1	4.8	1.6	5.6	3.3
2014	%	3.3	3.4	3.8	2.8	4.3	5.0	1.8	5.9	3.5
Disability support pension										
2005	%	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.0	4.4	5.2	2.1	2.9	3.5
2006	%	3.4	3.4	3.4	2.9	4.4	5.1	2.1	2.9	3.5
2007	%	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.8	4.3	5.0	2.0	2.9	3.4
2008	%	3.4	3.3	3.3	2.7	4.4	5.1	2.0	3.1	3.4
2009	%	3.4	3.4	3.3	2.7	4.5	5.2	2.1	3.7	3.5
2010	%	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.7	4.6	5.3	2.2	4.2	3.6

TABLE 2A.37

Table 2A.37 **Income support, June, 2005–2014 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011	%	3.7	3.6	3.6	2.7	4.6	5.4	2.2	4.5	3.7
2012	%	3.7	3.6	3.6	2.6	4.6	5.5	2.2	4.4	3.6
2013	%	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.5	4.5	5.4	2.2	4.1	3.6
2014	%	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.4	4.4	5.5	2.3	3.8	3.5
Single-parent payment										
2005	%	2.2	2.0	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.8	1.5	2.9	2.2
2006	%	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.6	1.4	2.8	2.1
2007	%	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.4	1.2	2.5	1.9
2008	%	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.0	2.2	1.7
2009	%	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.0	0.9	1.9	1.6
2010	%	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.9	0.9	1.8	1.5
2011	%	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.8	0.9	1.7	1.5
2012	%	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.8	0.9	1.7	1.4
2013	%	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.5	0.7	1.5	1.1
2014	%	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.5	0.7	1.5	1.1
Proportion of aged on aged pension										
2005	%	64.2	67.7	65.5	64.1	71.0	69.7	52.8	59.2	67.7
2006	%	64.3	67.5	65.0	63.8	70.6	70.8	52.1	56.0	67.6
2007	%	63.5	66.6	64.1	62.1	69.9	69.0	49.9	61.1	66.8
2008	%	66.1	68.8	66.1	63.0	71.6	72.0	51.8	59.6	69.0
2009	%	66.8	69.4	66.9	64.6	72.3	72.3	52.6	56.5	69.5
2010	%	67.0	69.1	66.9	63.8	72.0	71.4	51.5	57.8	69.6
2011	%	66.1	68.3	66.3	62.7	71.3	71.2	51.5	58.9	69.1
2012	%	66.7	68.5	67.0	63.0	71.8	72.2	52.3	55.8	69.6
2013	%	66.5	68.1	66.9	62.3	71.4	72.3	50.9	54.5	69.2
2014	%	66.7	68.4	67.5	62.6	71.6	72.8	51.2	53.0	69.6

(a) Data for Australia include recipients living overseas and recipients whose residential location was not known.

(b) Labour market program allowance data comprises recipients of Newstart Allowance (excluding Community Development Employment Projects [CDEP] participants and those who did not receive a payment) and recipients of Youth Allowance for jobseekers.

(c) Numerator data for Australia include recipients living overseas and recipients whose residential location was not known.

na Not available.

Source: FaHCSIA (Department for Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs) (2015 and previous years) *Payment Type by State and Territory - June 2014 Quarter - DSS Basic Dataset and DEEWR Blue Book Dataset*; ABS (2012 and previous years) *Australian Social Trends, Data Cube — Economic resources*, Cat. no. 4102.0, Canberra (December release); ABS (2012 and previous years) *Australian Demographic Statistics, June 2012*, Cat. no. 3101.0, Canberra; ABS (2008) *Australian Historical Population Statistics*, Cat. no. 3105.0.65.001, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.38

Table 2A.38 **Highest level of schooling completed by people aged 15 years or over, by Indigenous status, 2001 (000) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (e)
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Year 8 or below	000	10.8	2.1	10.3	5.3	2.5	0.8	0.2	9.9	41.8
Year 9 or equivalent	000	12.1	2.2	7.3	4.3	1.7	1.4	0.2	5.1	34.4
Year 10 or equivalent	000	21.6	3.4	18.9	10.9	3.1	3.7	0.6	5.1	67.2
Year 11 or equivalent	000	4.9	2.1	6.2	3.8	2.4	0.9	0.2	2.4	22.8
Year 12 or equivalent	000	11.6	3.2	15.3	5.0	2.2	1.4	0.8	2.3	41.9
Still at school	000	3.9	1.0	3.3	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.2	1.4	12.7
Did not go to school	000	0.9	0.2	1.2	1.7	0.5	0.1	–	2.8	7.4
Not stated	000	6.1	1.2	5.1	3.2	1.2	0.5	0.1	3.6	20.9
Total	000	71.8	15.3	67.6	35.6	14.4	9.5	2.2	32.5	249.1
Non-Indigenous										
Year 8 or below	000	411.9	379.9	268.4	94.5	118.3	31.8	10.4	7.0	1 322.3
Year 9 or equivalent	000	401.2	271.2	173.0	87.7	79.7	36.6	10.4	6.9	1 066.7
Year 10 or equivalent	000	1 306.6	576.1	776.2	373.2	217.0	114.8	43.6	27.1	3 435.0
Year 11 or equivalent	000	260.2	506.3	203.6	144.7	218.8	25.2	13.1	16.8	1 388.8
Year 12 or equivalent	000	1 875.6	1 415.5	1 022.5	542.7	392.2	95.1	139.4	46.3	5 529.9
Still at school	000	159.0	140.6	80.8	41.9	38.6	12.3	9.3	3.0	485.5
Did not go to school	000	58.7	44.3	13.5	9.3	8.8	1.3	1.1	0.8	138.1
Not stated	000	226.8	170.0	113.1	54.9	48.2	17.8	6.0	3.9	640.7
Total	000	4 699.8	3 503.8	2 651.1	1 348.8	1 121.7	334.9	233.3	111.8	14 007.0
All people (f)										
Year 8 or below	000	429.9	389.7	283.5	101.6	123.1	33.4	10.7	17.0	1 389.2
Year 9 or equivalent	000	417.9	276.7	182.2	93.1	82.4	38.4	10.6	12.1	1 113.5
Year 10 or equivalent	000	1 338.3	584.7	800.9	386.8	221.7	119.4	44.5	32.4	3 529.1
Year 11 or equivalent	000	267.3	512.0	211.4	149.5	222.5	26.3	13.4	19.4	1 421.9
Year 12 or equivalent	000	1 899.7	1 428.7	1 044.3	551.0	396.8	97.2	140.9	49.0	5 608.2
Still at school	000	164.5	143.1	85.0	43.7	39.7	13.1	9.6	4.5	503.2
Did not go to school	000	60.8	45.6	15.0	11.3	9.6	1.4	1.1	3.6	148.7
Not stated	000	419.4	288.0	201.0	102.3	75.9	27.9	12.7	15.7	1 143.0
Total	000	4 997.8	3 668.4	2 823.1	1 439.3	1 171.7	357.3	243.6	153.6	14 856.8

(a) Data for people aged 15 years or over, by highest level of schooling completed and Indigenous status.

(b) Data 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(c) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(d) Refers to primary or secondary schooling.

(e) Includes Other Territories.

(f) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

TABLE 2A.39

Table 2A.39 Highest level of schooling completed by people aged 15 years or over, by Indigenous status (excluding people still attending secondary school), 2006 (000) (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians (e)										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	11.2	2.5	10.3	5.3	2.5	0.9	0.2	13.3	46.3
Year 9	000	14.6	2.6	8.3	3.8	1.8	1.5	0.2	4.3	37.2
Year 10	000	26.6	4.5	22.3	11.4	3.9	4.3	0.7	5.7	79.5
Year 11	000	6.8	2.7	8.7	4.7	3.1	1.1	0.2	3.2	30.5
Year 12	000	16.0	4.3	19.9	6.1	2.8	2.1	1.0	3.0	55.1
Total (g)	000	85.3	19.0	78.0	37.0	16.3	10.7	2.5	35.0	283.9
Non-Indigenous										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	386.4	367.2	229.1	79.8	105.3	27.3	10.0	5.0	1 210.5
Year 9	000	394.4	281.4	170.7	80.3	77.7	36.9	11.4	5.6	1 058.4
Year 10	000	1 314.7	619.0	803.5	374.5	221.4	121.2	43.4	22.7	3 520.5
Year 11	000	301.8	540.7	243.3	165.5	231.9	30.6	14.6	15.0	1 543.6
Year 12	000	2 189.4	1 732.1	1 250.4	651.8	465.3	116.6	160.8	45.3	6 612.3
Total (g)	000	4 850.4	3 747.9	2 841.1	1 425.0	1 160.9	353.6	247.3	97.6	14 725.2
Not stated										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	7.9	8.0	4.7	1.9	2.6	0.7	0.2	0.1	26.2
Year 9	000	5.5	4.1	2.1	1.3	1.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	15.2
Year 10	000	14.3	7.5	7.6	4.1	2.5	1.4	0.4	0.3	38.1
Year 11	000	3.5	5.4	2.3	1.6	2.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	15.5
Year 12	000	19.1	15.9	9.3	5.4	3.8	1.0	0.9	0.4	55.8
Total (g)	000	314.6	215.2	179.0	100.6	56.4	18.2	12.3	12.6	908.9
Total										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	405.5	377.7	244.1	87.0	110.4	29.0	10.4	18.4	1 283.0
Year 9	000	414.4	288.1	181.1	85.5	80.7	39.1	11.8	10.0	1 110.9
Year 10	000	1 355.6	631.0	833.5	389.9	227.9	126.8	44.4	28.7	3 638.0
Year 11	000	312.2	548.8	254.3	171.7	237.0	32.0	15.0	18.4	1 589.6
Year 12	000	2 224.5	1 752.3	1 279.7	663.3	471.9	119.7	162.7	48.6	6 723.2
Total (g)	000	5 250.3	3 982.0	3 098.0	1 562.7	1 233.5	382.5	262.1	145.3	15 918.1

(a) Data for highest level of schooling completed by people aged 15 years or over (excluding people still attending secondary school).

(b) Data for 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(c) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(d) Includes Other Territories.

(e) Includes Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander.

(f) Includes people who have never been to school.

(g) Includes people who did not state their highest year of school completed.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing, Cat. no. 2068.0.

Table 2A.40 Highest level of schooling completed by people aged 15 years or over, by Indigenous status (excluding people still attending secondary school), 2011 (000) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians (e)										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	11.4	2.5	10.2	7.3	2.4	0.8	0.3	9.8	42.1
Year 9	000	15.0	2.8	8.2	3.9	1.9	1.4	0.3	4.6	38.0
Year 10	000	32.6	5.3	25.6	12.7	4.2	4.8	0.8	7.6	93.5
Year 11	000	7.9	3.2	9.6	5.9	3.5	1.4	0.3	4.1	35.9
Year 12	000	23.9	6.6	28.6	9.0	4.1	2.8	1.5	5.0	81.6
Total (g)	000	101.0	22.8	90.5	42.7	18.3	11.8	3.3	35.8	326.3
Non-Indigenous										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	336.9	322.1	205.2	74.8	90.3	22.5	8.4	4.5	1 064.9
Year 9	000	331.9	234.2	151.4	70.8	63.7	31.1	7.9	4.7	895.7
Year 10	000	1 233.6	577.1	783.5	371.4	202.8	120.1	38.8	22.1	3 349.5
Year 11	000	257.0	500.9	230.3	166.3	221.3	30.8	11.6	14.2	1 432.5
Year 12	000	2 589.0	2 129.5	1 556.8	838.0	552.8	137.1	189.8	57.1	8 050.8
Total (g)	000	4 968.3	3 938.1	3 051.4	1 586.6	1 183.0	358.9	263.4	107.0	15 459.1
Not stated										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	5.9	6.1	3.7	1.6	1.9	0.5	0.1	0.1	20.1
Year 9	000	4.2	3.0	1.8	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.1	11.6
Year 10	000	11.9	6.0	6.7	3.4	2.0	1.2	0.3	0.2	31.6
Year 11	000	2.6	4.3	1.8	1.4	1.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	12.2
Year 12	000	18.4	16.3	9.9	5.6	3.7	1.0	0.9	0.4	56.3
Total (g)	000	274.8	198.4	178.9	105.5	51.0	15.4	11.6	13.6	849.3
Total										
Year 8 or below (f)	000	354.1	330.7	219.1	81.1	94.7	23.9	8.8	14.4	1 127.1
Year 9	000	351.0	240.0	161.4	75.7	66.5	32.9	8.3	9.3	945.3
Year 10	000	1 278.0	588.3	815.7	387.4	209.0	126.0	39.9	29.9	3 474.6
Year 11	000	267.5	508.4	241.7	173.6	226.5	32.4	11.9	18.4	1 480.6
Year 12	000	2 631.3	2 152.4	1 595.3	852.6	560.6	140.9	192.2	62.5	8 188.6
Total (g)	000	5 344.1	4 159.3	3 320.8	1 734.8	1 252.4	386.1	278.2	156.5	16 634.7

(a) Data for highest level of schooling completed by people aged 15 years or over (excluding people still attending secondary school).

