17 Youth justice services

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Data tables

Data tables are identified in references throughout this section by a '17A' prefix (for example, table 17A.1) and are available from the website at www.pc.gov.au/research/ ongoing/report-ongovernment-services.

This section reports on the performance of youth justice services across Australia.

Further information on the Report on Government Services including other reported services areas, the glossary and list of abbreviations are available at www.pc.gov.au/research/ ongoing/report-on-government-services.

Profile of youth justice services 17.1

Service overview

Youth justice systems are responsible for administering justice to those who have committed or allegedly committed an offence while considered by law to be a child or young person (predominantly aged 10–17 years).

The youth justice system in each State and Territory comprises:

police, who are usually a young person's first point of contact with the system, and are typically responsible for administering the options available for diverting young people from further involvement in the youth justice system (section 6)

- courts (usually a special children's or youth court), where matters relating to the charges against young people are heard. The courts are largely responsible for decisions regarding bail, remand and sentencing (section 7)
- statutory youth justice agencies, which are responsible for the supervision and case management of young people on a range of legal and administrative orders, and for the provision of a wide range of services intended to reduce and prevent crime
- non-government and community service providers, who may work with youth justice agencies to provide services and programs for young people under supervision.

This section reports on services provided by statutory youth justice agencies that are responsible for the supervision and case management of young people who have committed or allegedly committed an offence; in particular, community-based supervision, detention-based supervision and group conferencing (see sub-section 17.4 for definitions).

Roles and responsibilities

State and Territory governments have responsibility for funding and/or providing youth justice services in Australia. Each jurisdiction has its own legislation that determines the policies and practices of its youth justice system and while this legislation varies in detail, its intent is similar across jurisdictions.

Legislation in all jurisdictions requires that the offence giving rise to youth justice involvement be committed while a young person is aged between 10-17 years (in Queensland, it was 10–16 years until February 2018, after which it became 10–17 years). ¹ However, youth justice agencies might continue their involvement with these young people after they reach adulthood, for example, where young people turn 18 years of age while on an order. In five jurisdictions (Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and Tasmania) there is no upper age limit for youth justice involvement. In NSW, the ACT and the NT, the upper age limits for youth justice involvement are 21.5 years, 21 years, and 18 years, respectively.

Diversion of young offenders

In all jurisdictions, police have responsibility for administering options for diverting young people who have committed (or allegedly committed) relatively minor offences from further involvement in the youth justice system. Diversionary options include warnings (informal cautions), formal cautions, and infringement notices. Responsibility for administering the diversionary processes available for more serious offences lies with youth justice authorities,

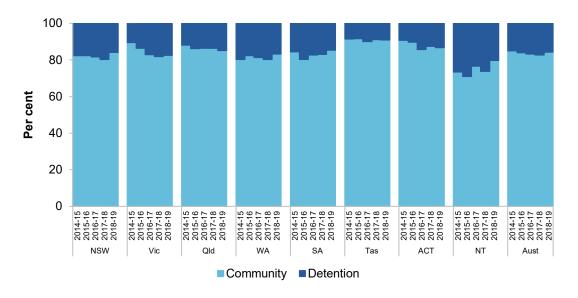
¹ On 12 February 2018, the Youth Justice and Other Legislation (Inclusion of 17-year-old Persons) Amendment Act 2016 commenced in Queensland, increasing the age that a person can be charged as an adult from 17 to 18 years. This brings Queensland legislation in line with all other Australian jurisdictions and resulted in an increase in the numbers of young people supervised by the youth justice system in Queensland and nationally in 2017-18. The 2018-19 financial year will be the first full reporting period for Queensland that includes 10 to 17 year old offenders.

courts and in some cases, other agencies. Comparable and complete national data are yet to become available to illustrate the nature or level of diversion undertaken by Australian jurisdictions.

Size and scope

The average daily number of young people aged 10–17 years under youth justice supervision in Australia in 2018-19 was 4790 (table 17A.1). Of these young people, 85.0 per cent of young people were supervised in the community (includes supervised bail, probation and parole), with the remainder in detention (figure 17.1).

Figure 17.1 Average daily proportion of youth justice clients aged 10-17 years supervised in the community and in detention centresa

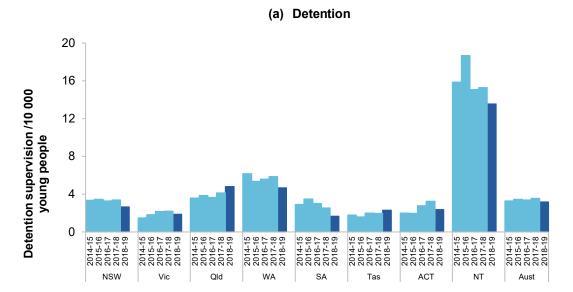


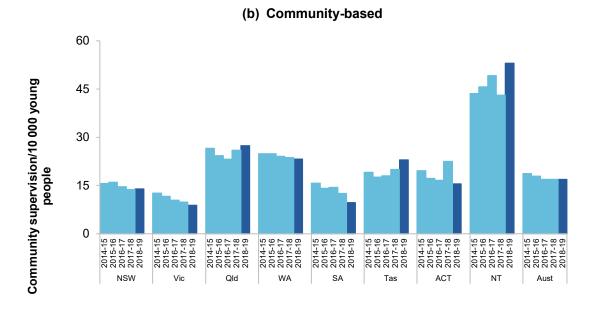
a See table 17A.1 for detailed footnotes and caveats.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); AIHW 2019b; table 17A.1.

Between 2014-15 and 2018-19, there was a decrease for many states and territories in the average daily number of young people aged 10–17 years in youth justice detention centres and community-based supervision (figure 17.2). Nationally, the average daily rate of detention decreased from 3.3 per 10 000 young people in 2014-15 to 3.2 in 2018-19 (figure 17.2(a)), and the average daily rate of community-based supervision decreased from 18.7 in per 10 000 young people in 2014-15 to 16.9 in 2018-19 (figure 17.2(b)).

Figure 17.2 Average daily rate of supervision of young people (rate per 10 000 people aged 10–17 years)^a





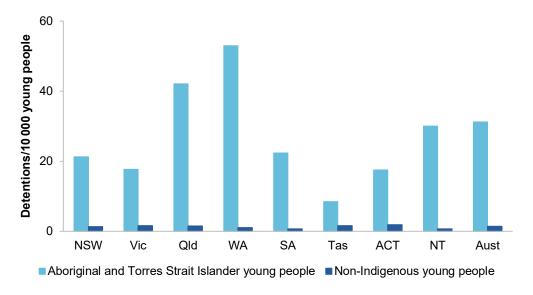
a See table 17A.1 for detailed footnotes and caveats.
Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); AIHW 2019b; table 17A.1.

Centre utilisation (which is based on the number of all young people in detention centres as a proportion of the number of permanently funded beds) decreased in most jurisdictions and nationally between 2017-18 and 2018-19 (table 17A.2). Operating youth justice detention centres at below full capacity assists to maintain a safe operating environment for young offenders.

Most of the young people aged 10–17 years supervised by youth justice agencies are males (in 2018-19, 88.9 per cent in detention and 77.4 per cent in the community) (tables 17A.3–4).

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people are overrepresented in the youth justice system, and to a greater extent in detention-based supervision (23 times the rate for non-Indigenous young people nationally in 2018-19) (figure 17.3) compared to community-based supervision (16 times the rate for non-Indigenous young people nationally in 2018-19) (figure 17.4).

Figure 17.3 Average daily rate of detention of young people aged 10–17 years, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^a



 $[{]f a}$ See table 17A.5 for detailed footnotes and caveats.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.5.

Figure 17.4 Average daily rate of young people aged 10–17 years subject to community-based supervision, by Indigenous status, 2018-19a



a See table 17A.6 for detailed footnotes and caveats.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.6.

Data on detention rates and community-based supervision rates, by Indigenous status from 2014-15 are available in tables 17A.5 and 17A.6 respectively. Data on average daily rates of detention and rate ratios from 2014-15 are available in table 17A.7.

Funding

The youth justice expenditure data included in this Report are based on the total costs incurred by governments in supervising young offenders of any age, where the offence giving rise to youth justice supervision was committed while the young person was aged 10-17 years (table 17A.8). At present, there are differences across jurisdictions in the calculation of youth justice expenditure (tables 17A.9–10). It is expected that the quality and comparability of youth justice expenditure data will improve over time.

Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision, community-based supervision and group conferencing was \$916.6 million across Australia in 2018-19, with detention-based supervision accounting for the majority of this expenditure (58.9 per cent, or \$539.6 million) (table 17A.8). Nationally in 2018-19, recurrent expenditure on youth justice services per young person in the population aged 10–17 years (as distinct from per youth justice client, which is reported as a performance indicator in sub-section 17.3) was \$381 (figure 17.5).

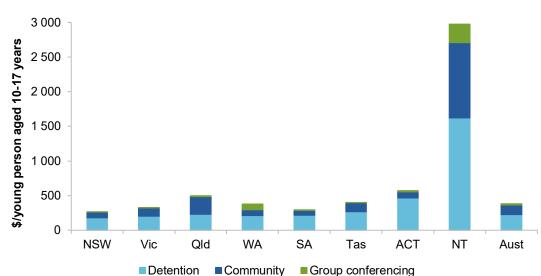


Figure 17.5 Recurrent expenditure on youth justice services, per young person aged 10-17 years in the population, 2018-19^a

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); tables 17A.8 and 17A.27.

Framework of performance indicators

The performance indicator framework is based on governments' shared objectives for youth justice services (box 17.1).

a See table 17A.8 for detailed footnotes and caveats.

Box 17.1 Objectives for youth justice services

Youth justice services aim to promote community safety, rehabilitate and reintegrate young people who offend, and contribute to a reduction in youth re-offending.

To achieve these aims, governments seek to provide youth justice services that:

- divert young people who offend from further progression into the youth justice system to alternative services
- assist young people who offend to address their offending behaviour
- provide a safe and secure environment for the protection of young people during their time in detention
- assist young people who are in youth justice detention to return to the community
- promote the importance of the families and communities of young people who offend, particularly Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, in the provision of services and programs
- support young people to understand the impact of their offending on others, including victims and the wider community
- · recognise the rights of victims.

Governments aim for youth justice services to meet these objectives in an equitable and efficient manner.

The performance indicator framework provides information on equity, efficiency and effectiveness, and distinguishes the outputs and outcomes of youth justice services (figure 17.6).

The performance indicator framework shows which data are complete and comparable in the 2020 Report. For data that are not considered directly comparable, text includes relevant caveats and supporting commentary. Section 1 discusses data comparability, data completeness and information on data quality from a Report wide perspective. In addition to sub-section 17.1, the Report's statistical context section (section 2) contains data that may assist in interpreting the performance indicators presented in this section. Sections 1 and 2 are available from the website at www.pc.gov.au/research/ongoing/report-on-governmentservices.

Improvements to performance reporting for youth justice services are ongoing and include identifying data sources to fill gaps in reporting for performance indicators and measures, and improving the comparability and completeness of data.

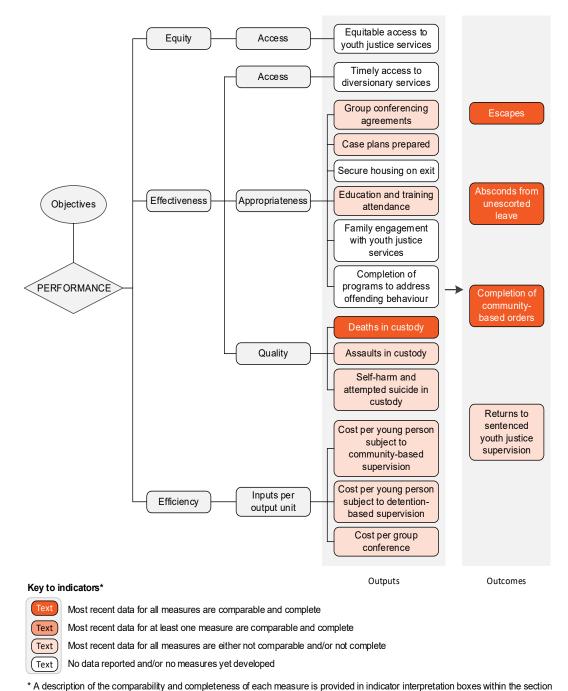


Figure 17.6 Youth justice services performance indicator framework

Key performance indicator results

Different delivery contexts, locations and clients can affect the equity, effectiveness and efficiency of youth justice services. Performance indicator results may differ from similar data included in jurisdictions' annual reports due to different counting rules applied for these jurisdictional reports.

The comparability of performance indicator results are shaded in indicator interpretation boxes, figures and section and data tables as follows:



Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time.

Data are either not comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time or are not comparable across jurisdictions or both.

The completeness of performance indicator results are shaded in indicator interpretation boxes, figures and section and data tables as follows:



Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period. At least some data were not available.

Outputs

Outputs are the services delivered (while outcomes are the impact of these services on the status of an individual or group) (see section 1). Output information is critical for equitable, efficient and effective management of government services.

Equity

Equitable access to youth justice services

'Equitable access to youth justice services' in an indicator of governments' objective to provide youth justice services in an equitable manner (box 17.2).

Box 17.2 Equitable access to youth justice services

'Equitable access to youth justice services' is defined as the proportion of young people required to enter youth justice services who receive equitable access to particular processes or services within the system. A lack of access to particular services (including specialised services and community-based programs) or justice processes when in the system can create barriers to equitable treatment and ultimately to outcomes. For example, if a young person cannot access a community-based program due to requirements such as age, gender, location or living arrangement, and that program is available to other young people, then the young person does not have equitable access.

High or increasing proportions of young people who enter these services who receive equitable treatment through access to particular services and processes is desirable.

Data are not yet available for reporting against this indicator.

Effectiveness

Access — Timely access to diversionary services

'Timely access to diversionary services' is an indicator of governments' objective to divert young people who offend from further progression into the youth justice system to alternative services (box 17.3).

Box 17.3 Timely access to diversionary services

'Timely access to diversionary services' is defined as the proportion of diversionary services accessed by young people within a specified time period.

A high or increasing proportion of diversionary services accessed within the specified time period is desirable.

Data are not yet available for reporting against this indicator.

Appropriateness — Group conferencing agreements

'Group conferencing agreements' is a partial indicator of governments' objectives to divert young people who offend from further progression into the youth justice system to alternative services, and to recognise the rights of victims (box 17.4).

Box 17.4 **Group conferencing agreements**

'Group conferencing agreements' is defined as the number of young people who receive group conferencing and who as a result reach an agreement, as a proportion of all young people who receive group conferencing.

Data for this indicator should be interpreted with caution as group conferencing differs across jurisdictions in relation to:

- its place in the court process (for example, whether young people are referred by police before court processes begin, or by the court as an alternative to sentencing)
- whether the agreement requires all conference participants to agree
- the consequences for young people if they do not comply with the outcome plans of a conference
- · eligibility.

In addition, while all jurisdictions provide the opportunity for victims and/or their representatives to be involved in-group conferencing, thereby recognising the rights of victims and resulting in many benefits for all parties, the level of involvement should reflect the needs and desires of the victim. Therefore, not all group conferences or group conferencing agreements will involve the victim as part of the process or agreement.

A high or increasing rate of young people receiving group conferencing, and for whom an agreement is reached, is desirable.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

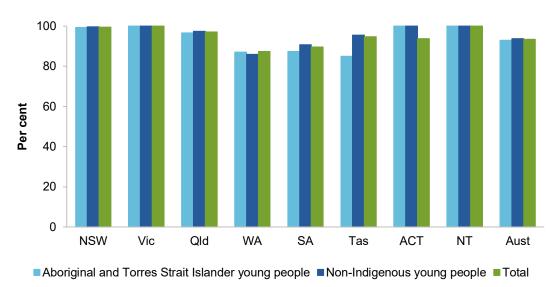
Nationally in 2018-19, 93.5 per cent of all concluded group conferences resulted in an agreement (92.9 per cent for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people) (figure 17.7). These results have been broadly consistent over the past five years (table 17A.11).

Figure 17.7 **Proportion of young people who receive group conferencing** and reach an agreement, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^a



Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



^a See box 17.4 and table 17A.11 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.11.

Appropriateness — Case plans prepared

'Case plans prepared' is an indicator of governments' objective to assist young people who offend to address their offending behaviour (box 17.5).

Box 17.5 Case plans prepared

'Case plans prepared' is defined as the number of eligible young people who had a documented case plan prepared or reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing:

- a sentenced community-based order, as a proportion of all young people commencing a sentenced community-based order
- a sentenced detention order, as a proportion of all young people commencing a sentenced detention order.

Case plans are formal written plans that assess a young person's risks and needs for general safety and rehabilitation for specific offending behaviours. An eligible young person is one who is serving a sentenced order that requires case management.

(continued next page)

Box 17.5 (continued)

A high or increasing rate of case plans prepared is desirable.

Data reported for these measures are:

- not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time but are comparable over time for other jurisdictions (see caveats in data tables for specific jurisdictions)
- incomplete for the current reporting period of 2018-19. Sentenced community-based order data are not available for WA. Sentenced community-based order and detention data are not available for the NT.

Nationally (excluding WA and the NT), 84.2 per cent of eligible young people had a case plan prepared within six weeks of commencing a sentenced community-based order in 2018-19 (figure 17.8(a)). Nationally (excluding the NT), 96.9 per cent of eligible young people had a case plan prepared within six weeks of commencing a sentenced detention order in 2018-19 (figure 17.8(b)).

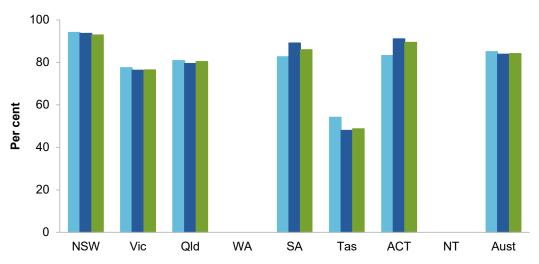
The proportion of eligible young people who had a case plan prepared within six weeks of commencing a sentenced order (community-based) has fluctuated over the past five years, while the proportion for detention has remained relatively stable (table 17A.12).

Proportion of young people with case plans prepared within Figure 17.8 6 weeks of commencing sentenced orders, by Indigenous status, 2018-19a, b

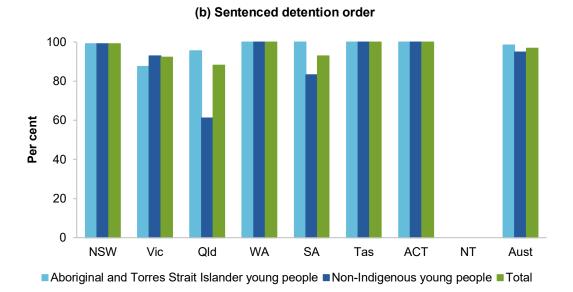
Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

(a) Sentenced community-based order



■Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people
■Non-Indigenous young people
■Total



a See box 17.5 and table 17A.12 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. **b** Data are not available for WA or the NT for sentenced community-based orders. Data are not available for the NT for sentenced detention orders.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.12.

Appropriateness — Secure housing on exit

'Secure housing on exit' is an indicator of governments' objective to assist young people who are in youth justice detention to return to the community (box 17.6).

Box 17.6 Secure housing on exit

'Secure housing on exit' is defined as the proportion of young people who exit youth justice detention to a stable, permanent housing arrangement.

Ensuring young people have suitable, stable accommodation is a critical factor in preventing offending and reoffending, and is a core component of reintegrating young people into the community post-detention. Lack of suitable housing options can contribute to overuse of custodial supervision orders (Supervised Release Review Board 2012; Patel 2004).

A high or increasing percentage of young people who exit youth justice detention to a stable, permanent housing arrangement is desirable.

Data are not yet available for reporting against this indicator.

Appropriateness — Education and training attendance

'Education and training attendance' is an indicator of governments' objective to assist young people who are in youth justice detention to return to the community (box 17.7).

Box 17.7 Education and training attendance

'Education and training attendance' is defined by two measures:

- the number of young people of compulsory school age in detention attending an education course, as a percentage of all young people of compulsory school age in detention
- the number of young people <u>not</u> of compulsory school age in detention attending an education
 or training course, as a percentage of all young people <u>not</u> of compulsory school age in
 detention.

Compulsory school age refers to specific State and Territory governments' requirements for a young person to participate in school, which are based primarily on age (see section 4 (School education) in this Report for further information). Education or training course refers to school education or an accredited education or training course under the Australian Qualifications Framework.

A high or increasing percentage of young people attending education and training is desirable.

Exclusions include young people not under youth justice supervision and young people whose situation might preclude their participation in education programs (includes those on temporary leave such as work release; medically unable to participate; in isolation; a risk assessment resulting in exclusion from education; attending court; or on remand or sentenced for fewer than 7 days).

(continued next page)

Box 17.7 (continued)

The method for counting young people attending education differs across jurisdictions, with one of the following three methods used: (1) an exceptions basis where the number of young people who do not attend is recoded and it is taken that all other young people are attending; (2) daily data averaged over the number of school days in the financial year, or (3) averaging the number of young people as at the second last day of each school term or an alternative day as required.

Data reported for these measures are:

- not comparable across jurisdictions, but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time
- incomplete for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are not available for the NT.

Nationally (excluding the NT) in 2018-19, 99.3 per cent of young people in detention and of compulsory school age were attending an education course and 99.9 per cent of young people in detention <u>not</u> of compulsory school age were attending an accredited education or training course. Most jurisdictions recorded 100 per cent for both measures, including for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people (table 17A.13). Data from 2014-15 are available in table 17A.13.

Appropriateness — Family engagement with youth justice services

'Family engagement with youth justice services' is an indicator of government's objective to promote the importance of the families of young people who offend, in particular Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, in the provision of services and programs (box 17.8).

Box 17.8 Family engagement with youth justice services

'Family engagement with youth justice services' is defined as the proportion of young people receiving youth justice services whose family is engaged with youth justice services. There are three measures for reporting against this indicator:

- proportion of young people participating in group conferencing whose family is engaged
- proportion of young people subject to community-based supervision whose family is engaged
- proportion of young people subject to detention-based supervision who have contact with their family.

A high or increasing proportion of young people receiving youth justice services whose families engage with youth justice services is desirable.

Data are not yet available for reporting against this indicator.

Appropriateness — Completion of programs that aim to address offending behaviour

'Completion of programs that aim to address offending behaviour' is a proxy indicator of governments' objective to support young people to understand the impact of their offending on others, including victims and the wider community (box 17.9).

Box 17.9 Completion of programs that aim to address offending behaviour

'Completion of programs that aim to address offending behaviour' is defined as the proportion of young people referred to programs that aim to address offending behaviour, who complete the program.

A high or increasing proportion of young people completing these programs is desirable.

This indicator is a proxy indicator and needs to be interpreted with care. Completion of a program that aims to address offending behaviour may not change the young person's understanding of the impact of their behaviour.

Data are not yet available for reporting against this indicator. Table 17A.14 provides summary information about programs available to young offenders that aim to address their offending behaviour.

Quality — Deaths in custody

'Deaths in custody' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide a safe and secure environment for the protection of young people during their time in detention (box 17.10).

Box 17.10 **Deaths in custody**

'Deaths in custody' is defined as the number of young people who died while in custody.

A zero or decreasing deaths in custody rate is desirable.

Deaths are restricted to those that occurred while the young person was in the legal and/or physical custody of a youth justice agency or en route to an external medical facility (even if not escorted by youth justice agency workers). Deaths from apparently natural causes are included.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

No young people died while in the legal or physical custody of an Australian youth justice agency in 2018-19. Data by Indigenous status from 2014-15 are available in table 17A.15 and show no deaths in custody occurred during this period.

Quality — Assaults in custody

'Assaults in custody' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide a safe and secure environment for the protection of young people during their time in detention (box 17.11).

Box 17.11 Assaults in custody

'Assaults in custody' is defined by two measures:

- the rate of young people who are seriously assaulted (that is, sustain an injury that requires
 hospitalisation and any act of sexual assault) due to an act perpetrated by one or more young
 people, per 10 000 custody nights
- the rate of young people who are assaulted (that is, sustain an injury, but do not require hospitalisation) due to an act perpetrated by one or more young people, per 10 000 custody nights.

If a young person is injured in more than one separate incident then each incident is counted. If multiple young people are injured, then each young person is counted. The rates of staff who are seriously assaulted and assaulted are included as contextual information to assist with interpreting this indicator.

Injuries resulting from a range of actions are captured. Types of actions that constitute assaults include intentional acts of direct infliction of force and violence (for example, fistfights) and intentional acts of indirect and non-confrontational force or violence (for example, administering illicit drugs or poison, spiking food or drink, and setting traps). Types of injuries include bruises, cuts or lacerations, open wounds, fractured or broken bones or teeth, burns or scalds, poisoning, dislocations and sprains, and concussions.

A zero or low, or decreasing rates of assaults in custody is desirable.

Data reported for these measures are:

- not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time, but are comparable over time for other jurisdictions (see caveats in data tables for specific jurisdictions)
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data reported for this indicator need to be interpreted with caution. Methods of data collection vary across jurisdictions and their ability to report is dependent on the documentation of relevant incidents. The thresholds for recording an assault and the extent to which minor injuries are included differs across jurisdictions. Further work is currently underway to examine comparability issues.