(b) Data for 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(c) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(d) Includes Other Territories.

(e) Includes Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander and Both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander.

(f) Includes people who have never been to school.

(g) Includes people who did not state their highest year of school completed.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples (Indigenous) Profile, Table I06 — Highest year of school completed by Indigenous status by sex*, Cat. no. 2002.0, Canberra.

Table 2A.41 **Type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status, 2001**
(000) (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Pre-school	000	3.4	0.6	3.1	1.5	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.9	10.4
Infants/Primary	000	21.6	4.3	20.1	10.1	4.3	2.9	0.6	7.6	71.6
Secondary	000	11.6	2.4	9.4	4.5	1.9	1.7	0.4	2.9	34.7
TAFE (d)	000	4.9	1.0	2.6	1.7	1.1	0.7	0.1	0.4	12.5
University (e)	000	2.2	0.6	1.9	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	7.2
Other	000	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.4
Not attending	000	69.1	14.4	68.2	35.0	13.4	9.2	2.0	32.9	244.4
Not stated	000	6.4	1.5	6.9	4.3	1.7	0.6	0.1	5.3	26.8
Total	000	119.9	25.1	112.8	58.5	23.4	15.8	3.6	50.8	410.0
Non-Indigenous										
Pre-school	000	95.1	67.1	49.2	25.2	17.5	3.9	4.2	2.0	264.3
Infants/Primary	000	552.2	407.2	324.3	171.0	141.6	42.6	29.4	14.0	1 682.6
Secondary	000	423.4	325.4	213.9	112.3	87.0	28.1	23.6	7.4	1 221.3
TAFE (d)	000	182.5	113.9	70.4	49.3	35.7	13.0	9.8	2.8	477.5
University (e)	000	227.5	189.3	134.9	69.2	48.7	13.1	21.7	6.2	710.6
Other	000	50.2	39.3	22.0	11.7	10.5	2.7	2.9	1.1	140.7
Not attending	000	4 257.8	3 167.7	2 466.3	1 234.5	1 026.3	310.6	199.4	103.6	12 767.9
Not stated	000	112.5	87.7	57.7	29.5	23.7	8.8	4.0	2.7	326.6
Total	000	5 901.3	4 397.6	3 338.7	1 702.8	1 391.0	422.9	295.0	139.8	17 591.5
All people (f)										
Pre-school	000	99.6	68.5	52.9	27.0	18.2	4.3	4.3	2.9	277.8
Infants/Primary	000	579.8	415.6	347.7	182.8	147.1	46.0	30.2	21.8	1 771.4
Secondary	000	438.8	331.0	225.3	117.8	89.5	30.0	24.2	10.4	1 267.1
TAFE (d)	000	188.9	115.9	73.5	51.3	37.0	13.9	10.0	3.3	493.9
University (e)	000	231.2	191.3	137.5	70.7	49.3	13.4	22.0	6.8	722.1
Other	000	51.5	40.0	22.8	12.2	10.8	2.9	2.9	1.4	144.5
Not attending	000	4 388.0	3 229.8	2 567.5	1 285.2	1 052.9	324.7	203.5	138.2	13 191.6
Not stated	000	333.4	220.0	158.4	85.0	54.1	19.7	12.1	17.9	900.7
Total	000	6 311.2	4 612.1	3 585.6	1 832.0	1 458.9	454.8	309.2	202.7	18 769.2

(a) Data for type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status for 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Includes Other Territories.

(d) Technical and further educational institutions.

(e) Includes other tertiary institutions.

(f) All persons includes Indigenous status not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Census of Population and Housing, Australia*, Cat. no. 2002.0.

Table 2A.42 **Type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status, 2006**
(000) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Pre-school	000	4.0	0.8	3.3	1.4	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.9	11.4
Infants/Primary	000	22.3	4.6	20.7	9.0	4.3	2.8	0.6	7.4	71.7
Secondary	000	13.6	2.9	11.6	4.6	2.1	1.7	0.4	2.9	39.7
TAFE (e)	000	4.2	0.9	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.4	10.4
University	000	2.3	0.6	2.0	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	7.1
Other	000	0.7	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	–	0.3	2.5
Not stated	000	13.8	3.2	12.2	7.5	2.8	1.2	0.2	8.7	49.7
Total	000	60.9	13.3	52.9	24.5	11.1	7.0	1.7	21.0	192.4
Non-Indigenous										
Pre-school	000	108.0	76.0	54.5	25.3	17.6	3.7	4.1	1.8	291.1
Infants/Primary	000	514.2	388.9	322.0	158.2	133.1	40.2	25.9	12.1	1 594.8
Secondary	000	417.6	325.3	222.0	110.2	84.1	27.8	22.3	7.0	1 216.3
TAFE (e)	000	154.7	100.1	65.2	39.3	31.7	11.7	8.4	1.8	412.9
University	000	234.9	196.8	135.0	71.8	53.0	13.8	22.4	5.3	733.0
Other	000	41.2	36.6	21.6	9.6	9.5	2.2	2.6	0.9	124.0
Not stated	000	241.2	188.5	132.7	68.2	52.2	18.7	7.5	4.0	713.3
Total	000	1 711.7	1 312.2	952.9	482.6	381.2	118.0	93.4	32.9	5 085.4
All people (f)										
Pre-school	000	114.0	78.1	58.7	27.2	18.6	4.0	4.3	2.8	307.8
Infants/Primary	000	547.1	401.1	348.5	169.9	139.5	43.8	26.9	19.7	1 696.8
Secondary	000	438.2	333.6	236.7	116.4	87.3	29.9	23.0	10.0	1 275.1
TAFE (e)	000	160.8	102.3	68.1	40.8	32.7	12.4	8.6	2.2	428.0
University	000	239.0	199.0	137.8	73.1	53.7	14.2	22.7	5.8	745.5
Other	000	42.4	37.3	22.5	9.9	9.7	2.3	2.6	1.2	128.0
Not stated	000	558.3	391.6	323.5	178.2	105.8	36.0	19.7	27.0	1 640.3
Total	000	2 099.9	1 543.0	1 196.0	615.4	447.4	142.6	107.9	68.6	6 221.5

(a) Data for type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status for 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(d) Includes Other Territories.

(e) Technical and further educational institutions.

(f) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2007) *2006 Census of Population and Housing*, Cat. no. 2068.0, Canberra.

**Table 2A.43 Type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status, 2011
(000) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Pre-school	000	5.6	1.1	3.0	1.8	0.8	0.4	0.1	1.2	14.0
Infants/Primary	000	25.1	5.3	24.2	10.3	4.6	3.0	0.7	8.4	81.6
Secondary	000	18.6	3.7	14.3	5.1	2.6	1.9	0.5	4.3	51.0
TAFE (e)	000	5.8	1.3	2.7	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.5	13.2
University	000	3.5	1.1	2.9	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	10.1
Other	000	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	–	0.5	3.7
Not stated	000	14.9	3.4	12.6	8.5	3.3	1.3	0.3	6.2	50.4
Total	000	74.6	16.2	60.7	28.2	12.9	7.7	2.2	21.4	223.9
Non-Indigenous										
Pre-school	000	119.3	87.6	47.0	30.2	19.5	3.8	5.0	2.1	314.6
Infants/Primary	000	516.3	399.7	350.7	176.0	130.1	38.5	26.8	11.3	1 649.6
Secondary	000	427.5	337.1	241.2	117.2	87.3	27.4	22.4	8.2	1 268.3
TAFE (e)	000	160.6	115.5	75.8	47.1	33.8	12.0	8.9	2.2	455.9
University	000	297.5	243.7	169.6	90.5	65.0	16.1	27.9	6.2	916.5
Other	000	49.1	49.2	27.6	13.0	10.7	2.7	2.8	1.2	156.2
Not stated	000	205.6	166.6	119.1	65.0	49.1	16.6	6.9	5.0	634.8
Total	000	1 775.8	1 399.4	1 031.1	539.1	395.5	117.0	100.6	36.1	5 395.9
All people (f)										
Pre-school	000	126.6	89.8	50.6	32.4	20.6	4.2	5.2	3.3	332.8
Infants/Primary	000	549.3	411.0	379.8	188.6	136.5	42.1	27.7	19.9	1 755.2
Secondary	000	451.9	345.5	258.6	123.7	91.0	29.6	23.1	12.6	1 336.0
TAFE (e)	000	168.0	118.0	79.2	48.8	34.8	12.9	9.2	2.7	473.6
University	000	303.1	246.6	173.4	91.9	66.0	16.5	28.3	6.7	932.5
Other	000	50.6	50.3	28.8	13.5	11.1	2.9	2.8	1.6	161.7
Not stated	000	486.5	356.5	311.8	180.9	98.7	31.6	18.5	26.2	1 511.7
Total	000	2 136.1	1 617.6	1 282.3	679.8	458.7	139.8	114.9	73.1	6 503.6

(a) Data for type of educational institution attending by Indigenous status for 2001, 2006 and 2011 are not comparable as they are sourced from different Census Collections.

(b) Disaggregation into years differs between the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Census.

(c) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(d) Includes Other Territories.

(e) Technical and Further Educational Institutions.

(f) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2012) *2011 Census of Population and Housing, Australia, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples (Indigenous) Profile, Table I05 — Type of educational institution attending (full/part-time student status by age) by Indigenous status by sex*, Cat. no. 2002.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.44

Table 2A.44 Tertiary education attainment for people aged 18 or over by Indigenous status and sex, 2011 (000) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians</i>										
Females										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	461	147	266	87	65	40	52	44	1 162
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	376	141	367	107	54	40	31	75	1 191
Bachelor Degree	no.	2 888	798	2 211	885	429	285	207	424	8 133
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	3 152	796	2 647	790	498	312	144	524	8 870
Certificate Level	no.	9 438	2 188	8 143	2 866	1 608	1 284	270	1 910	27 724
Not stated	no.	5 966	1 313	4 615	2 942	1 224	507	121	2 539	19 237
No tertiary education	no.	28 684	6 096	26 967	13 222	5 454	3 496	747	12 342	97 044
Total	no.	50 965	11 479	45 216	20 899	9 332	5 964	1 572	17 858	163 361
Males										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	335	121	193	61	41	33	51	29	864
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	208	96	150	49	42	11	27	24	607
Bachelor Degree	no.	1 449	458	1 006	378	198	163	165	186	4 008
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	1 591	467	1 295	406	281	164	100	238	4 545
Certificate Level	no.	10 228	2 526	9 107	3 418	1 638	1 476	336	2 228	30 970
Not stated	no.	7 063	1 457	5 552	4 056	1 496	504	149	3 077	23 367
No tertiary education	no.	25 866	5 528	24 151	11 256	4 858	3 043	754	10 689	86 183
Total	no.	46 740	10 653	41 454	19 624	8 554	5 394	1 582	16 471	150 544
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	796	268	459	148	106	73	103	73	2 026
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	584	237	517	156	96	51	58	99	1 798
Bachelor Degree	no.	4 337	1 256	3 217	1 263	627	448	372	610	12 141
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	4 743	1 263	3 942	1 196	779	476	244	762	13 415
Certificate Level	no.	19 666	4 714	17 250	6 284	3 246	2 760	606	4 138	58 694
Not stated	no.	13 029	2 770	10 167	6 998	2 720	1 011	270	5 616	42 604
No tertiary education	no.	54 550	11 624	51 118	24 478	10 312	6 539	1 501	23 031	183 227

TABLE 2A.44

Table 2A.44 Tertiary education attainment for people aged 18 or over by Indigenous status and sex, 2011 (000) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Total	no.	97 705	22 132	86 670	40 523	17 886	11 358	3 154	34 329	313 905
<i>Non-Indigenous</i>										
<i>Females</i>										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	110 014	79 569	43 979	22 559	16 364	4 511	10 923	2 194	290 125
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	50 864	60 840	31 104	18 611	12 825	3 773	6 657	1 848	186 548
Bachelor Degree	no.	428 498	353 019	231 229	129 200	85 725	24 146	33 129	9 889	1 294 923
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	262 711	202 865	148 268	82 095	53 479	14 732	14 361	5 230	783 790
Certificate Level	no.	340 904	244 458	222 807	112 567	85 088	27 684	14 726	8 220	1 056 552
Not stated	no.	211 417	153 668	108 366	55 863	44 795	15 001	7 055	3 075	599 316
No tertiary education	no.	1 149 000	938 009	763 827	370 746	308 596	94 330	48 330	20 367	3 693 529
Total	no.	2 553 408	2 032 428	1 549 580	791 641	606 872	184 177	135 181	50 823	7 904 783
<i>Males</i>										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	126 915	89 682	49 811	28 692	19 389	4 883	14 601	2 024	336 022
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	30 822	33 893	17 652	10 614	7 263	2 101	4 416	947	107 718
Bachelor Degree	no.	350 465	283 527	168 529	102 893	65 129	16 718	28 247	6 374	1 021 955
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	191 588	157 943	106 868	61 987	40 891	11 210	11 338	4 579	586 468
Certificate Level	no.	614 198	454 510	434 377	224 709	154 060	49 436	23 317	17 892	1 972 696
Not stated	no.	157 945	118 446	90 015	46 383	36 141	11 262	5 249	3 943	470 190
No tertiary education	no.	928 181	764 432	603 343	300 470	250 785	75 308	40 816	19 783	2 983 464
Total	no.	2 400 114	1 902 433	1 470 595	775 748	573 658	170 918	127 984	55 542	7 478 513
<i>Total non-Indigenous</i>										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	236 929	169 251	93 790	51 251	35 753	9 394	25 524	4 218	626 147
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	81 686	94 733	48 756	29 225	20 088	5 874	11 073	2 795	294 266
Bachelor Degree	no.	778 963	636 546	399 758	232 093	150 854	40 864	61 376	16 263	2 316 878
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	454 299	360 808	255 136	144 082	94 370	25 942	25 699	9 809	1 370 258
Certificate Level	no.	955 102	698 968	657 184	337 276	239 148	77 120	38 043	26 112	3 029 248
Not stated	no.	369 362	272 114	198 381	102 246	80 936	26 263	12 304	7 018	1 069 506

TABLE 2A.44

Table 2A.44 Tertiary education attainment for people aged 18 or over by Indigenous status and sex, 2011 (000) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
No tertiary education	no.	2 077 181	1 702 441	1 367 170	671 216	559 381	169 638	89 146	40 150	6 676 993
Total	no.	4 953 522	3 934 861	3 020 175	1 567 389	1 180 530	355 095	263 165	106 365	15 383 296
<i>All people (c)</i>										
Females										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	111 006	80 110	44 432	22 738	16 489	4 587	11 030	2 245	292 649
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	51 451	61 216	31 601	18 790	12 940	3 843	6 707	1 939	188 513
Bachelor Degree	no.	433 512	355 666	234 446	130 662	86 544	24 550	33 447	10 366	1 309 287
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	267 494	205 058	151 767	83 365	54 288	15 157	14 583	5 792	797 563
Certificate Level	no.	352 827	248 516	232 478	116 372	87 295	29 147	15 081	10 204	1 092 038
Not stated	no.	323 685	229 931	179 176	95 867	64 510	20 989	11 477	10 733	936 480
No tertiary education	no.	1 190 417	954 832	798 012	387 863	317 407	98 918	49 480	32 969	3 830 269
Total	no.	2 730 392	2 135 329	1 671 912	855 657	639 473	197 191	141 805	74 248	8 446 799
Males										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	127 820	90 257	50 209	28 888	19 506	4 949	14 700	2 065	338 419
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	31 157	34 129	17 870	10 688	7 333	2 124	4 451	980	108 742
Bachelor Degree	no.	353 740	285 487	170 261	103 722	65 628	16 968	28 495	6 588	1 030 967
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	194 317	159 525	108 778	62 763	41 386	11 442	11 494	4 860	594 632
Certificate Level	no.	629 717	461 141	446 788	230 172	156 930	51 369	23 823	20 275	2 020 425
Not stated	no.	285 123	204 543	179 715	102 984	59 326	17 995	10 887	13 979	875 415
No tertiary education	no.	964 552	778 977	633 323	314 819	258 268	79 259	41 906	30 720	3 102 214
Total	no.	2 586 426	2 014 059	1 606 944	854 036	608 377	184 106	135 756	79 467	8 070 814
Total all people										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	238 826	170 367	94 641	51 626	35 995	9 536	25 730	4 310	631 068
Graduate Diploma and Graduate Certificate	no.	82 608	95 345	49 471	29 478	20 273	5 967	11 158	2 919	297 255
Bachelor Degree	no.	787 252	641 153	404 707	234 384	152 172	41 518	61 942	16 954	2 340 254
Advanced Diploma and Diploma	no.	461 811	364 583	260 545	146 128	95 674	26 599	26 077	10 652	1 392 195
Certificate Level	no.	982 544	709 657	679 266	346 544	244 225	80 516	38 904	30 479	3 112 463

TABLE 2A.44

Table 2A.44 Tertiary education attainment for people aged 18 or over by Indigenous status and sex, 2011 (000) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not stated	no.	608 808	434 474	358 891	198 851	123 836	38 984	22 364	24 712	1 811 895
No tertiary education	no.	2 154 969	1 733 809	1 431 335	702 682	575 675	178 177	91 386	63 689	6 932 483
Total	no.	5 316 818	4 149 388	3 278 856	1 709 693	1 247 850	381 297	277 561	153 715	16 517 613

(a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(d) Includes Other Territories.

(c) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing, Table generated on 6/6/2013 using ABS TableBuilder.

TABLE 2A.45

Table 2A.45 **Type of tertiary education institution attending for people aged 18-24 years by Indigenous status and sex, 2011**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians</i>										
Females										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	1 145	260	523	203	139	121	50	64	2 505
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	1 108	316	804	241	145	103	73	83	2 873
Other	no.	174	70	136	53	44	23	6	39	545
Not stated	no.	550	152	481	312	126	59	19	279	1 978
Not in tertiary study	no.	7 069	1 580	7 370	3 463	1 388	885	234	3 114	25 116
Total	no.	10 046	2 378	9 314	4 272	1 842	1 191	382	3 579	33 017
Males										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	1 139	257	457	236	129	135	52	73	2 478
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	635	174	410	138	104	62	65	53	1 641
Other	no.	89	35	81	28	23	11	4	41	312
Not stated	no.	1 112	224	860	705	223	53	25	423	3 625
Not in tertiary study	no.	7 315	1 659	7 590	3 399	1 422	905	284	2 988	25 568
Total	no.	10 290	2 349	9 398	4 506	1 901	1 166	430	3 578	33 624
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	2 284	517	980	439	268	256	102	137	4 983
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	1 743	490	1 214	379	249	165	138	136	4 514
Other	no.	263	105	217	81	67	34	10	80	857
Not stated	no.	1 662	376	1 341	1 017	349	112	44	702	5 603
Not in tertiary study	no.	14 384	3 239	14 960	6 862	2 810	1 790	518	6 102	50 684
Total	no.	20 336	4 727	18 712	8 778	3 743	2 357	812	7 157	66 641
<i>Non-Indigenous</i>										
Females										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	24 785	21 406	12 658	7 015	5 716	1 692	1 408	278	74 961
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	95 964	82 903	53 711	28 510	21 207	4 515	8 088	1 084	295 986
Other	no.	6 059	5 640	3 292	1 287	1 296	276	276	116	18 242

TABLE 2A.45

Table 2A.45 Type of tertiary education institution attending for people aged 18-24 years by Indigenous status and sex, 2011

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
Not stated	no.	6 752	6 150	3 469	1 849	1 528	419	269	135	20 574
Not in tertiary study	no.	138 045	110 813	109 034	55 955	35 233	11 138	8 117	4 363	472 761
Total	no.	271 605	226 912	182 164	94 616	64 980	18 040	18 158	5 976	882 524
Males										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	36 068	29 822	13 845	9 744	6 548	2 118	1 912	398	100 458
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	77 769	66 129	38 607	22 723	16 381	3 591	7 258	660	233 121
Other	no.	4 533	4 776	2 400	1 186	1 030	165	331	69	14 494
Not stated	no.	9 030	7 673	4 833	2 907	1 826	568	414	353	27 755
Not in tertiary study	no.	148 849	124 335	121 730	62 362	41 378	12 031	8 792	5 564	525 106
Total	no.	276 249	232 735	181 415	98 922	67 163	18 473	18 707	7 044	900 934
Total non-Indigenous										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	60 853	51 228	26 503	16 759	12 264	3 810	3 320	676	175 419
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	173 733	149 032	92 318	51 233	37 588	8 106	15 346	1 744	529 107
Other	no.	10 592	10 416	5 692	2 473	2 326	441	607	185	32 736
Not stated	no.	15 782	13 823	8 302	4 756	3 354	987	683	488	48 329
Not in tertiary study	no.	286 894	235 148	230 764	118 317	76 611	23 169	16 909	9 927	997 867
Total	no.	547 854	459 647	363 579	193 538	132 143	36 513	36 865	13 020	1 783 458
<i>All people (c)</i>										
Females										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	26 189	21 884	13 272	7 273	5 910	1 825	1 470	345	78 171
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	97 695	83 820	54 792	28 910	21 464	4 646	8 194	1 174	300 699
Other	no.	6 282	5 778	3 468	1 351	1 351	302	282	158	18 972
Not stated	no.	20 126	15 364	12 468	7 011	3 719	1 042	1 210	1 098	62 044
Not in tertiary study	no.	146 404	113 454	117 220	59 867	36 891	12 120	8 412	7 525	501 972
Total	no.	296 696	240 300	201 220	104 412	69 335	19 935	19 568	10 300	961 858
Males										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	37 577	30 418	14 432	10 080	6 745	2 276	1 984	477	103 992

TABLE 2A.45

Table 2A.45 **Type of tertiary education institution attending for people aged 18-24 years by Indigenous status and sex, 2011**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	79 005	66 843	39 259	23 006	16 587	3 677	7 362	716	236 458
Other	no.	4 684	4 901	2 504	1 232	1 062	176	339	110	15 012
Not stated	no.	25 854	19 540	17 128	10 813	4 843	1 344	1 634	1 781	83 091
Not in tertiary study	no.	157 869	127 441	130 483	66 300	43 181	13 056	9 148	8 611	556 166
Total	no.	304 989	249 143	203 806	111 431	72 418	20 529	20 467	11 695	994 719
Total all people										
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	no.	63 766	52 302	27 704	17 353	12 655	4 101	3 454	822	182 163
University or other Tertiary Institution	no.	176 700	150 663	94 051	51 916	38 051	8 323	15 556	1 890	537 157
Other	no.	10 966	10 679	5 972	2 583	2 413	478	621	268	33 984
Not stated	no.	45 980	34 904	29 596	17 824	8 562	2 386	2 844	2 879	145 135
Not in tertiary study	no.	304 273	240 895	247 703	126 167	80 072	25 176	17 560	16 136	1 058 138
Total	no.	601 685	489 443	405 026	215 843	141 753	40 464	40 035	21 995	1 956 577

(a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

(b) Includes Other Territories.