Because of their age and vulnerability, the duty of care required for young people in detention is greater than might be the case in adult custodial facilities. In discharging their duty of care to young people in detention, youth justice agencies aim to create safe and secure environments in which typical adolescent development can occur and in which young people can socialise with others in a positive and constructive way prior to their release back into their families and communities.

Nationally in 2018-19, 35 young people were reported as injured in custody due to a serious assault (table 17.1) and a further 323 young people were reported as injured in custody due to an assault (excluding serious assaults) (table 17.2). These data tend to fluctuate across jurisdictions and over time, particularly for those jurisdictions with small numbers of young people in detention (tables 17A.16–18).

Table 17.1 Young people injured as a result of a serious assault, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^{a, b}



Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Number of young people injured as a	result of	a seriou	ıs assaı	ılt				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	7	5	1	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	9	11	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	18	16	1	_	-	-	-	-
Rate per 10 000 custody nights								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	1.5	4.4	0.2	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	1.9	1.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	1.9	2.3	0.1	_	_	_	_	_

^a See box 17.11 and tables 17A.16 and 17A.18 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. ^b The total for NSW includes two young people of unknown Indigenous status. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); tables 17A.16 and 17A.18.

Table 17.2 Young people injured as a result of an assault (excludes serious assaults), by Indigenous status, 2018-19^{a, b}



Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Number of young people injured as	a result	of an ass	sault					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	37	15	20	44	1	9	5	6
Non-Indigenous	58	79	13	17	4	13	_	_
Total	97	94	33	61	5	22	5	6
Rate per 10 000 custody nights								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	8.0	13.2	3.6	11.7	1.2	56.9	46.6	4.8
Non-Indigenous	12.0	13.5	6.0	14.9	6.8	49.9	_	_
Total	10.0	13.5	4.2	12.5	3.5	52.5	12.5	4.7

a See box 17.11 and tables 17A.17–18 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. b The total for NSW includes two young people of unknown Indigenous status. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); tables 17A.17–18.

Quality — Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody

'Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide a safe and secure environment for the protection of young people during their time in detention (box 17.12).

Box 17.12 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody

'Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody' is defined by two measures:

- rate of incidents of self-harm or attempted suicide in custody requiring hospitalisation per 10 000 custody nights
- rate of incidents of self-harm or attempted suicide in custody not requiring hospitalisation per 10 000 custody nights.

The number of young people who self-harmed or attempted suicide is reported as contextual information to assist with interpreting the results. An incident is counted each time a young person self-harms or attempts suicide. Therefore, the number of incidents and the number of young people will differ when one young person has self-harmed on two or more occasions in the reporting period, as each occasion will be counted as a separate incident.

Types of self-inflicted incidents that constitute self-harm include poisoning, hanging, attempted strangulation, suffocation, drowning or electrocution, submersion in water, burning, cutting, jumping from a high place, and jumping or lying in front of a moving object.

A zero or low, or decreasing rate of self-harm and attempted suicide in custody is desirable.

Data reported for these measures are:

- are not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time, but are comparable over time for other jurisdictions (see caveats in data tables for specific jurisdictions)
- incomplete for the current reporting period. Data for 2018-19 are not available for WA.

Data reported for this indicator need to be interpreted with caution. Methods of data collection vary across jurisdictions and their ability to report is dependent on the documentation of relevant incidents.

Nationally in 2018-19 (excluding WA), 44 incidents of self-harm or attempted suicide requiring hospitalisation (table 17.3) and a further 275 incidents not requiring hospitalisation were reported (table 17.4). Proportions varied across jurisdictions and fluctuated over time (table 17A.19).

Table 17.3 Incidents of self-harm or attempted suicide in custody requiring hospitalisation, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^a

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Number of incidents of self-harm or at	tempted s	uicide i	n custo	dy requi	iring ho	spitalis	sation	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	30	_	2	na	_	_	_	1
Non-Indigenous	6	2	_	na	_	_	3	_
Total	36	2	2	na	-	-	3	1
Rate per 10 000 custody nights								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	6.5	_	0.4	na	_	_	_	8.0
Non-Indigenous	1.2	0.3	_	na	_	_	10.3	_
Total	3.7	0.3	0.3	na	_	-	7.5	8.0

^a See box 17.12 and table 17A.19 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. **na** Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); tables 17A.19.

Table 17.4 Incidents of self-harm or attempted suicide in custody <u>not</u> requiring hospitalisation, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^{a, b}

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Number of incidents of self-harm or atter	npted suic	ide in c	ustody	not rec	uiring	hospit	alisatio	n
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	66	28	4	na	1	2	_	23
Non-Indigenous	36	97	4	na	5	6	2	1
Total	103	125	8	na	5	8	2	24
Rate per 10 000 custody nights								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	14.2	24.6	0.7	na	1.2	12.6	_	18.4
Non-Indigenous	7.4	16.6	1.8	na	8.5	23.0	6.8	31.7
Total	10.7	17.9	1.0	na	3.5	19.1	5.0	18.8

^a See box 17.12 and table 17A.19 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. **na** Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); tables 17A.19.

Efficiency

The unit costs presented for these efficiency indicators may differ to unit costs reported in jurisdiction-specific annual reports due to different methods of calculation.

Efficiency indicators cannot be interpreted in isolation and should be considered in conjunction with other indicators. A low cost per young person subject to community-based supervision could reflect less investment in rehabilitation programs to address a young person's offending needs, or less intensive case management of young people on community-based supervision orders. Unit costs are also affected by differences in the profile of young offenders, geographic dispersion and other factors that limit opportunities to reduce overheads through economies of scale.

In addition, the average daily costs of supervising young offenders are significantly higher than unit costs for adult offenders. This is likely to be explained by more extensive supervision requirements when working with minors and the more limited opportunity for economies of scale in smaller youth justice systems.

Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision

'Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide youth justice services in an efficient manner (box 17.13).

Box 17.13 Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision

'Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision' is defined as recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision per day, divided by the average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision.

- Recurrent expenditure per day is calculated as annual recurrent expenditure divided by 365.25.
- The average daily number of young people is calculated by summing the number of days each young person spends under supervision during the year (irrespective of age) and dividing this total by the number of days in the same year.

A low or decreasing average cost per day per young person is desirable as it suggests more efficient resource management.

Data reported for this indicator are:

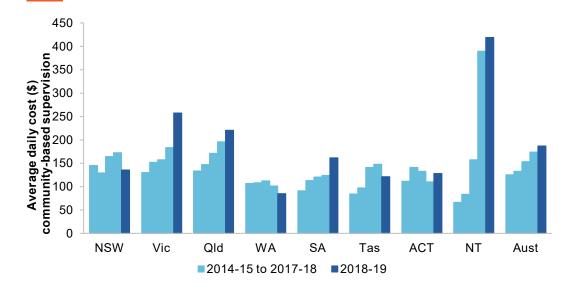
- not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Nationally in 2018-19, the average cost per day per young person subject to community-based supervision was \$187 (figure 17.9). These data fluctuate across jurisdictions (table 17A.20).

Figure 17.9 Average cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision (2018-19 dollars)^a

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



^a See box 17.13 and table 17A.20 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.20.

Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision

'Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide youth justice services in an efficient manner (box 17.14).

Box 17.14 Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision

'Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision' is defined as recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision per day, divided by the average daily number of young people subject to detention-based supervision.

- Recurrent expenditure per day is calculated as annual recurrent expenditure divided by 365.25.
- The average daily number of young people is calculated by summing the number of days each young person spends under supervision during the year (irrespective of age) and dividing this total by the number of days in the same year.

A low or decreasing average cost per day per young person is desirable as it suggests more efficient resource management.

Data reported for this indicator are:

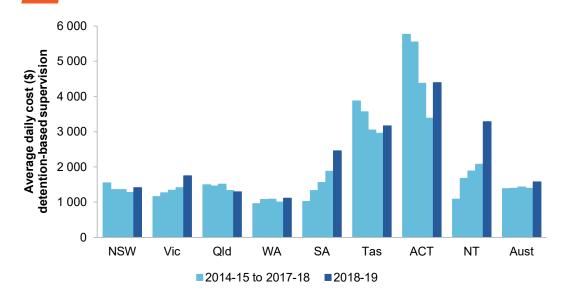
- not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Nationally in 2018-19, the average cost per day per young person subject to detention-based supervision was \$1579 (figure 17.10). These data fluctuate across jurisdictions (table 17A.21).

Figure 17.10 Average cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision (2018-19 dollars)^a

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



^a See box 17.14 and table 17A.21 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. *Sources*: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.21.

Cost per group conference

'Cost per group conference' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide youth justice services in an efficient manner (box 17.15).

Box 17.15 Cost per group conference

'Cost per group conference' is defined as the total recurrent expenditure on group conferencing divided by the number of concluded group conferences.

A low or decreasing unit cost is desirable as it suggests more efficient resource management.

Data for this indicator should be interpreted with caution as the provision of group conferencing differs across jurisdictions.

Data reported for this indicator are:

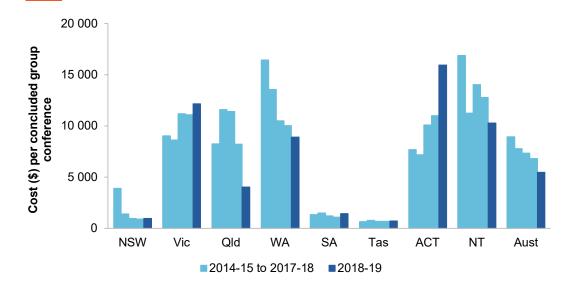
- not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Nationally, in 2018-19, the average cost per concluded group conference was \$5458 (figure 17.11). These data fluctuate across jurisdictions (table 17A.22).

Figure 17.11 Cost per concluded group conference (2018-19 dollars)^a

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



^a See box 17.15 and table 17A.22 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. *Sources*: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.22.

Outcomes

Outcomes are the impact of services on the status of an individual or group (see section 1).

Escapes

'Escapes' is an indicator of governments' objective to promote community safety (box 17.16).

Box 17.16 Escapes

'Escapes' is defined by two measures:

- the number of escapes from a youth justice detention centre, as a proportion of all young people in custody
- the number of escapes during periods of escorted movement, as a proportion of all periods of escorted movement.

An escape from a youth justice detention centre is defined as a breach of a secure perimeter or defined boundary of a detention centre, by a young person under the supervision of the centre.

A period of escorted movement is defined as a period of time during which a young person is in the custody of the youth justice agency while outside a detention centre, and ends when the young person is returned to the detention centre, or is no longer in the legal or physical custody of the youth justice agency. An escape from an escorted movement is defined as the failure of a young person to remain in the custody of a supervising youth justice worker or approved service provider during a period of escorted movement.

An escape is counted each time a young person escapes. For example, if a young person escapes three times during the year, three escapes are recorded. If three young people escape at the same time, three escapes are recorded.

A zero or decreasing rate of escapes is desirable.

Data reported for these measures are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Nationally in 2018-19, there were 4 escapes from youth justice detention (table 17.5) and 5 escapes from escorted movements (table 17A.23).

Table 17.5 Number and rate of escapes from youth justice detention centres, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^a



Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Number of escapes									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	3
Non-Indigenous	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Total	1	-	_	-	_	_	-	3	4
Rate per 10 000 custody nights									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.4	0.2
Non-Indigenous	0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.1
Total	0.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.3	0.1

^a See box 17.16 and table 17A.23 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. – Nil or rounded to zero. Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.23.

Absconds from unescorted leave

'Absconds from unescorted leave' is an indicator of governments' objective to promote community safety (box 17.17).

Box 17.17 Absconds from unescorted leave

'Absconds from unescorted leave' is defined as the number of young people who have unescorted temporary leave and fail to return to custody, as a proportion of all young people who have unescorted temporary leave.

Unescorted leave is leave for a young person held in custody that is authorised in writing and does not require the young person to be escorted by a youth justice worker. An abscond is a failure to return from leave, and occurs when the youth justice agency advises police of the young person's failure to return to custody.

A zero or low, or decreasing rate of absconds from unescorted leave is desirable.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time. However, not all jurisdictions permit unescorted leave to be undertaken (for these jurisdictions this indicator is not applicable)
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Management of young people while they are in the legal custody of a youth detention centre includes the provision of appropriate assessment, planning and supervision to enable young people to undertake unescorted temporary leave from detention centres. Unescorted leave is undertaken for activities such as education, training and employment. No young people absconded from unescorted leave in 2018-19. Data from 2014-15 are available in table 17A.24 and show one abscond over this period.

Completion of community-based orders

'Completion of community-based orders' is an indicator of governments' objective to rehabilitate and reintegrate young people who offend (box 17.18).

Box 17.18 Completion of community-based orders

'Completion of community-based orders' is defined as the proportion of sentenced community-based youth supervision orders successfully completed.

Successful completion occurs when the earliest of the order expiry date or the order termination date is reached, and a breach is neither pending nor finalised. An order is not successfully completed where a court decides that an order was breached, irrespective of the court-ordered outcome. Excludes orders that have not yet been completed and/or the breach action has not been finalised.

A high or increasing proportion of orders successfully completed is desirable. However, where offenders are non-compliant and pose a risk, breach action (an unsuccessful completion) may be warranted. As a result, a completion rate less than 100 per cent may not necessarily indicate poor performance, and may reflect appropriate supervision of young people on community-based supervision orders.

Data reported for this indicator are:

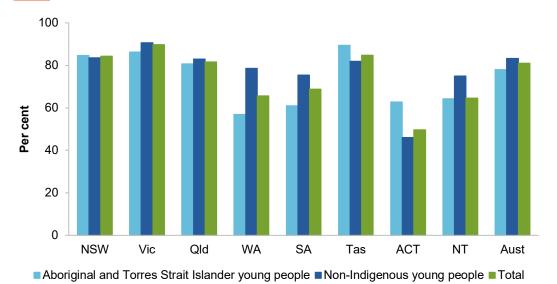
- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2018-19 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Nationally, 81.0 per cent of community-based orders were successfully completed in 2018-19 (figure 17.12); up from 78.6 per cent in 2014-15 (table 17A.25).

Figure 17.12 Proportion of community-based orders successfully completed, by Indigenous status, 2018-19^a

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



a See box 17.18 and table 17A.25 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats.

Sources: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 17A.25.

Returns to sentenced youth justice supervision

'Returns to sentenced youth justice supervision' is an indicator of governments' objective to contribute to a reduction in youth re-offending (box 17.19).

Box 17.19 Returns to sentenced youth justice supervision

'Returns to sentenced youth justice supervision' is defined as the proportion of young people released from sentenced supervision who are aged 10-16 years at time of release who returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months. Data are reported by the State or Territory of the original sentenced supervision, even if the return to supervision is not in that State or Territory.

The measure has a number of restrictions that need to be considered when interpreting the results:

- the measure is restricted to young people who have received a supervised sentence and does not include those young people for whom the offence resulted in an unsupervised sentence
- the measure does not include information on people supervised by adult justice departments
- some returns to sentenced supervision may be due to a breach of a previous order rather than a new offence.

(continue next page)

Box 17.19 (continued)

This measure should not be interpreted as a measure of recidivism. Accurately measuring recidivism would require information on all criminal acts committed by a young person which would include those not coming to the attention of authorities, and for those that did not result in a return to youth justice sentenced supervision.

This measure should be considered in the context of other youth justice outcome indicators, as many factors are likely to influence youth offending patterns, including a young person's family environment and social circumstances. In addition, as factors that give rise to offending vary from region to region, direct comparisons of rates should not be made in isolation from the broader social context of each region.

A low rate of returns to sentenced youth justice supervision is desirable.

Data reported for this indicator are:

not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time

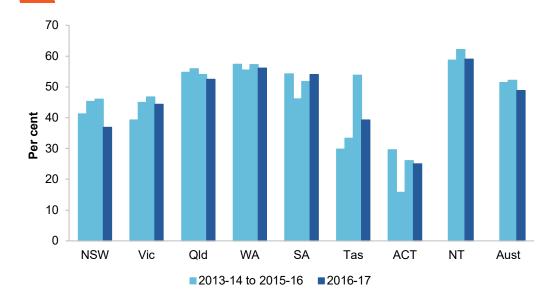
complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

Nationally, 48.9 per cent of young people aged 10–16 years at time of release from sentenced supervision in 2016-17 returned within 12 months. This proportion is the lowest for the three years where data are available for all jurisdictions (figure 17.13).

Figure 17.13 Proportion of young people who returned to sentenced youth justice supervision within 12 months^{a, b}

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.



^a See box 17.19 and table 17A.26 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. ^b Data are not available for the NT for 2013-14. The Australian total is presented for the three years where data are available for all jurisdictions.

Source: AIHW 2019a, Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2017-18; AIHW (unpublished); table 17A.26.

17.4 **Definitions of key terms**

Community-based youth justice supervision

Community-based youth justice supervision is an alternative to detention, where a sentenced order or unsentenced order (such as conditional bail) is served in the community.

Detention-based youth justice supervision

Detention-based youth justice supervision involves young people serving their sentence in a custodial environment.

Group conferencing

Group conferences are decision-making forums that aim to minimise the progression of young people into the youth justice system, and provide restorative justice. Typically, a group conference involves the young offender(s) and victim(s) and their families, police and a youth justice agency officer, all of whom attempt to agree on a course of action required of the young offender/s to make amends for his or her offence/s.

Police caution

A police officer administering a caution, or warning, to a child instead of bringing a child before a court for the offence.

Pre-sentence community

Pre-sentence arrangements where the youth justice department is responsible for the case management or supervision of a young person (such as supervised or conditional bail where the youth justice department is involved with monitoring or supervising a young person).

Pre-sentence detention

Remanded or held in a youth justice centre or police watch house prior to appearing in court or to being sentenced.

Sentenced community-based supervision

Includes probation, recognisance and community service orders which are supervised or case managed by the youth justice department. May be supervision with or without additional mandated requirements, requiring some form of obligation or additional element that a young person is required to meet. This obligation could be community work such as a community service order, a developmental activity or program attendance. The youth justice department may or may not directly supervise any additional mandated requirements, but remains responsible for the overall case management of a young person.

Supervision period

A period of time during which a young person is continuously under youth justice supervision of one type or another. A supervision period is made up of one or more contiguous episodes.

Youth justice centre

A place administered and operated by a youth justice department, where young people are detained while under the supervision of the relevant youth justice department on a remand or sentenced detention episode.

Youth justice conference/group conference

A youth justice conference, or group conference, is a facilitated meeting resulting in a formal agreement to repair the harm caused by the offence. Participants can include the victim(s), offender(s), a youth justice agency officer, police and other key stakeholders. Referrals may be initiated by the police or the courts.

Youth justice department

Departments in each State and Territory that are responsible for youth justice matters.

17.5 References

AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2019a, *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2017-18*,. Cat. no. JUV 130, Canberra.

—— 2019b, Youth justice in Australia 2017-18, Cat. no. JUV 129, Canberra,.

Patel, N., 2004, *Accommodation needs of young offenders*, Youth Justice Board for England and Wales: United Kingdom.

Supervised Release Review Board 2012, Supervised Release Review Board: Annual Report, Western Australia.

17A Youth justice services — Data tables contents

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in these data tables are in the section. Unsourced information was obtained from the Australian, State and Territory governments. Information on the comparability and completeness of the data for the performance indicators and measures is in the section and on the indicator results tab.

Data in this Report are examined by the Child Protection and Youth Justice Working Group, but have not been formally audited by the Secretariat.

Data reported in the data tables are the most accurate available at the time of data collection. Historical data may have been updated since the last edition of the Report on Government Services.

This file is available on the Review web page (https://www.pc.gov.au/research/ongoing/report-ongovernment-services).

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Table 17A.1

Young people aged 10–17 years who were supervised in the community and in detention centres
(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aus
2018-19										
Average daily number										
Community-based supervision	no.	1 058	530	1 419	592	157	117	59	137	4 070
Detention	no.	201	112	249	119	27	12	9	35	764
Total	no.	1 259	641	1 673	664	182	120	79	172	4 790
Rate per 10 000 young people aged	d 10-17 years									
Community	rate	14.0	8.9	27.4	23.2	9.7	23.0	15.5	53.0	16.9
Detention	rate	2.7	1.9	4.8	4.7	1.7	2.3	2.4	13.6	3.2
Total	rate	16.6	10.7	32.3	26.1	11.2	23.4	20.8	66.6	19.9
2017-18										
Average daily number										
Community-based supervision	no.	1 025	577	1 318	594	201	101	83	110	4 010
Detention	no.	253	128	209	147	41	10	12	39	840
Total	no.	1 282	718	1 519	740	243	112	96	151	4 860
Rate per 10 000 young people aged	d 10-17 years									
Community	rate	13.7	9.9	26.0	23.7	12.5	20.0	22.5	43.1	17.0
Detention	rate	3.4	2.2	4.1	5.9	2.6	2.0	3.3	15.3	3.6
Total	rate	17.2	12.3	30.0	29.5	15.2	22.2	26.0	59.2	20.6
2016-17										
Average daily number										
Community-based supervision	no.	1 076	599	1 150	596	230	91	60	124	3 927
Detention	no.	241	124	181	138	48	10	10	38	790
Total	no.	1 318	729	1 323	732	279	102	70	162	4 717
Rate per 10 000 young people aged	d 10-17 years									
Community	rate	14.6	10.5	23.2	24.1	14.5	18.1	16.6	49.2	16.9
Detention	rate	3.3	2.2	3.7	5.6	3.0	2.0	2.8	15.1	3.4

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Table 17A.1 Young people aged 10–17 years who were supervised in the community and in detention centres (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total	rate	17.9	12.7	26.7	29.6	17.6	20.3	19.4	64.3	20.3
2015-16										
Average daily number										
Community-based supervision	no.	1 166	655	1 179	608	224	88	61	115	4 096
Detention	no.	251	103	188	131	55	8	7	47	789
Total	no.	1 418	766	1 360	737	279	95	68	161	4 884
Rate per 10 000 young people aged	10-17 years									
Community	rate	16.1	11.7	24.3	24.8	14.2	17.6	17.2	45.7	17.9
Detention	rate	3.5	1.8	3.9	5.4	3.5	1.6	2.0	18.7	3.5
Total	rate	19.6	13.7	28.0	30.1	17.6	19.0	19.2	64.0	21.4
2014-15										
Average daily number										
Community-based supervision	no.	1 128	699	1 279	607	249	96	69	110	4 236
Detention	no.	242	82	173	150	46	9	7	40	748
Total	no.	1 367	788	1 445	757	295	106	77	150	4 985
Rate per 10 000 young people aged	10-17 years									
Community	rate	15.7	12.6	26.6	24.9	15.7	19.1	19.6	43.6	18.7
Detention	rate	3.4	1.5	3.6	6.2	2.9	1.8	2.0	15.8	3.3
Total	rate	19.0	14.3	30.0	31.1	18.7	21.1	21.9	59.4	22.0

⁽a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.

⁽b) Average daily numbers in community-based supervision and detention may not sum to the total because: young people who move between community-based supervision and detention during the counting period on the same day may be counted in both community-based supervision and detention, but only once in the total; young people who move between community-based supervision and detention during the counting period and who turn 18 during the total period of supervision may be counted as having more average days in total supervision than average days in detention or community-based supervision; and due to rounding to the nearest whole number.

Table 17A.1

Young people aged 10–17 years who were supervised in the community and in detention centres (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (k), (l)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

- (c) Data for 2018-19 are provided by states and territories and may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia 2018-19.
- (d) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in *Youth Justice in Australia* due to different population data being used.
- (e) Trend data may differ from those previously published due to data revisions provided to, and prepared by, the AIHW.
- (f) The Australian total may not sum to average daily numbers across jurisdictions due to rounding.
- (g) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.27 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (h) In Victoria, through the dual track system, young people 18–20 years of age can be supervised by the youth justice service.
- (i) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018, 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years. Total average daily number of young people under supervision for 2018-19 includes an average of 5 young people per bed night throughout the year aged 18 years.
- (j) In Tasmania data for community-based orders are calculated using the order expiry date as the end date. This may affect the number of clients considered active in a given period, as completion of some orders may occur after this date. Any comparison of community-based data should be made with caution.
- (k) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.
- (I) For the NT, average daily numbers of young people under community-based supervision is the 12 month average of the number of youth under supervision as at 1st day of the month. Average daily numbers may include youth attaining adult status whilst under a youth active supervision order.

Source: AIHW (Australian Institute of Health and Welfare) 2019, Youth justice in Australia 2017-18, Cat. No. JUV 129, Canberra: AIHW; State and Territory governments (unpublished).

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Table 17A.2 Centre utilisation (a), (b), (c), (d)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Number of permanently funded beds	no.	355	260	240	215	84	24	40	64	1 282
Total average nightly population in detention centres	no.	264.5	191.0	213.5	133.8	39.2	11.5	10.9	35.0	899.4
Centre utilisation rate	%	74.5	73.5	89.0	62.2	46.7	47.7	27.4	54.7	70.2
2017-18										
Number of permanently funded beds	no.	355	260	212	227	84	24	40	63	1 265
Total average nightly population in detention centres	no.	286.0	203.1	203.2	148.4	44.4	11.4	14.7	39.1	950.2
Centre utilisation rate	%	80.6	78.1	95.9	65.4	52.8	47.3	36.8	62.0	75.1
2016-17										
Number of permanently funded beds	no.	355	260	212	227	84	24	40	91	1 293
Total average nightly population in detention centres	no.	272.6	190.0	178.7	141.9	48.3	10.7	10.8	37.3	890.4
Centre utilisation rate	%	76.8	73.1	84.3	62.5	57.5	44.6	26.9	41.0	68.9
2015-16										
Number of permanently funded beds	no.	374	258	212	227	84	24	40	71	1 290
Total average nightly population in detention centres	no.	292.8	167.9	186.0	133.7	53.9	9.2	8.3	48.9	900.6
Centre utilisation rate	%	78.4	65.1	87.8	58.9	64.2	38.2	20.7	68.8	69.8
2014-15										
Number of permanently funded beds	no.	412	213	212	227	84	24	40	71	1 283
Total average nightly population in detention centres	no.	286.4	142.2	169.0	156.0	47.9	10.3	9.1	41.5	862.4
Centre utilisation rate	%	69.5	66.7	79.7	68.7	57.0	42.9	22.8	58.5	67.2

⁽a) Victoria's Malmsbury Youth Justice Centre consistently operates at higher utilisation rates than the Parkville Youth Justice Precinct.