(c) Includes Indigenous status not stated.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *2011 Census of Population and Housing*, Table generated on 27/6/2013 using ABS TableBuilder.

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
30 June 2006										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	55.6	53.1	55.5	50.8	50.3	50.1	65.5	71.2	54.3
Part-time	%	44.4	46.9	44.5	49.2	49.7	49.9	34.5	28.8	45.7
Total	000	1 470.7	1 131.0	913.7	468.5	344.0	104.8	93.1	48.3	4 574.2
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	94.9	95.0	96.2	95.6	94.9	97.9	94.7	95.2
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	65.0	53.2	62.5	61.3	56.2	62.3	np	np	60.1
Looking for part-time work	%	35.0	46.8	37.5	38.7	43.8	37.7	np	np	39.9
Total	000	79.7	60.4	47.8	18.7	15.7	5.6	2.0	2.7	232.6
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	5.1	5.0	3.8	4.4	5.1	2.1	5.3	4.8
Total in labour force	000	1 550.4	1 191.4	961.5	487.2	359.7	110.4	95.2	51.0	4 806.8
Proportion in labour force	%	56.2	57.0	59.8	59.5	55.6	54.9	69.1	68.0	57.7
Not in labour force	000	1 208.3	898.0	646.6	331.1	287.0	90.9	42.7	24.1	3 528.6
Total females	000	2 758.7	2 089.4	1 608.1	818.2	646.7	201.3	137.8	75.1	8 335.4
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	84.5	83.2	85.5	85.9	83.8	84.1	84.0	86.2	84.5
Part-time	%	15.5	16.8	14.5	14.1	16.2	15.9	16.0	13.8	15.5
Total	000	1 771.6	1 384.8	1 106.0	602.6	405.9	121.2	98.0	56.3	5 546.6
Proportion of labour force	%	94.7	95.4	96.0	97.0	95.4	92.6	97.2	95.7	95.4
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	84.1	78.9	80.2	76.7	80.7	83.3	np	np	80.8
Looking for part-time work	%	15.9	21.1	19.8	23.3	19.3	16.7	np	np	19.2

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	000	98.9	67.3	46.0	18.7	19.5	9.7	2.9	2.6	265.6
Proportion of labour force	%	5.3	4.6	4.0	3.0	4.6	7.4	2.8	4.3	4.6
Total in labour force	000	1 870.5	1 452.2	1 152.0	621.3	425.4	130.9	100.9	58.9	5 812.2
Proportion in labour force	%	70.6	72.5	73.4	75.7	68.8	68.4	77.5	75.7	72.1
Not in labour force	000	778.9	551.5	417.1	199.3	193.4	60.5	29.3	18.9	2 248.9
Total males	000	2 649.4	2 003.7	1 569.1	820.6	618.8	191.5	130.2	77.8	8 061.1
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	71.4	69.7	71.9	70.5	68.4	68.4	75.0	79.2	70.8
Part-time	%	28.6	30.3	28.1	29.5	31.6	31.6	25.0	20.8	29.2
Total	000	3 242.3	2 515.9	2 019.7	1 071.1	749.9	226.1	191.2	104.7	10 120.8
Proportion of labour force	%	94.8	95.2	95.6	96.6	95.5	93.7	97.5	95.2	95.3
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	75.5	66.7	71.2	69.0	69.8	75.6	54.0	54.4	71.1
Looking for part-time work	%	24.5	33.3	28.8	31.0	30.2	24.4	46.0	45.6	28.9
Total	000	178.6	127.7	93.9	37.4	35.2	15.3	4.9	5.2	498.2
Proportion of labour force	%	5.2	4.8	4.4	3.4	4.5	6.3	2.5	4.8	4.7
Total in labour force	000	3 420.9	2 643.6	2 113.5	1 108.4	785.1	241.4	196.1	109.9	10 619.0
Proportion in labour force	%	63.3	64.6	66.5	67.6	62.0	61.5	73.2	71.9	64.8
Not in labour force	000	1 987.1	1 449.5	1 063.7	530.4	480.4	151.4	72.0	43.0	5 777.5
Total people	000	5 408.1	4 093.1	3 177.3	1 638.8	1 265.5	392.8	268.1	152.9	16 396.4
30 June 2007										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	55.5	54.1	56.2	52.3	49.6	50.0	64.0	73.2	54.8

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Part-time	%	44.5	45.9	43.8	47.7	50.4	50.0	36.0	26.8	45.2
Total	000	1 490.0	1 158.2	963.3	489.1	347.5	101.0	93.7	50.8	4 693.7
Proportion of labour force	%	95.2	94.7	95.9	95.9	95.5	94.4	97.0	96.7	95.3
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	63.5	61.7	63.9	56.9	60.7	58.6	np	np	61.7
Looking for part-time work	%	36.5	38.3	36.1	43.1	39.3	41.4	np	np	38.3
Total	000	75.6	64.6	40.7	21.1	16.2	6.0	2.9	np	229.0
Proportion of labour force	%	4.8	5.3	4.1	4.1	4.5	5.6	3.0	np	4.7
Total in labour force	000	1 565.7	1 222.8	1 004.0	510.2	363.7	107.1	96.6	52.5	4 922.7
Proportion in labour force	%	55.9	57.5	60.8	60.6	55.5	52.8	68.5	68.1	57.9
Not in labour force	000	1 232.9	905.5	647.2	331.7	291.3	95.7	44.4	24.5	3 573.3
Total females	000	2 798.5	2 128.3	1 651.2	842.0	655.0	202.8	141.0	77.0	8 495.9
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	83.8	84.1	85.8	85.7	83.7	84.3	84.5	85.5	84.5
Part-time	%	16.2	15.9	14.2	14.3	16.3	15.7	15.5	14.5	15.5
Total	000	1 834.8	1 429.0	1 158.3	624.7	410.3	125.1	102.0	58.3	5 742.6
Proportion of labour force	%	95.7	96.2	96.9	96.6	95.1	95.7	97.0	94.3	96.1
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	81.7	78.7	77.1	82.5	84.9	83.3	58.5	np	79.9
Looking for part-time work	%	18.3	21.3	22.9	17.5	15.1	np	np	np	20.1
Total	000	81.9	56.3	36.5	22.1	21.0	5.6	3.2	3.6	230.0
Proportion of labour force	%	4.3	3.8	3.1	3.4	4.9	4.3	3.0	5.7	3.9
Total in labour force	000	1 916.7	1 485.3	1 194.8	646.7	431.3	130.7	105.2	61.9	5 972.6
Proportion in labour force	%	71.2	72.6	74.1	76.6	68.8	67.4	78.8	77.2	72.6
Not in labour force	000	776.3	561.9	418.1	197.4	196.0	63.1	28.3	18.3	2 259.4

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total males	000	2 693.0	2 047.2	1 612.8	844.1	627.3	193.8	133.5	80.2	8 232.0
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	71.1	70.7	72.4	71.1	68.0	68.9	74.7	79.8	71.1
Part-time	%	28.9	29.3	27.6	28.9	32.0	31.1	25.3	20.2	28.9
Total	000	3 324.9	2 587.2	2 121.6	1 113.7	757.8	226.2	195.8	109.1	10 436.3
Proportion of labour force	%	95.5	95.5	96.5	96.3	95.3	95.1	97.0	95.4	95.8
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	73.0	69.6	70.1	70.0	74.4	70.4	55.1	45.6	70.8
Looking for part-time work	%	27.0	30.4	29.9	30.0	25.6	29.6	44.9	54.4	29.2
Total	000	157.6	120.9	77.1	43.2	37.2	11.6	6.1	5.3	459.0
Proportion of labour force	%	4.5	4.5	3.5	3.7	4.7	4.9	3.0	4.6	4.2
Total in labour force	000	3 482.4	2 708.1	2 198.8	1 156.9	795.1	237.8	201.8	114.4	10 895.3
Proportion in labour force	%	63.4	64.9	67.4	68.6	62.0	60.0	73.5	72.8	65.1
Not in labour force	000	2 009.2	1 467.4	1 065.3	529.1	487.3	158.8	72.7	42.8	5 832.6
Total people	000	5 491.6	4 175.6	3 264.0	1 686.1	1 282.3	396.6	274.5	157.2	16 727.9
30 June 2008										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	56.2	51.7	55.9	55.0	51.9	49.3	65.5	67.5	54.7
Part-time	%	43.8	48.3	44.1	45.0	48.1	50.7	34.5	32.5	45.3
Total	000	1 541.4	1 198.0	994.9	508.0	354.4	107.9	96.3	53.9	4 854.8
Proportion of labour force	%	95.2	95.3	95.8	96.3	95.5	95.6	97.9	96.6	95.5
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	59.6	49.8	58.3	63.2	70.1	65.5	np	np	57.8

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Looking for part-time work	%	40.4	50.2	41.7	36.8	29.9	np	np	np	42.2
Total	000	77.3	59.6	44.0	19.7	16.9	4.9	np	1.9	226.2
Proportion of labour force	%	4.8	4.7	4.2	3.7	4.5	4.4	np	3.4	4.5
Total in labour force	000	1 618.7	1 257.5	1 038.9	527.7	371.2	112.8	98.4	55.7	5 081.0
Proportion in labour force	%	56.9	57.9	61.3	60.7	56.0	55.1	68.5	70.3	58.6
Not in labour force	000	1 226.4	915.4	656.3	341.0	291.8	92.0	45.2	23.5	3 591.7
Total females	000	2 845.1	2 173.0	1 695.2	868.7	663.0	204.8	143.6	79.3	8 672.7
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	84.3	82.9	85.6	87.8	83.5	82.7	83.3	83.8	84.5
Part-time	%	15.7	17.1	14.4	12.2	16.5	17.3	16.7	16.2	15.5
Total	000	1 885.6	1 456.0	1 182.4	643.2	427.9	129.8	103.5	61.8	5 890.2
Proportion of labour force	%	95.7	95.7	96.8	97.3	95.5	96.7	97.5	96.1	96.1
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	79.9	74.4	78.1	82.1	74.9	83.1	82.6	78.6	77.9
Looking for part-time work	%	20.1	25.6	21.9	np	25.1	np	np	np	22.1
Total	000	85.0	64.8	38.9	18.1	20.1	4.4	2.7	2.5	236.4
Proportion of labour force	%	4.3	4.3	3.2	2.7	4.5	3.3	2.5	3.9	3.9
Total in labour force	000	1 970.6	1 520.8	1 221.4	661.3	448.0	134.2	106.1	64.3	6 126.7
Proportion in labour force	%	71.8	72.6	73.7	75.8	70.5	68.2	77.9	77.1	72.7
Not in labour force	000	774.5	573.1	436.4	211.3	187.8	62.6	30.1	19.1	2 294.9
Total males	000	2 745.1	2 094.0	1 657.8	872.6	635.8	196.8	136.2	83.4	8 421.6
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	71.6	68.8	72.0	73.3	69.1	67.6	74.7	76.2	71.0

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Part-time	%	28.4	31.2	28.0	26.7	30.9	32.4	25.3	23.8	29.0
Total	000	3 427.1	2 654.0	2 177.3	1 151.2	782.3	237.6	199.8	115.6	10 745.0
Proportion of labour force	%	95.5	95.5	96.3	96.8	95.5	96.2	97.7	96.4	95.9
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	70.2	62.6	67.6	72.2	72.7	73.8	63.6	71.2	68.1
Looking for part-time work	%	29.8	37.4	32.4	27.8	27.3	26.2	np	np	31.9
Total	000	162.3	124.3	82.9	37.8	37.0	9.3	4.7	4.4	462.7
Proportion of labour force	%	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.2	4.5	3.8	2.3	3.6	4.1
Total in labour force	000	3 589.3	2 778.4	2 260.2	1 189.0	819.2	247.0	204.5	120.0	11 207.7
Proportion in labour force	%	64.2	65.1	67.4	68.3	63.1	61.5	73.1	73.8	65.6
Not in labour force	000	2 000.9	1 488.6	1 092.7	552.3	479.6	154.6	75.3	42.6	5 886.6
Total people	000	5 590.2	4 266.9	3 352.9	1 741.4	1 298.8	401.6	279.8	162.6	17 094.3
30 June 2009										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	55.0	52.8	56.1	52.1	49.5	49.3	66.7	72.0	54.3
Part-time	%	45.0	47.2	43.9	47.9	50.5	50.7	33.3	28.0	45.7
Total	000	1 554.4	1 213.7	1 015.0	515.6	368.0	109.7	95.4	56.5	4 928.3
Proportion of labour force	%	93.7	94.9	95.1	94.5	95.4	96.1	96.7	97.1	94.6
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	64.0	66.2	73.3	66.3	62.9	59.1	np	np	66.2
Looking for part-time work	%	36.0	33.8	26.7	33.7	37.1	np	np	np	33.8
Total	000	104.2	65.7	51.7	30.0	17.6	4.5	3.3	1.7	278.7
Proportion of labour force	%	6.3	5.1	4.9	5.5	4.6	3.9	3.3	2.9	5.4
Total in labour force	000	1 658.6	1 279.4	1 066.8	545.6	385.7	114.1	98.7	58.1	5 207.0
Proportion in labour force	%	57.4	57.6	61.3	60.8	57.4	55.1	67.5	71.3	58.8

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not in labour force	000	1 233.0	943.7	673.0	351.4	285.9	92.9	47.5	23.4	3 650.8
Total females	000	2 891.6	2 223.1	1 739.8	897.0	671.6	207.0	146.2	81.5	8 857.8
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	83.3	82.3	85.7	84.5	81.9	81.8	83.9	88.7	83.6
Part-time	%	16.7	17.7	14.3	15.5	18.1	18.2	16.1	11.3	16.4
Total	000	1 847.6	1 443.5	1 182.8	652.2	419.0	126.6	103.0	68.0	5 842.7
Proportion of labour force	%	93.6	93.5	94.1	94.6	94.3	95.6	96.1	96.0	94.0
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	85.5	83.7	85.2	87.0	82.0	92.8	np	86.5	84.7
Looking for part-time work	%	14.5	16.3	14.8	np	18.0	np	np	np	15.3
Total	000	126.3	100.8	74.1	36.9	25.1	5.8	4.1	2.8	376.0
Proportion of labour force	%	6.4	6.5	5.9	5.4	5.7	4.4	3.9	4.0	6.0
Total in labour force	000	1 973.9	1 544.2	1 257.0	689.1	444.1	132.4	107.1	70.8	6 218.7
Proportion in labour force	%	70.6	71.9	73.8	76.4	68.8	66.2	77.1	82.2	72.2
Not in labour force	000	820.9	602.8	445.7	212.8	201.3	67.6	31.8	15.4	2 398.2
Total males	000	2 794.8	2 147.1	1 702.6	901.9	645.4	200.0	138.9	86.2	8 616.9
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	70.3	68.8	72.0	70.2	66.8	66.7	75.7	81.1	70.2
Part-time	%	29.7	31.2	28.0	29.8	33.2	33.3	24.3	18.9	29.8
Total	000	3 401.9	2 657.2	2 197.9	1 167.8	787.0	236.3	198.3	124.5	10 770.9
Proportion of labour force	%	93.7	94.1	94.6	94.6	94.8	95.8	96.4	96.5	94.3
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	75.8	76.8	80.4	77.7	74.1	78.2	52.2	81.4	76.8

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Looking for part-time work	%	24.2	23.2	19.6	22.3	25.9	np	47.8	np	23.2
Total	000	230.5	166.5	125.9	66.9	42.8	10.3	7.4	4.5	654.7
Proportion of labour force	%	6.3	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.2	4.2	3.6	3.5	5.7
Total in labour force	000	3 632.5	2 823.7	2 323.8	1 234.7	829.8	246.5	205.8	129.0	11 425.7
Proportion in labour force	%	63.9	64.6	67.5	68.6	63.0	60.6	72.2	76.9	65.4
Not in labour force	000	2 054.0	1 546.5	1 118.6	564.2	487.3	160.5	79.3	38.8	6 049.1
Total people	000	5 686.5	4 370.1	3 442.4	1 798.9	1 317.0	407.0	285.0	167.7	17 474.7
30 June 2010										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	54.7	52.6	55.5	51.5	49.5	47.3	65.1	70.4	53.8
Part-time	%	45.3	47.4	44.5	48.5	50.5	52.7	34.9	29.6	46.2
Total	000	1 555.1	1 247.9	1 029.6	534.1	367.8	114.2	100.7	53.7	5 003.1
Proportion of labour force	%	95.1	94.5	94.6	95.4	94.8	95.4	96.8	97.2	94.9
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	62.1	62.2	65.2	58.2	61.7	54.1	np	np	62.2
Looking for part-time work	%	37.9	37.8	34.8	41.8	38.3	45.9	np	np	37.8
Total	000	81.0	72.4	58.4	25.5	20.2	5.5	3.3	1.5	267.8
Proportion of labour force	%	4.9	5.5	5.4	4.6	5.2	4.6	3.2	2.8	5.1
Total in labour force	000	1 636.1	1 320.3	1 088.0	559.6	388.0	119.7	104.1	55.2	5 270.9
Proportion in labour force	%	55.8	58.3	61.3	60.9	57.1	57.2	69.8	66.5	58.5
Not in labour force	000	1 295.9	944.7	686.0	359.4	291.7	89.4	45.1	27.8	3 739.9
Total females	000	2 931.9	2 265.0	1 774.0	919.1	679.7	209.1	149.1	83.0	9 010.8
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Full-time	%	82.7	82.0	83.9	84.4	82.1	79.1	84.7	87.4	82.9
Part-time	%	17.3	18.0	16.1	15.6	17.9	20.9	15.3	12.6	17.1
Total	000	1 883.9	1 492.2	1 224.4	678.8	428.8	125.5	105.0	67.6	6 006.1
Proportion of labour force	%	94.7	94.9	95.1	96.3	95.0	92.7	96.8	97.3	95.1
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	83.0	81.4	79.0	82.6	76.2	83.2	63.8	84.9	81.1
Looking for part-time work	%	17.0	18.6	21.0	np	23.8	np	np	np	18.9
Total	000	105.1	80.4	63.3	26.1	22.4	9.8	3.5	1.9	312.5
Proportion of labour force	%	5.3	5.1	4.9	3.7	5.0	7.3	3.2	2.7	4.9
Total in labour force	000	1 989.0	1 572.6	1 287.7	704.9	451.2	135.3	108.5	69.4	6 318.6
Proportion in labour force	%	70.2	72.0	74.3	76.3	68.9	66.7	76.5	78.6	72.1
Not in labour force	000	844.6	611.5	445.9	218.4	203.2	67.5	33.4	18.9	2 443.4
Total males	000	2 833.6	2 184.1	1 733.6	923.2	654.4	202.9	141.9	88.3	8 762.0
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	70.0	68.6	70.9	69.9	67.1	63.9	75.1	79.9	69.7
Part-time	%	30.0	31.4	29.1	30.1	32.9	36.1	24.9	20.1	30.3
Total	000	3 439.1	2 740.1	2 254.0	1 212.9	796.6	239.7	205.7	121.2	11 009.3
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	94.7	94.9	95.9	94.9	94.0	96.8	97.3	95.0
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	73.9	72.3	72.4	70.6	69.3	72.8	59.5	76.3	72.3
Looking for part-time work	%	26.1	27.7	27.6	29.4	30.7	27.2	40.5	np	27.7
Total	000	186.0	152.8	121.7	51.6	42.6	15.3	6.8	3.4	580.3
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	5.3	5.1	4.1	5.1	6.0	3.2	2.7	5.0
Total in labour force	000	3 625.1	2 892.9	2 375.7	1 264.5	839.2	255.0	212.6	124.6	11 589.6
Proportion in labour force	%	62.9	65.0	67.7	68.6	62.9	61.9	73.1	72.8	65.2

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Not in labour force	000	2 140.5	1 556.1	1 131.8	577.8	494.9	157.0	78.4	46.6	6 183.2
Total people	000	5 765.6	4 449.1	3 507.6	1 842.3	1 334.1	412.0	291.0	171.3	17 772.8
30 June 2011										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	54.9	53.0	55.2	52.5	49.9	48.8	66.0	72.5	54.1
Part-time	%	45.1	47.0	44.8	47.5	50.1	51.2	34.0	27.5	45.9
Total	000	1 587.8	1 292.2	1 050.8	552.6	375.9	109.7	99.4	54.7	5 123.1
Proportion of labour force	%	94.5	95.2	94.4	96.0	95.6	94.9	96.2	96.7	95.0
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	62.1	57.0	65.2	48.3	57.2	60.3	57.6	np	60.0
Looking for part-time work	%	37.9	43.0	34.8	51.7	42.8	39.7	np	np	40.0
Total	000	92.2	65.7	61.8	23.0	17.2	5.9	4.0	1.8	271.6
Proportion of labour force	%	5.5	4.8	5.6	4.0	4.4	5.1	3.8	3.3	5.0
Total in labour force	000	1 680.0	1 357.9	1 112.6	575.6	393.1	115.6	103.4	56.6	5 394.7
Proportion in labour force	%	56.6	59.0	61.6	60.9	57.4	54.9	68.1	67.6	58.9
Not in labour force	000	1 286.5	943.9	693.9	370.2	292.1	94.8	48.4	27.1	3 756.9
Total females	000	2 966.5	2 301.9	1 806.5	945.7	685.2	210.4	151.8	83.6	9 151.7
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	83.4	82.6	84.4	85.8	82.1	81.2	84.5	86.6	83.6
Part-time	%	16.6	17.4	15.6	14.2	17.9	18.8	15.5	13.4	16.4
Total	000	1 899.6	1 539.5	1 226.6	693.7	438.3	127.3	108.0	65.3	6 098.1
Proportion of labour force	%	95.1	95.9	95.4	95.6	95.0	95.1	95.7	96.4	95.4
Unemployed people										