⁽b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018, 17 year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.

⁽c) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

⁽d) NT data for 2014-15 are the number of beds at 30 June 2015. There were two detention centre site relocations in 2014-15 which made the calculation of funded beds on each day of the year and divided by the number of days of the year difficult.

Table 17A.2 Centre utilisation (a), (b), (c), (d)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust
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Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.3 Young people aged 10-17 years in detention, by sex (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

((g), (h), ((i)								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Average daily	number i	n detentior	1							
Male	no.	181	101	215	107	24	11	7	33	679
Female	no.	20	11	33	12	3	1	2	2	84
Total	no.	201	112	249	119	27	12	9	35	764
Rate in deten	tion per 1	0 000 youn	g people	aged 10-	17 years					
Male	rate	4.6	3.3	8.1	8.2	2.9	4.2	3.6	24.7	5.5
Female	rate	0.5	0.4	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.2	1.1	1.6	0.7
Total	rate	2.7	1.9	4.8	4.7	1.7	2.3	2.4	13.6	3.2
2017-18										
Average daily	number i	n detentior	1							
Male	no.	228	116	179	139	37	9	10	36	754
Female	no.	26	12	30	8	4	1	2	3	87
Total	no.	253	128	209	147	41	10	12	39	840
Rate in deten	tion per 1	0 000 youn	g people	aged 10-	17 years					
Male	rate	5.9	3.9	6.9	10.8	4.5	3.4	5.3	27.2	6.2
Female	rate	0.7	0.4	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.4	1.1	2.4	0.8
Total	rate	3.4	2.2	4.1	5.9	2.6	2.0	3.3	15.3	3.6
2016-17										
Average daily	number i	n detentior	1							
Male	no.	220	115	155	130	42	9	8	34	714
Female	no.	21	8	27	8	6	1	2	3	76
Total	no.	241	124	181	138	48	10	10	38	790
Rate in deten										
Male	rate	5.8	3.9	6.1	10.3	5.2	3.5	4.3	26.2	6.0
Female	rate	0.6	0.3	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.4	1.1	2.5	0.7
Total	rate	3.3	2.2	3.7	5.6	3.0	2.0	2.8	15.1	3.4
2015-16				•						•
Average daily	number i	n detention	1							
Male	no.	229	97	155	123	50	7	6	42	711
Female	no.	21	5	33	8	5	_	1	5	79
Total	no.	251	103	188	131	55	8	7	47	789
Rate in deten										
Male	rate	6.1	3.4	6.2	9.8	6.2	2.7	3.3	32.2	6.1
Female	rate	0.6	0.2	1.4	0.7	0.6	_	0.6	4.1	0.7
Total	rate	3.5	1.8	3.9	5.4	3.5	1.6	2.0	18.7	3.5
2014-15										
Average daily	number i	n detentior	1							
Male	no.	220	77	142	144	39	8	6	36	672
Female	no.	22	6	31	6	6	1	1	4	76
Total	no.	242	82	173	150	46	9	7	40	748
Rate in deten							•	-	- •	
	1 '	-)	J 1 1-15	J	,					

Table 17A.3 Young people aged 10-17 years in detention, by sex (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

		-								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Male	rate	5.9	2.7	5.8	11.6	4.8	3.1	3.4	27.4	5.8
Female	rate	0.6	0.2	1.3	0.5	8.0	0.4	0.6	3.3	0.7
Total	rate	3.4	1.5	3.6	6.2	2.9	1.8	2.0	15.8	3.3

- (a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.
- (b) Data for 2018-19 are provided by states and territories and may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia 2018-19.
- (c) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia due to different population data being used.
- (d) Average daily number of males and females may not sum due to rounding. Total includes sex unknown.
- (e) Trend data may differ from those previously published due to data revisions provided to, and prepared by, the AIHW.
- (f) The Australian total may not sum to average daily numbers across jurisdictions due to rounding.
- (g) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.27 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (h) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (i) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.
 - Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.4 Young people aged 10–17 years subject to community-based supervision, by sex (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

	Unit), (b), (c) NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19				·						
Average daily r	number in	community	/-based s	supervisio	า					
Male	no.	804	428	1 056	479	132	88	45	116	3 148
Female	no.	254	102	363	113	26	30	14	21	922
Total	no.	1 058	530	1 419	592	157	117	59	137	4 070
Rate in commu	ınity-base	d supervisi	on per 10	000 your	ng people	aged 10-	17 years			
Male	rate	20.6	14.0	39.7	36.8	16.0	33.3	22.9	86.8	25.5
Female	rate	6.9	3.5	14.4	9.0	3.3	12.0	7.6	16.8	7.9
Total	rate	14.0	8.9	27.4	23.2	9.7	23.0	15.5	53.0	16.9
2017-18										
Average daily r	number in	community	y-based s	supervisio	า					
Male	no.	793	470	993	497	165	71	59	89	3 136
Female	no.	232	107	325	98	37	30	24	21	874
Total	no.	1 025	577	1 318	594	201	101	83	110	4 010
Rate in commu	ınity-base	d supervisi	on per 10	000 your	ng people	aged 10-	17 years			
Male	rate	20.7	15.7	38.1	38.8	20.1	27.2	31.1	67.2	25.9
Female	rate	6.4	3.8	13.2	8.0	4.7	12.3	13.4	17.1	7.6
Total	rate	13.7	9.9	26.0	23.7	12.5	20.0	22.5	43.1	17.0
2016-17										
Average daily r	number in	community	/-based s	supervision	า					
Male	no.	849	486	860	496	181	69	47	97	3 086
Female	no.	226	114	290	100	49	22	14	27	841
Total	no.	1 076	599	1 150	596	230	91	60	124	3 927
Rate in commu	ınitv-base	d supervisi	on per 1(000 vour	na people	aged 10-	17 vears			
Male	rate	22.5	16.6	33.8	39.2	22.2	26.6	25.4	74.8	25.9
Female	rate	6.3	4.1	12.0	8.3	6.3	9.0	8.0	22.1	7.4
Total	rate	14.6	10.5	23.2	24.1	14.5	18.1	16.6	49.2	16.9
2015-16										
Average daily r	number in	community	y-based s	supervisio	า					
Male	no.	927	, 540	908	504	182	74	45	94	3 275
Female	no.	238	115	271	103	42	14	16	21	821
Total	no.	1 166	655	1 179	608	224	88	61	115	4 096
Rate in commu	ınity-base	d supervisi	on per 10	000 your	ng people	aged 10-	17 years			
Male	rate	24.9	18.8	36.4	40.3	22.5	28.6	24.8	72.0	27.9
Female	rate	6.8	4.2	11.4	8.6	5.4	5.8	9.2	17.4	7.4
Total	rate	16.1	11.7	24.3	24.8	14.2	17.6	17.2	45.7	17.9
2014-15										
Average daily r	number in	community	y-based s	supervisio	า					
Male	no.	902	574	962	496	199	75	52	95	3 355
Female	no.	225	125	317	111	50	21	17	15	881
Total	no.	1 128	699	1 279	607	249	96	69	110	4 236

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Table 17A.4 Young people aged 10–17 years subject to community-based supervision, by sex (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

	, ,	,, , ,, ,	,, (,, (,, , ,, ,O,	, , ,, ,,					
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
 Male	rate	24.4	20.3	39.0	39.8	24.6	28.9	29.1	72.4	28.9
Female	rate	6.4	4.6	13.5	9.3	6.5	8.7	9.8	12.4	8.0
Total	rate	15.7	12.6	26.6	24.9	15.7	19.1	19.6	43.6	18.7

- (a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.
- (b) Data for 2018-19 are provided by states and territories and may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia 2018-19.
- (c) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia due to different population data being used.
- (d) Average daily number of males and females may not sum due to rounding. Total includes sex unknown.
- (e) Trend data may differ from those previously published due to data revisions provided to, and prepared by, the AIHW.
- (f) The Australian total may not sum to average daily numbers across jurisdictions due to rounding.
- (g) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.27 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (h) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (i) In Tasmania data for community-based orders are calculated using the order expiry date as the end date. This may affect the number of clients considered active in a given period, as completion of some orders may occur after this date. Any comparison of community-based data should be made with caution.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.5 Young people aged 10–17 years in detention, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

(c), (d), (e)	, (f), (g),	(h), (i)							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Average daily num Aboriginal and	ber in d	etention								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	102	18	176	93	17	4	2	34	446
Non-Indigenous	no.	95	94	72	26	11	7	7	1	313
Total	no.	201	112	249	119	27	12	9	35	764
Rate in detention p Aboriginal and	er 10 0	00 young բ	people ag	ed 10-17	years					
Torres Strait Islander	rate	21.3	17.7	42.0	52.9	22.3	8.4	17.5	30.0	31.2
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.6	1.9	0.7	1.4
Total	rate	2.7	1.9	4.8	4.7	1.7	2.3	2.4	13.6	3.2
2017-18										
Average daily num Aboriginal and Torres Strait	ber in d no.	etention 125	20	150	107	25	3	4	38	472
Islander										
Non-Indigenous	no.	125	109	58	40	16	7	9	1	364
Total	no.	253	128	209	147	41	10	12	39	840
Rate in detention p Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	er 10 0 rate	00 young բ 26.3	people ag 20.0	ed 10-17	years 61.7	33.5	5.8	35.9	33.3	33.4
Non-Indigenous	rato	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.5	2.5	0.7	1.6
Total	rate		2.2	1.∠ 4.1	5.9	2.6	2.0	2.5 3.3	15.3	3.6
	rate	3.4	2.2	4.1	5.9	2.0	2.0	3.3	15.5	3.6
2016-17										
Average daily num Aboriginal and Torres Strait	ber in d no.	etention 131	21	129	104	30	2	2	35	455
Islander	110.	131	21	129	104	30	۷	۷	33	400
Non-Indigenous	no.	109	103	52	34	18	8	8	2	333
Total	no.	241	124	181	138	48	10	10	38	790
Rate in detention p Aboriginal and	er 10 0	00 young բ	eople ag	ed 10-17	years					
Torres Strait Islander	rate	28.0	21.4	31.9	60.6	40.7	3.9	17.8	30.3	32.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.8	2.3	1.5	1.5
Total	rate	3.3	2.2	3.7	5.6	3.0	2.0	2.8	15.1	3.4
2015-16										
Average daily num	ber in d	etention								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	144	19	132	100	31	1	2	45	473
Non-Indigenous	no.	106	84	56	31	24	6	5	2	315
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Table 17A.5 Young people aged 10–17 years in detention, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total	no.	251	103	188	131	55	8	7	47	789
Rate in detention p Aboriginal and	er 10 0	00 young p	eople ag	ed 10-17	years					
Torres Strait Islander	rate	31.3	19.8	33.5	59.1	42.5	2.0	17.4	38.9	34.5
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5
Total	rate	3.5	1.8	3.9	5.4	3.5	1.6	2.0	18.7	3.5
2014-15										
Average daily num Aboriginal and	ber in d	letention								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	134	15	113	110	24	2	3	37	439
Non-Indigenous	no.	105	68	60	40	21	7	4	2	307
Total	no.	242	82	173	150	46	9	7	40	748
Rate in detention p Aboriginal and	er 10 0	00 young p	eople ag	ed 10-17	years					
Torres Strait Islander	rate	29.6	15.7	29.2	67.1	33.2	4.2	25.7	32.9	32.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4
Total	rate	3.4	1.5	3.6	6.2	2.9	1.8	2.0	15.8	3.3

- (a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.
- (b) Data for 2018-19 are provided by states and territories and may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia 2018-19.
- (c) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia due to different population data being used.
- (d) Trend data may differ from those previously published due to data revisions provided to, and prepared by, the AIHW.
- (e) Totals include unknown Indigenous status. Data should be interpreted with caution, particularly for jurisdictions with small Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander populations.
- (f) The Australian total may not sum to average daily numbers across jurisdictions due to rounding.
- (g) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.28 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (h) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (i) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

Table 17A.6 Young people aged 10–17 years subject to community-based supervision, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

sup		ion, by I	ndigen		tus (a),	(b), (c),	(d), (e),			
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Average daily numb	er in c	ommunity-	-based su	pervision						
Aboriginal and		400	0.0	0.4.4	0.50	70	00	40	400	0.000
Torres Strait Islander	no.	460	88	844	353	79	32	13	132	2 002
Non-Indigenous	no.	552	442	576	211	79	74	45	5	1 984
Total	no.	1 058	530	1 419	592	157	117	59	137	4 070
Rate in community-	based	supervisio	n per 10	000 young	g people a	aged 10-1	7 years			
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	rate	95.9	86.6	201.6	201.2	103.8	61.6	113.5	116.6	140.1
Non-Indigenous	rate	7.8	7.5	12.1	8.9	5.1	16.1	12.2	3.4	8.8
Total	rate	14.0	8.9	27.4	23.2	9.7	23.0	15.5	53.0	16.9
2017-18										
Average daily numb	er in c	ommunity-	-based su	pervision						
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	456	99	739	378	93	27	20	107	1 918
Non-Indigenous	no.	502	477	571	217	108	72	64	3	2 013
Total	no.	1 025	577	1 318	594	201	101	83	110	4 010
Rate in community-	based	supervisio	n per 10	000 young	g people a	aged 10-1	7 years			
Aboriginal and		•	·				•			
Torres Strait Islander	rate	96.0	99.0	179.0	217.9	124.7	52.4	179.5	93.7	135.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	7.2	8.3	12.3	9.3	7.1	15.9	17.9	2.1	9.1
Total	rate	13.7	9.9	26.0	23.7	12.5	20.0	22.5	43.1	17.0
2016-17										
Average daily numb	er in c	ommunity-	-based su	pervision						
Aboriginal and		•								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	489	112	643	383	119	25	14	119	1 905
Non-Indigenous	no.	540	486	500	213	110	66	47	5	1 967
Total	no.	1 076	599	1 150	596	230	91	60	124	3 927
Rate in community-	based	supervisio	n per 10	000 young	g people a	aged 10-1	7 years			
Aboriginal and		•	•				•			
Torres Strait Islander	rate	104.6	114.3	158.8	223.2	161.3	49.4	124.6	103.1	136.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	7.8	8.6	11.0	9.3	7.3	14.6	13.4	3.7	9.0
Total	rate	14.6	10.5	23.2	24.1	14.5	18.1	16.6	49.2	16.9

Table 17A.6 Young people aged 10–17 years subject to community-based supervision, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2015-16										
Average daily numb	er in c	ommunity	-based su	pervision						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	530	120	641	389	108	25	17	109	1 939
Non-Indigenous	no.	585	535	529	218	115	63	45	5	2 094
Total	no.	1 166	655	1 179	608	224	88	61	115	4 096
Rate in community- Aboriginal and		·	•				•	440.4	0.4.6	444.5
Torres Strait Islander	rate	115.2	125.2	162.5	229.9	147.9	50.5	148.1	94.3	141.6
Non-Indigenous	rate	8.6	9.7	11.8	9.6	7.6	14.0	13.1	3.7	9.7
Total	rate	16.1	11.7	24.3	24.8	14.2	17.6	17.2	45.7	17.9
2014-15										
Average daily numb Aboriginal and	er in c	community	-based su	ıpervision						
Torres Strait Islander	no.	467	107	723	378	103	15	22	103	1 917
Non-Indigenous	no.	587	591	542	229	146	81	47	7	2 230
Total	no.	1 128	699	1 279	607	249	96	69	110	4 236
Rate in community-	based	supervisio	n per 10	000 young	g people a	aged 10-17	7 years			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	rate	103.3	111.7	186.6	230.5	142.6	31.2	188.7	91.6	142.6
Islander										
Non-Indigenous		8.7	10.9	12.2	10.1	9.7	17.8	13.8	5.0	10.5
Total	rate	15.7	12.6	26.6	24.9	15.7	19.1	19.6	43.6	18.7

- (a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.
- (b) Data for 2018-19 are provided by states and territories and may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia 2018-19.
- (c) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia due to different population data being used.
- (d) Totals include unknown Indigenous status. Data should be interpreted with caution, particularly for jurisdictions with small Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander populations.
- (e) Trend data may differ from those previously published due to data revisions provided to, and prepared by, the AIHW.
- (f) The Australian total may not sum to average daily numbers across jurisdictions due to rounding.
- (g) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.28 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (h) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.

Table 17A.7 Young people aged 10–17 years in detention (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Rate of Aborigin	nal and Tor	res Strait Is	slander de	tention pe	r 10 000 y	oung peop	ole			
2018-19	rate	21.3	17.7	42.0	52.9	22.3	8.4	17.5	30.0	31.2
2017-18	rate	26.3	20.0	36.3	61.7	33.5	5.8	35.9	33.3	33.4
2016-17	rate	28.0	21.4	31.9	60.6	40.7	3.9	17.8	30.3	32.7
2015-16	rate	31.3	19.8	33.5	59.1	42.5	2.0	17.4	38.9	34.5
2014-15	rate	29.6	15.7	29.2	67.1	33.2	4.2	25.7	32.9	32.7
Rate of non-Ind	igenous d	etention pe	r 10 000 y	oung peop	ole					
2018-19	rate	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.6	1.9	0.7	1.4
2017-18	rate	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.7	1.0	1.5	2.5	0.7	1.6
2016-17	rate	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.8	2.3	1.5	1.5
2015-16	rate	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5
2014-15	rate	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4
Aboriginal and T	Γorres Stra	it Islander/r	non-Indige	nous rate	ratio					
2018-19	ratio	15.9	11.1	27.8	48.1	31.3	5.3	9.2	43.6	22.5
2017-18	ratio	14.7	10.5	29.2	36.0	32.0	3.8	14.3	47.0	20.4
2016-17	ratio	17.7	11.7	27.9	41.0	34.2	2.2	7.8	20.7	21.4
2015-16	ratio	20.0	13.0	26.7	43.4	26.7	1.5	12.0	26.5	23.6
2014-15	ratio	19.0	12.5	21.5	38.1	23.9	2.7	21.9	23.0	22.7

- (a) Number of young people on an average day. Age calculated as at start of financial year if first period of relevant supervision began before the start of the financial year, otherwise age calculated as a start of first period of relevant supervision.
- (b) Rates are calculated from the number of young people on an average day rounded to whole numbers. Rate may differ from those published in Youth Justice in Australia due to different population data being used.
- (c) Rates should be used with caution where the population is relatively small (Tasmania, ACT and NT). See table 17A.28 for population data used to calculate rates.
- (d) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (e) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

Table 17A.8 State and Territory government real expenditure on youth justice services, (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	Unit	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
al government expend	diture on youth ju	ustice services				
Detention-based ser	vices					
NSW	\$'000	165 105	148 500	138 201	136 415	136 313
Vic	\$'000	61 542	77 882	92 827	104 048	121 974
Qld	\$'000	94 300	100 851	100 956	101 919	118 609
WA	\$'000	55 214	54 475	57 766	56 106	54 479
SA	\$'000	22 110	31 192	34 094	34 888	35 033
Tas	\$'000	14 153	11 717	12 237	12 970	13 609
ACT	\$'000	18 946	18 235	17 581	18 522	17 661
NT	\$'000	15 830	28 766	26 231	29 645	41 938
Australia	\$'000	447 201	471 618	479 892	494 514	539 618
Community-based s	ervices					
NSW	\$'000	61 231	57 061	66 332	68 319	61 422
Vic	\$'000	48 358	51 525	49 209	55 909	71 544
Qld	\$'000	67 690	68 782	77 438	101 866	132 19
WA	\$'000	25 316	25 408	26 114	23 725	21 094
SA	\$'000	10 414	10 834	11 783	10 722	11 396
Tas	\$'000	4 252	4 668	6 344	6 684	6 730
ACT	\$'000	3 057	3 341	3 199	3 536	3 360
NT	\$'000	3 702	4 349	8 451	19 776	28 017
Australia	\$'000	224 020	225 967	248 870	290 538	335 758
Group conferencing						
NSW	\$'000	4 580	1 698	987	1 050	1 14
Vic	\$'000	2 057	2 124	2 413	2 353	2 35
Qld	\$'000	5 574	7 697	14 040	12 181	7 07 ⁻
WA	\$'000	35 141	29 556	24 170	24 046	21 128
SA	\$'000	1 839	1 881	1 688	1 302	1 726
Tas	\$'000	117	141	91	88	8
ACT	\$'000	877	689	626	584	765
NT	\$'000	5 145	5 100	5 640	7 241	6 933
Australia	\$'000	55 331	48 885	49 657	48 844	41 199
Total expenditure						
NSW	\$'000	230 917	207 258	205 520	205 783	198 876
Vic	\$'000	111 958	131 531	144 449	162 311	195 873
Qld	\$'000	167 564	177 330	192 434	215 966	257 87
WA	\$'000	115 672	109 438	108 050	103 876	96 70°
SA	\$'000	34 362	43 907	47 566	46 912	48 15
Tas	\$'000	18 522	16 526	18 672	19 742	20 420
ACT	\$'000	22 881	22 265	21 406	22 642	21 786
NT	\$'000	24 677	38 215	40 322	56 662	76 887
Australia	\$'000	726 553	746 470	778 419	833 896	916 574

Table 17A.8 State and Territory government real expenditure on youth justice services, (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	Unit	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Real government expend	diture on youth j	ustice services	per child aged	d 10-17 years i	in the population	n
Detention-based ser	rvices					
NSW	\$	229.31	204.87	188.10	182.84	179.90
Vic	\$	111.36	138.86	162.21	177.90	204.15
Qld	\$	195.76	207.50	203.77	201.09	229.02
WA	\$	226.62	222.64	233.51	223.65	213.72
SA	\$	139.85	197.22	214.70	217.80	216.37
Tas	\$	281.85	234.66	243.04	257.16	266.71
ACT	\$	538.71	513.89	487.12	501.88	464.83
NT	\$	627.27	1 143.59	1 041.24	1 161.45	1 623.94
Australia	\$	197.27	206.36	206.80	209.36	224.36
Community-based s	ervices					
NSW	\$	85.04	78.72	90.28	91.57	81.06
Vic	\$	87.51	91.87	85.99	95.60	119.74
Qld	\$	140.52	141.51	156.30	200.99	255.26
WA	\$	103.91	103.84	105.56	94.57	82.75
SA	\$	65.87	68.50	74.20	66.93	70.39
Tas	\$	84.67	93.49	125.99	132.53	131.90
ACT	\$	86.93	94.15	88.64	95.82	88.43
NT	\$	146.69	172.88	335.48	774.79	1 084.86
Australia	\$	98.82	98.87	107.24	123.00	139.60
Group conferencing						
NSW	\$	6.36	2.34	1.34	1.41	1.5
Vic	\$	3.72	3.79	4.22	4.02	3.94
Qld	\$	11.57	15.84	28.34	24.03	13.65
WA	\$	144.23	120.80	97.70	95.85	82.88
SA	\$	11.63	11.89	10.63	8.13	10.66
Tas	\$	2.34	2.82	1.81	1.74	1.58
ACT	\$	24.95	19.41	17.35	15.81	20.13
NT	\$	203.87	202.76	223.89	283.71	268.45
Australia	\$	24.41	21.39	21.40	20.68	17.13
Total expenditure						
NSW	\$	320.71	285.93	279.73	275.82	262.46
Vic	\$	202.59	234.52	252.42	277.52	327.84
Qld	\$	347.85	364.85	388.41	426.11	497.93
WA	\$	474.76	447.28	436.78	414.07	379.35
SA	\$	217.35	277.61	299.53	292.86	297.42
Tas	\$	368.85	330.97	370.84	391.42	400.19
ACT	\$	650.59	627.46	593.11	613.51	573.39
NT	\$	977.83	1 519.23	1 600.60	2 219.95	2 977.25
Australia	\$	320.50	326.63	335.44	353.03	381.08

Table 17A.8 State and Territory government real expenditure on youth justice services, (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

Unit 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19

- (a) See table 17A.10 for further information on the comparability of these data.
- (b) In NSW, in 2018-19 there was: an increase in salary and crown liabilities expenses, and Workers' Compensation Insurance Hindsight; and a decrease in building depreciation due to revaluation of assets and lower Clergy costs. In 2016-17: youth justice conferencing moved to community programs, and expenditure is no longer recorded separately; and the increase in expenditure on community-based supervision is due to the Youth on track program.
- (c) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018, 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years. In 2018-19 there was an increase in expenditure in detention facilities due to 16 new beds for Brisbane Youth Detention Centre and 12 new beds for Cleveland Youth Detention Centre.
- (d) In SA, There was an increase in detention-based expenditure for 2015-16 associated with infrastructure and security upgrades.
- (e) In Tasmania, following significant internal restructuring of the Department in 2015-16, the calculation methodology for allocation of umbrella costs changed. The total departmental overhead allocated to Children and Youth Services decreased in 2014-15 and further decreased in 2015-16. This led to a decrease in reported umbrella costs. Maintenance expenditure was also less following a facility upgrade program in the prior year.
- (f) In ACT, community-based expenditure for 2015-16 are not comparable with previous years due to the integration of child protection and youth justice to a single case management system in July 2015, and the subsequent changes to expenditure reporting for 2015-16.
- (g) In the NT, in 2018-19 there was an increase in expenditure in detention facilities due to an increase in operational expenditure in Don Dale and Alice Springs Youth Detention Centres, including in relation to a fire event in Don Dale, establishment of detention centre programs and culture and wellbeing programs, and a \$400,000 increase in expenditure to deliver eduction to young poeple in detention; and in community-based servies due to increased expenditure on Bail Support, Electronic Monitoring, Programs Management, Back on Track, Crossover and Intervention Programs. In 2017-18 expenditure on community-based youth justice services increased due to the introduction of Youth Outreach and Re-Engagement Officers (YOREO), and supported bail accommodation to provide accommodation for youth to qualify for bail and be supported by the YOREOs. In 2016-17, Territory Families performed an asset revaluation which resulted in a decrease in detention-based expenditure, and the increase in community-based expenditure was due to an increase in staffing for youth outreach and re-engagement teams, changes in apportioning umbrella costs and expanded programs in the non-government/specialist service providers. The increase in expenditure in 2015-16 was due to the relocation to the Berrimah site and introduction of the high security unit.
- (h) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2018-19 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2018-19 = 100). See section 2 for details.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.49.

Table 17A.9 State and Territory government recurrent expenditure on youth justice services, 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Detention										
Expenditure on youth justice servcies										
Salary expenses and expenses in the nature of salary (e.g., superannuation and FBT)	\$'000	81 840	77 729	60 846	37 282	19 422	8 894	8 876	19 605	314 494
Payroll tax (where subject to payroll tax)	\$'000	4 151	2 750	_	na	900	_	na	1 058	8 859
Administrative expenditure	\$'000	22 292	11 707	5 034	_	463	1 515	143	3 251	44 403
Client costs	\$'000	3 552	6 596	3 030	1 066	781	354	143	531	16 053
Other operating expenses (e.g., utilities, maintenance etc.)	\$'000	4 221	6 522	9 967	11 206	2 117	686	2 219	9 297	46 235
Debt servicing fees	\$'000	_	_	_	na	_	_	na	_	_
Annual depreciation	\$'000	7 272	4 197	12 138	110	2 902	393	955	1 588	29 554
Total	\$'000	123 328	109 500	91 015	49 664	26 585	11 841	12 336	35 330	459 598
Expenditure by umbrella or other government department(s)	\$'000	na	14 618	7 178	_	1 935	699	2 068	5 553	32 051
Grants to non-government/specialist service	ce provide	ers								
Grants for service delivery	\$'000	321	575	na	192	360	_	na	na	1 447
Grants for capital works	\$'000	_	_	na	na	_	_	na	na	_
Total	\$'000	321	575	na	192	360	_	na	na	1 447
Operating revenues from ordinary activities	\$'000	4 492	_	328	436	56	_	_	100	5 412
Net expenditure (expenditure plus grants less revenues and payroll tax)	\$'000	115 006	121 942	97 865	49 419	27 923	12 540	14 404	39 725	478 825
Value of capital assets used in the provision	n of youtl	h justice serv	rices							
Land	\$'000	30 677	115	13 623	6 940	9 900	500	3 854	6 200	71 809
Buildings	\$'000	232 490	285	244 031	55 822	76 167	12 828	36 529	21 314	679 465
Plant and equipment	\$'000	3 176	1	1 651	490	2 806	36	329	145	8 634

Table 17A.9 State and Territory government recurrent expenditure on youth justice services, 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)

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	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total	\$'000	266 343	401	259 306	63 252	88 873	13 364	40 711	27 658	759 908
User cost of capital (based on 8 per cent of total value of capital assets)	\$'000	21 307	32	20 744	5 060	7 110	1 069	3 257	2 213	60 793
Total expenditure, including notional user cost of capital	\$'000	136 313	121 974	118 609	54 479	35 033	13 609	17 661	41 938	539 618
Community-based supervision										
Expenditure on youth justice servcies										
Salary expenses and expenses in the nature of salary (e.g., superannuation and FBT)	\$'000	36 899	25 847	67 536	13 399	9 838	2 394	2 616	9 103	167 632
Payroll tax (where subject to payroll tax)	\$'000	1 888	1 157	_	na	462	_	na	489	3 996
Administrative expenditure	\$'000	10 597	1 696	11 000	_	562	1 596	385	856	26 692
Client costs	\$'000	149	664	1 657	166	26	27	na	18	2 707
Other operating expenses (e.g., utilities, maintenance etc.)	\$'000	6 725	1 257	35 968	7 209	677	195	na	6 988	59 019
Debt servicing fees	\$'000	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	na	_
Annual depreciation	\$'000	1 361	400	2 343	18	194	_	na	377	4 692
Total	\$'000	57 619	31 021	118 504	20 792	11 759	4 211	3 001	17 831	264 739
Expenditure by umbrella or other government department(s)	\$'000	na	12 700	9 222	_	_	324	359	2 402	25 007
Grants to non-government/specialist servi	ce provide	ers								
Grants for service delivery	\$'000	14 861	28 980	2 913	11	63	2 195	na	7 730	56 752
Grants for capital works	\$'000	na	_	_	na	_	_	na	na	_
Total	\$'000	14 861	28 980	2 913	11	63	2 195	na	7 730	56 752
Operating revenues from ordinary activities	\$'000	9 372	-	985	113	_	_	na	7	10 477

Table 17A.9 State and Territory government recurrent expenditure on youth justice services, 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)

Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
\$'000	61 220	71 544	129 654	20 690	11 360	6 730	3 360	27 467	332 025
on of youth	justice servi	ces							
\$'000	na	_	5 701	5 039	150	_	na	820	11 710
\$'000	na	_	22 344	_	245	_	na	5 523	28 112
\$'000	2 529	_	3 724	8	56	_	na	524	6 839
\$'000	2 529	_	31 768	5 047	451	_	na	6 867	46 661
\$'000	202	_	2 541	404	36	_	na	549	3 733
\$'000	61 422	71 544	132 195	21 094	11 396	6 730	3 360	28 017	335 758
\$'000	1 141	62	5 105	13 980	1 263	na	na	2 676	24 226
\$'000	48	4	_	na	62	na	na	141	254
\$'000	_	_	451	_	77	na	na	973	1 500
\$'000	_	_	37	209	_	81	na	na	327
\$'000	_	_	969	7 253	13	na	na	111	8 346
\$'000	_	_	_	_	_	na	na	na	_
\$'000	_	_	_	17	116	na	na	na	133
\$'000	1 188	65	6 561	21 459	1 530	81	na	3 901	34 785
\$'000	na	_	510	_	na	na	765	na	1 275
	\$'000 on of youth \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000	\$'000 61 220 on of youth justice servi \$'000 na \$'000 na \$'000 2 529 \$'000 2 529 \$'000 61 422 \$'000 61 422 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 1 188	\$'000 61 220 71 544 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 20 690 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 20 690 11 360 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 20 690 11 360 6 730 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 20 690 11 360 6 730 3 360 on of youth justice services \$'000 na	\$'000 61 220 71 544 129 654 20 690 11 360 6 730 3 360 27 467 on of youth justice services \$'000

Table 17A.9 State and Territory government recurrent expenditure on youth justice services, 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Grants for service delivery	\$'000	na	2 294	na	34	na	na	na	2 870	5 198
Grants for capital works	\$'000	na	_	na	na	na	na	na	na	_
Total	\$'000	na	2 294	na	34	na	na	na	2 870	5 198
Operating revenues from ordinary activities	\$'000	_	_	_	420	na	na	na	na	420
Net expenditure (expenditure plus grants less revenues and payroll tax)	\$'000	1 141	2 355	7 071	21 073	1 469	81	765	6 630	40 585
Value of capital assets used in the provision	on of youth	justice servi	ces							
Land	\$'000	_	_	_	681	1 620	na	na	221	2 522
Buildings	\$'000	_	_	_	_	1 596	na	na	2 980	4 576
Plant and equipment	\$'000	_	-	_	1	1	na	na	576	578
Total	\$'000	_	-	_	682	3 217	na	na	3 777	7 676
User cost of capital (based on 8 per cent of total value of capital assets)	\$'000	_	-	_	55	257	na	na	302	614
Total expenditure, including notional user cost of capital	\$'000	1 141	2 355	7 071	21 128	1 726	81	765	6 933	41 199

⁽a) Data are not comparable across jurisdictions and should be interpreted with caution. See table 17A.10 for further information on the comparability of these data.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

⁽b) In Victoria, departmental umbrella expenditure cannot be readily attributed to a specific program or group of clients.

⁽c) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018, 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.

na Not available. - Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.10 Comparability of government recurrent expenditure — items included, 2018-19

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Salary expenses & expenses in the nature of salary								
Included	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Method	Accrual	Actual costs	na	Actual costs	Accrual	Funding	Accrual	Funding
Administrative expenditure								
Included	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
Method	Other	Actual costs	Actual		Actual costs	Actual	Accrual	na
Client costs								
Included	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Other operating expenses (e.g., utilities, maintenance)								
Included	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Debt servicing fees								
Included	×	×	✓	na	✓	×	na	✓
Annual depreciation								
Included	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Method	Straight line	Straight line	Actual	Straight line	Straight line	Actual	Straight line	Straight line
Umbrella department costs								
Included	×	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
Method	na	Pro rata	Actual costs		Actual costs	Departmental formula	FTE employees	Departmental formula

na Not available. .. Not applicable. ✓ Item included. × Item not included.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

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Table 17A.11 Group conferences resulting in an agreement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

		(d), (e)								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Group conferen	ces resu	ılting in an	agreemer	nt						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	412	34	656	1 169	297	17	2	612	3 199
Non- Indigenous	no.	553	160	921	669	703	63	28	62	3 159
Unknown	no.	217	_	120	237	81	28	15	1	699
Total	no.	1 182	194	1 697	2 075	1 081	108	45	675	7 057
Concluded grou	p confei	rences								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	415	34	679	1 342	340	20	2	612	3 444
Non- Indigenous	no.	555	160	945	779	775	66	28	62	3 370
Unknown	no.	219	_	124	253	91	28	18	1	734
Total	no.	1 189	194	1 748	2 374	1 206	114	48	675	7 548
Proportion of gro	oup con	ferences re	esulting in	an agreen	nent					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	99.3	100.0	96.6	87.1	87.4	85.0	100.0	100.0	92.9
Non- Indigenous	%	99.6	100.0	97.5	85.9	90.7	95.5	100.0	100.0	93.7
Unknown	%	99.1	_	96.8	93.7	89.0	100.0	83.3	100.0	95.2
Total	%	99.4	100.0	97.1	87.4	89.6	94.7	93.8	100.0	93.5
2017-18										
Group conferen	ces resu	ılting in an	agreemer	nt						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no.	389	25	568	1 053	281	17	4	474	2 811
Islander Non- Indigenous	no.	529	187	788	854	774	81	39	80	3 332
Unknown	no.	212	_	97	178	38	21	9	13	568
Total	no.	1 130	212	1 453	2 085	1 093	119	52	567	6 711
Concluded grou			212	1 400	2 000	1 000	110	02	001	0711
Aboriginal	P 3011101	3500								
and Torres Strait Islander	no.	391	25	582	1 229	315	20	4	474	3 040
Non- Indigenous	no.	536	187	802	980	841	83	40	80	3 549
Unknown	no.	213	_	101	190	41	22	9	13	589

Table 17A.11 Group conferences resulting in an agreement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	b), (c),	(d), (e)								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total	no.	1 140	212	1 485	2 399	1 197	125	53	567	7 178
Proportion of gro	oup con	ferences re	esulting in	an agreen	nent					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	99.5	100.0	97.6	85.7	89.2	85.0	100.0	100.0	92.5
Non- Indigenous	%	98.7	100.0	98.3	87.1	92.0	97.6	97.5	100.0	93.9
Unknown	%	99.5	_	96.0	93.7	92.7	95.5	100.0	100.0	96.4
Total	%	99.1	100.0	97.8	86.9	91.3	95.2	98.1	100.0	93.5
2016-17										
Group conferen Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	ces resu no.	ulting in an 315	agreemer 28	nt 516	920	345	19	7	349	2 499
Non- Indigenous	no.	442	188	641	933	808	100	50	53	3 215
Unknown	no.	253	_	22	131	41	1	4	_	452
Total	no.	1 010	216	1 179	1 984	1 196	120	61	402	6 168
Concluded grou										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	320	28	539	1 085	428	21	7	349	2 777
Non- Indigenous	no.	447	188	669	1 073	919	110	51	53	3 510
Unknown	no.	255	_	22	144	50	2	4	_	477
Total	no.	1 022	216	1 230	2 302	1 399	133	62	402	6 766
Proportion of gr	oup con	ferences re	esulting in	an agreen	nent					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	98.4	100.0	95.7	84.8	80.6	90.5	100.0	100.0	90.0
Non- Indigenous	%	98.9	100.0	95.8	87.0	87.9	90.9	98.0	100.0	91.6
Unknown	%	99.2	_	100.0	91.0	82.0	50.0	100.0	_	94.8
Total	%	98.8	100.0	95.9	86.2	85.5	90.2	98.4	100.0	91.2
2015-16										
Group conferen	ces resu	ulting in an	agreemer	nt						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	345	38	221	920	272	16	14	382	2 208
Non- Indigenous	no.	534	208	422	875	783	147	82	72	3 123

Table 17A.11 Group conferences resulting in an agreement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

(υ), (C),	(u), (e)								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Unknown	no.	319	_	6	61	46	4	_	_	436
Total	no.	1 198	246	649	1 856	1 101	166	96	454	5 766
Concluded grou	p confer	ences								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	349	38	228	1 132	353	20	14	382	2 516
Non- Indigenous	no.	539	208	430	978	840	158	82	72	3 307
Unknown	no.	321	_	6	69	52	4	_	_	452
Total	no.	1 209	246	664	2 179	1 245	182	96	454	6 275
Proportion of gro	oup conf	erences re	esulting in	an agreen	nent					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	98.9	100.0	96.9	81.3	77.1	80.0	100.0	100.0	87.8
Non- Indigenous	%	99.1	100.0	98.1	89.5	93.2	93.0	100.0	100.0	94.4
Unknown	%	99.4	_	100.0	88.4	88.5	100.0	_	_	96.5
Total	%	99.1	100.0	97.7	85.2	88.4	91.2	100.0	100.0	91.9
-15										
Group conferen Aboriginal and Torres Strait	ces resu no.	ilting in an 353	agreemer 45	nt 189	966	276	16	30	254	2 129
Islander Non-										
Indigenous	no.	528	183	449	936	867	148	82	51	3 244
Unknown	no.	282	_	25	27	70	5	_	_	409
Total	no.	1 163	228	663	1 929	1 213	168	112	305	5 781
Concluded grou	p confer	ences								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	358	45	195	1 104	330	19	30	254	2 140
Non- Indigenous	no.	529	183	457	1 005	958	158	84	51	2 968
Unknown	no.	282	_	25	31	86	5	_	_	404
Total	no.	1 169	228	677	2 140	1 374	182	114	305	6 189
Proportion of gro Aboriginal	oup conf	ferences re	esulting in	an agreen	nent					
and Torres Strait Islander	%	98.6	100.0	96.9	87.5	83.6	84.2	100.0	100.0	99.5
Non- Indigenous	%	99.8	100.0	98.2	93.1	90.5	93.7	97.6	100.0	109.3

Table 17A.11 Group conferences resulting in an agreement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Unknown	%	100.0	_	100.0	87.1	81.4	100.0	_	_	101.2
Total	%	99.5	100.0	97.9	90.1	88.3	92.3	98.2	100.0	93.4

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) It is a requirement of the model in Victoria that all conferences reach agreement. In March 2015 legislative amendment broadened the scope of referrals to Youth Justice Group Conferencing to include any child or young person being considered for a Probation Order, Youth Supervision Order, Youth Attendance Order, Youth Residential Centre Order or Youth Justice Centre Order.
- (b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (c) WA cannot determine conferences explicitly resulting in a written agreement. Figures are for all Juvenile Justice Teams and Court Conferencing services marked as being completed successfully (typically because an action plan is completed). Prior to 2016-17, the number of young people participating in group conferencing did not include court conferencing.
- (d) In the ACT, there are a number of group conferences for which the conference itself satisfies the needs of victims. These conferences are therefore deemed successful and the agreement is that there are no formal tasks. These have been included in the count 'young people who participate in a group conference that resulted in an agreement'. Data for 2016-17 has been updated and may differ from previous publications.
- (e) The NT has amended data for 2014-15 to 2016-17 due to data cleansing and data extraction from live system and finalisation of earlier cases.

na Not available. - Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
018-19										
Case plans prepared	d/reviev	wed within	six week	s of comr	nencing a	sentence	ed <u>comm</u>	unity-base	<u>d</u> order	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	495	45	648	na	43	13	10	na	1 254
Non-Indigenous	no.	618	254	464	na	49	25	41	na	1 451
Unknown	no.	72	_	13	na	_	4	_	na	89
Total	no.	1 185	299	1 125	na	92	42	51	na	2 794
Sentenced commun	ity-bas	ed orders o	commend	ced						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	526	58	801	649	52	24	12	na	1 473
Non-Indigenous	no.	660	333	584	390	55	52	45	na	1 729
Unknown	no.	90	_	15	52	_	10	_	na	115
Total	no.	1 276	391	1 400	1 091	107	86	57	na	3 317
Proportion of comme	enced	community	-based o	rders with	n prepare	d/reveiwe	d case pla	ans		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	94.1	77.6	80.9	na	82.7	54.2	83.3	na	85.1
Non-Indigenous	%	93.6	76.3	79.5	na	89.1	48.1	91.1	na	83.9
Unknown	%	80.0	70.0	86.7	na	_	40.0	J 1. 1	na	77.4
Total	%	92.9	76.5	80.4	na	86.0	48.8	89.5	na	84.2
Case plans prepared					_				iia	04.2
Aboriginal and					3					
Torres Strait Islander	no.	114	7	64	112	8	12	1	na	318
Non-Indigenous	no.	120	53	11	36	5	11	4	na	240
Unknown	no.	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	7
Total	no.	241	60	75	148	13	23	5	na	565
Sentenced detention	order	s commend	ced							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	115	8	67	112	8	12	1	na	323
Non-Indigenous	no.	121	57	18	36	6	11	4	na	253
Unknown	no.	7	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	7
Total	no.	243	65	85	148	14	23	5	na	583
Proportion of comme	enced (detention o	rders wit	h prepare	d/reveiwe	ed case p	lans			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	99.1	87.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	98.5
Non-Indigenous	%	99.2	93.0	61.1	100.0	83.3	100.0	100.0	na	94.9
Unknown	%	100.0	-	_	-	_	-	-	na	100.0

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2017-18										
Case plans prepared	d/revie	wed within	six week	s of comr	mencing a	sentence	ed <u>comm</u> ı	unity-base	<u>d</u> order	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	501	63	650	na	44	13	21	na	1 292
Non-Indigenous	no.	602	407	440	na	75	35	80	na	1 639
Unknown	no.	107	_	20	na	_	1	_	na	128
Total	no.	1 210	470	1 110	na	119	49	101	na	3 059
Sentenced commun	ity-bas	ed orders o	commend	ced						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	523	72	814	745	47	25	28	na	1 509
Non-Indigenous	no.	629	455	568	370	85	70	88	na	1 895
Unknown	no.	112	1	33	43	_	10	_	na	156
Total	no.	1 264	528	1 415	1 158	132	105	116	na	3 560
Proportion of commo	enced	community	-based o	rders with	n prepare	d/reveiwe	d case pla	ans		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	95.8	87.5	79.9	na	93.6	52.0	75.0	na	85.6
Non-Indigenous	%	95.7	89.5	77.5	na	88.2	50.0	90.9	na	86.5
Unknown	%	95.5	_	60.6	na	_	10.0	_	na	82.1
Total	%	95.7	89.0	78.4	na	90.2	46.7	87.1	na	85.9
Case plans prepared					-					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	131	8	57	116	7	5	6	na	330
Non-Indigenous	no.	143	73	9	49	6	12	13	na	305
Unknown	no.	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	4
Total	no.	278	81	66	165	13	17	19	na	639
Sentenced detention	n order	s commend	ced							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	131	9	74	116	8	5	7	na	350
Non-Indigenous	no.	143	82	13	49	6	12	14	na	319
Unknown	no.	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	4
Total	no.	278	91	87	165	14	17	21	na	673
Proportion of comme	enced	detention o	rders wit	h prepare	ed/reveiwe	ed case p	lans			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	88.9	77.0	100.0	87.5	100.0	85.7	na	94.3
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	89.0	69.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.9	na	95.6
Unknown	%	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	100.0
Total	%	100.0	89.0	75.9	100.0	92.9	100.0	90.5	na	94.9

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

sent		d order,								A ,
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2016-17	., .			•			i			
Case plans prepare	d/revie	wed within	six week	s of comr	mencing a	sentence	ed <u>comm</u> ı	unity-base	<u>ed</u> order	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	490	76	448	na	84	11	8	20	1 137
Non-Indigenous	no.	583	409	411	na	74	42	27	2	1 548
Unknown	no.	96	2	9	na	_	1	_	_	108
Total	no.	1 169	487	868	na	158	54	35	22	2 793
Sentenced commun	ity-bas	ed orders	commend	ced						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	516	80	574	841	92	23	14	94	1 393
Non-Indigenous	no.	613	435	524	411	87	72	46	5	1 782
Unknown	no.	110	2	15	24	_	1	_	_	128
Total	no.	1 239	517	1 113	1 276	179	96	60	99	4 579
Proportion of comm	enced	community	/-based o	rders with	n prepared	d/reveiwe	d case pla	ans		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	%	95.0	95.0	78.0	na	91.3	47.8	57.1	21.3	81.6
Islander										
Non-Indigenous	%	95.1	94.0	78.4	na	85.1	58.3	58.7	40.0	86.9
Unknown	%	87.3	100.0	60.0	na	_	100.0	_	_	84.4
Total	%	94.4	94.2	78.0	na	88.3	56.3	58.3	22.2	61.0
Case plans prepare	d/revie	wed within	six week	s of comr	mencing a	sentence	ed <u>detenti</u>	on order		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	143	15	38	133	7	4	1	21	362
Non-Indigenous	no.	126	63	13	38	5	10	8	2	265
Unknown	no.	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4
Total	no.	273	78	51	171	12	14	9	23	631
Sentenced detention	n order	s commen	ced							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	143	15	54	133	8	4	2	31	390
Non-Indigenous	no.	126	67	15	38	6	10	11	2	275
Unknown	no.	4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4
Total	no.	273	82	69	171	14	14	13	33	669
Proportion of comm	enced	detention o	orders wit	h prepare	ed/reveiwe	ed case p	lans			
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	70.4	100.0	87.5	100.0	50.0	67.7	92.8
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	94.0	86.7	100.0	83.3	100.0	72.7	100.0	96.4
Unknown	%	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	100.0
Total	%	100.0	95.1	73.9	100.0	85.7	100.0	69.2	69.7	94.3

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2015-16										
Case plans prepared	d/revie	wed within	six week	s of comr	mencing a	sentence	ed <u>comm</u>	unity-base	<u>d</u> order	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	558	93	578	na	87	14	6	41	1 377
Non-Indigenous	no.	625	483	508	na	80	33	47	1	1 777
Unknown	no.	112	1	19	na	_	_	_	_	132
Total	no.	1 295	577	1 105	na	167	47	53	42	3 286
Sentenced commun	ity-bas	ed orders	commend	ced						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	572	99	674	815	98	24	14	122	1 603
Non-Indigenous	no.	637	494	580	433	89	73	70	2	1 945
Unknown	no.	131	1	21	25	_	_	_	_	153
Total	no.	1 340	594	1 275	1 273	187	97	84	124	4 974
Proportion of commo	enced	community	y-based o	rders with	n prepare	d/reveiwe	d case pla	ans		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	97.6	93.9	85.8	na	88.8	58.3	42.9	33.6	85.9
Non-Indigenous	%	98.1	97.8	87.6	na	89.9	45.2	67.1	50.0	91.4
Unknown	%	85.5	100.0	90.5	na	_	_	_	_	86.3
Total	%	96.6	97.1	86.7	na	89.3	48.5	63.1	33.9	66.1
Case plans prepared	d/revie	wed within	six week	s of comr	nencing a	sentence	ed <u>detenti</u>	<u>on</u> order		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	192	9	52	134	8	2	2	10	409
Non-Indigenous	no.	133	72	18	38	6	11	11	1	290
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	na	_	_	_	_	2
Total	no.	327	81	70	172	14	13	13	11	701
Sentenced detention	order	s commen	ced							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	192	9	65	134	10	2	3	36	451
Non-Indigenous	no.	133	74	22	38	6	11	13	2	299
Unknown	no.	2	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	3
Total	no.	327	83	88	172	16	13	16	38	753
Proportion of comme	enced	detention o	orders wit	h prepare	d/reveiwe	ed case p	lans			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	80.0	100.0	80.0	100.0	66.7	27.8	90.7
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	97.3	81.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	84.6	50.0	97.0
Unknown	%	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	66.7
Total	%	100.0	97.6	79.5	100.0	87.5	100.0	81.3	28.9	93.1

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
014-15										
Case plans prepare	d/reviev	wed within	six week	s of comr	nencing a	sentence	ed <u>comm</u>	unity-base	<u>ed</u> order	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	504	101	600	na	75	4	10	25	1 319
Non-Indigenous	no.	655	557	499	na	94	35	37	5	1 882
Unknown	no.	129	_	36	na	_	5	_	_	170
Total	no.	1 288	658	1 135	na	169	44	47	30	3 371
Sentenced commun	nity-bas	ed orders o	commend	ced						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	516	106	667	867	85	10	14	95	1 493
Non-Indigenous	no.	678	574	565	495	99	75	55	10	2 056
Unknown	no.	144	_	40	18	_	7	_	_	191
Total	no.	1 338	680	1 272	1 380	184	92	69	105	5 120
Dranartian of comm	anaad .	a a mana un itu	based a	rdoro with	nronoros	d/rovojuvo	الم مممه الم	200		
Proportion of comm	encea	Community	-based o	rders with	i preparec	ı/reveiwe	u case pi	ans		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	97.7	95.3	90.0	na	88.2	40.0	71.4	26.3	88.3
Non-Indigenous	%	96.6	97.0	88.3	na	94.9	46.7	67.3	50.0	91.5
Unknown	%	89.6	_	90.0	na	_	71.4	_	_	89.0
Total	%	96.3	96.8	89.2	na	91.8	47.8	68.1	28.6	65.8
Case plans prepare	d/reviev	wed within	six week	s of comr	nencing a	sentence	ed <u>detent</u> i	on order		
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	174	20	40	159	10	2	3	11	419
Non-Indigenous	no.	157	99	29	52	6	10	1	1	355
Unknown	no.	3	na	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
Total	no.	334	119	69	211	16	12	4	12	777
Sentenced detention	n order	s commend	ced							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	174	21	47	159	12	2	3	24	442
Non-Indigenous	no.	157	100	32	52	8	10	1	1	361
Unknown	no.	3	na	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
Total	no.	334	121	79	211	20	12	4	25	806
Proportion of comm	enced (detention o	rders wit	h prepare	d/reveiwe	ed case pl	lans			
Aboriginal and			0.7.0		100.0	83.3	100.0	100.0	45.8	94.8
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	95.2	85.1	100.0	00.0	100.0		10.0	
Torres Strait Islander										
Torres Strait	% % %	100.0 100.0 100.0	95.2 99.0 na	90.6	100.0	75.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.3 100.0

Table 17A.12 Case plans prepared/reviewed within 6 weeks of commencing a sentenced order, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions or over time within some jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within some jurisdictions over time (see caveats for specific jurisdictions).