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Looking for full-time work	%	83.1	78.2	89.4	84.0	85.3	70.1	67.7	82.7	83.0
Looking for part-time work	%	16.9	21.8	10.6	16.0	14.7	29.9	np	np	17.0
Total	000	97.7	66.5	59.4	32.2	22.9	6.6	4.9	2.4	292.6
Proportion of labour force	%	4.9	4.1	4.6	4.4	5.0	4.9	4.3	3.6	4.6
Total in labour force	000	1 997.3	1 606.0	1 286.0	725.8	461.1	133.9	112.8	67.7	6 390.7
Proportion in labour force	%	69.7	72.5	72.9	76.4	69.8	65.3	78.1	75.8	71.9
Not in labour force	000	869.4	608.2	477.6	224.4	199.7	71.0	31.6	21.6	2 503.5
Total males	000	2 866.7	2 214.2	1 763.6	950.2	660.8	204.9	144.5	89.3	8 894.2
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	70.4	69.1	70.9	71.0	67.2	66.2	75.6	80.2	70.1
Part-time	%	29.6	30.9	29.1	29.0	32.8	33.8	24.4	19.8	29.9
Total	000	3 487.4	2 831.7	2 277.5	1 246.3	814.1	237.0	207.4	120.0	11 221.3
Proportion of labour force	%	94.8	95.5	94.9	95.8	95.3	95.0	95.9	96.6	95.2
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	72.9	67.7	77.1	69.1	73.2	65.5	63.2	78.2	72.0
Looking for part-time work	%	27.1	32.3	22.9	30.9	26.8	34.5	36.8	np	28.0
Total	000	189.9	132.2	121.2	55.1	40.1	12.6	8.8	4.3	564.2
Proportion of labour force	%	5.2	4.5	5.1	4.2	4.7	5.0	4.1	3.4	4.8
Total in labour force	000	3 677.3	2 963.9	2 398.6	1 301.4	854.2	249.5	216.2	124.2	11 785.5
Proportion in labour force	%	63.0	65.6	67.2	68.6	63.5	60.1	73.0	71.8	65.3
Not in labour force	000	2 155.9	1 552.1	1 171.5	594.6	491.8	165.8	80.0	48.7	6 260.4
Total people	000	5 833.2	4 516.0	3 570.2	1 896.0	1 346.0	415.3	296.3	172.9	18 045.9
30 June 2012										
Female										
Labour Force										

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Employed people										
Full-time	%	55.2	52.0	55.3	54.5	46.9	45.0	63.1	71.0	53.8
Part-time	%	44.8	48.0	44.7	45.5	53.1	55.0	36.9	29.0	46.2
Total	000	1 611.1	1 315.1	1 045.3	571.9	371.0	108.7	103.3	55.5	5 182.0
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	94.1	94.6	95.3	94.2	94.0	96.3	96.1	94.7
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	61.9	64.5	62.8	53.0	64.5	58.5	67.3	84.6	62.3
Looking for part-time work	%	38.1	35.5	37.2	47.0	35.5	41.5	np	np	37.7
Total	000	86.2	82.2	59.6	28.1	22.8	6.9	4.0	2.3	292.1
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	5.9	5.4	4.7	5.8	6.0	3.7	3.9	5.3
Total in labour force	000	1 697.3	1 397.4	1 104.9	600.0	393.8	115.6	107.3	57.8	5 474.1
Proportion in labour force	%	56.5	59.7	59.9	61.5	56.9	54.8	69.7	67.7	58.8
Not in labour force	000	1 308.0	944.9	739.7	376.3	298.4	95.3	46.7	27.5	3 836.8
Total females	000	3 005.3	2 342.3	1 844.6	976.2	692.3	210.9	154.0	85.3	9 310.9
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	82.4	82.3	84.6	86.5	80.6	78.7	84.7	89.3	83.2
Part-time	%	17.6	17.7	15.4	13.5	19.4	21.3	15.3	10.7	16.8
Total	000	1 920.7	1 536.4	1 241.4	738.0	434.8	124.1	107.7	65.4	6 168.6
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	95.2	95.3	97.5	94.0	92.2	96.1	95.4	95.3
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	77.4	76.6	82.2	77.9	74.7	93.3	72.5	73.7	78.4
Looking for part-time work	%	22.6	23.4	17.8	np	25.3	np	np	np	21.6
Total	000	103.3	76.8	61.4	19.1	27.9	10.5	4.3	3.2	306.5
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	4.8	4.7	2.5	6.0	7.8	3.9	4.6	4.7
Total in labour force	000	2 024.0	1 613.2	1 302.8	757.1	462.7	134.7	112.1	68.6	6 475.2

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion in labour force	%	69.7	71.6	72.4	76.6	69.4	65.4	76.1	75.6	71.5
Not in labour force	000	878.2	639.2	496.4	231.1	204.3	71.2	35.2	22.1	2 577.6
Total males	000	2 902.2	2 252.3	1 799.2	988.2	666.9	205.8	147.3	90.7	9 052.7
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	70.0	68.3	71.2	72.5	65.1	63.0	74.1	80.9	69.8
Part-time	%	30.0	31.7	28.8	27.5	34.9	37.0	25.9	19.1	30.2
Total	000	3 531.8	2 851.5	2 286.7	1 310.0	805.8	232.9	211.1	120.9	11 350.6
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	94.7	95.0	96.5	94.1	93.0	96.2	95.7	95.0
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	70.4	70.4	72.6	63.1	70.1	79.5	70.0	78.3	70.6
Looking for part-time work	%	29.6	29.6	27.4	36.9	29.9	20.5	30.0	np	29.4
Total	000	189.5	159.0	121.0	47.1	50.7	17.4	8.3	5.5	598.6
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	5.3	5.0	3.5	5.9	7.0	3.8	4.3	5.0
Total in labour force	000	3 721.3	3 010.5	2 407.7	1 357.1	856.5	250.3	219.4	126.4	11 949.3
Proportion in labour force	%	63.0	65.5	66.1	69.1	63.0	60.1	72.8	71.8	65.1
Not in labour force	000	2 186.2	1 584.1	1 236.1	607.3	502.7	166.4	81.9	49.7	6 414.3
Total people	000	5 907.5	4 594.6	3 643.8	1 964.4	1 359.2	416.7	301.3	176.1	18 363.6
30 June 2013										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	54.9	50.6	55.7	53.4	50.3	45.4	62.3	70.0	53.6
Part-time	%	45.1	49.4	44.3	46.6	49.7	54.6	37.7	30.0	46.4
Total	000	1 648.2	1 333.6	1 059.1	583.0	370.6	108.7	102.9	57.6	5 263.7
Proportion of labour force	%	94.5	94.6	94.2	95.4	94.5	91.3	96.1	94.0	94.5

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	69.1	64.3	72.2	58.7	58.8	58.1	75.5	64.9	66.5
Looking for part-time work	%	30.9	35.7	27.8	41.3	41.2	41.9	np	np	33.5
Total	000	96.6	75.6	65.2	28.0	21.5	10.3	4.2	3.7	305.1
Proportion of labour force	%	5.5	5.4	5.8	4.6	5.5	8.7	3.9	6.0	5.5
Total in labour force	000	1 744.9	1 409.2	1 124.3	611.0	392.1	119.0	107.1	61.3	5 568.8
Proportion in labour force	%	57.2	59.1	59.7	60.6	56.1	56.3	68.2	70.6	58.8
Not in labour force	000	1 303.0	976.0	758.7	397.2	306.4	92.4	49.9	25.6	3 909.2
Total females	000	3 047.9	2 385.2	1 883.0	1 008.2	698.5	211.4	157.0	86.9	9 478.0
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	81.8	81.1	84.4	86.6	80.7	78.4	82.7	87.7	82.7
Part-time	%	18.2	18.9	15.6	13.4	19.3	21.6	17.3	12.3	17.3
Total	000	1 960.4	1 553.2	1 234.1	743.7	438.1	122.5	110.8	71.2	6 234.0
Proportion of labour force	%	94.9	94.2	93.6	95.5	94.4	91.3	96.6	94.3	94.4
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	85.0	80.3	81.5	82.7	83.7	83.4	63.2	81.2	82.3
Looking for part-time work	%	15.0	19.7	18.5	17.3	16.3	16.6	np	np	17.7
Total	000	105.4	96.4	84.7	35.4	26.1	11.7	3.9	4.3	367.9
Proportion of labour force	%	5.1	5.8	6.4	4.5	5.6	8.7	3.4	5.7	5.6
Total in labour force	000	2 065.8	1 649.6	1 318.7	779.1	464.2	134.2	114.7	75.5	6 601.9
Proportion in labour force	%	70.1	71.9	71.8	76.2	68.9	65.0	76.3	81.0	71.6
Not in labour force	000	879.3	646.2	516.7	243.7	209.1	72.2	35.6	17.7	2 620.6
Total males	000	2 945.1	2 295.9	1 835.5	1 022.9	673.3	206.5	150.3	93.2	9 222.6
All people										
Labour Force										

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Employed people										
Full-time	%	69.5	67.0	71.1	72.0	66.8	62.9	72.9	79.8	69.4
Part-time	%	30.5	33.0	28.9	28.0	33.2	37.1	27.1	20.2	30.6
Total	000	3 608.7	2 886.8	2 293.2	1 326.7	808.7	231.2	213.7	128.8	11 497.8
Proportion of labour force	%	94.7	94.4	93.9	95.4	94.4	91.3	96.4	94.1	94.5
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	77.4	73.2	77.5	72.1	72.5	71.6	69.6	73.7	75.2
Looking for part-time work	%	22.6	26.8	22.5	27.9	27.5	28.4	30.4	26.3	24.8
Total	000	202.0	172.0	149.9	63.5	47.6	22.0	8.1	8.0	673.0
Proportion of labour force	%	5.3	5.6	6.1	4.6	5.6	8.7	3.6	5.9	5.5
Total in labour force	000	3 810.7	3 058.8	2 443.0	1 390.2	856.3	253.2	221.8	136.8	12 170.8
Proportion in labour force	%	63.6	65.3	65.7	68.4	62.4	60.6	72.2	76.0	65.1
Not in labour force	000	2 182.3	1 622.3	1 275.4	640.9	515.5	164.6	85.5	43.3	6 529.8
Total people	000	5 993.0	4 681.1	3 718.4	2 031.1	1 371.8	417.9	307.3	180.1	18 700.6
30 June 2014										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	54.5	52.7	54.2	52.2	49.6	45.8	64.8	72.2	53.6
Part-time	%	45.5	47.3	45.8	47.8	50.4	54.2	35.2	27.8	46.4
Total	000	1 658.4	1 325.0	1 102.7	599.1	373.2	110.9	103.1	58.9	5 331.3
Proportion of labour force	%	94.5	93.7	93.6	95.1	94.1	92.9	95.6	94.8	94.1
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	62.4	64.3	71.9	57.1	72.9	60.0	50.3	82.7	65.3
Looking for part-time work	%	37.6	35.7	28.1	42.9	27.1	40.0	49.7	np	34.7
Total	000	97.4	88.5	75.8	31.2	23.5	8.5	4.7	3.3	332.8
Proportion of labour force	%	5.5	6.3	6.4	4.9	5.9	7.1	4.4	5.2	5.9

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total in labour force	000	1 755.8	1 413.4	1 178.5	630.3	396.7	119.4	107.8	62.1	5 664.1
Proportion in labour force	%	56.8	58.2	61.3	60.5	56.3	56.3	67.3	70.1	58.7
Not in labour force	000	1 335.2	1 015.6	744.4	411.3	308.2	92.8	52.4	26.5	3 986.4
Total females	000	3 091.0	2 429.0	1 923.0	1 041.5	704.9	212.2	160.2	88.7	9 650.5
Male										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	82.3	81.1	83.2	83.8	81.4	79.4	81.2	89.5	82.3
Part-time	%	17.7	18.9	16.8	16.2	18.6	20.6	18.8	10.5	17.7
Total	000	1 954.4	1 548.3	1 254.3	767.0	435.3	125.4	113.8	72.1	6 270.7
Proportion of labour force	%	94.3	93.8	94.1	95.1	92.5	92.6	97.7	94.9	94.1
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	80.6	78.0	83.1	89.3	79.7	85.3	65.2	89.7	81.3
Looking for part-time work	%	19.4	22.0	16.9	np	20.3	np	np	np	18.7
Total	000	117.7	102.7	79.2	39.5	35.3	10.0	2.7	3.9	390.9
Proportion of labour force	%	5.7	6.2	5.9	4.9	7.5	7.4	2.3	5.1	5.9
Total in labour force	000	2 072.1	1 650.9	1 333.5	806.5	470.7	135.4	116.5	76.1	6 661.6
Proportion in labour force	%	69.4	70.6	71.3	76.2	69.2	65.3	75.9	78.8	70.9
Not in labour force	000	915.5	687.9	537.3	251.5	209.6	71.8	37.0	20.5	2 731.1
Total males	000	2 987.6	2 338.8	1 870.8	1 058.0	680.3	207.2	153.5	96.5	9 392.7
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	69.5	68.0	69.6	69.9	66.7	63.6	73.4	81.7	69.1
Part-time	%	30.5	32.0	30.4	30.1	33.3	36.4	26.6	18.3	30.9
Total	000	3 612.8	2 873.2	2 357.0	1 366.1	808.6	236.3	216.9	131.0	11 602.0
Proportion of labour force	%	94.4	93.8	93.8	95.1	93.2	92.7	96.7	94.8	94.1

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	72.4	71.7	77.6	75.1	77.0	73.6	55.7	86.5	74.0
Looking for part-time work	%	27.6	28.3	22.4	24.9	23.0	26.4	44.3	np	26.0
Total	000	215.0	191.1	155.0	70.7	58.8	18.5	7.4	7.2	723.7
Proportion of labour force	%	5.6	6.2	6.2	4.9	6.8	7.3	3.3	5.2	5.9
Total in labour force	000	3 827.9	3 064.3	2 512.1	1 436.8	867.4	254.8	224.3	138.2	12 325.7
Proportion in labour force	%	63.0	64.3	66.2	68.4	62.6	60.7	71.5	74.6	64.7
Not in labour force	000	2 250.7	1 703.5	1 281.7	662.8	517.8	164.6	89.4	47.0	6 717.5
Total people	000	6 078.6	4 767.8	3 793.8	2 099.5	1 385.2	419.4	313.8	185.2	19 043.2
30 June 2015										
Female										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	56.2	49.5	56.2	52.4	46.7	47.4	63.8	70.1	53.6
Part-time	%	43.8	50.5	43.8	47.6	53.3	52.6	36.2	29.9	46.4
Total	000	1 702.5	1 356.1	1 110.4	610.5	380.4	112.4	101.5	62.2	5 436.1
Proportion of labour force	%	93.9	93.7	94.9	94.6	93.4	94.0	96.4	95.0	94.2
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	67.5	56.7	71.1	64.8	70.3	50.3	65.9	86.7	64.9
Looking for part-time work	%	32.5	43.3	28.9	35.2	29.7	49.7	34.1	np	35.1
Total	000	110.8	91.2	59.2	35.2	26.7	7.1	3.8	3.3	337.3
Proportion of labour force	%	6.1	6.3	5.1	5.4	6.6	6.0	3.6	5.0	5.8
Total in labour force	000	1 813.3	1 447.3	1 169.7	645.7	407.0	119.5	105.3	65.5	5 773.3
Proportion in labour force	%	57.5	58.5	60.1	61.2	57.2	55.9	65.8	72.8	58.9
Not in labour force	000	1 338.5	1 028.6	776.5	409.1	304.9	94.1	24.5	54.6	4 030.8
Total females	000	3 151.8	2 475.9	1 946.1	1 054.8	712.0	213.6	159.9	89.9	9 804.1
Male										

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	82.1	79.9	83.6	84.4	80.1	77.5	82.3	89.1	82.0
Part-time	%	17.9	20.1	16.4	15.6	19.9	22.5	17.7	10.9	18.0
Total	000	2 010.1	1 602.9	1 243.2	771.0	426.6	127.4	108.8	75.6	6 365.6
Proportion of labour force	%	94.8	94.8	93.4	94.0	90.9	93.1	96.5	95.3	94.2
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	82.0	75.1	79.2	84.2	81.3	78.3	82.4	94.3	80.1
Looking for part-time work	%	18.0	24.9	20.8	np	18.7	np	np	np	19.9
Total	000	110.5	87.7	88.1	49.6	42.6	9.4	3.9	3.7	395.5
Proportion of labour force	%	5.2	5.2	6.6	6.0	9.1	6.9	3.5	4.7	5.8
Total in labour force	000	2 120.7	1 690.6	1 331.2	820.7	469.2	136.8	112.7	79.3	6 761.1
Proportion in labour force	%	69.6	70.9	70.5	76.6	68.3	65.6	73.8	80.0	70.9
Not in labour force	000	924.1	692.8	557.9	250.2	217.6	71.8	19.8	40.1	2 774.4
Total males	000	3 044.8	2 383.4	1 889.2	1 070.8	686.8	208.6	152.8	99.2	9 535.5
All people										
Labour Force										
Employed people										
Full-time	%	70.2	66.0	70.6	70.3	64.4	63.4	73.3	80.6	68.9
Part-time	%	29.8	34.0	29.4	29.7	35.6	36.6	26.7	19.4	31.1
Total	000	3 712.6	2 959.1	2 353.6	1 381.6	807.0	239.7	210.3	137.8	11 801.7
Proportion of labour force	%	94.4	94.3	94.1	94.2	92.1	93.6	96.5	95.2	94.2
Unemployed people										
Looking for full-time work	%	74.7	65.7	75.9	76.1	77.0	66.3	74.3	90.8	73.1
Looking for part-time work	%	25.3	34.3	24.1	23.9	23.0	33.7	25.7	np	26.9
Total	000	221.4	178.9	147.3	84.8	69.2	16.5	7.7	7.0	732.8
Proportion of labour force	%	5.6	5.7	5.9	5.8	7.9	6.4	3.5	4.8	5.8

TABLE 2A.46

Table 2A.46 Labour force profile of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, 30 June

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total in labour force	000	3 934.0	3 137.9	2 500.9	1 466.4	876.2	256.3	218.0	144.8	12 534.4
Proportion in labour force	%	63.5	64.6	65.2	69.0	62.6	60.7	69.7	76.6	64.8
Not in labour force	000	2 262.6	1 721.4	1 334.4	659.3	522.6	165.9	44.3	94.7	6 805.2
Total people	000	6 196.6	4 859.3	3 835.3	2 125.7	1 398.8	422.2	312.7	189.1	19 339.6

np Not published.

Source: ABS (2015) *Labour Force, Australia, Detailed - Electronic Delivery, June 2015*, Cat. no. 6291.0.55.001, Canberra.

Statistical concepts

TABLE 2A.47

Table 2A.47 **General Government Final Consumption Expenditure, by jurisdiction (2013-14 dollars) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure										
2004-05	\$m	81 241	61 885	50 386	27 491	19 972	6 848	30 108	6 673	285 206
2005-06	\$m	79 870	60 532	49 889	27 295	19 557	6 670	29 923	6 538	280 788
2006-07	\$m	77 621	60 078	50 410	27 531	19 395	6 618	30 970	6 587	279 498
2007-08	\$m	75 691	60 073	50 523	27 034	19 165	6 453	31 484	6 608	277 246
2008-09	\$m	76 484	58 958	50 761	27 169	19 185	6 610	32 920	6 161	278 393
2009-10	\$m	74 809	58 607	49 877	27 378	19 029	6 428	32 810	6 623	275 648
2010-11	\$m	73 627	56 931	49 778	26 670	18 464	6 236	32 627	6 655	271 045
2011-12	\$m	74 165	58 182	51 090	27 920	18 885	6 216	34 114	6 589	277 171
2012-13	\$m	73 372	57 017	50 309	27 637	19 169	6 194	33 425	6 351	273 473
2013-14	\$m	74 317	57 535	50 098	28 176	19 201	6 147	34 461	6 474	276 409
Proportion of national General Government Final Consumption Expenditure										
2004-05	%	28.5	21.7	17.7	9.6	7.0	2.4	10.6	2.3	100.0
2005-06	%	28.4	21.6	17.8	9.7	7.0	2.4	10.7	2.3	100.0
2006-07	%	27.8	21.5	18.0	9.9	6.9	2.4	11.1	2.4	100.0
2007-08	%	27.3	21.7	18.2	9.8	6.9	2.3	11.4	2.4	100.0
2008-09	%	27.5	21.2	18.2	9.8	6.9	2.4	11.8	2.2	100.0
2009-10	%	27.1	21.3	18.1	9.9	6.9	2.3	11.9	2.4	100.0
2010-11	%	27.2	21.0	18.4	9.8	6.8	2.3	12.0	2.5	100.0
2011-12	%	26.8	21.0	18.4	10.1	6.8	2.2	12.3	2.4	100.0
2012-13	%	26.8	20.8	18.4	10.1	7.0	2.3	12.2	2.3	100.0
2013-14	%	26.9	20.8	18.1	10.2	6.9	2.2	12.5	2.3	100.0
Growth on previous year										
2004-05	%	- 2.8	- 2.6	- 2.1	- 1.7	- 0.9	- 0.9	4.6	- 3.1	- 1.7
2005-06	%	- 1.7	- 2.2	- 1.0	- 0.7	- 2.1	- 2.6	- 0.6	- 2.0	- 1.5
2006-07	%	- 2.8	- 0.7	1.0	0.9	- 0.8	- 0.8	3.5	0.8	- 0.5
2007-08	%	- 2.5	- 0.0	0.2	- 1.8	- 1.2	- 2.5	1.7	0.3	- 0.8

TABLE 2A.47

Table 2A.47 **General Government Final Consumption Expenditure, by jurisdiction (2013-14 dollars) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2008-09	%	1.0	- 1.9	0.5	0.5	0.1	2.4	4.6	- 6.8	0.4
2009-10	%	- 2.2	- 0.6	- 1.7	0.8	- 0.8	- 2.8	- 0.3	7.5	- 1.0
2010-11	%	- 1.6	- 2.9	- 0.2	- 2.6	- 3.0	- 3.0	- 0.6	0.5	- 1.7
2011-12	%	0.7	2.2	3.0	4.7	2.3	- 0.3	4.6	- 1.0	2.3
2012-13	%	- 1.1	- 2.0	- 1.5	- 1.0	1.5	- 0.4	- 2.0	- 3.6	- 1.3
2013-14	%	1.3	0.9	- 0.4	1.9	0.2	- 1.0	3.1	1.9	1.1
General Government Final Consumption Expenditure per person										
2004-05	\$	12 181.5	12 484.0	13 011.8	13 785.1	13 031.9	14 125.8	91 376.8	32 735.1	14 227.6
2005-06	\$	11 888.9	12 050.4	12 584.9	13 446.5	12 659.3	13 666.2	89 722.7	31 525.3	13 824.1
2006-07	\$	11 438.2	11 770.8	12 429.1	13 256.1	12 422.1	13 463.6	91 522.7	31 214.1	13 549.8
2007-08	\$	10 995.4	11 553.5	12 145.1	12 662.2	12 141.4	13 014.1	91 475.3	30 504.1	13 192.1
2008-09	\$	10 923.5	11 096.4	11 872.4	12 299.7	12 006.5	13 173.1	93 762.1	27 687.6	12 963.2
2009-10	\$	10 534.3	10 814.7	11 420.2	12 094.2	11 756.3	12 691.3	91 685.0	29 075.1	12 606.5
2010-11	\$	10 254.6	10 359.2	11 219.1	11 500.5	11 310.4	12 221.5	89 429.1	28 896.6	12 224.4
2011-12	\$	10 233.0	10 437.2	11 320.7	11 695.5	11 480.0	12 146.5	92 018.6	28 357.6	12 326.8
2012-13	\$	9 984.1	10 038.9	10 910.8	11 176.9	11 532.6	12 086.7	88 062.6	26 810.4	11 938.7
2013-14	\$	9 954.7	9 935.3	10 679.8	11 045.6	11 447.9	11 960.2	89 707.8	26 688.9	11 853.2

(a) From 2014 Report, General Government Final Consumption Expenditure data are reported instead of the Gross State Product (GSP) data.