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

- (a) Data may not be comparable across jurisdictions due to differences in legislative requirements, for example, the order types that require case management and the procedures required to complete the case plan. There are also differences across jurisdictions regarding 'breaks' in continuous periods of supervision, which might impact on data comparability.
- (b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore, data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (c) In WA, it is departmental policy that a case planning review be conducted for all youth under supervision every six weeks. The data collection for this process is currently under review. From 2014-15, community-based case planing data was not available. Data for case plans prepared for detention orders excludes sentenced detention commencements on account of breaches of early release orders only (that is, where there is no new offence) as no new case plan is required in these instances.
- (d) For SA, data for 2014-15 to 2017-18 has been revised from previous reports.
- (e) For Tasmania, performance for this indicator may be lower relative to other jurisdictions where all supervised orders require case management, or where the provision to breach the order within six weeks due to non-compliance is available, or where the requirements to develop a case plan are not as strict, or where the definition of 'break in supervision' is different. In Tasmania Indigenous status is no longer being cross-checked with data from other databases. As a result, the proportion of clients with an 'unknown' Indigenous status is expected to be higher than in previous years. Any comparison of the Indigenous status breakdown between years should be made with caution.
- (f) For the ACT, data for 2015-16 onwards are not comparable with previous years due to a continuing period of reform, including the integration of child protection and youth justice, and a new service delivery model for out-of-home care.
- (g) In the NT, case plans are prepared within 8 weeks. Data has been manually collated and integrity cannot be assured. Data for 2017-18 and 2018-19 are not available due to an operational change.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

(a), (D), (C	<i>)</i> , (u), (e), (i	,							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Young people in detention	n of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	g an educatio	on course					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	58.5	16.0	60.0	83.0	13.0	3.0	4.0	na	237.5
Non-Indigenous	no.	51.8	93.0	16.0	18.8	6.0	5.8	12.0	na	203.3
Unknown	no.	2.5	_	1.0	3.3	_	_	_	na	6.8
Total	no.	113.0	109.0	76.0	105.0	19.0	9.0	16.0	na	447.0
Young people in detention	n of comp	oulsory school	age who are	eligible to att	tend an educ	ation course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	58.5	16.0	60.0	85.3	13.0	3.0	4.0	na	239.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	51.8	93.0	16.0	19.5	6.0	5.8	12.0	na	204.0
Unknown	no.	2.5	_	1.0	3.3	_	_	_	na	6.8
Total	no.	113.0	109.0	76.0	108.3	19.0	9.0	16.0	na	450.3
Proportion of young peop	ole in dete	ntion of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	ig an educati	on course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.1
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.6
Unknown	%	100.0	_	100.0	100.0	_	_	_	na	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.3
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of c	ompulsory sch	ool age atter	nding educati	on or training)				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	67.5	7.0	87.0	7.0	5.0	1.0	4.0	na	178.5
Non-Indigenous	no.	81.8	65.0	46.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	8.0	na	208.8
Unknown	no.	2.3	_	_	0.8	_	_	_	na	3.0
Total	no.	152.0	72.0	133.0	10.8	9.0	2.0	12.0	na	390.8

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of co	ompulsory sch	ool age eligik	ole to attend o	education or	training				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	67.5	7.0	87.0	7.3	5.0	1.0	4.0	na	178.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	81.8	65.0	46.0	3.3	4.0	1.0	8.0	na	209.0
Unknown	no.	2.3	_	_	0.8	_	_	_	na	3.0
Total	no.	152.0	72.0	133.0	11.3	9.0	2.0	12.0	na	391.3
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion <u>not</u> of co	mpulsory sch	nool age atter	nding educati	on or training	I			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.9
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.9
Unknown	%	100.0	_	_	100.0	_	_	_	na	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	99.9
17-18										
Young people in detention	n of comp	ulsory school	age attending	g an educatio	n course					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	69.0	17.0	69.8	62.5	13.0	2.7	5.0	na	239.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	64.3	99.0	24.5	24.0	9.0	5.0	23.0	na	248.8
Unknown	no.	2.3	_	1.0	2.3	_	_	_	na	5.5
Total	no.	135.5	116.0	95.0	88.8	22.0	7.7	28.0	na	493.0
Young people in detention	n of comp	ulsory school	age who are	eligible to att	end an educ	ation course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	69.0	17.0	69.8	90.5	13.0	2.7	5.0	na	267.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	64.3	99.0	24.5	28.3	9.0	5.0	23.0	na	253.0
Unknown	no.	2.3	_	1.0	2.8	_	_	_	na	6.0
Total	no.	135.5	116.0	95.0	121.5	22.0	7.7	28.0	na	525.7

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

(u)	, (~), (°	<i>)</i> , (a), (c), (i	<u> </u>							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	g an educati	on course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	69.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	89.5
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	85.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	98.3
Unknown	%	100.0	_	100.0	81.8	_	_	_	na	91.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	73.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	93.8
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of co	ompulsory sch	ool age atter	nding educati	on or training	l				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	64.3	13.0	66.5	7.3	6.0	1.0	9.0	na	167.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	84.5	64.0	30.8	5.3	3.0	1.7	17.0	na	206.2
Unknown	no.	3.0	_	1.3	0.5	_	_	_	na	4.8
Total	no.	151.8	77.0	98.5	13.0	9.0	2.7	26.0	na	378.0
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of co	ompulsory sch	ool age eligil	ble to attend	education or	training				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	64.3	13.0	66.5	12.5	6.0	1.0	9.0	na	172.3
Non-Indigenous	no.	84.5	64.0	30.8	8.3	3.0	1.7	17.0	na	209.2
Unknown	no.	3.0	_	1.3	0.5	_	_	_	na	4.8
Total	no.	151.8	77.0	98.5	21.3	9.0	2.7	26.0	na	386.2
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion <u>not</u> of co	mpulsory scl	nool age atter	nding educat	ion or traininເ)			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	58.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	97.0
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.2	63.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	98.6
Unknown	%	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	_	_	_	na	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	61.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	97.9

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>,</i> , (~ <i>)</i> , (~	<i>)</i> , (4 <i>)</i> , (9 <i>)</i> , (•	<u>/</u>							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2016-17										
Young people in detentio	n of comp	oulsory school	age attendin	g an educatio	on course					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	77.3	12.0	72.3	77.0	17.0	1.5	6.0	11.5	274.5
Non-Indigenous	no.	53.0	104.0	23.8	23.0	9.0	5.3	12.0	_	230.0
Unknown	no.	2.0	na	_	3.0	_	_	_	_	5.0
Total	no.	132.3	116.0	96.0	103.0	26.0	6.8	18.0	11.5	509.6
Young people in detention	n of comp	oulsory school	age who are	eligible to at	tend an educ	ation course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	77.3	12.0	72.3	82.0	17.0	1.5	6.0	11.5	279.5
Non-Indigenous	no.	53.0	104.0	23.8	24.0	9.0	5.3	12.0	_	231.0
Unknown	no.	2.0	na	_	3.0	_	_	_	_	5.0
Total	no.	132.3	116.0	96.0	109.0	26.0	6.8	18.0	11.5	515.6
Proportion of young peop	ole in dete	ntion of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	ıg an educati	on course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	93.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.2
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	99.6
Unknown	%	100.0	na	_	100.0	_	_	_	_	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	94.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.8
Young people in detentio	n <u>not</u> of c	ompulsory sch	nool age atter	nding educati	on or training]				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	65.0	12.0	50.8	10.0	7.0	1.5	6.0	2.8	155.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	75.0	58.0	29.3	4.0	3.0	2.8	15.0	0.8	187.8
Unknown	no.	1.0	na	0.8	_	_	_	_	_	1.8
Total	no.	141.0	70.0	80.8	14.0	10.0	4.0	21.0	3.5	344.3

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of co	ompulsory sch	ool age eligil	ole to attend	education or	training				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	65.0	12.0	50.8	12.0	7.0	1.5	6.0	3.3	157.5
Non-Indigenous	no.	75.0	58.0	29.3	6.0	3.0	2.8	15.0	0.8	189.8
Unknown	no.	1.0	na	8.0	_	_	_	_	_	1.8
Total	no.	141.0	70.0	80.8	18.0	10.0	4.0	21.0	4.0	348.8
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion <u>not</u> of co	mpulsory sch	nool age atter	nding educati	on or training	l			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	83.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	84.6	98.4
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	66.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.9
Unknown	%	100.0	na	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	77.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	87.5	98.7
15-16										
Young people in detention	n of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	g an educatio	n course					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	79.0	12.0	64.0	74.0	15.0	1.3	10.0	17.5	272.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	53.0	56.0	21.0	22.0	8.0	3.3	16.0	_	179.3
Unknown	no.	2.0	_	na	0.8	na	_	_	_	2.8
Total	no.	134.0	68.0	85.0	96.5	23.0	4.6	26.0	17.8	454.8
Young people in detention	n of comp	ulsory school	age who are	eligible to att	end an educ	ation course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	79.0	12.0	64.0	82.2	15.0	1.3	10.0	17.5	281.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	53.0	56.0	21.0	24.0	8.0	3.3	16.0	_	181.3
Unknown	no.	2.0	_	na	8.0	na	_	_	_	2.8
Total	no.	134.0	68.0	85.0	107.0	23.0	4.6	26.0	17.8	465.3

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

(a)	, (b), (c	<i>)</i> , (u), (e), (i	,							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion of compu	ulsory school	age attendin	g an educati	on course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	90.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.1
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	91.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	98.9
Unknown	%	100.0	_	na	100.0	na	_	_	_	100.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	90.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.7
oung people in detention	n <u>not</u> of c	ompulsory sch	ool age atter	nding education	on or training]				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	68.5	18.0	56.0	7.5	8.0	1.0	5.0	6.3	170.3
Non-Indigenous	no.	79.8	106.0	32.0	3.5	4.0	2.8	7.0	_	235.0
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	148.3	124.0	87.0	11.0	12.0	3.8	12.0	6.3	404.3
oung people in detention	n <u>not</u> of c	ompulsory sch	ool age eligil	ble to attend e	education or	training				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	68.5	18.0	56.0	9.5	8.0	1.0	5.0	6.8	172.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	79.8	106.0	32.0	7.0	4.0	2.8	7.0	_	238.5
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	148.3	124.0	87.0	16.5	12.0	3.8	12.0	6.8	410.3
Proportion of young peop	le in dete	ntion <u>not</u> of co	mpulsory scl	nool age atter	nding educat	ion or traininເ	9			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	78.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.6	98.6
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	98.5
Unknown	%	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	66.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.6	98.5
Unknown Total Proportion of young peop Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown	no. no. le in dete % % %	- 148.3 ntion <u>not</u> of co 100.0 -	– 124.0 mpulsory sch 100.0 –	– 87.0 nool age atter 100.0 100.0	– 16.5 nding educat 78.9 50.0	– 12.0 ion or training 100.0 100.0	- 3.8 100.0 100.0 -	100.0 100.0 100.0	92	_ . 8 .6 _

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

(a), (D), (C	<i>)</i> , (u), (e), (i)							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2014-15										
Young people in detention	n of comp	oulsory school	age attendin	g an educatio	on course					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	82.5	11.0	65.0	80.3	13.0	1.5	4.0	31.0	288.3
Non-Indigenous	no.	43.5	37.0	26.0	26.0	9.0	4.3	10.0	2.0	157.8
Unknown	no.	2.0	_	_	0.5	_	_	_	_	2.5
Total	no.	128.0	48.0	91.0	106.8	22.0	5.8	14.0	33.0	448.5
Young people in detention	n of comp	oulsory school	age who are	eligible to att	tend an educ	ation course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	82.5	11.0	65.0	83.0	13.0	1.5	4.0	31.0	291.0
Non-Indigenous	no.	43.5	37.0	26.0	28.3	9.0	4.3	10.0	2.0	160.0
Unknown	no.	2.0	_	_	8.0	_	_	_	_	2.8
Total	no.	128.0	48.0	91.0	112.0	22.0	5.8	14.0	33.0	453.8
Proportion of young peop	ole in dete	ntion of comp	ulsory school	age attendin	g an educati	on course				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.1
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.6
Unknown	%	100.0	_	_	66.7	_	_	_	_	90.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.8
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of c	ompulsory sch	nool age atter	nding educati	on or training	9				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	65.3	16.0	43.0	18.0	3.0	1.0	7.0	12.0	165.3
Non-Indigenous	no.	90.8	90.0	29.0	9.5	5.0	4.0	14.0	_	242.3
Unknown	no.	2.5	na	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.5
Total	no.	158.5	106.0	72.0	27.5	8.0	5.0	21.0	12.0	410.0

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Young people in detention	n <u>not</u> of co	ompulsory sch	ool age eligil	ole to attend e	education or	training				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	65.3	16.0	43.0	23.5	3.0	1.0	7.0	12.0	170.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	90.8	90.0	29.0	12.0	5.0	4.0	14.0	_	244.8
Unknown	no.	2.5	na	_	1.0	_	_	_	_	3.5
Total	no.	158.5	106.0	72.0	36.5	8.0	5.0	21.0	12.0	419.0
Proportion of young peop	le in deter	ntion <u>not</u> of co	mpulsory sch	nool age atter	nding educati	ion or training	I			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	76.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.8
Non-Indigenous	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	79.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	99.0
Unknown	%	100.0	na	_	_	_	_	_	_	71.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	75.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.9

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions or over time within some jurisdictions but are comparable (subject to caveats) within some jurisdictions over time (see caveats for specific jurisdictions).

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

- (a) The method for counting young people attending education differs across jurisdictions, with one of the following three methods used: (1) an exceptions basis where the number of young people who do not attend is recoded and it is taken that all other young people are attending (2) daily data averaged over the number of school days in the financial year, or (3) averaging the number of young people as at the second last day of each school term or an alternative day as required. SA, Tasmania and the ACT use method 2. NSW, Victoria, Queensland and WA use method 3.
- (b) For NSW, Average number of young people as at the second last day of each school term. Data for 2014-15 were collected on 19 September 2014; 19 December 2014; 2 April 2015; 26 June 2015.
- (c) As Victoria's dual track system allows for young people aged 18-20 years to be sentenced to a youth justice facility, totals for young people in detention not of compulsory school age include adults detained in a youth justice facility. With relatively small populations in youth justice custody, small fluctuations in client numbers may result in significant differences in participation rates.

WA

SA

Tas

ACT

NT

Aust

Table 17A.13 Proportion of young people in detention attending education and training, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

Qld

- (d) It is Queensland policy that all young people in detention are engaged in education and/or training. Compulsory school age category for Queensland includes young people aged 10-15 years. Non-compulsory school age category for Queensland includes young people aged 16 years and over. Data only includes those young people in a detention centre. From 12 February 2018, 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (e) In WA, data are based on an average of four census dates, one in each term. In 2015-16 the total number of young people in detention for WA includes those engaged in training that has no formal accreditation component.
- (f) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

NSW

Vic

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Unit

Table 17A.14 Programs to address offending behaviour

NSW

NSW uses the Youth Level of Service/Case Management Inventory to assess young offenders' level of risk and to develop individualised case management plans in response to identified criminogenic needs. Changing Habits and Reaching Targets (CHART) is the primary offence focused intervention used across NSW. CHART is a cognitive behavioural program that can be adapted to each young offenders' criminogenic needs and is facilitated by caseworkers in community and custody. Other programs delivered to young offenders in NSW include: X-Roads, an individual intervention for young people with significant substance misuse issues; Dthina Yuwali, an Aboriginal-specific Alcohol and Other Drugs group work program; and My Journey My Life, a group program for young Aboriginal males that aims to reduce the incidence of family and inter-generational violence. NSW also funds non-government organisations to provide a Rural Residential Alcohol and Other Drug Rehabilitation program, the Youth on Track early intervention scheme, an Aboriginal Reintegration and Transition program, a Veterans Mentoring program and other case management, mentoring and accommodation support programs.

Vic

Victoria offers a range of offending-specific programs in conjunction with a comprehensive individualised case planning framework (including assessment and client service planning). 'Changing Habits and Reaching Targets' (CHART) is a structured intervention program which challenges offending behaviour. CHART is used as part of casework intervention with individuals or in small groups. The 'Male Adolescent Program for Positive Sexuality' is an intensive individual, group and family treatment program for young people found guilty of sexual offences. Victoria has introduced a new violence reduction program aimed at reducing the likelihood of future violent offending by young people. The Adolescent Violence Intervention Program (AVIP) is a multi-modular Cognitive Behavioural Therapy intervention that targets factors that research consistently shows are associated with violence in young people. The 'Motor Vehicle Offending Program' is provided in conjunction with the Transport Accident Commission and Road Trauma Support Unit. It addresses specific behaviours related to motor vehicle offences.

Qld

In the Queensland youth justice system, a young person's risk, needs and protective factors are assessed using the Youth Level of Service Case Management Inventory (YLS-CMI) to determine both suitability for programs and to assess outcomes. Youth Justice delivers two state-wide offence-focused programs to young offenders in regional service centres throughout Queensland and in youth detention. The programs are Changing Habits and Reaching Targets (CHART) and Aggression Replacement Training (ART). Additionally, Queensland's two youth detention centres and 17 youth justice service centres deliver a range of tailored programs to young offenders. This includes programs targeted at improving offender health and wellbeing, adventure interventions, cultural and spiritual programs; and reintegration and transition programs, such as financial literacy, parenting skills and driver education programs. The programs delivered to young people align with the Queensland Youth Justice Intervention Framework. This framework details an evidence-based process for the development, implementation and evaluation of programs. Under the framework, youth justice supervises court orders and conditional bail programs, provides offence-focused programs, and delivers needs-based case management and referral to education, health and other support services which are delivered primarily through government and non government organisations. As part of ongoing renewal of Queensland's youth justice system, programs will continue to be subject to review and/or new programs developed to maintain evidence-based responses for reducing offending and re-offending by young people.

Table 17A.14 Programs to address offending behaviour

WA

Youth Justice Services (YJS) provides a range of programs to young people in the community and in custody across Western Australia. These programs seek to address health, rehabilitative, recreational, cultural and educational needs and are delivered by either Departmental staff or external service providers. New service agreements, which incorporate the Aboriginal Youth Services Investment Priorities and Principles, commenced on 1 January 2017. The programs are implemented across the state in the community and in Banksia Hill Detention Centre, with the majority of programs delivered across the custodial and community settings including a through care component to ensure young people have access to supports throughout their contact with the youth justice system.

The new service agreements were the first agreements for the Department to include a requirement for service providers to adhere to the Principles for Child Safety in Organisations, endorsed by the Australian Children's Commissioners and Guardians.

SA

SA's youth justice system provides rehabilitation and treatment programs for young people through Youth Justice Psychology Services (YJPS). These are integrated with case management services. Specific services include the provision of clinical/forensic psychological assessments to assist case planning and case management and the delivery of individual therapeutic intervention and group based rehabilitation programs. The PLUS+ program is an intensive, group based, criminogenic treatment program based upon cognitive-behavioural principles delivered by YJPS. The primary objective of the program is to help young people acquire, develop and apply a series of social problem-solving, interpersonal, and self-control skills that will enable them to better manage potential difficulties in their lives and to avoid future reoffending. YJPS prioritises young people who are at high risk of re-offending and who have been convicted of serious offences. A range of rehabilitation and support programs are offered to young people who are under the supervision of either community-based or custodial Youth Justice. Rehabilitation programs currently offered include Ignition, Changing Habits and Reaching Targets (CHART), Systematic Training for Anger Reduction (STAR), and drug and alcohol intervention through Drug and Alcohol Services SA (DASSA). In collaboration with sector and community partners Youth Justice offers a range of developmental, health and social integration programs including D-Stress and the Step Out Mentoring Program. SA acknowledges the important role culture plays in the positive growth and development of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people within their family, cultural community and wider community. Aboriginal young people and their families are provided with access to a range of cultural support services and Aboriginal programs delivered by Aboriginal-specific service providers including Metropolitan Aboriginal-Specific service providers including Metropolitan Aboriginal Services (MAYFS) Warpulaiend

Tas

Tasmania utilises the Youth Level of Service/Case Management Inventory risk assessment tool and the Changing Habits and Reaching Targets (CHART) offending behaviour program. The tools support a modular and structured approach to working with young people who are at a high risk of reoffending. Tasmania also sources expertise from a range of government, non-government and community based services to provide offending-specific programs to young people based on their assessed risk and need. The community-based Targeted Youth Support Service provides intensive case management and interventions for vulnerable young people and their families. The target groups for this service are young people identified as having significant and/or multiple risk issues and without intensive support, young people known to child protection, and young people at risk of entry and/or escalation within the youth justice system. Save the Children runs two (state-wide) programs: the Transition from Detention program assists young people to reintegrate back into the community after being detained in Ashley Youth Detention Centre, and the Supporting Young People on Bail Program which supports young people placed on Court Bail.

Table 17A.14 Programs to address offending behaviour

ACT

The ACT develops bespoke programs to meet the individual needs of young people, utilising experts in the field to ensure the best outcomes. In addition, the ACT utilises the offending-specific program Changing Habits and Reaching Targets (CHART). CHART is designed specifically for young people assessed as moderate to high-risk of reoffending. This behaviour program is used by staff as part of their case work intervention either with individuals or with small groups of two to three clients. CHART is evidence-based and is informed by the 'What Works' approach to offender rehabilitation. This approach is characterised by the application of five basic principles of good practice for effective interventions: risk, needs, responsiveness, program integrity and professional discretion.

NT

The NT provides a number of offending-specific programs to assist young people and inmates in contact with the criminal justice system. Programs offered in the NT include: sex offender treatment programs; violent offender treatment programs; the Safe, Sober, Strong Program; and the Family Violence Program. These programs are offered to inmates in adult correctional centres and youth detention centres. The programs are facilitated by psychologists and social workers with experience in these areas. The Intensive Alcohol and Drug Program is facilitated and run by non-government organisations. In addition, individual treatment programs are provided to inmates and young people with an identified need for specific treatment programs. The programs are based on cognitive behavioural therapy. A 'hands on' approach, as distinct from a 'classroom style' approach, has been adopted in facilitating these programs to reflect cultural differences, language difficulties and lower literacy levels which inmates or youth detainees in these programs may experience. The NT adult correctional and youth justice systems have a disproportionately high number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in custody or detention. Accordingly, input has been provided by an Indigenous Torres Strait Islander Consultative Committee and from Indigenous employees attached to the Offender Services, Programs and Indigenous Affairs Division to ensure programs are relevant and appropriate.