Source: ABS (2014 and previous years) *Australian National Accounts, State Accounts*, various years, Cat. no. 5220.0, Canberra; Review calculations based on ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, Canberra; table 2A.48.

Table 2A.48 **General Government Final Consumption Expenditure, Chain price Index (GGFCE) (a), (b), (c)**

	GGFCE price deflator				
	2010-11 dollars (2010-11=100)	2011-12 dollars (2011-12=100)	2012-13 dollars (2012-13=100)	2013-14 dollars (2013-14=100)	2014-15 dollars (2014-15=100)
	<i>Nominal dollars (year)</i>				
2001-02	71.3	70.1	69.2	68.3	67.1
2002-03	73.0	71.8	70.9	70.0	68.8
2003-04	75.1	73.9	72.9	72.0	70.7
2004-05	78.9	77.6	76.6	75.6	74.3
2005-06	82.6	81.3	80.2	79.2	77.8
2006-07	85.7	84.3	83.2	82.1	80.7
2007-08	89.1	87.6	86.5	85.4	83.9
2008-09	92.6	91.1	89.9	88.7	87.2
2009-10	95.2	93.6	92.4	91.2	89.6
2010-11	100.0	98.4	97.1	95.9	94.2
2011-12	101.6	100.0	98.7	97.4	95.7
2012-13	103.0	101.3	100.0	98.7	97.0
2013-14	104.3	102.6	101.3	100.0	98.3
2014-15	106.2	104.5	103.1	101.8	100.0

- (a) Data are sourced from table 36, Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product (GDP), Chain volume measures and current prices, Annual (Series ID: A2304687R) (ABS 2015). See Statistical context, section 2.6 Statistical concepts used in the Report for information on how these gross domestic product deflators were calculated using data from that source.
- (b) Estimates used to calculate the GGFCE Chain price indexes are subject to annual re-referencing by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) and also reflect any revisions inherent in source data which are aggregated up to the GGFCE level. These processes can cause volatility in deflator values from year to year. In addition to changes caused by re-referencing and source data revisions, starting from the 2013-14 deflator, the deflator in this table will differ in future reports due to the introduction by the ABS of updated supply-use benchmarks, which will be backcast, causing revisions throughout the time series.
- (c) To convert nominal dollars to real dollars, divide the amount in nominal dollars by the GGFCE Chain price indexes for the applicable financial year and multiply by 100. For example: to convert 2005-06 dollars to 2014-15 dollars, divide by 77.8 and multiply by 100; to convert 2008-09 dollars to 2013-14 dollars, divide by 88.7 and multiply by 100. For further information, see Statistical context, table 2.1, p. 2.16.

Source: Review calculations based on ABS (2015) *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2015*, Cat. no. 5206.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.49

Table 2A.49 Age standardisation of data using the direct method

Age groups	Step 1					
	Non-Indigenous			Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians		
	Population	People with severe/profound limitations	Age-specific severe/profound limitations	Population	People with severe/profound limitations	Age-specific severe/profound limitations
	C1	C2	$C3 = C2/C1*100$	C4	C5	$C6 = C5/C4*100$
18 to 24	1 869 200	34 200	1.8	54 400	2 800	5.1
25 to 29	1 389 700	24 700	1.8	36 300	1 600	4.4
30 to 34	1 458 500	37 100	2.5	34 800	2 800	8.0
35 to 39	1 432 000	43 900	3.1	31 200	1 600	5.1
40 to 44	1 475 000	70 200	4.8	26 600	2 800	10.5
45 to 49	1 366 300	43 800	3.2	20 600	2 000	9.7
50 to 54	1 263 900	47 900	3.8	17 700	3 000	16.9
55 to 59	1 060 700	63 500	6.0	12 400	1 400	11.3
60 to 64	816 400	49 700	6.1	7 000	1 100	15.7
65 or over	2 222 200	283 400	12.8	12 900	3 200	24.8
Total	14 353 900	698 400	4.9	253 900	22 300	8.8

TABLE 2A.49

Table 2A.49 Age standardisation of data using the direct method

Age groups	Step 2			Step 3		
	Standard population	Non-Indigenous expected number of 'events'	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians expected number of 'events'	Non-Indigenous age standardised rate	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians age standardised rate	Rate ratio Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians/non-Indigenous
	C7	$C8 = C7 * C3 / 100$	$C9 = C7 * C6 / 100$	$C10 = \sum C8 / \sum C7 * 100$	$C11 = \sum C9 / \sum C7 * 100$	$C12 = C11 / C10$
18 to 24	1 844 162	33 742	94 920			
25 to 29	1 407 081	25 009	62 020			
30 to 34	1 466 615	37 306	118 004			
35 to 39	1 492 204	45 746	76 523			
40 to 44	1 479 257	70 403	155 711			
45 to 49	1 358 594	43 553	131 902			
50 to 54	1 300 777	49 298	220 471			
55 to 59	1 008 799	60 393	113 897			
60 to 64	822 024	50 042	129 175			
65 or over	2 435 534	310 607	604 163			
Total	14 615 047	726 098	1 706 787	5.0	11.7	2.4

Source: AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2006, 'Potential Population' — Updating the Indigenous Factor in Disability Services Performance Indicator Denominators, Welfare Working Paper Series Number 50, Cat. no. DIS 45, Canberra; ABS (2008) Population by Age and Sex, Australian States and Territories, June 2007, Cat. no. 3201.0, Canberra.

TABLE 2A.50

Table 2A.50 Age standardisation of data using the indirect method (a), (b)

<i>Variable</i>	<i>NSW (c)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
C — Observed number of imprisonments									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians	2 008	236	1 451	1 588	412	70	21	720	6 505
Non-Indigenous	7 267	3 930	4 040	2 215	1 443	469	160	155	19 679
R — Standard population imprisonment rate (per 100 000)									
	153.2	153.2	150.7	153.2	153.2	153.2	153.2	153.2	153.2
<i>pi</i> — Study populations									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians									
17/18–20 years	6 541	1 460	9 773	3 246	1 241	914	196	2 581	25 952
20–24 years	14 176	3 183	13 521	7 446	2 941	1 931	452	6 193	49 843
25–29 years	10 653	2 519	10 840	5 956	2 252	1 407	358	5 525	39 510
30–34 years	9 371	2 191	10 036	5 050	2 066	1 065	350	4 948	35 077
35–39 years	10 188	2 335	10 074	5 172	2 005	1 145	340	4 771	36 030
40–44 years	8 599	1 955	8 189	4 373	1 709	1 055	293	3 750	29 923
45–54 years	13 724	2 914	12 196	6 665	2 634	1 852	404	5 366	45 755
55+ years	12 187	2 536	10 343	5 733	2 255	1 480	251	4 765	39 550
Total	85 439	19 093	84 972	43 641	17 103	10 849	2 644	37 899	301 640
Non-Indigenous									
17/18–20 years	180 194	143 317	166 645	57 300	41 754	12 395	10 539	3 843	615 987
20–24 years	463 309	374 430	287 625	146 914	107 652	29 445	29 191	11 655	1 450 221
25–29 years	472 093	368 995	280 354	141 421	98 380	26 809	28 387	13 087	1 429 526
30–34 years	476 046	367 820	280 322	141 251	97 734	27 610	25 614	13 245	1 429 642
35–39 years	499 251	397 916	305 448	156 460	110 513	32 650	26 098	13 360	1 541 696
40–44 years	480 492	376 440	294 009	153 356	111 738	32 838	24 159	12 563	1 485 595
45–54 years	941 244	715 564	568 926	295 145	223 777	70 680	46 916	24 254	2 886 506
55+ years	1 713 479	1 284 272	985 918	485 295	431 531	134 947	70 226	25 677	5 131 345
Total	5 226 108	4 028 754	3 169 247	1 577 142	1 223 079	367 374	261 130	117 684	15 970 518

TABLE 2A.50

Table 2A.50 Age standardisation of data using the indirect method (a), (b)

Variable	NSW (c)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT (c)	NT	Aust
Step 1: Calculate Ri									
Ri — Standard population age-specific imprisonment rates (30 June 2001)									
17–20 years									124.6
18–20 years									179.4
20–24 years									359.4
25–29 years									345.2
30–34 years									271.8
35–39 years									193.6
40–44 years									131.6
45–54 years									77.3
55+ years									23.5
Step 2: pi*Ri									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians									
17/18–20 years	11.7	2.6	12.2	5.8	2.2	1.6	0.4	4.6	46.6
20–24 years	51.0	11.4	48.6	26.8	10.6	6.9	1.6	22.3	179.2
25–29 years	36.8	8.7	37.4	20.6	7.8	4.9	1.2	19.1	136.4
30–34 years	25.5	6.0	27.3	13.7	5.6	2.9	1.0	13.4	95.3
35–39 years	19.7	4.5	19.5	10.0	3.9	2.2	0.7	9.2	69.8
40–44 years	11.3	2.6	10.8	5.8	2.2	1.4	0.4	4.9	39.4
45–54 years	10.6	2.3	9.4	5.2	2.0	1.4	0.3	4.1	35.4
55+ years	2.9	0.6	2.4	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.1	1.1	9.3
Total	169	39	168	89	35	22	6	79	611

TABLE 2A.50

Table 2A.50 Age standardisation of data using the indirect method (a), (b)

Variable	NSW (c)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT (c)	NT	Aust
Non-Indigenous									
17/18–20 years	323.3	257.1	207.7	102.8	74.9	22.2	18.9	6.9	1 105.1
20–24 years	1 665.3	1 345.9	1 033.9	528.1	387.0	105.8	104.9	41.9	5 212.8
25–29 years	1 629.4	1 273.6	967.6	488.1	339.6	92.5	98.0	45.2	4 934.0
30–34 years	1 294.0	999.8	762.0	383.9	265.7	75.0	69.6	36.0	3 886.0
35–39 years	966.7	770.5	591.5	303.0	214.0	63.2	50.5	25.9	2 985.3
40–44 years	632.5	495.5	387.0	201.9	147.1	43.2	31.8	16.5	1 955.6
45–54 years	727.8	553.3	439.9	228.2	173.0	54.7	36.3	18.8	2 232.0
55+ years	402.5	301.6	231.6	114.0	101.4	31.7	16.5	6.0	1 205.2
Total	7 642	5 997	4 621	2 350	1 703	488	427	197	23 516
Step 3: $C/\sum pi* Ri$									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians	11.9	6.1	8.7	17.8	11.8	3.2	3.7	9.1	10.6
Non-Indigenous	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.4	0.8	0.8
Step 4: Result step 3*R									
Age standardised rate									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians	1 815.6	935.8	1 304.2	2 728.4	1 809.3	496.8	563.2	1 398.1	1 630.4
Non-Indigenous	145.7	100.4	131.8	144.4	129.8	147.0	57.3	120.5	128.2
Rate ratio (d)	12.5	9.3	9.9	18.9	13.9	3.4	9.8	11.6	12.7

(a) Rates are based on the indirect standardisation method, applying age-group imprisonment rates derived from Prison Census data.

(b) Rates are based on the daily average prisoner, periodic detainee or offender populations supplied by states and territories, calculated against adult population figures at December 2007 for people aged 17 years or over for Queensland and for people aged 18 or over for all other jurisdictions, reflecting the age at which people are remanded or sentenced to adult custody. (Source: ABS National Centre for Crime and Justice Statistics).

(c) NSW figures exclude ACT prisoners held in NSW prisons. ACT data are presented as total prisoners.

(d) The rate ratio is calculated by dividing the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians age standardised rate by the non-Indigenous age standardised rate.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Australian Demographic Statistics, December 2007*, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS unpublished, *Experimental Projections Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population*, Cat. no. 3231.0; ABS unpublished, *Prisoners in Australia*, Cat. no. 4517.0; State and Territory governments (unpublished); SCRGSP (Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision) 2009, *Report on Government Services 2009*, table 8A.1.