Table 17A.15 **Deaths in custody, by Indigenous status**

Table ITA. 15 L		MOIA					T	407	A / T	A 1
0040.40	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19	,									
Young people who		custody								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Islander	110.									
Non-Indigenou	ıs no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2017-18										
Young people who	o died in	custody								
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenou	ıs no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
2016-17										
Young people who		custody								
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenou	ıs no	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2015-16	110.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Young people who	o died in	custody								
Aboriginal and		loublouy								
Torres Strait	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Islander										
Non-Indigenou	ıs no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014-15										
Young people who		custody								
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenou	ıs no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
018-19									
Young people in cus	stody inj	ured as a re	sult of a se	rious assa	ult				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	7	5	1	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	9	11	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	18	16	1	_	_	_	_	-
Rate of young peop	le in cus	stody injured	as a result	of a serio	us assault _l	per 10 000	custody r	nights	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.5	4.4	0.2	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.9	1.9	_	_	_	_	_	-
Unknown	rate	11.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total	rate	1.9	2.3	0.1	_	-	_	_	_
Staff injured as a re	sult of a	serious ass	ault						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	1	_
Unknown	no.	_	10	_	4	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	-	10	_	4	-	_	1	_
Rate of staff injured	as a re	sult of a serio	ous assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	-	na	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	2.5	_
Unknown	rate	_	1.4	_	8.0	_	_	_	=
Total	rate	_	1.4	_	8.0	_	_	2.5	-
Young people and s	taff inju	red as a resu	ult of a seri	ous assau	lt				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	7	5	1	na	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	9	11	_	na	_	_	1	-
Unknown	no.	2	10	_	4	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	18	26	1	4	_	_	1	-
Rate of young peop	le and s	taff injured a	s a result o	of a serious	s assault pe	er 10 000 d	custody nię	ghts	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.7	0.7	0.1	na	-	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.9	1.6	_	na	_	_	2.5	_
Unknown	rate	0.2	1.4	_	8.0	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	1.9	3.7	0.1	0.8	_	_	2.5	_

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
017-18									
Young people in cus	stody inj	ured as a res	sult of a se	rious assa	ult				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	-	1	3	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	no.	1	1	_	1	_	_	_	-
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	1	1	1	4	_	_	-	-
Rate of young peop	le in cus	stody injured	as a result	of a serio	us assault	per 10 000	custody r	nights	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	0.2	0.8	-	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.2	0.2	_	0.7	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	_	_	_	_
Staff injured as a re	sult of a	serious ass	ault						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	1	_	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	1	_	_	5	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	1	1	_	5	_	_	_	_
Rate of staff injured		sult of a serio	ous assaul	t per 10 00		niahts			
Aboriginal and				•	,	5			
Torres Strait Islander	rate	-	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	0.1	_	na	_	_	_	-
Unknown	rate	0.1	_	_	0.9	_	_	_	-
Total	rate	0.1	0.1	_	0.9	_	_	-	-
Young people and s	staff inju	red as a resu	ılt of a seri	ous assau	lt				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	1	na	-	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	1	2	_	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	1	_	_	5	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	2	2	1	9	_	_	_	_
Rate of young peop	le and s	taff injured a	s a result o	of a serious	s assault pe	er 10 000 d	custody nig	ghts	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	-	0.1	na	-	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.1	0.3	_	na	_	_	_	-
Unknown	rate	0.1	_	_	0.9	_	_	_	-
Total	rate	0.2	0.3	0.1	1.7	_	_	_	_

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
016-17									
Young people in cus Aboriginal and	stody inj	ured as a res	sult of a se	rious assa	ult				
Torres Strait Islander	no.	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	2
Non-Indigenous	no.	5	2	_	1	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	6	2	_	2	_	_	-	2
Rate of young peop	le in cus	stody injured	as a result	of a serio	us assault	per 10 000	custody r	nights	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.2	-	_	0.3	_	_	_	1.6
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.1	0.3	_	0.7	_	_	_	-
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.6	0.3	_	0.4	_	_	_	1.5
Staff injured as a re	sult of a	serious ass	ault						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no.				na				
Islander	110.	_	_	-	na	_	_	_	1
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	3
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	7	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	2	-	-	7	-	-	-	4
Rate of staff injured	l as a re	sult of a serio	ous assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	-	-	na	-	_	_	0.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	2.2
Unknown	rate	0.2	_	_	1.4	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.2	-	_	1.4	_	-	-	2.9
Young people and s	staff inju	red as a resu	ılt of a seri	ous assau	lt				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1	-	-	na	-	_	_	3
Non-Indigenous	no.	5	2	_	na	_	_	_	3
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	7	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	8	2	_	9	_	_	_	6
Rate of young peop	le and s	taff injured a	s a result o	of a serious	s assault p	er 10 000 d	custody nig	ghts	
Aboriginal and		•			·				
Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.1	_	_	na	_	_	_	2.2
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.5	0.3	_	na	_	_	_	2.2
Unknown	rate	0.2	_	_	1.4	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.8	0.3	_	1.7	_	_	_	4.4

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	N7
15-16									
Young people in cu	stody inj	ured as a re	sult of a se	rious assa	ult				
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	6	1	_	_	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	no.	-	6	1	_	_	_	_	
Rate of young peop	le in cus	stody injured	as a result	of a serio	us assault	per 10 000	custody n	ights	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	1.2	0.5	_	_	_	_	11
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	rate	_	1.0	0.1	_	_	_	_	0
Staff injured as a re	sult of a	serious ass	ault						
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	na	1	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	1	-	3	_	_	_	
Total	no.	_	1	_	3	1	_	_	
Rate of staff injured	l as a re	sult of a seri	ous assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody	nights			
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	na	0.5	_	_	
Unknown	rate	_	0.2	_	0.6	_	_	_	
Total	rate	-	0.2	_	0.6	0.5	_	-	
Young people and s	staff inju	red as a resu	ult of a seri	ous assau	lt				
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	6	1	na	1	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	1	_	3	_	_	_	
Total	no.	-	7	1	3	1	_	_	
Rate of young peop	le and s	taff injured a	s a result o	of a serious	s assault p	er 10 000 d	custody nig	ghts	
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	na	_	-	_	
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	1.0	0.1	na	0.5	_	_	0
Unknown	rate	_	0.2	_	0.6	_	_	_	
Total	rate	_	1.1	0.1	0.6	0.5	_	_	0

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
14-15									
Young people in cu	stody inj	ured as a res	sult of a se	rious assa	ult				
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	-	_	_	na	-	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	4	_	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	no.	_	4	_	na	_	_	_	
Rate of young peop	le in cus	stody injured	as a result	of a serio	us assault _l	per 10 000	custody n	ights	
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	-	-	-	na	-	_	-	0
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	0.9	_	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	rate	_	0.8	_	na	_	_	_	0
Staff injured as a re	sult of a	serious ass	ault						
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	1	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	no.	-	_	1	na	-	_	-	
Rate of staff injured	l as a re	sult of a serio	ous assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	0.2	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	rate	-	_	0.2	na	_	_	-	
Young people and s	staff inju	red as a resu	ılt of a seri	ous assau	lt				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	-	-	_	na	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	4	1	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	no.	_	4	1	na	_	_	_	
Rate of young peop		taff iniured a	s a result o	of a serious		er 10 000 o	custody nic	ahts	
Aboriginal and		,			'		, ,	,	
Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	0
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	8.0	0.2	na	_	_	_	
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	
Total	rate	_	0.8	0.2	na	_	_	_	0.

Table 17A.16 Serious assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time but are comparable (subject to caveats) over time for other jurisdictions.

- Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.
- (a) Serious assaults inlcudes sexual assaults. Sexual assaults are defined according to each jurisdiction's own legislation.
- (b) The denominator for calculating rates of 'staff injured' and rates of 'staff and young people injured' was changed for the 2014 Report to total custody nights for all categories of 'staff' and 'staff and young people' and therefore historical rates will differ from those in previous reports. The reason for this change is that staff of any Indigenous status may be injured by detainees of any Indigenous status.
- (c) In NSW, analysis of incidents of assaults was improved for 2016-17. This represents a break in the series and data are not comparable with previous years.
- (d) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore, data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years. In 2015-16 Queensland made a change in incident classification which has resulted in improved reporting through multi-classification. This represents a break in the series and data are not comparable across time.
- (e) In WA, Indigenous status of staff is not available. Data were not available prior to 2015-16.

na Not available. - Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
018-19									
Young people in cu	ıstody inj	ured as a resu	ılt of an as	sault					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	37	15	20	44	1	9	5	6
Non-Indigenous	s no.	58	79	13	17	4	13	_	_
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	97	94	33	61	5	22	5	6
Rate of young peop	ple in cus	stody injured a	s a result o	of an assa	ult per 10 00	00 custod	ly nights		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	8.0	13.2	3.6	11.7	1.2	56.9	46.6	4.8
Non-Indigenous	rate	12.0	13.5	6.0	14.9	6.8	49.9	_	_
Unknown	rate	11.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	10.0	13.5	4.2	12.5	3.5	52.5	12.5	4.7
Staff injured as a re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	esult of a	n assault na	-	2	na	_	1	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	na	_	19	na	2	4	3	8
Unknown	no.	41	13	_	124	_	_	_	3
Total	no.	41	13	21	124	2	5	3	11
Rate of staff injured Aboriginal and	d as a re	sult of an assa		000 custo	dy nights				
Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	_	0.3	na	_	2.4	_	-
Non-Indigenous	rate	na	_	2.4	na	1.4	9.5	7.5	6.3
Unknown	rate	4.2	1.9	_	25.4	_	_	_	2.3
Total	rate	4.2	1.9	2.7	25.4	1.4	11.9	7.5	8.6
Young people and	staff inju	red as a result	of an ass	ault					
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	15	22	na	1	10	5	6
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	79	32	na	6	17	3	8
Unknown	no.	43	13	_	124	_	_	_	3
Total	no.	138	107	54	185	7	27	8	17
Rate of young peop Aboriginal and	ple and s	taff injured as	a result of	an assaul	t per 10 000) custody	nights		
Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	2.2	2.8	na	0.7	23.9	12.5	4.7
Non-Indigenous		na	11.3	4.1	na	4.2	40.6	7.5	6.3
Unknown	rate	4.5	1.9	_	25.4	_	_	_	2.3
Total	rate	14.3	15.3	6.9	37.9	4.9	64.5	20.0	13.3

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
2017-18									
Young people in cu	ustody inj	ured as a resu	lt of an as	sault					
Aboriginal and			_			_	_		. =
Torres Strait Islander	no.	22	4	23	18	6	6	_	15
Non-Indigenous	s no.	37	25	14	14	7	13	_	_
Unknown	no.	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	60	29	37	32	13	19	_	15
Rate of young peo	ple in cus	tody injured as	a result	of an assa	ult per 10 0	00 custod	ly nights		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	4.5	3.4	4.3	4.6	6.0	44.9	-	10.7
Non-Indigenous	s rate	6.9	4.0	6.8	9.4	11.4	46.2	_	_
Unknown	rate	5.4	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	5.7	3.9	5.0	5.9	8.0	45.8	_	10.5
Staff injured as a re	esult of a	n assault							
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	_	2	na	-	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	_	12	na	1	13	4	-
Unknown	no.	30	19	_	55	_	_	_	17
Total	no.	30	19	14	55	1	13	4	17
Rate of staff injure	d as a res	sult of an assa	ult per 10	000 custo	dy nights				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	_	0.3	na	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	na	_	1.6	na	0.6	31.3	7.4	_
Unknown	rate	2.9	2.6	_	10.1	_	_	_	11.9
Total	rate	2.9	2.6	1.9	10.1	0.6	31.3	7.4	11.9
Young people and	staff injui		of an ass						
Aboriginal and	•								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	4	25	na	6	6	_	15
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	25	26	na	8	26	4	_
Unknown	no.	31	19	_	55	_	_	_	17
Total	no.	90	48	51	87	14	32	4	32
Rate of young peop Aboriginal and	ple and s	taff injured as a	a result of	[:] an assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody	nights		
Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	0.5	3.4	na	3.7	14.5	_	10.5
Non-Indigenous	s rate	na	3.4	3.5	na	4.9	62.7	7.4	_
Unknown	rate	3.0	2.6	_	10.1	_	_	_	11.9
Total	rate	8.6	6.5	6.9	16.1	8.6	77.1	7.4	22.4

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
2016-17									
Young people in cu	ustody inj	ured as a resu	lt of an as	sault					
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	27	4	14	na	8	4	_	23
Non-Indigenous	s no.	46	40	5	na	5	12	2	2
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	na	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	75	44	19	na	13	16	2	25
Rate of young peo	ple in cus	stody injured as	s a result	of an assa	ult per 10 0	00 custod	y nights		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	5.1	3.5	3.0	na	7.1	44.3	-	17.9
Non-Indigenous	s rate	10.0	6.9	2.6	na	7.6	39.9	6.6	25.2
Unknown	rate	21.6	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	7.5	6.3	2.9	na	7.3	40.9	5.1	18.3
Staff injured as a re	esult of a	n assault							
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	_	1	na	_	_	-	1
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	_	8	na	7	18	1	9
Unknown	no.	39	16	_	na	_	_	_	5
Total	no.	39	16	9	na	7	18	1	15
Rate of staff injure	d as a re	sult of an assa	ult per 10	000 custo	dy nights				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	-	0.2	na	_	_	-	0.7
Non-Indigenous	s rate	na	_	1.2	na	3.9	46.0	2.5	6.6
Unknown	rate	3.9	2.3	_	na	_	_	_	3.7
Total	rate	3.9	2.3	1.4	na	3.9	46.0	2.5	11.0
Young people and					-				
Aboriginal and	,								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	4	15	na	8	4	_	24
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	40	13	na	12	30	3	11
Unknown	no.	41	16	_	na	_	_	_	5
Total	no.	114	60	28	na	20	34	3	40
Rate of young peop Aboriginal and	ple and s	taff injured as	a result of	[:] an assaul	t per 10 000	0 custody	nights		
Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	0.6	2.3	na	4.5	10.2	_	17.6
Non-Indigenous	s rate	na	5.8	2.0	na	6.7	76.6	7.6	8.1
Unknown	rate	4.1	2.3	_	na	_	_	_	3.7
Total	rate	11.4	8.6	4.3	na	11.2	86.9	7.6	29.3

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
015-16									
Young people in cu	ıstody injı	ured as a resu	ılt of an as	ssault					
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	9	13	25	na	_	3	_	5
Non-Indigenous	s no.	7	38	7	na	6	10	_	-
Unknown	no.	2	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	18	51	32	na	6	13	_	5
Rate of young peop	ple in cus	tody injured a	s a result	of an assa	ult per 10 00	00 custod	y nights		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.6	13.5	5.3	na	_	58.8		3.0
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.5	7.4	3.3	na	7.2	35.2	_	_
Unknown	rate	19.5	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	1.7	8.3	4.7	na	3.0	38.8	_	2.8
Staff injured as a re	esult of a	n assault							
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	_	_	na	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	_	12	na	4	_	2	_
Unknown	no.	36	15	_	na	_	10	_	2
Total	no.	36	15	12	na	4	10	2	2
Rate of staff injure	d as a res	sult of an assa	ult per 10	000 custo	dy nights				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	_	_	na	-	-	_	_
Non-Indigenous	s rate	na	_	1.8	na	2.0	_	6.6	_
Unknown	rate	3.4	2.4	_	na		29.8	_	1.1
Total	rate	3.4	2.4	1.8	na	2.0	29.8	6.6	1.1
Young people and							_0.0		
Aboriginal and	,								
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	13	25	na	_	3	_	5
Non-Indigenous	s no.	na	38	19	na	10	10	2	_
Unknown	no.	38	15	_	na	_	10	_	2
Total	no.	54	66	44	na	10	23	2	7
Rate of young peop	ple and st	taff injured as	a result o	f an assau	lt per 10 000) custody	nights		
Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	2.1	3.7	na	-	8.9	_	2.8
Non-Indigenous	s rate	na	6.2	2.8	na	5.1	29.8	6.6	_
Unknown	rate	3.6	2.4	_	na	_	29.8	_	1.1
Total	rate	5.1	10.8	6.5	na	5.1	68.6	6.6	3.9

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
4-15									
Young people in c Aboriginal and	ustody inju	ıred as a resu	It of an as	sault					
Torres Strait Islander	no.	7	2	10	np	2	2	_	8
Non-Indigenou	s no.	6	18	8	np	13	7	_	1
Unknown	no.	1	_	_	np	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	14	20	18	np	15	9	_	9
Rate of young peo Aboriginal and	ple in cust	tody injured a	s a result	of an assa	ult per 10 0	00 custod	ly nights		
Torres Strait	rate	1.3	2.3	2.5	np	2.0	32.5	_	5.6
Non-Indigenou	s rate	1.2	4.1	3.6	np	13.0	22.3	_	13.0
Unknown	rate	10.8	_	_	np	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	1.3	3.9	2.9	np	15.0	23.9	_	5.9
Staff injured as a r	esult of ar	n assault							
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	_	1	np	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenou	s no.	na	6	17	np	4	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	29	_	_	np	2	9	_	9
Total	no.	29	6	18	np	6	9	-	9
Rate of staff injure	d as a res	ult of an assa	ult per 10	000 custo	dy nights				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	na	_	0.2	np	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenou	s rate	na	1.2	2.8	np	4.0	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	2.8	_	_	np	2.0	23.9	_	5.9
Total	rate	2.8	1.2	2.9	np	6.0	23.9	_	5.9
Young people and	staff injur	ed as a result	of an ass	ault	•				
Aboriginal and									
Torres Strait Islander	no.	na	2	11	np	2	2	_	8
Non-Indigenou	s no.	na	24	25	np	17	7	_	1
Unknown	no.	30	_	_	np	2	9	_	9
Total	no.	43	26	36	np	21	18	-	18
Rate of young peo	ple and st	aff injured as	a result of	an assaul	t per 10 00	0 custody	nights		
Aboriginal and Torres Strait	rate	na	0.4	1.8	np	2.0	5.3	_	5.3
Islander Non-Indigenou	s rate	na	4.6	4.1	nn	17.0	18.6		0.7
Unknown	rate	11a 2.9	4.0	4.1	np	2.0	23.9	_	5.9
			- -	-	np			_	
Total	rate	4.1	5.0	5.8	np	21.0	47.9	-	11.9

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time but are comparable (subject to caveats) over time for other jurisdictions.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

Table 17A.17 Assaults in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT

- (a) Data reported for this indicator are not comparable and need to be interpreted with caution. Methods of data collection vary across jurisdictions (for example, manual case file review compared to the collation of electronic incident reports) and jurisdictions' ability to report on this measure is dependent on relevant incidents having first been documented.
- (b) In NSW the Indigenous status of staff is not available. Analysis of incidents of assaults was improved for 2016-17. This represents a break in the series and data are not comparable with previous years.
- (c) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years. In 2015-16 Queensland made a change in incident classification which has resulted in improved reporting through multi-classification. This represents a break in the series and data are not comparable across time.
- (d) In WA, increases in the rate of assault between 2017-18 and 2018-19 are mainly due to system enhancements that improved the recording of incidents. Indigenous status of staff is not available. Data were not available for 2015-16 and 2016-17. Available data were not published in 2014-15.
- (e) Tasmania has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention and therefore results may fluctuate over time. Due to manual collation of this data in Tasmania, results may neither be fully reliable nor comparable across time for this measure. From 2017-18 the count of assaults in custody in Tasmania includes all young people involved in an incident who were injured, regardless of whether they were the victim or the perpetrator. Also, a change in the review process for assaults in custody has resulted in a more complete data set and a likely increase in the number reported. Nevertheless due to the manual process adopted to collate this information figures should be interpreted with caution.
- (f) Rates should be interpreted with caution for jurisdictions with a small number of detainees. **na** Not available. **np** Not published. Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
018-19										
Nights in custody in detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	46 444	11 388	56 008	37 468	8 415	1 579	1 073	12 477	174 852
Non-Indigenous	no.	48 367	58 334	21 845	11 394	5 898	2 606	2 926	315	151 685
Unknown	no.	1 791	41	125	_	_	_	_	_	1 957
Total	no.	96 602	69 763	77 978	48 862	14 313	4 185	3 999	12 792	328 494
Nights in custody outside detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.		na		na	11	4	_	_	15
Non-Indigenous	no.		na		na	7	_	_	_	7
Unknown	no.		na		na	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.		na		na	18	4	_	_	22
Total custody nights										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	46 444	11 388	56 008	37 468	8 426	1 583	1 073	12 477	174 867
Non-Indigenous	no.	48 367	58 334	21 845	11 394	5 905	2 606	2 926	315	151 692
Unknown	no.	1 791	41	125	_	_	_	_	_	1 957
Total	no.	96 602	69 763	77 978	48 862	14 331	4 189	3 999	12 792	328 516
Average nightly population in detention cent	tres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	127.2	31.2	153.3	102.6	23.0	4.3	2.9	34.2	478.7
Non-Indigenous	no.	132.4	159.7	59.8	31.2	16.1	7.1	8.0	0.9	415.3
Unknown	no.	4.9	0.1	0.3	_	_	_	_	_	5.4
Total	no.	264.5	191.0	213.5	133.8	39.2	11.5	10.9	35.0	899.4
Average nightly population in custody										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	127.2	31.2	153.3	102.6	23.1	4.3	2.9	34.2	478.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	132.4	159.7	59.8	31.2	16.2	7.1	8.0	0.9	415.3
Unknown	no.	4.9	_	0.3	_	_	_	_	_	5.4
Total	no.	264.5	191.0	213.5	133.8	39.2	11.5	10.9	35.0	899.4

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Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Nights in custody in detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	49 006	11 693	53 239	39 289	10 049	1 337	1 374	13 993	179 980
Non-Indigenous	no.	53 599	62 485	20 455	14 903	6 151	2 812	4 005	281	164 691
Unknown	no.	1 843	15	535	_	_	_	_	_	2 393
Total	no.	104 448	74 193	74 229	54 192	16 200	4 149	5 379	14 274	347 064
Nights in custody outside detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.		na		na	31	_	_	_	31
Non-Indigenous	no.		na		na	11	_	_	_	11
Unknown	no.		na		na	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	**	na		na	42	-	_	_	42
Total custody nights										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	49 006	11 693	53 239	39 289	10 080	1 337	1 374	13 993	180 011
Non-Indigenous	no.	53 599	62 485	20 455	14 903	6 162	2 812	4 005	281	164 702
Unknown	no.	1 843	15	535	_	_	_	_	_	2 393
Total	no.	104 448	74 193	74 229	54 192	16 242	4 149	5 379	14 274	347 106
Average nightly population in detention cent	res									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	134.2	32.0	145.8	107.6	27.5	3.7	3.8	38.3	492.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	146.7	171.1	56.0	40.8	16.8	7.7	11.0	8.0	450.9
Unknown	no.	5.0	_	1.5	_	_	_	_	_	6.6
Total	no.	286.0	203.1	203.2	148.4	44.4	11.4	14.7	39.1	950.2
Average nightly population in custody										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	134.2	32.0	145.8	107.6	27.6	3.7	3.8	38.3	492.8
Non-Indigenous	no.	146.7	171.1	56.0	40.8	16.9	7.7	11.0	8.0	450.9
Unknown	no.	5.0	_	1.5	_	_	_	_	_	6.6
Total	no.	286.0	203.1	203.2	148.4	44.5	11.4	14.7	39.1	950.3

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Nights in custody in detention centres

Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

<u> </u>	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Aboviorinal and Towns Chroit Islandar										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	52 577	11 466	45 914	38 352	11 316	903	906	12 842	174 276
Non-Indigenous	no.	46 080	57 909	19 211	13 481	6 331	3 011	3 030	794	149 847
Unknown	no.	925	39	139	_	_	_	_	_	1 103
Total	no.	99 582	69 414	65 264	51 833	17 647	3 914	3 936	13 636	325 226
Nights in custody outside detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.		na		na	27	_	_	_	27
Non-Indigenous	no.		na		na	221	_	_	_	221
Unknown	no.		na		na	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.		na		na	248	-	_	_	248
Total custody nights										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	52 577	11 466	45 914	38 352	11 343	903	906	12 842	174 303
Non-Indigenous	no.	46 080	57 909	19 211	13 481	6 552	3 011	3 030	794	150 068
Unknown	no.	925	39	139	_	_	_	_	_	1 103
Total	no.	99 582	69 414	65 264	51 833	17 895	3 914	3 936	13 636	325 474
Average nightly population in detention cent	res									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	143.9	31.4	125.7	105.0	31.0	2.5	2.5	35.2	477.1
Non-Indigenous	no.	126.2	158.5	52.6	36.9	17.3	8.2	8.3	2.2	410.3
Unknown	no.	2.5	0.1	0.4	_	_	_	_	_	3.0
Total	no.	272.6	190.0	178.7	141.9	48.3	10.7	10.8	37.3	890.4
Average nightly population in custody										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	143.9	31.4	125.7	105.0	31.1	2.5	2.5	35.2	477.2
Non-Indigenous	no.	126.2	158.5	52.6	36.9	17.9	8.2	8.3	2.2	410.9
Unknown	no.	2.5	0.1	0.4	_	_	_	_	_	3.0
Total	no.	272.6	190.0	178.7	141.9	49.0	10.7	10.8	37.3	891.1
15-16										
Nights in custody in detention centres										
raights in oustouy in determion centres										

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Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aus
Non-Indigenous	no.	47 967	51 658	20 950	13 002	8 344	2 842	2 005	912	147 68
Unknown	no.	1 028	_	131	_	40	_	_	_	1 199
Total	no.	106 928	61 309	67 949	48 824	19 689	3 352	3 030	17 852	328 93
Nights in custody outside detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.		na		na	na	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	no.		na		na	na	_	_	_	-
Unknown	no.		na		na	na	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	**	na		na	na	-	_	_	
Total custody nights										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	57 933	9 651	46 868	35 882	11 305	510	1 025	16 940	180 114
Non-Indigenous	no.	47 967	51 658	20 950	13 002	8 344	2 842	2 005	912	147 68
Unknown	no.	1 028	_	131	_	40	_	_	_	1 19
Total	no.	106 928	61 309	67 949	48 824	19 689	3 352	3 030	17 852	328 93
Average nightly population in detention cent	res									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	158.6	26.4	128.3	98.2	31.0	1.4	2.8	46.4	493.
Non-Indigenous	no.	131.3	141.4	57.4	35.6	22.8	7.8	5.5	2.5	404.
Unknown	no.	2.8	_	0.4	_	0.1	_	_	_	3.3
Total	no.	292.8	167.9	186.0	133.7	53.9	9.2	8.3	48.9	900.
Average nightly population in custody										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	158.6	26.4	128.3	98.2	31.0	1.4	2.8	46.4	493.
Non-Indigenous	no.	131.3	141.4	57.4	35.6	22.8	7.8	5.5	2.5	404.
Unknown	no.	2.8	_	0.4	_	0.1	_	_	_	3.
Total	no.	292.8	167.9	186.0	133.7	53.9	9.2	8.3	48.9	900.
14-15										
Nights in custody in detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	54 648	8 549	39 639	41 532	8 574	615	1 064	14 397	169 01
Non-Indigenous	no.	49 033	43 375	21 978	15 465	8 833	3 144	2 267	770	144 86

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Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Unknown	no.	926	_	106	_	86	_	_	_	1 118
Total	no.	104 607	51 924	61 723	56 997	17 493	3 759	3 331	15 167	315 001
Nights in custody outside detention centres										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.		_		na	na	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.		_		na	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.		_		na	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.		_		na	na	-	_	_	_
Total custody nights										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	54 648	8 549	39 639	41 532	na	615	1 064	14 397	160 444
Non-Indigenous	no.	49 033	43 375	21 978	15 465	na	3 144	2 267	770	136 032
Unknown	no.	926	_	106	_	na	_	_	_	1 032
Total	no.	104 607	51 924	61 723	56 997	na	3 759	3 331	15 167	297 508
Average nightly population in detention cent	tres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	149.6	23.4	108.5	113.7	23.5	1.7	2.9	39.4	462.7
Non-Indigenous	no.	134.2	118.8	60.2	42.3	24.2	8.6	6.2	2.1	396.6
Unknown	no.	2.5	_	0.3	_	_	_	_	_	3.1
Total	no.	286.4	142.2	169.0	156.0	47.9	10.3	9.1	41.5	862.4
Average nightly population in custody										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	149.6	23.4	108.5	113.7	na	1.7	2.9	39.4	439.3
Non-Indigenous	no.	134.2	118.8	60.2	42.3	na	8.6	6.2	2.1	372.4
Unknown	no.	2.5	_	0.3	_	na	_	_	_	2.8
Total	no.	286.4	142.2	169.0	156.0	na	10.3	9.1	41.5	814.5

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

(a) Data for the number of custody nights outside detention centres were not available for WA. Data for the number of custody nights outside detention centres were not available for SA for 2014-15 and 2015-16.

Table 17A.18 Custody nights, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

na Not available. .. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

⁽b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	(c), (u)	, (e), (r								
		Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
2018-19										
Incid	lents of self-harm	and atter	mpted suicion	de in custo	dy					
Ir	ncidents requiring I	hospitalis	sation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	30	_	2	na	_	-	-	1
	Non-Indigenous	no.	6	2	_	na	_	_	3	_
	Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	36	2	2	na	_	_	3	1
R	Rate of incidents re	quiring h	ospitalisatio	on per 10 (000 custod	y nights				
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	6.5	_	0.4	na	_	-	_	0.8
	Non-Indigenous	rate	1.2	0.3	_	na	_	_	10.3	_
	Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	3.7	0.3	0.3	na	-	_	7.5	0.8
In	ncidents <u>not</u> requir	ing hosp	italisation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	66	28	4	na	1	2	_	23
	Non-Indigenous	no.	36	97	4	na	5	6	2	1
	Unknown	no.	1	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	103	125	8	na	5	8	2	24
R	Rate of incidents <u>no</u> Aboriginal and Torres Strait	<u>ot</u> requiri rate	ng hospitali: 14.2	sation per 24.6	10 000 cu: 0.7	stody night na	s 1.2	12.6	_	18.4
	Islander									
	Non-Indigenous	rate	7.4	16.6	1.8	na	8.5	23.0	6.8	31.7
	Unknown	rate	5.6	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	10.7	17.9	1.0	na	3.5	19.1	5.0	18.8
Your	ng people who self	-harmed	and attem	oted suicid	e in custo	dy				
Y	oung people requi	ring hos	pitalisation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	14	_	2	na	_	-	_	1
	Non-Indigenous	no.	6	1	_	na	_	_	1	_
	Unknown	no.	_	-	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	20	1	2	na	_	_	1	1

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

(c), (c	i), (e), (t								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Rate of young peo	ple requir	ing hospital	isation per	10 000 cu	ıstody nigh	ts			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	3.0	_	0.4	na	_	_	_	0.8
Non-Indigenous	rate	1.2	0.2	_	na	_	_	3.4	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	2.1	0.1	0.3	na	-	-	2.5	0.8
Young people not	requiring I	hospitalisat	ion						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	32	13	2	na	1	1	_	16
Non-Indigenous	s no.	18	34	4	na	4	3	1	1
Unknown	no.	1	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	51	47	6	na	5	4	1	17
Rate of young peo	ple <u>not</u> re	quiring hos	pitalisation	per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	6.9	11.4	0.4	na	1.2	6.3	_	12.8
Non-Indigenous	rate	3.7	5.8	1.8	na	6.8	11.5	3.4	31.7
Unknown	rate	5.6	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	5.3	6.7	0.8	na	3.5	9.5	2.5	13.3
7-18									
Incidents of self-harm	and atter	npted suici	de in custo	dy					
Incidents requiring	hospitalis	sation							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	13	-	-	na	_	_	_	1
Non-Indigenous	s no.	4	_	_	na	1	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	17	_	_	na	_	_	_	1
Rate of incidents i	equiring h	ospitalisatio	on per 10 0	00 custod	y nights				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	2.7	-	-	na	_	_	_	0.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.7	_	_	na	1.6	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	1.6	_	-	na	-	-	-	0.7
Incidents <u>not</u> requ	iring hospi	italisation							
Aboriginal and						0	2	4	17
Torres Strait Islander	no.	38	8	9	na	3	۷	1	.,
		38 33	8 38	9	na na	3	3	1	_
Islander									- -

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Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

(c), (u)									
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Rate of incidents no	<u>t</u> requirii	ng hospitalis	ation per	10 000 cu	stody night	S			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	7.8	6.8	1.7	na	3.0	15.0	7.3	12.1
Non-Indigenous	rate	6.2	6.1	_	na	4.9	10.7	2.5	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	6.8	6.2	1.2	na	3.7	12.1	3.7	11.9
oung people who self	-harmed	and attemp	ted suicid	e in custo	dy				
Young people requi	ring hos _l	oitalisation							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	6	_	_	na	_	_	_	1
Non-Indigenous	no.	3	_	_	na	1	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	9	_	_	na	1	-	_	1
Rate of young peop	le requir	ing hospitali	sation per	10 000 cu	ıstody nigh	ts			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.2	-	-	na	-	-	_	0.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.6	_	_	na	1.6	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.9	_	_	na	0.6	_	_	0.7
Young people not re	equiring I	hospitalisati	on						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	19	5	7	na	2	2	1	12
Non-Indigenous	no.	15	15	_	na	3	3	1	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	34	20	7	na	5	5	2	12
Rate of young peop	le <u>not</u> re	quiring hosp	italisation	per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	3.9	4.3	1.3	na	2.0	15.0	7.3	8.6
Non-Indigenous	rate	2.8	2.4	_	na	4.9	10.7	2.5	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	3.3	2.7	0.9	na	3.1	12.1	3.7	8.4

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	(c), (a)									
		Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
2016-17	,									
Incid	lents of self-harm	and atte	mpted suicio	le in custo	dy					
Ir	ncidents requiring l	hospitali	sation							
	Aboriginal and									_
	Torres Strait Islander	no.	6	_	1	na	_	_	_	5
	Non-Indigenous	no.	5	1	_	na	_	_	_	1
	Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	11	1	1	na	-	-	_	6
R	Rate of incidents re	quiring h	nospitalisatio	on per 10 0	000 custod	ly nights				
	Aboriginal and									
	Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.1	_	0.2	na	_	_	_	3.9
	Non-Indigenous	rate	1.1	0.2	_	na	_	_	_	12.6
	Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	-	_	_
	Total	rate	1.1	0.1	0.2	na	_	-	-	4.4
Ir	ncidents <u>not</u> requiri	ing hosp	italisation							
	Aboriginal and									
	Torres Strait Islander	no.	38	_	11	na	4	3	2	38
	Non-Indigenous	no.	23	12	2	na	6	6	2	9
	Unknown	no.	1	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	62	12	13	na	10	9	4	47
R	Rate of incidents <u>no</u>	ot requiri	ng hospitalis	sation per	10 000 cu	stody night	s			
	Aboriginal and									
	Torres Strait Islander	rate	7.2	_	2.4	na	3.5	33.2	22.1	29.6
	Non-Indigenous	rate	5.0	2.1	1.0	na	9.2	19.9	6.6	113.4
	Unknown	rate	10.8	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	6.2	1.7	2.0	na	5.6	23.0	10.2	34.5
Your	ng people who self	-harmed	l and attemp	ted suicid	e in custo	dy				
Υ	oung people requi	ring hos	pitalisation							
	Aboriginal and									
	Torres Strait Islander	no.	6	_	1	na	_	_	_	4
	Non-Indigenous	no.	5	1	-	na	_	_	_	1
	Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	11	1	_	na	_	_	_	5

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

			, (g)							
		Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
	Rate of young peop	le requiri	ng hospitali	sation per	10 000 cu	stody nigh	ts			
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait		4.4		0.0					2.4
	Islander	rate	1.1	_	0.2	na	_	_	_	3.1
	Non-Indigenous	rate	1.1	0.2	_	na	_	_	_	12.6
	Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	1.1	0.1	-	na	-	-	-	3.7
	Young people <u>not</u> re Aboriginal and	equiring h	nospitalisati	on						
	Torres Strait Islander	no.	21	_	9	na	3	2	1	25
	Non-Indigenous	no.	16	3	2	na	3	5	1	1
	Unknown	no.	1	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	38	3	11	na	6	7	2	26
	Rate of young peop	le <u>not</u> red	quiring hosp	oitalisation	per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
	Aboriginal and									
	Torres Strait Islander	rate	4.0	_	2.0	na	2.6	22.1	11.0	19.5
	Non-Indigenous	rate	3.5	0.5	1.0	na	4.6	16.6	3.3	12.6
	Unknown	rate	10.8	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	3.8	0.4	1.7	na	3.4	17.9	5.1	19.1
2015-1	16									
Inc	cidents of self-harm a	and atten	npted suicid	le in custo	dy					
	Incidents requiring h	nospitalis	ation							
	Aboriginal and									
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	6	1	1	na	_	-	-	_
	Torres Strait	no.	6 6	1	1	na na	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
	Torres Strait Islander						- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous	no.				na	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown	no. no. no.	6 - 12	1 - 2	1 - 2	na na na	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and	no. no. no. quiring h	6 – 12 ospitalisatio	1 - 2 on per 10 0	1 <i>–</i> 2 00 custod	na na na	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re	no. no. no.	6 - 12	1 - 2	1 - 2	na na na	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no. no. no. quiring h	6 – 12 ospitalisatio	1 - 2 on per 10 0	1 <i>–</i> 2 00 custod	na na na y nights	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no. no. no. quiring he	6 — 12 ospitalisatio	1 — 2 on per 10 0	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2	na na na y nights na	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous	no. no. no. quiring he rate	6 — 12 ospitalisatio	1 — 2 on per 10 0	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2	na na na y nights na	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Incidents not require	no. no. quiring here rate rate rate rate rate	6 - 12 ospitalisatio 1.0 1.3 - 1.1	1 - 2 on per 10 0 1.0 0.2 -	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2 0.5 -	na na na y nights na na	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total	no. no. quiring here rate rate rate rate rate	6 - 12 ospitalisatio 1.0 1.3 - 1.1	1 - 2 on per 10 0 1.0 0.2 -	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2 0.5 -	na na na y nights na na	- - - - - - 5	- - - - -	- - - - - 2	- - - - - 4
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Incidents not requiri Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no. no. quiring here rate rate rate rate rate ing hospi	6 - 12 ospitalisation 1.0 1.3 - 1.1 talisation	1 - 2 on per 10 0 1.0 0.2 - 0.3	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2 0.5 - 0.3	na na y nights na na na	- - - - - 5	- - - - - - 1	- - - - - 2 2	
	Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Rate of incidents re Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Non-Indigenous Unknown Total Incidents not requiri Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no. no. quiring he rate rate rate rate ing hospi no.	6 — 12 ospitalisation 1.0 1.3 — 1.1 talisation	1 - 2 on per 10 0 1.0 0.2 - 0.3	1 - 2 00 custod 0.2 0.5 - 0.3	na na y nights na na na				- - - - - 4 4

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Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

(c), (u),									
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Rate of incidents no	<u>t</u> requirir	ng hospitalis	sation per	10 000 cu	stody night	s			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	2.6	1.0	3.4	na	4.4	19.6	19.5	2.4
Non-Indigenous	rate	3.1	0.6	6.2	na	4.8	10.6	10.0	43.9
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	2.8	0.7	4.3	na	4.6	11.9	13.2	4.5
oung people who self-	harmed	and attemp	ted suicid	e in custo	dy				
Young people requir	ing hosp	oitalisation							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	4	1	1	na	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	4	1	1	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	8	2	2	na	_	_	_	_
Rate of young peopl	e requiri	ing hospitali	sation per	10 000 cu	ıstody nigh	ts			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.7	1.0	0.2	na	_	-	-	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	8.0	0.2	0.5	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.7	0.3	0.3	na	-	_	_	_
Young people not re	quiring l	hospitalisati	on						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	14	1	14	na	3	1	2	2
Non-Indigenous	no.	11	2	3	na	4	3	1	2
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	25	3	17	na	7	4	3	4
Rate of young peopl	e <u>not</u> re	quiring hosp	italisation	per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	2.4	1.0	3.0	na	2.7	19.6	19.5	1.2
Non-Indigenous	rate	2.3	0.4	1.4	na	4.8	10.6	5.0	21.9
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	(c), (a)									
		Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
2014-15	i									
Incid	lents of self-harm a	and atte	mpted suicid	le in custo	dy					
Ir	ncidents requiring l	nospitali	sation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait	no.	5	_	_	na	_	_	_	3
	Islander									
	Non-Indigenous	no.	3	2	1	na	_	_	_	_
	Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	8	2	1	na	-	-	-	3
R	Rate of incidents re	quiring h	nospitalisatio	n per 10 0	000 custod	y nights				
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.9	-	-	na	-	-	-	2.1
	Non-Indigenous	rate	0.6	0.5	0.5	na	_	_	_	_
	Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	0.8	0.4	0.2	na	_	_	_	2.0
Ir	ncidents <u>not</u> requiri	ing hosp	italisation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	12	-	18	na	2	-	-	12
	Non-Indigenous	no.	18	_	7	na	3	3	_	_
	Unknown	no.	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	30	-	25	na	5	3	_	12
R	Rate of incidents <u>no</u>	t requiri	ng hospitalis	ation per	10 000 cu:	stody night	s			
	Aboriginal and			·						
	Torres Strait Islander	rate	2.2	_	4.5	na	2.0	_	_	8.3
	Non-Indigenous	rate	3.7	_	3.2	na	3.0	9.5	_	_
	Unknown	rate	_	_	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	rate	2.9	_	4.1	na	5.0	8.0	_	7.9
Your	ng people who self	-harmed	d and attemp	ted suicid	e in custo	dy				
Υ	oung people requi	ring hos	pitalisation							
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	4	na	-	na	-	_	-	2
	Non-Indigenous	no.	3	1	1	na	_	_	_	_
	Unknown	no.	_	na	_	na	_	_	_	_
	Total	no.	7	1	1	na	_	_	_	2

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

(-), ()	, (=), (-								
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
Rate of young peop	le requir	ing hospitali	sation per	10 000 cu	ıstody nigh	ts			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.7	na	_	na	-	_	_	1.4
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.6	0.2	0.5	na	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	na	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.7	0.2	0.2	na	_	_	_	1.3
Young people <u>not</u> re	equiring	hospitalisatio	on						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	9	na	13	na	2	_	_	3
Non-Indigenous	no.	13	na	4	na	3	2	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	na	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	22	na	17	na	5	2	_	3
Rate of young peop	le <u>not</u> re	quiring hosp	italisation	per 10 00	0 custody i	nights			
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.6	na	3.3	na	2.0	-	_	2.1
Non-Indigenous	rate	2.7	na	1.8	na	3.0	6.4	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	na	_	na	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	2.1	na	2.8	na	5.0	5.3	_	2.0

Data are not comparable across jurisdictions or within some jurisdictions over time but are comparable (subject to caveats) over time for other jurisdictions.

Data are incomplete for the current reporting period.

- (a) Hospitalisation means the young person was treated in or admitted to a hospital.
- (b) Data reported for this indicator are not comparable and need to be interpreted with caution. Methods of data collection vary across jurisdictions (for example, manual case file review compared to the collation of electronic incident reports) and jurisdictions' ability to report on this measure is dependent on relevant incidents having first been documented.
- (c) As Victoria's dual track system allows for young people aged 18-20 years to be sentenced to a youth justice facility, incidents of self harm or attempted suicide include adults accommodated within a youth justice centre.
- (d) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (e) In WA, data systems do not distinguish between incidents of self-harm/attempted suicide and the level of treatment required e.g. hospitalisation or non-hospitalisation.
- (f) Tasmania has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention and therefore results may fluctuate over time. Due to manual collation of this data in Tasmania, results may neither be fully reliable nor comparable across time for this measure. From 2017-18 the count of assaults in custody in Tasmania includes all young people involved in an incident who were injured, regardless of whether they were the victim or the perpetrator. Also, a change in the review process for assaults in custody has resulted in a more complete data set and a likely increase in the number reported. Nevertheless due to the manual process adopted to collate this information figures should be interpreted with caution.
- (g) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 17A.19 Self-harm and attempted suicide in custody, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT
--	------	-----	-----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	----

Table 17A.20 Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision	no.	1 241	761	1 643	682	193	152	72	183	4 927
Total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision	\$'000	61 422	71 544	132 195	21 094	11 396	6 730	3 360	28 017	335 758
Cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision on an average day	\$	135.51	257.39	220.29	84.62	161.66	121.22	127.76	419.15	186.56
2017-18										
Average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision	no.	1 084	835	1 423	640	237	124	88	139	4 570
Total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision	\$'000	68 319	55 909	101 866	23 725	10 722	6 684	3 536	19 776	290 538
Cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision on an average day	\$	172.55	183.32	195.99	101.49	123.86	147.59	110.02	389.52	174.06
2016-17										
Average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision	no.	1 108	855	1 239	639	268	123	66	147	4 445
Total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision	\$'000	66 332	49 209	77 438	26 114	11 783	6 344	3 199	8 451	248 870
Cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision on an average day	\$	163.91	157.58	171.12	111.89	120.38	141.20	132.71	157.40	153.29

Table 17A.20 Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

		•	_	•	•		, , ,,	· // · // ·	,, , ,	
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2015-16										
Average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision	no.	1 208	927	1 281	644	262	132	65	143	4 662
Total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision	\$'000	57 061	51 525	68 782	25 408	10 834	4 668	3 341	4 349	225 967
Cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision on an average day	\$	129.32	152.18	147.01	108.02	113.21	96.82	140.73	83.26	132.70
2014-15										
Average daily number of young people subject to community-based supervision	no.	1 156	1 018	1 386	649	313	138	75	153	4 888
Total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision	\$'000	61 231	48 358	67 690	25 316	10 414	4 252	3 057	3 702	224 020
Cost per day, per young person subject to community-based supervision on an average day	\$	145.02	130.06	133.71	106.80	91.09	84.35	111.61	66.24	125.48

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) The number of young people under community-based supervision on an average day is calculated by summing the number of days each young person spends under supervision during the year (irrespective of age) and dividing this total by the number of days in the financial year. To derive the average daily cost per young person under community-based supervision on an average day, total recurrent expenditure on community-based supervision is divided by 365.25. This figure is then divided by the average daily number subject to community-based supervision.
- (b) Data reported for this indicator are not comparable and need to be interpreted with caution.
- (c) Unit costs presented in this Report are not necessarily comparable to local unit costs reported in jurisdiction-specific annual reports due to different methods of calculation.
- (d) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2018-19 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2018-19 = 100). See chapter 2 for details.

Table 17A.20 Cost per young person subject to community-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.49.

⁽e) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.

Table 17A.21 Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA (e)	Tas	ACT (f)	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Average daily number of young people subject to detention-based supervision	no.	264	191	250	134	39	12	11	35	936
Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision	\$'000	136 313	121 974	118 609	54 479	35 033	13 609	17 661	41 938	539 618
Cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision on an average day	\$	1 413.66	1 748.42	1 298.94	1 114.20	2 459.36	3 168.34	4 395.78	3 280.58	1 579.04
2017-18										
Average daily number of young people subject to detention-based supervision	no.	292	202	209	153	51	12	15	39	973
Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision	\$'000	136 415	104 048	101 919	56 106	34 888	12 970	18 522	29 645	494 514
Cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision on an average day	\$	1 279.05	1 410.24	1 335.11	1 003.99	1 872.93	2 959.27	3 380.78	2 081.10	1 391.48
2016-17										
Average daily number of young people subject to detention-based supervision	no.	278	190	183	146	60	11	11	38	917
Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision	\$'000	138 201	92 827	100 956	57 766	34 094	12 237	17 581	26 231	479 892
Cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision on an average day	\$	1 361.05	1 337.61	1 510.39	1 083.25	1 555.73	3 045.76	4 375.76	1 889.90	1 432.79

Table 17A.21 Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA (e)	Tas	ACT (f)	NT	Aust
2015-16 Average daily number of young										
people subject to detention-based supervision	no.	299	168	189	138	64	9	9	47	923
Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision	\$'000	148 500	77 882	100 851	54 475	31 192	11 717	18 235	28 766	471 618
Cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision on an average day	\$	1 359.77	1 269.22	1 460.93	1 080.75	1 334.37	3 564.43	5 547.32	1 675.67	1 398.94
2014-15										
Average daily number of young people subject to detention-based supervision	no.	292	145	173	158	59	10	9	40	886
Total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision	\$'000	165 105	61 542	94 300	55 214	22 110	14 153	18 946	15 830	447 201
Cost per day, per young person subject to detention-based supervision on an average day	\$	1 548.06	1 162.02	1 492.36	956.75	1 025.99	3 875.00	5 763.62	1 083.53	1 381.91

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) The number of young people under detention-based supervision on an average day is calculated by summing the number of days each young person spends under supervision during the year (irrespective of age) and dividing this total by the number of days in the financial year. To derive the average daily cost per young person under detention-based supervision on an average day, total recurrent expenditure on detention-based supervision is divided by 365.25. This figure is then divided by the average daily number subject to detention-based supervision.
- (b) Data reported for this indicator are not comparable and need to be interpreted with caution.
- (c) Unit costs presented in this Report are not necessarily comparable to local unit costs reported in jurisdiction-specific annual reports due to different methods of calculation.
- (d) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2018-19 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2018-19 = 100). See chapter 2 for details.

Table 17A.21 Cost per young person subject to detention-based supervision (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA (e)	Tas	ACT (f)	NT	Aust
(e) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018	17-year ol	d offenders	are treated as	juvenile	offenders in	the youth just	tice system.	In prior years	s they were tr	eated as
adult offenders. Therefore data from 20	17-18 are r	ot compara	able with data fo	or previou	ıs years.					

(f) For SA, data for 2015-16 onwards are not directly comparable to prior years as capital costs were previously unavailable.

(g) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.49.

Table 17A.22 Cost per group conference (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Concluded group conferences	no.	1 189	194	1 748	2 374	1 206	114	48	675	7 548
Total recurrent expenditure on group conferences	\$'000	1 141	2 355	7 071	21 128	1 726	81	765	6 933	41 199
Cost per concluded group conference	\$	959.23	12 139.69	4 045.15	8 899.66	1 431.16	709.19	15 937.50	10 270.52	5 458.24
2017-18										
Concluded group conferences	no.	1 140	212	1 485	2 399	1 197	125	53	567	7 178
Total recurrent expenditure on group conferences	\$'000	1 050	2 353	12 181	24 046	1 302	88	584	7 241	48 844
Cost per concluded group conference	\$	920.85	11 100.76	8 202.92	10 023.17	1 087.48	700.61	11 009.49	12 771.33	6 804.71
2016-17										
Concluded group conferences	no.	1 022	216	1 230	2 302	1 399	133	62	402	6 766
Total recurrent expenditure on group conferences	\$'000	987	2 413	14 040	24 170	1 688	91	626	5 640	49 657
Cost per concluded group conference	\$	966.21	11 171.50	11 415.02	10 499.56	1 206.86	684.94	10 101.52	14 030.26	7 339.19
2015-16										
Concluded group conferences	no.	1 209	246	664	2 179	1 245	182	96	454	6 275
Total recurrent expenditure on group conferences	\$'000	1 698	2 124	7 697	29 556	1 881	141	689	5 100	48 885
Cost per concluded group conference	\$	1 404.07	8 635.03	11 591.30	13 563.88	1 510.60	774.28	7 176.41	11 234.22	7 790.43

Table 17A.22 Cost per group conference (2018-19 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d)

		•	•	. , ,	, , , ,					
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2014-15										
Concluded group conferences	no.	1 169	228	677	2 140	1 374	182	114	305	6 189
Total recurrent expenditure on group conferences	\$'000	4 580	2 057	5 574	35 141	1 839	117	877	5 145	55 331
Cost per concluded group conference	\$	3 918.22	9 022.29	8 233.51	16 421.21	1 338.13	644.70	7 696.30	16 869.23	8 940.28

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2018-19 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2018-19 = 100). See chapter 2 for details.
- (b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (c) In Tasmania, only the costs of meetings held by external facilitators for group conferencing have been included while administrative and other costs have not. Tasmanian data should therefore be interpreted with extreme caution.
- (d) The NT has amended data for 2014-15 to 2016-17 due to data cleansing and data extraction from live system and finalisation of earlier cases.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.49.

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

•						• •				
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Escapes from a youth justi	ice detentio	on centre								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	3
Non-Indigenous	no.	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	4
Custody nights in detention	n centres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	46 444	11 388	56 008	37 468	8 415	1 579	1 073	12 477	174 852
Non-Indigenous	no.	48 367	58 334	21 845	11 394	5 898	2 606	2 926	315	151 685
Unknown	no.	1 791	41	125	_	_	_	_	_	1 957
Total	no.	96 602	69 763	77 978	48 862	14 313	4 185	3 999	12 792	328 494
Rate of escapes from dete	ention per 1	0 000 custody	nights							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	2.4	0.2
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.1
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.3	0.1
Escapes during periods of	escorted n	novements								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1	1	1	_	-	_	-	2	5
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	1	1	1	_	_	_	_	2	5

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

				_	_					
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Periods of escorted mover	nents									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 203	226	253	_	97	144	11	801	2 735
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 329	993	131	_	71	215	33	14	2 786
Unknown	no.	43	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	44
Total	no.	2 575	1 219	385	_	168	359	44	815	5 565
Rate of escapes from esco	orted move	ements per 10 0	00 escorted me	ovements						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	8.3	44.2	39.5	_	_	_	_	25.0	18.3
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	3.9	8.2	26.0	_	_	_	_	24.5	9.0
17-18										
Escapes from a youth justi	ce detenti	on centre								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	2
Non-Indigenous	no.	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	3
Custody nights in detention	n centres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	49 006	11 693	53 239	39 289	10 049	1 337	1 374	13 993	179 980
Non-Indigenous	no.	53 599	62 485	20 455	14 903	6 151	2 812	4 005	281	164 691
Unknown	no.	1 843	15	535	_	_	_	_	_	2 393
Total	no.	104 448	74 193	74 229	54 192	16 200	4 149	5 379	14 274	347 064

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Rate of escapes from dete	ention per 10	0 000 custody n	ights							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	0.2	_	_	-	_	-	-	0.7	0.1
Non-Indigenous	rate	0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.1
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	0.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.7	0.1
Escapes during periods of	escorted m	ovements								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	4
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	4
Periods of escorted mover	ments									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 155	274	186	-	115	194	11	534	2 469
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 450	1 261	65	_	88	273	19	2	3 158
Unknown	no.	55	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	56
Total	no.	2 660	1 535	252	_	203	467	30	536	5 683
Rate of escapes from esco	orted mover	ments per 10 00	00 escorted mov	/ements						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	17.3	_	_	_	_	_	-	37.5	16.2
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	7.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	37.3	7.0

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

•						` ''	. ,, . ,			
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2016-17										
Escapes from a youth justi	ce detentio	on centre								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	12	_	_	_	_	_	6	18
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	6	_	_	_	_	_	1	7
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	18	_	_	_	_	_	7	25
Custody nights in detention	n centres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	52 577	11 466	45 914	38 352	11 316	903	906	12 842	174 276
Non-Indigenous	no.	46 080	57 909	19 211	13 481	6 331	3 011	3 030	794	149 847
Unknown	no.	925	39	139	_	_	_	_	_	1 103
Total	no.	99 582	69 414	65 264	51 833	17 647	3 914	3 936	13 636	325 226
Rate of escapes from dete	ntion per 1	0 000 custody	nights							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	10.5	_	_	-	-	_	4.7	1.0
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	1.0	_	_	_	_	_	12.6	0.5
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	2.6	_	_	_	_	_	5.1	0.8
Escapes during periods of	escorted n	novements								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Periods of escorted mover	nents									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 151	261	166	na	113	129	10	712	2 542
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 468	1 158	71	na	55	385	45	26	3 208
Unknown	no.	59	_	_	na	_	_	_	-	59
Total	no.	2 678	1 419	237	na	168	514	55	738	5 809
Rate of escapes from esco	orted move	ements per 10 0	00 escorted me	ovements						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
2015-16										
Escapes from a youth justi	ce detenti	on centre								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	4	6
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_	_	_	2	_	_	4	6
Custody nights in detention	n centres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	57 933	9 651	46 868	35 882	11 305	510	1 025	16 940	180 114
Non-Indigenous	no.	47 967	51 658	20 950	13 002	8 344	2 842	2 005	912	147 680
Unknown	no.	1 028	_	131	_	40	_	_	_	1 199
Total	no.	106 928	61 309	67 949	48 824	19 689	3 352	3 030	17 852	328 933

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Rate of escapes from dete	ention per 10	0 000 custody n	ights							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_	_	-	1.8	_	_	2.4	0.3
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	_	_	_	1.0	_	-	2.2	0.2
Escapes during periods of	escorted m	ovements								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	2
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Periods of escorted mover	ments									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 329	195	168	na	124	50	21	694	2 581
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 417	1 281	79	na	91	468	55	35	3 426
Unknown	no.	58	_	_	na	2	_	_	_	60
Total	no.	2 804	1 476	247	na	217	518	76	729	6 067
Rate of escapes from esco	orted mover	ments per 10 00	0 escorted mov	/ements						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	15.0	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	7.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	7.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.3

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

•						• •				
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2014-15										
Escapes from a youth justi	ice detenti	on centre								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12	12
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	2	_	_	_	-	-	12	14
Custody nights in detention	n centres									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	54 648	8 549	39 639	41 532	8 574	615	1 064	14 397	169 018
Non-Indigenous	no.	49 033	43 375	21 978	15 465	8 833	3 144	2 267	770	144 865
Unknown	no.	926	_	106	_	86	_	_	_	1 118
Total	no.	104 607	51 924	61 723	56 997	17 493	3 759	3 331	15 167	315 001
Rate of escapes from dete	ention per	10 000 custody i	nights							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	8.3	0.7
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	0.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.1
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	0.4	_	_	_	_	_	7.9	0.4
Escapes during periods of	escorted i	movements								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2	_	_	_	-	_	-	4	6
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
Unknown	no.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	_
Total	no.	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	7

Table 17A.23 Escapes from detention and escorted movement, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Periods of escorted mover	ments									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 412	230	129	na	187	67	15	517	2 557
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 516	1 201	143	na	176	245	66	33	3 380
Unknown	no.	62	_	3	na	1	_	_	_	66
Total	no.	2 990	1 431	275	na	364	312	81	550	6 003
Rate of escapes from esco	orted mover	ments per 10 00	00 escorted mov	/ements						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	14.2	_	_	-	_	_	_	77.4	23.5
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	303.0	3.0
Unknown	rate	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	na	_
Total	rate	6.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	90.9	11.7

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) Counting rules for this indicator were revised in 2014-15, which may impact on the comparability of these data across reporting periods.
- (b) Tasmania has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention. Therefore, Tasmania's rates may fluctuate over time.
- (c) The ACT has only one youth justice detention centre with relatively small numbers in detention. Transportation for young people to court from Bimberi Youth Justice Centre is provided by the Court Transport unit, a service provided by adult corrections and therefore excluded from the number of escorted movements and escapes.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.24 Absconds from unescorted leave, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Absconds from un	escorted	l leave								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	-	-			-	_	_	-	-
Non-Indigenous	s no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Periods of unesco	rted leav	e undertak	en							
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	886	_			_	_	_	_	886
Non-Indigenous	s no.	970	136			_	_	_	_	1 106
Unknown	no.	35	_			_	_	_	_	35
Total	no.	1 891	136			_	_	_	_	2 027
Rate of absconds	per 1000	periods of	f unescort	ted leave						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	-	_			_	_	_	-	-
Non-Indigenous	s rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	-	-			-	-	_	_	-
2017-18										
Absconds from un	escorted	l leave								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	-	_			_	_	_	_	_
Non-Indigenous	s no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Periods of unesco	rted leav	e undertak	en							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	954	_			_	-	_	-	954
Non-Indigenous	s no.	1 106	103			15	_	_	_	1 224
Unknown	no.	50	_			_	_	_	_	50
Total	no.	2 110	103			15	_	_	_	2 228
Rate of absconds	per 1000	periods of	f unescort	ed leave						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_			_	-	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	s rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	_			_	_	_	-	_
2016-17										

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Table 17A.24 Absconds from unescorted leave, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aus
Absconds from une	scorted	d leave								
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	1	_			_	_	_	_	
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	-
Unknown	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	-
Total	no.	1	_			_	_	_	_	1
Periods of unescorte	ed leav	∕e undertak	en							
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	no.	918	4			_	_	_	_	922
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 004	177			_	1	11	_	1 193
Unknown	no.	14	_			_	_	_	21	35
Total	no.	1 936	181			_	1	11	21	2 150
Rate of absconds po	er 1000	D periods o	f unescort	ed leave						
Aboriginal and										
Torres Strait Islander	rate	1.1	_			_	_	_	_	1.1
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	=
Unknown	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	-
Total	rate	0.5	-			-	-	_	_	0.5
5-16										
Absconds from unes	scorted	d leave								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Periods of unescorte		/e undertak	en	••	••					
Aboriginal and	ou louv	o undortan	.011							
Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 033	-			3	_	_	_	1 036
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 080	174			57	_	_	_	1 311
Unknown	no.	5	_			_	_	_	_	5
Total	no.	2 118	174			60	_	_	_	2 352
Rate of absconds po	er 1000	D periods o	f unescort	ed leave						
Aboriginal and		•								
Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_

Absconds from unescorted leave

Table 17A.24 Absconds from unescorted leave, by Indigenous status (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	_	_			_	_	_	-	_
Non-Indigenous	no.	-	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	no.	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	no.	-	_			_	_	_	_	_
Periods of unescort	ed leav	∕e undertak	en							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 112	15			_	_	5	14	1 146
Non-Indigenous	no.	1 034	241			71	_	36	1	1 383
Unknown	no.	5	_			_	_	_	_	5
Total	no.	2 151	256			71	_	41	15	2 534
Rate of absconds p	er 100	0 periods of	unescort	ted leave						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	rate	_	_			_	-	_	_	-
Non-Indigenous	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Unknown	rate	_	_			_	_	_	_	_
Total	rate	-	_			_	_	_	_	_

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time. However, not all jurisdictions permit unescorted leave to be undertaken (for these jurisdictions this indicator is not applicable).

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) Unescorted leave is not undertaken in Queensland or WA.
- (b) In South Australia, unescorted leave is utilised on a case-by-case basis and is dependent on client risk and need assessment, and therefore not comparable across reporting periods.
 - .. Not applicable. Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.25 Completion of community-based orders, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018-19										
Community-based orders suc	cessfully co	mpleted								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 440	220	1 837	563	103	59	22	178	5 422
Non-Indigenous	no.	2 949	1 089	1 137	410	148	136	59	6	5 934
Unknown	no.	175	_	16	58	_	11	_	_	260
Total	no.	5 564	1 309	2 990	1 031	251	206	81	184	11 616
Community-based orders uns	uccessfully	completed								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	441	35	437	425	66	7	13	99	1 523
Non-Indigenous	no.	578	113	233	112	48	30	69	2	1 185
Unknown	no.	12	_	3	3	_	_	_	_	18
Total	no.	1 031	148	673	540	114	37	82	101	2 726
Proportion of community-base	ed orders su	ccessfully com	pleted							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	84.7	86.3	80.8	57.0	60.9	89.4	62.9	64.3	78.1
Non-Indigenous	%	83.6	90.6	83.0	78.5	75.5	81.9	46.1	75.0	83.4
Unknown	%	93.6	_	84.2	95.1	_	100.0	_	_	93.5
Total	%	84.4	89.8	81.6	65.6	68.8	84.8	49.7	64.6	81.0
2017-18										
Community-based orders suc	cessfully co	mpleted								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 233	217	1 395	588	139	38	10	138	4 758
Non-Indigenous	no.	2 519	1 038	995	355	152	120	43	12	5 234
Unknown	no.	186	_	21	41	_	9	_	_	257
Total	no.	4 938	1 255	2 411	984	291	167	53	150	10 249
Community-based orders uns	successfully	completed								

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Table 17A.25 Completion of community-based orders, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	476	23	380	406	62	18	6	67	1 438
Non-Indigenous	no.	591	100	174	127	45	33	7	2	1 079
Unknown	no.	43	_	4	3	_	_	_	_	50
Total	no.	1 110	123	558	536	107	51	13	69	2 567
Proportion of community-bas	ed orders su	ccessfully com	pleted							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	82.4	90.4	78.6	59.2	69.2	67.9	62.5	67.3	76.8
Non-Indigenous	%	81.0	91.2	85.1	73.7	77.2	78.4	86.0	85.7	82.9
Unknown	%	81.2	_	84.0	93.2	_	100.0	-	_	83.7
Total	%	81.6	91.1	81.2	64.7	73.1	76.6	80.3	68.5	80.0
016-17										
Community-based orders suc	cessfully co	mpleted								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 061	232	1 380	587	155	47	20	132	4 614
Non-Indigenous	no.	2 351	1 041	1 014	395	164	149	59	8	5 181
Unknown	no.	121	3	13	26	_	1	_	_	164
Total	no.	4 533	1 276	2 407	1 008	319	197	79	140	9 959
Community-based orders uns	successfully	completed								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	487	21	381	449	60	19	8	90	1 515
Non-Indigenous	no.	557	89	238	135	38	40	25	4	1 126
Unknown	no.	6	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	7
Total	no.	1 050	110	619	585	98	59	33	94	2 648
Proportion of community-bas	ed orders su	ccessfully com	pleted							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	80.9	91.7	78.4	56.7	72.1	71.2	71.4	59.5	75.3

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Table 17A.25 Completion of community-based orders, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Non-Indigenous	%	80.8	92.1	81.0	74.5	81.2	78.8	70.2	66.7	82.1
Unknown	%	95.3	100.0	100.0	96.3	_	100.0	_	_	95.9
Total	%	81.2	92.1	79.5	63.3	76.5	77.0	70.5	59.8	79.0
2015-16										
Community-based orders su	ccessfully co	mpleted								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 046	265	1 406	563	113	35	18	116	4 562
Non-Indigenous	no.	2 486	1 101	1 109	402	157	160	43	18	5 476
Unknown	no.	264	_	21	22	1	2	=	_	310
Total	no.	4 796	1 366	2 536	987	271	197	61	134	10 348
Community-based orders un	successfully	completed								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	454	25	485	440	65	9	4	118	1 600
Non-Indigenous	no.	547	120	214	120	104	37	24	9	1 175
Unknown	no.	24	_	2	3	_	_	_	_	29
Total	no.	1 025	145	701	563	169	46	28	127	2 804
Proportion of community-bas	ed orders su	ccessfully com	pleted							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	81.8	91.4	74.4	56.1	63.5	79.5	81.8	49.6	74.0
Non-Indigenous	%	82.0	90.2	83.8	77.0	60.2	81.2	64.2	66.7	82.3
Unknown	%	91.7	_	91.3	88.0	100.0	100.0	_	_	91.4
Total	%	82.4	90.4	78.3	63.7	61.6	81.1	68.5	51.3	78.7
2014-15										
Community-based orders su	ccessfully co	mpleted								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	1 825	151	1 508	656	99	33	14	121	4 407
Non-Indigenous	no.	2 367	1 166	1 136	430	197	188	49	19	5 552

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Table 17A.25 Completion of community-based orders, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Unknown	no.	275	_	47	5	2	_	_	_	329
Total	no.	4 467	1 317	2 691	1 091	298	221	63	140	10 288
Community-based orders uns	uccessfully	completed								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	474	24	414	495	59	4	11	91	1 572
Non-Indigenous	no.	561	115	234	133	89	33	30	6	1 201
Unknown	no.	17	_	2	1	1	_	_	_	21
Total	no.	1 052	139	650	629	149	37	41	97	2 794
Proportion of community-base	ed orders su	ccessfully com	pleted							
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	79.4	86.3	78.5	57.0	62.7	89.2	56.0	57.1	73.7
Non-Indigenous	%	80.8	91.0	82.9	76.4	68.9	85.1	62.0	76.0	82.2
Unknown	%	94.2	_	95.9	83.3	66.7	_	_	_	94.0
Total	%	80.9	90.5	80.5	63.4	66.7	85.7	60.6	59.1	78.6

Data are comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time.

Data are complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period.

- (a) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018 17-year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders. Therefore data from 2017-18 are not comparable with data for previous years. The time series has been affected by a change in information systems [from the Families Youth Justice (FAM-YJ) system to the Integrated Client Management System (ICMS)].
- (b) In SA a significant data enhancement project is underway targeted toward improvement in recording quality and data are therefore subject to change.
- (c) Tasmanian data include young people on community service orders who were assisted by Youth Justice to complete their hours but who were not supervised by a Youth Justice Worker. Tasmania also complies with the counting rules for this indicator in that an order is considered to be unsuccessfully completed where a court has decided that an order was breached, irrespective of the court-ordered outcome. In Tasmania Indigenous status is no longer being cross-checked with data from other databases. As a result, the proportion of clients with an 'unknown' Indigenous status is expected to be higher than in previous years. Any comparison of the Indigenous status breakdown between years should be made with caution. Due to inconsistencies in breach practises and recording of breaches across Tasmania, interpretation of data relating to successful completion of orders should be made with caution.
 - Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

Table 17A.26 Proportion of young people released from sentenced supervision, aged 10–16 years at time of release, who returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months, by State or Territory of index sentence (a), (b), (c)

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	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Released from sentenced supervision in 2016-17										
Returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months	%	36.9	44.3	52.5	56.2	54.0	39.3	25.0	59.1	48.9
Released from sentenced supervision in 2015-16										
Returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months	%	46.0	46.8	54.1	57.3	51.7	53.9	26.1	62.1	52.1
Released from sentenced supervision in 2014-15										
Returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months	%	45.3	45.0	56.0	55.5	46.1	33.3	15.8	58.7	51.5
Released from sentenced supervision in 2013-14										
Returned to sentenced supervision within 12 months	%	41.3	39.3	54.8	57.3	54.3	29.8	29.6	na	49.6

Data are complete for the current reporting period.

- (a) Data may differ from those published in earlier editions of AIHW Young people returning to sentenced youth justice supervision due to data revisions and improvements in data linkage methods.
- (b) In Queensland, from 12 February 2018, 17 year old offenders are treated as juvenile offenders in the youth justice system. In prior years they were treated as adult offenders and were not eligible for a return to supervision as a youth justice client. Therefore, data for returns to sentenced supervision within 12 months for young people released in 2016–17 are not comparable with data for previous years.
- (c) Tasmanian data include young people on community service orders who were assisted by Youth Justice to complete their hours but who were not supervised by a Youth Justice Worker. Tasmania also complies with the counting rules for this indicator in that an order is considered to be unsuccessfully completed where a court has decided that an order was breached, irrespective of the court ordered outcome. Due to inconsistencies in breach practises and recording of breaches across Tasmania, interpretation of data relating to successful completion of orders should be made with caution.

na Not available.

Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) 2019, Young people returning to sentenced youth justice supervision 2017-18, Cat. No. JUV 130, Canberra: AIHW; AIHW (unpublished).

Table 17A.27 Population aged 10-17 years, December, by sex (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018										
Male	'000	389.8	306.8	266.0	130.3	82.7	26.4	19.6	13.4	1 235.2
Female	'000	368.0	290.7	251.9	124.6	79.2	24.7	18.4	12.5	1 170.0
Total	'000	757.7	597.5	517.9	254.9	161.9	51.0	38.0	25.8	2 405.2
2017										
Male	'000	383.9	300.1	260.4	128.2	81.9	26.1	19.0	13.2	1 213.1
Female	'000	362.2	284.7	246.4	122.6	78.3	24.3	17.9	12.3	1 148.9
Total	'000	746.1	584.9	506.8	250.9	160.2	50.4	36.9	25.5	2 362.1
2016										
Male	'000	377.8	293.6	254.2	126.6	81.4	26.0	18.5	13.0	1 191.1
Female	'000	356.9	278.6	241.3	120.8	77.4	24.4	17.6	12.2	1 129.5
Total	'000	734.7	572.3	495.4	247.4	158.8	50.4	36.1	25.2	2 320.6
2015										
Male	'000	372.7	287.5	249.4	125.1	81.0	25.8	18.1	13.1	1 172.8
Female	'000	352.1	273.3	236.7	119.6	77.2	24.1	17.4	12.1	1 112.5
Total	'000	724.9	560.9	486.0	244.7	158.2	49.9	35.5	25.2	2 285.4
2014										
Male	'000	370.1	283.3	246.9	124.5	80.9	26.0	17.9	13.1	1 162.8
Female	'000	349.9	269.3	234.9	119.1	77.2	24.2	17.3	12.1	1 104.2
Total	'000	720.0	552.6	481.7	243.6	158.1	50.2	35.2	25.2	2 267.0

⁽a) Population data for children aged 10-17 used to derive rates are estimates at December for all years. Estimates for 2014 to 2016 are final based on the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. Estimates for 2017 and 2018 are preliminary based on the 2016 Census.

⁽b) The Australian total includes other territories. Before 1 July 2016, other territories included Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands. From 1 July 2016 other territories included Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island, the Cocos (Keeling) Islands and Norfolk Island.

Table 17A.27 Population aged 10-17 years, December, by sex (a), (b)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA	Tas ACT NT Aust
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Source: ABS (2019) table generated on 7 August 2019 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2018) table generated on 6 February 2018 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2018) table generated on 11 September 2018 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0.

Table 17A.28 Population aged 10-17 years, December, by Indigenous status (a)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
2018										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	'000	48.2	10.2	42.2	17.6	7.7	5.3	1.2	11.3	143.7
Non-Indigenous	'000	709.8	587.3	476.0	237.3	154.3	45.8	36.9	14.5	2 262.3
Total	'000	758.0	597.5	518.2	255.0	162.0	51.0	38.0	25.8	2 406.0
2017										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	'000	47.7	10.1	41.6	17.5	7.5	5.2	1.1	11.4	142.1
Non-Indigenous	'000	698.6	574.9	465.5	233.5	152.7	45.3	35.8	14.1	2 220.8
Total	'000	746.3	584.9	507.1	251.0	160.3	50.5	36.9	25.5	2 362.9
2016										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	'000	47.1	9.9	40.9	17.3	7.4	5.1	1.1	11.5	140.3
Non-Indigenous	'000	688.0	562.5	455.0	230.2	151.4	45.3	35.0	13.7	2 181.3
Total	'000	735.1	572.4	495.8	247.5	158.8	50.4	36.1	25.1	2 321.6
2015										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	'000	46.4	9.7	40.0	17.0	7.3	5.0	1.1	11.5	138.2
Non-Indigenous	'000	678.8	551.3	446.6	227.8	150.9	45.0	34.3	13.6	2 148.4
Total	'000	725.2	561.0	486.6	244.8	158.2	50.0	35.5	25.1	2 286.6
2014										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	'000	45.6	9.6	39.1	16.7	7.3	4.9	1.2	11.4	135.7
Non-Indigenous	'000	674.8	543.1	443.0	227.2	150.9	45.4	34.0	14.0	2 132.5
Total	'000	720.4	552.6	482.1	243.9	158.1	50.3	35.2	25.4	2 268.2

⁽a) Population data for total children aged 10-17 used to derive rates are estimates at December for all years. Population data for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children aged 10-17 is estimated for December based on the average of estimates in June based on the 2016 Census. Estimates of total children for 2014 to 2016 are final based on the 2016 Census of Population and Housing. Estimates of total children for 2017 and 2018 are preliminary based on the 2016 Census. The non-Indigenous population is calculated by subtracting the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population from the total population.

Table 17A.28 Population aged 10-17 years, December, by Indigenous status (a)

Unit NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

Source: ABS (2019) table generated on 7 August 2019 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2018) table generated on 6 February 2018 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2018) table generated on 11 September 2018 from ABS.Stats, Quarterly Population Estimates (ERP), by State/Territory, Sex and Age, Cat. no. 3101.0; ABS (2019) Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2006 to 2031, Cat. No. 3238.0.